# GOLF & ATHLETIC TURF

# Stretch it, squish it, mound it, pound it...it's fine fescue

Used alone or in a mixture, fine fescues adapt to virtually any cool-season golf course setting.

#### by Larry Kassell

• The game of golf began 600 years ago on wind-sculpted land connecting the Scottish seashore with fertile farmland. This area was called "the links," and was covered with native, fine fescue grasses.

Today's course designers and architects stretch, squish, sand, pound, mound, lake, creek, tree and otherwise rearrange many of the features found on the first course in attempts to challenge golfers and help Mother Nature develop land in ways which may never have occurred to her otherwise. With today's dramatic changes in technology, techniques and turfgrasses, one facet of modern golf course design remains virtually unchanged—the low maintenance, shade- and drought- tolerant fine fescue turfgrasses.

Once again, chewings, creeping red, hard and sheeps fescue are an important part of golf course design.

A classic look—Architect Steve Smyers includes fine fescue mixtures in the extreme roughs of his course designs for the traditional windswept Scottish look on his first links-type course, Wolf Run Golf Club, in Zionsville, Ind.

His recent Chart Hills Golf Club, in Kent, England was designed with golfer Nick Faldo.

Wolf Run superintendent Joe Kosoglov, who has been at the course since its beginning phases in 1987, seeded the roughs at 6 lbs. per 1000 sq.ft. with a blend of



Illinois superintendent David Harper: Fescues are very disease resistant.

#### ELSEWHERE

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sheeps, hard and creeping red fescue. Kosoglov says the tight growth habit of the established turf chokes out weeds, and shade screens crabgrass and broadleafs.

"The long grass carpets some of the irregular slopes, and the 18-inch mature height and texture contrasts dramatically with the closely-mowed creeping bentgrass tees, fairways and greens," Kosoglov says. "The waving golden seedheads throughout the summer are a simply gorgeous sight."

Kosoglov uses from one-third to onequarter less fertilizer on the fescues than he does on other cool-season turf, and he mows it every other year.

"The tall roughs come within 20 feet of the fairways for a target golf effect. We use Kentucky bluegrass and fine fescue mowed at two inches for the short rough, offering a more forgiving lie for the slightly errant golf shot."

High Point Golf Club in Williamsburg, Mich., was Tom Doak's first golf course design. The course is entirely fine fescue except for the creeping bentgrass tees and greens. Design considerations were an orchard on the relatively flat front nine, and a tree plantation and old growth hardwoods on the hilly back nine. Shade was thus very much a factor in grass specification.

"Much of the back side is on extremely contoured land, and water can be a problem," says Doug Sarto, superintendent at High Point.

"The fine fescue performs admirably under the heat, cold, drought, shade and humidity extremes we experience near Lake Michigan and Grand Travers Bay."

Varied mowing heights—The short roughs are maintained at two inches and the fairways are mowed at <sup>1</sup>/<sub>6</sub> inch. Sarto enjoys the luxury of being able to vary the cutting height so dramatically.

"It's a pleasure to work with, compared to some more demanding species," he notes.

**Growing grass** 

## at Soldier Field, page 20G

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Fine fescue performs admirably under a variety of temperature extremes at High Point Country Club, even when mowed at <sup>1</sup>% inch. Photos by Larry Kassell

Superintendent David Harper at Effingham Country Club, Effingham, Ill., maintains perennial ryegrass, Kentucky bluegrass, creeping bentgrass and fine fescue. He developed and implemented a three-year plan to reduce maintenance and labor costs by planting the wooded areas on his course with fine fescues.

An added benefit is the fescue's attractive appearance compared to the prior *Poa annua* and nutsedge.

He lightly scores the earth with a hay rake, then verticuts, and broadcasts a blend of one-third each of chewings, creeping and hard fescues at 5 lbs./1000 sq. ft.

"I blend my own because the commercial mixture available used some unimproved, imported seed for economy," says Harper. "I felt the real economy was in quality Oregon-grown seed from the start."

Harper lets the seed establish over the first year. In the second year, he broadcasts a light application of a granular, selective broadleaf control product—a liquid formulation caused a slight discoloration of the fescue leaves—and overseeds with the fine fescue blend.

"By the third year, the woods are nearly all fine fescue, and overseeding was a finishing touch," says Harper. "The established roots go about a foot deep and do not require additional water. I used to mow what was in the dense wooded areas every 30 days. Now, it's once or twice a year, and the established fescue pretty much keeps the weeds out. Golfers lose fewer balls in the trees, and play has speeded up to where we can add a few new members.

**Disease tolerant**—Even with 98 percent humidity, Harper has not had to rely on fungicides for the fescues, and the species doesn't compete with the nearby trees for nourishment.

"Fine fescues also mix well with other species of cool-season grasses," says Dave Nelson of the Oregon Fine Fescue Commission.

"We recommend about a third chewings and creeping red fescue and a third Kentucky bluegrass and a third perennial ryegrass for most northern turfgrass applications like golf clubhouse grounds, fairways, home lawns and parks."

Nelson says the fescues add strength in shady, dry and low-fertilized areas, thereby complementing the strengths of rye and bluegrass.

—The author is president of Kassell Concepts, a commercial photography and publication design company in Silverton, Ore. His photography has appeared often in this magazine.

# **Big jump in bentgrass is predicted**

Golf course superintendents can expect new varieties of bentgrasses offering better disease resistance, denser and dwarfer growth, and also less grain, says turfgrass breeders at two of America's top turf seed companies.

Dr. Richard Hurley, Lofts, Inc., spoke at the New Jersey Turfgrass Expo and Dr. Meyer, Turf Seed Inc., spoke at the North Central Turfgrass Expo this fall. Their comments gave golf course superintendents everywhere reason to smile.

"Bents have a tremendous amount of diversity within the species," said Hurley. Citing the history of bentgrass, he added, "Penncross in 1955 was the real breakthrough." But, he added, the new bents offer advantages which the older bents—Penncross included—don't.

In 1992, Hurley collected more than 60 selections during a visit to Atlanta Athletic

Bentgrass development		
RELEASE YEAR	VARIETY	DEVELOPER
1923	Seaside	**
1955	Penncross	Penn State Univ.
1978	Penneagle	Penn State Univ.
1986	Pennlinks	Penn State Univ.
1987	Cobra	Rutgers Univ.
1987	SR1020	Univ. of Arizona
1987	Putter	Washington St. Univ.
1988	Providence	Univ. of Arizona
1990	Lopez	Fine Lawn Research
1990	Southshore	Lofts; Rutgers Univ.
1993	Crenshaw	Texas A&M Univ. Source: Dr. Rich Hurley

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thing other than mowing, start using Primo. We can't promise them more time at the beach, but at least they'll still get plenty of sun. Club. In all, he has collected literally hundreds of samples from all over the U.S.—a "wealth of material that we can include in our breeding program."

Dr. Meyer of Turf Seed Inc. pointed to continuing work by Dr. Joe Duich at Penn State as promising exciting new bentgrasses.

"The new varieties are dwarfer and denser than the old varieties like Penncross and Pennlinks," said Meyer. "Dr. Duich says the new bents will have to be mowed closely. It completely turns around a lot of the thinking on grass management. We're recommending that you cut these new varieties at a short cutting height."

GOLF & ATHLEFIC TURF

The new varieties also show significantly improved disease resistance, particularly brown patch, over today's bentgrasses, claimed Meyer. He described it as "one of the biggest improvements" he's seen in cool-season grass development.

Meyer and Hurley both predict a growing interest in bentgrass fairways, but Meyer said he won't recommend any of the new varieties for fairways until he's tested them. "They're so dense and dwarf that I'm not sure they can be used on a fairway.," he explained.

How soon will some of these varieties hit the market? No later than two or three years, said Hurley.

"In the 1990s, what you're going to see is regrassing old greens with improved bentgrass varieties," Hurley predicted, "especially with some of the PGRs and herbicides now being used to control *Poa annua*.

"We really have a new era in bentgrasses," he continued. "We have the tools and a wealth of materials to look at."

-Ron Hall



Nicol: 'Our goal every year is to make one improvement.'

### Pondering the future, this 16-year veteran superintendent sees electric mowing, improved turf cultivars and money cartels meeting head-on.

Jim Nicol sees the future, and he's not too sure he likes what he sees.

"There are a lot of people—money cartels—getting into the business who don't know the business," he says. "It's my concern that there will be too many choices for a golfer—and they'll all be expensive choices. There has to be a balance of every type of course so that everyone has the opportunity to play.

"Golf is cyclical. I'm worried about the cost of golf for the average golfer. Will it get up to \$50 per round?

"Even now, the public's demanding that you hand-mow greens. But how long will they be willing to pay for it? We have to make sure, as an industry, that we don't out-price ourselves."

Nicol, who's been superintendent at prestigious Bunker Hills Golf Course in

**Renaissance man** 

Coon Rapids, Minn., for 16 years, is not your typical superintendent. He thinks superintendenting will become a

"Renaissance" occupation in the next 15 years, and he wants to help lead the way. "Electric mowing,"

he predicts, "drought-resistant and diseaseresistant turf cultivars will make it a Renaissance in golf course maintenance."

Nicol's dry wit and ready smile belie a subtle undercurrent of seriousness about the golf maintenance industry. And a good bit of not so subtly hidden confidence.

"I've got a pretty good life here..." Nicol admits. "...a fair amount of notoriety and opportunities. Security, too—(because he's a government employee) I've got to commit a felony to get fired.

"If you're worried about losing a job, you may as well get out anyway. I've enjoyed working here. I've had some guys here 10 years. They're not making any money, but they love to work here."

Nicol, an active member of the Minnesota Golf Course Superintendents Association and the Golf Course Superintendents Association of America, proudly says that Bunker Hills, a public course situated in the front corner of a popular state park, is always among *Golf Digest* magazine's Top 50 courses.

"Our draw is that we've got a nice course, a great design, at a good price," he says. "People use every club in their bag when the play Bunker Hills.

"We grow grass-vigorously-here.

Fairways are mowed with lightweight mowers, at lower heights. Greens and fairways are mowed every day, tees every two days. We don't use any short cuts. We put down three pounds per 1,000 sq. ft. of slowrelease fertilizer per year."

Nicol is not typical in another way: his duties. "I'm a working superintendent. I'm not an administrator.

"My boss is the director of golf and he does the budgets. I do about 1/10th of the budget work of my colleagues at other courses. Other people do my billing, purchasing, hiring and payroll, too."

All Nicol and his crews do are create a beautiful course for much less money than most country clubs spend.

"Our goal every year is to make one improvement: updating irrigation, lightweight mowing, whatever," he says. "Our core golfers like playing here so much, they think it's their course. If my crews aren't doing what they're supposed to do, I hear about it from the players. And they're right—if we're doing something wrong, we should change."

He started mowing greens in St. Cloud, Minn. at the age of 14. "My summers were at the golf course for as long as I can remember," he says.

Bunker Hills, a David Gill design, has a three-year contract (1993-1995) to play host to the Burnet Senior Classic. It's been site of the Minnesota Open for the last 14 years. Golfers typically log 100,000 rounds from April 1 to Nov. 1. "You can't get any more on it," Nicol observes.

"It's a prestigious course," Nicol says. "When I meet people, I have no qualms telling them where I work and what I do."

It's hard to believe Jim Nicol would ever have any qualms telling anybody anything. —Jerry Roche There are plenty of products that provide preemergent control of crabgrass, goosegrass, and other unwanted grass weeds. But if your problem is Poa annua on putting greens, your choice is limited.

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#### Michael F. Walton, C.G.C.S. **Barrington Golf Course** Aurora, OH (shown above)

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#### Stuart Cagle, C.G.C.S. **Old Oakland Golf Course** Indianapolis, IN

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