

Studies show that Dursban delivers better chinch bug control at lower rates than other insecticides.

en

than you get with insecticide alone. Knowing exactly when to apply insecticide helps, too. One way to monitor mole crickets, chinch bugs, webworms and cutworms is by mixing  $1\frac{1}{2}$  oz. of dish soap in two

gives you so much control at such a low rate. Dursban also controls fire ants. It's available in watersoluble packets. And it can be bio-monitored, which can reduce the likelihood of over-exposure.

nce your hate for inse gallons of water and sprinkling it on a four-foot area of turf. If eggs have

hatched, this soapy mixture will flush insects to the surface, and you can apply insecticide

> Mole Crickets Getting Under Your Skin?

University studies show that Pageant DF\* insecticide (which contains the same active ingredient as Dursban) provides excellent mole cricket control. Apply two weeks after egg hatch and irrigate turf 24 hours before and after application. This moves mole crickets near the soil surface and



into the zone of insect activity.

washes Pageant

Mole Cricket

accordingly.

Your insecticide itself can also make a difference. After all, different insecticides work at different rates. Which is why Dursban\* insecticide could be your best choice.

Just one pound active ingredient per acre controls a host of problem insects. No other insecticide

Now, we realize you probably have some questions. That's why we created The Turf Manager's Guide To Responsible Pest Management. It's 44 pages packed with compre-

> Dou Flam Dursban 50M

hensive information on the latest techniques for controlling insects, weeds and

turf diseases. For a free copy return the coupon, or call our toll-free telephone number. Because when you apply a little knowledge, you don't need to apply as much insecticide.

Send me the following Management Guide(s):  $\Box$  Cool Season,  $\Box$  Warm Season, D Nursery and Landscape.



Mail To: DowElanco, P.O. Box 3064, Cedar Rapids, IA 52406. Or call: 1-800-729-3693 ext. 2492.

Name			
Company			- Di ne
Address			
City		State	
Zip	Phone (	Church	
zip	I none (		

The chemistry is right. Dursban is available in liquid, dry flowable, granular and fertilizer formulations. \*Trademark of DowElanco. ©1992 DowElanco. 02 What you've read on the preceding pages only begins to outline a responsible pest management program. You'll find a lot

more in our guides to responsible pest management (see coupon on previous page), and in the literature listed below.

If you have questions on our products, call one of our technical specialists at 1-800-352-6776. We'll be happy to help you out. Because at DowElanco, we believe that when it comes to responsible pest management, knowledge is your most powerful tool.

"Trademark of DowElanco. C1992 DowElanco

The turf managers guid to responsible pest control

AL MARKAN MARKAN

## If we've piqued your interest, keep reading.

The literature below is some of the best information you can get on responsible pest management. Check your state university or write the publisher to find out where it's available.

Johnson, W.T. and H.H. Lyon. 1988. <u>Insects That Feed on Trees and Shrubs.</u> 2nd Ed. Cornell University Press, Ithaca, NY. 556 pp.

Tashiro, H. 1987. <u>Turfgrass Insects of the</u> <u>United States and</u> <u>Canada.</u> Cornell University Press, Ithaca, NY. 391 pp.

Niemczyk, H.D. 1981. Destructive Turf Insects. HDN Books, Wooster, OH. 48 pp.

Decker, H.F. and J.M. Decker, 1988. Lawn Care: A Handbook for Professionals. Prentice-Hall, Inc. 270 pp.

Pirone, P.P. 1978. Diseases and Pests of Ornamental Plants. 5th Ed. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 565 pp.

Ware, G.W. 1988. <u>Complete Guide</u> to Pest Control <u>With and With</u>out Chemicals.

Thomson Publications, Fresno, CA. 304 pp. Beard, J.B. 1982, <u>Turf Management for</u> <u>Golf Courses</u>, Macmillan Publishing Co. 642 pp.

Turgeon, A.J. 1985. <u>Turfgrass Management</u>. Prentice Hall, Inc. 416 pp.

Smiley, R.W. 1983. <u>Compendium of</u> <u>Turfgrass Diseases</u>. American Phytopathology Society. St. Paul, MN. 102 pp.

Sadof, C.S. 1990. Ornamental Insects: Recommendations for Managing Insects on Shade Trees and Shrubs. Purdue University Coop. Ext. Ser. Pub. E-41. 48 pp.

Ascerno, M.E. 1991. Insect Phenology and Integrated Pest Management. J. Arboriculture, 17: 13-15.

Orton, D.A. 1989. <u>Coincide: The Orton</u> <u>System of Pest Manage-</u> <u>ment</u>, Plantsmens Publications, Flossmoor, IL. 189 pp. Metcalf, R.L. and Luckmann. 1975. <u>Introduction to Insect</u> <u>Pest Management.</u> John Wiley and Sons. 587 pp.

Smith, E.M. 1991. <u>1991 Chemical</u> <u>Weed Control in</u> <u>Commercial</u> <u>Nursery & Land-</u> <u>scape Plantings.</u> Ohio Coop. Ext. Serv. Pub. No. MM-297. 20 pp.

Price, R.P. 1986. Nursery and Landscape Weed Control Manual. Thomson Publications, Fresno, CA. 264 pp.

> The landscaper's guide to responsible pest control.

The turf manager's guide to responsible pest control.

DOCSTLEONEDITION

Some turf managers have found that they can substantially reduce annual N rates by using iron, without sacrificing turf quality.

a

Judicious, well-timed spring fertilization can aid in disease and weed prevention and enhance overall turf quality.

by Tony Koski, Ph.D., Colorado State University

■ Late-season fertilization is commonplace in most cool-season turfgrass fertilization programs, and even with warm-season species in the transition zone and southern regions. However, quality turf cannot be sustained without some kind of earlyseason fertilization.

Certainly, applying too much N in spring causes more mowings and increases the likelihood of turf diseases. Concerns about the potential for water contamination via runoff and leaching force us to more closely consider N sources, application rates, and in which situations we should —or should not—be using that fertilizer.

**Stimulate color, not growth**—This is a good rule-of-thumb for the average turf that is not subjected to intensive wear. On a heavily used soccer field, however, N

### TURFGRASS N REQUIREMENTS

COVER STORY

#### (lbs. N/1000 sq. ft.)

	Desired quality and m	nanagement level
Cool-season species	Lower	Higher
Bentgrass	1-3*	3-8
Fine fescues	0.5-2	2-4
Common Kentucky bluegrass	1-2	2-4
Improved Kentucky bluegrass	1.5-3	3-6
Perennial ryegrass	2-4	4-6
Tall fescue	1-2	3-5
Wheatgrass	0-2	2-4
Warm-season species		T eleven ty meteries
Bahlagrass	0-1	2-4
Bermudagrass	1-4	3-8
Buffalograss/blue grama	0-1	2-3
Carpetgrass	1.5-3	4-6
Centipedegrass	0-1	2-4
St. Augustinegrass	2-4	5-7
Zoyslagrass	2-4	5-7

\* Lower rates for shorter growing seasons and/or on heavy soils. Higher rates used where growing season is longer; soils are sandy; precipitation rates are high; clippings are routinely removed.

Source: Dr. Kos

must be applied more frequently to stimulate the growth that promotes better wear tolerance and speeds recovery from intense foot traffic. Common sense must be used in determining frequency and amount of fertilizer to apply. The proper amount will vary with species, desired quality level, and what the turf is used for. (Annual N requirements for cool- and warm-season lawns, Table 1.)

Some turf managers rely on residual activity of fertilizer sources to carry them from one application to the next. In Table 2, note that those fertilizers which promote rapid greening possess short residual activity, and that the potential for fertilizer burn is higher with these quickly-available sources. On the other hand, the quicklyavailable N sources are less affected by temperature and are less expensive per pound of N. Slowly-available N fertilizers provide more even feeding and longer residual activity than fertilizers like urea or ammonium sulfate. However, some

## INFLUENCE OF NITROGEN FERTILIZATION ON DISEASE INCIDENCE Severity increases with under-fertilization Severity increases with over-fertilization

Cool-season turfs	grass diseases
Anthracnose	Brown patch
Dollar spot	Leaf spot
Red thread	Melting out
Rust	Pythium blight
A CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER OF THE OWNER	Pythium blight
Warm-season tur	Igrass diseases
Anthracnose Brown patch	
Cercospora leaf spot	Gray leaf spot
Dollar spot	Leaf spot
Rust	Melting out
and the second	Pythium blight
	Spring dead spot

Source: Dr. Kosk

#### TABLE

#### CHARACTERISTICS OF NITROGEN FERTILIZERS

Fertilizer name	Analysis	Source of N	Moisture dependence	Low temperature response	Residual N activity	Salt index (per N unit)	Leaching potential
Quickly-available N fert	ilizers						and a lot line
Ammonium nitrate	33-0-0	ammonium nitrate	minimum	rapid	4-6 weeks	3.2	high
Ammonium sulfate	21-0-0	ammonium sulfate	minimum	rapid	4-6 weeks	3.3	high
Ammonium phosphate	18-46-0	diammonium phosphate	minimum	rapid	4-6 weeks	1.6	high
Urea	46-0-0	urea	minimum	rapid	4-6 weeks	1.6	moderate
Slowly-available N fertili	zers	in the second	New property	agained		Stinup h	ut liensv
Slow-release sources							and in succession
Sulfur-coated urea	22-38% N	urea	moderate	mod. rapid	10-15 weeks	NA	low
ONCE	24-35% N	urea, nitrate, ammon. N	moderate	mod. rapid	15-36 weeks	NA	low
Slow-soluble sources							
IBDU	31-0-0	isobutylidine diurea	high	mod. rapid	10-16 weeks	0.2	modlow
Ureaform reaction fertilizers					orll in many		
Nirtoform	38-0-0	ureaformaldehyde	high	slow	10-30 weeks+	0.3	very low
FLUF	18-0-0	urea/ureaformaldehyde	moderate	medium	6-10 weeks	NA	low
Nutralene	40-0-0	methylene ureas	moderate	medium	7-9 weeks	NA	low
Methylene urea	39-0-0	methylene ureas	moderate	medium	7-9 weeks	0.7	low
Coron	28-0-0	urea/methylene ureas	minimal	mod. rapid	7-9 weeks	NA	moderate
N-Sure	28-0-0	triazone/urea sol.	minimal	mod. rapid	6-9 weeks	NA	moderate
Natural organic fertilizers							
Ringer	6-1-3	blood, bone, seed meals	high	medium	10-12 weeks	0.7	low
Sustaine	5-2-4	composted turkey waste	high	medium	10-12 weeks	0.7	low
Milorganite	6-2-0	activated sludge	high	slow	10-12 weeks	0.7	low
Inclusion of products does not imply endorsement, nor does exclusion imply criticism.				And the second second			

## For the turf manager who worries about every spot, patch and mold.

## Now there's Curalan fungicide.

Now broad spectrum CURALAN controls eight diseases without harm to turf so turf managers can sleep nights.

**Brown patch and dollar spot control.** CURALAN controls these tough diseases plus six more including leaf spot, Fusarium patch and grey snow mold.

#### Two-way protection.

CURALAN gives you the option of preventive and curative treatments by adjusting the application rate.

Always read and follow label directions. Curalan is a trademark of BASF Corporation. © 1991 BASF Corporation JJ7623R



#### Labeled for all turf grasses.

You can apply CURALAN to any turf grass variety, at any stage of growth without concern for injury. CURALAN is part of a growing line of turf ornamental products from BASF. **Simple solutions to complex problems.** 

For more information call **1-800-878-8060.** 



slowly-available fertilizers may provide a slow initial green-up, especially under cool, dry spring conditions.

Slow response can be offset with high rates (1.5 to 2 lbs. actual N per 1000 sq. ft.) of the slowly-available sources, as is often done with straight ureaform and natural organics.

This is one of those rare instances in which more than 1 lb. of N per 1000 sq. ft. can be safely applied. Unless you wish to adhere to a strictly natural organic program, it is wiser and easier to apply a blend of quickly- and slowly-available N sources in the early season.

The resin-coated product called "Once" allows you to fertilize once in the spring and yet provide even greening throughout the growing season. This fertilizer has performed impressively in three years of testing at Colorado State University.

**Use N for disease control**—Over- or under-fertilization, especially in the spring, can result in turfgrass disease problems (Table 2). Red thread can be a problem during moist, cool springs on fine fescue and perennial ryes if they are under-fertilized and not growing at a satisfactory rate. On the other hand, diseases like stripe smut can become severe if susceptible Kentucky bluegrass cultivars get too much fertilizer during the spring.

Research at Cornell University and other universities shows that nitrogen sources may also play an important role in suppressing certain diseases. That work suggests that natural organic fertilizers and composts, when used as turf fertilizers, can sometimes reduce the incidence or severity of diseases like brown patch, necrotic ring spot, red thread, dollar spot and pythium root rot. Success may vary depending on fertilizer and location.

**Clippings return nutrients**—Grass clippings provide legitimate and important nutrient sources when returned to lawns. In addition, the severity of rust and red thread may be dramatically reduced on ryegrass and bluegrass lawns where clippings are returned.

**Use fertilizer responsibly**—Any fertilizer application has the *potential* to contaminate water resources through surface runoff or leaching. Continuing research, however, indicates that careful fertilizer use presents negligible risk to most ground and surface water sources.

Using water-soluble fertilizers on sandy soils with high precipitation or irrigation rates greatly increases the potential for groundwater contamination.

Runoff from turf sites probably presents little hazard to water quality. However, sloppy application of fertilizer onto hard surfaces like driveways and streets will obviously present a problem when that fertilizer (which often is a pesticide carrier) is carried into storm drains with precipitation. The responsible applicator will guard against this altogether, or clean up any mistakes by sweeping up the mis-applied material.

**Benefits of other nutrients**— Remember to test for and maintain adequate potassium levels for your soil type. Research shows that potassium can be an important enhancer of wear, heat and drought stress on both cool- and warm-season species. Try reducing the amount of N you use by making iron a more important part of your standard fertility program.

-Dr. Koski is an extension turfgrass specialist at Colorado State University's Department of Horticulture.

#### LM REPORTS: IRRIGATION COMPONENTS

# Today's technology means savings on water and money

Why the interest in centralized irrigation? The reason is water—or, more precisely, the cost of water—which spouts ever higher as its availability evaporates with more frequent droughts.

Today's irrigation technology gives turf managers near-psychic ability to forecast plant water requirements and compensate for dry spells. By combining weather stations with moisture sensors and irrigation controllers, the odds against over- or under-watering are minimized.

And you no longer need to have massive acreage to take advantage of the technology.

Stephen Smith, of Aqua Engineering in



Ft. Collins, Colo., predicts even more sitespecific irrigation controls and monitoring systems in the next two to three years. "Your imagination is the only hindrance," says Smith. The money you can save is considerable. By coordinating evapotranspiration (ET) rates with centralized irrigation controls, Smith says the city of Pueblo, Colo., saved \$125,000 in water costs in one year, far exceeding its investment in central controls, data collection, a weather station and implementation. Smith calls it "a costeffective way to approach largescale landscape irrigation."

Dorothy Borland, water conservation analyst for Denver,

Colo., parks and recreation, reports millions of gallons of water being saved by the city, thanks to a rain shut-off feature found in the best controllers.

-Terry McIver



Get more information on the products you're interested insimply return the reader service card today. There's no cost and no obligation.



Organic and organic base professional turf foods from Harmony products. The new brochure illustrates the agronomic benefits of organics and also includes Harmony's 1992 catalog of products and programs featuring high performance bridge products and all-natural organics. Harmony offers marketing support to help lawn care operators promote their organic services.

Harmony Products 2121 Old Greenbrier Road Chesapeake, VA 23320 (800) 343-6343

Circle No. 331 on Reader Inquiry Card



RYERSON STEEL LANDSCAPE EDGING brings permanence and definition to your designs. Retains crushed rock or gravel. Reduces edge erosion of asphalt drives. Separates lawns and ground cover from other medium. Quick, easy installation. Bulletin includes plastic edging for free-form designs.

Joseph T. Ryerson & Son, Inc. P.O. Box 8000 Chicago, IL 60680 (312) 762-2121 Fax: (312) 762-6317

Circle No. 330 on Reader Inquiry Card



Anti-Wash®-GeoJute® is a highly economical and effective method to establish vegetation on slopes and waterways. It holds mulch and seed in place and completely biodegrades after one year.

Belton Industries 8613 Roswell Rd.

Atlanta, GA 30350 (800) 225-4099 Fax: (404) 992-6361

Circle No. 325 on Reader Inquiry Card

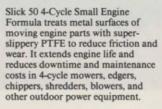


Miles Inc. has literature on its full line of turf and ornamental products. Brochures contain technical data and information on handling, application and storage of each product. Miles manufactures turf and ornamental fungicides, insecticides and herbicides.

Miles Inc. Specialty Products P.O. Box 4913 Kansas City, MO 64120 (800) 842-8020

Circle No. 327 on Reader Inquiry Card





Petrolon/Slick 50 1187 Brittmoore Road Houston, TX 77043 (800) 444-7542

Circle No. 328 on Reader Inquiry Card



ben Benny gittang al maid Cleve min ("Citis" and spend stree Wilsias deal wave ad) The world's leading manufacturer of irrigation products, Rain Bird also offers support materials to give contractors the edge in sales, marketing and more. Rain Bird's 1992 Professional Edge Marketing Kit includes helpful irrigation business guides, program information and support literature.

Rain Bird Sales, Inc. Contractor Division 155 North Grand Ave. Glendora, CA 91740 (818) 963-9311

Circle No. 329 on Reader Inquiry Card



CURV-RITE ALUMINUM EDGING offers a patented telescoping design saving time, product and money. The flexible yet durable structure allows smooth, flowing curves or interlocking circles. CURV-RITE connectors create simple and precise corners or angles. Available in natural aluminum; green, bronze or black electrostatic acrylic; or black anodized finish in 1/8" x 3" or 4", 3/16" x 4" or 5-1/2" ideal for planting beds, paving areas or maintenance strips.

#### CURV-RITE, INC.

7555 Byron Center Rd. Byron Center, MI 49315-0261 1-800-FON-CURV (1-800-366-2878) Fax: (616) 878-1302

Circle No. 326 on Reader Inquiry Card

### JOHN

## Pumping iron has Introducing new hydraulic lift option

Sometimes a workout is the last thing you're looking for. That's why we now offer a hydraulic lift option for our 1200 Bunker and Field Rake.

A hydraulic pump and switch are all you need to turn the 1200 into a real energy saver. Once they are installed, a flip of the switch is all it takes to quickly raise or lower your rake.

Plus, once equipped with the hydraulic pump, the 1200 can also be used to raise and lower drawn implements like aerators, brushes or spreaders.When you consider pulling power, dura-



A flip of a switch is all it takes to quickly raise and lower the 1200's rake with the new hydraulic lift option.

### EERE

# never been simpler

bility, ease of operation and versatility, you won't find a better value than the John Deere 1200.

For the name of your nearest distributor, or free literature, call 1-800-544-2122 toll free or write John Deere, Moline, IL 61265.



### NOTHING RUNS LIKE A DEERE®



Circle No. 105 on Reader Inquiry Card



The following is a listing of some of the companies marketing irrigation controllers and sprinklers obtained from literature on hand at LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT offices at press time. Exclusion of any product or company is unintended. For a complete listing of irrigation product manufacturers, consult LM's 1991 September Buyers' Guide.

#### CONTROLLERS

COMPANY	PRODUCT	FEATURES
Buckner Fresno, Calif. (209) 275-0500	C.O.P.S. Universal	Operate and monitor field controllers from a central computer using a radio interface. Can be used with new or existing field controller system. Any number of systems can operate up to 999 field units; each field unit runs up to 42 stations. Can retro-fit existing systems.
Champion Los Angeles, Calif. (213) 221-2108	Pro Series	Three start times per program; selectable seven day/skip day function; timer settings from one minute to 5 hours,59 minutes; manual program start or manual station operation; independent dual programs; auto/off rain switch; solid state design; fuse protected circuitry; master valve/remote pump start circuit.
Griswold Controls Irvine, Calif. (714) 559-6000	GD Series	Automatic manual shutdown; rainy weather shutdown; drip irrigation con- trol; master valve output; universal radio interface allows you to turn valves on and off from any location with standard transmitter; dual seven- day programs; 12 start and repeat hours; timing from 30-seconds to 30- minutes
Hardie Irrigation Carson City, Nev. (800) 634-8873	Total Control	Modular design; day clock/calendar for true odd/even day programming; three independent programs that can run concurrently; programmable rain-off to seven days; water budgeting feature. Self-diagnostic electronic circuit breaker with valve 'short' detector.
Hydro-Electronics Deer Park, N.Y. (516) 667-7852	Hydro-Saver Pro-Line	8-, 12- and 16-station dual program microprocessor controllers; 365-day built-in calendars for odd/even water restrictions and other complex watering schedules; dual programming; drip irrigation feature; up to three start times per day; flexible-zone timing; water budgeting feature.
Motorola Schaumburg, III. (708) 397-1000	MIR 5000	Independent programming of each station or sprinkler group; field satel- lites can perform up to eight independent irrigation functions simultane- ously; central control operates several different types of sprinkler heads independently; field interface unit hooks up to most IBM PC-compatible computers.
Rain Bird Glendora, Calif. (818) 963-9311	Maxi System IV	"Cycle and Soak" feature saves water by automatically preventing the unwanted evaporation, floodingpooling and run-off that occur when water is applied faster than it can be absorbed by the soil.ET-sensitive schedul- ing; communicates directly with optional on-site weather station
<b>Toro Irrigation</b> Riverside, Calif. (714) 688-9221	O.S.M.A.C. System	Designed in cooperation with Motorola; can run as a low-cost upgrade to existing system or as a complete control system for new golf installa- tions.Expandable from eight to 48 stations; central or remote control; multi-valve syringe; alarm paging capability from key sensors monitoring flow, power, pumps.
Weather-Matic Garland, Texas	Lawn Mate	Nine volt standard alkaline battery automatically starts in event of power failures. Programs and clock time are uninterrupted for a week with the back-up system. Easy installation, thanks to removable lower panel, which allows access to field wiring terminal block. Two models are designed for seven and 12 stations.