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F and ORNAMENTALS

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As you can see in the following charts, Ronstar G gives effective control of grassy weeds all season long.



In field trials conducted from 1973 to 1977

50-100

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*Crabgrass and Goosegrass.

151-200

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101-150

DAYS AFTER APPLICATION

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WT&T IS **NO LONGER A TEENAGER**

Founder cites encouragement of manufacturers, universities and associations in creating a national magazine on vegetation management.

This year marks the 20th anniversary of the conception of today's Weeds Trees & Turf magazine. It was in 1962 that the idea for a magazine to serve the professional the magazine. urban and industrial vegetation management market became a

To get some feel for just how this

magazine got started, we interviewed the founder, James A. Nelson of Cleveland, and asked him to reminisce about the early days of

Weeds and Turf, as the magazine was called originally, began as a section in Pest Control magazine. which was founded in 1933. Nelson



recognized a trend among pest control companies to add weed, lawn and tree insect control to their regular structural insect and rodent control service. At that time, there was no reliable source of how-to information to guide professional applicators in identification and control of this separate set of insects, fungi and weeds.

Several unusual facts were discovered in preparation. For one thing, there were all kinds of companies engaged in turf maintenance, weed and brush control, and tree and ornamental care. which had no interest in structural pest control. Also, there was no national magazine that served the specific needs of companies which specialized in contract vegetation management.

Some called themselves horticultural spraymen, some custom applicators, some were nurserymen who offered spray services. and others were arborists who included weed and brush control with their tree spraying services. All had a common need for a national voice and monthly source for how-to information. Altogether, they represented a \$4 billion industry.

Authorities on every phase of vegetation management in universities and industry offered encouragement. "Among the specialists who gave us counsel," Nelson recalls, "were toxicologists, research specialists, and authorities from du Pont, Mallinckrodt, Amchem, Diamond Alkali, Ortho, Geigy, Hercules, Monsanto, Stauffer and Continues on page 24

Premier issue of Weeds and Turf. July 1962.

reality.

AMMINERSAR

James Nelson, founder and first publisher of Weeds Trees & Turf. Nelson sold to Harcourt Brace Iovanovich in





Anniversary from page 23

many other companies. These authorities saw expanded uses for new chemical technology. "We counseled perhaps most with Dr. Lawrence G. Southwick of Dow Chemical, who was then president of the Northeastern Weed Science Society.

"Moral and technical support came from state universities such as Purdue, the University of California, Penn State, and the University of Florida. We also received assurances from the U.S. Department of Agriculture and state agencies, associations, and many existing vegetation management businesses."

After months of planning, Weeds and Turf premiered as a section of Pest Control in July 1962. Also, 2,000 copies were mailed separately to vegetation management firms. Advertisers in that first issue were: John Bean, Div. of FMC; Chapman Chemical Co.; Geigy Agricultural Services: General Spray Service Inc.; H.D. Hudson Mfg. Co.; Mine Safety Appliances; Niagara Chemicals, Div. of FMC; Pennsalt Chemicals Corp.; Prentiss Drug & Chemical Co.; D.B. Smith & Co.; Stauffer Chemical Co.; Sun Industries; Vandermolen Export Co.; and Hardie Mfg. Co.

The cover story of the inaugural issue was about J.C. Redd's lawn service venture in Jackson, MS. The article was titled "Multibillion Dollar Weed, Turf Market Awaits Informed, Diligent Applicator." The lawn service market would have its own publication in 1977, Lawn Care Industry magazine, launched from Weeds Trees & Turf.

By January 1964, Weeds and Turf had a circulation of 8,500 separate from Pest Control. As new markets solidified, Weeds and Turf devoted coverage to them, as was the case with the sod producer in the mid-60's. The magazine strongly encouraged this market to create an association. Later, the American Sod Producers Association was formed.

To recognize the growth and change in the market, the name of the magazine was broadened to Weeds Trees & Turf in December 1964. The change was based upon research that year which had shown hardly any contractor applicator offered just one kind of service. The magazine retains this horizontal stance today.

The title of editor of Weeds Trees & Turf was first held by Charles Webb, who was hired by Nelson and also served as editor of Pest Control.

In 1967, Nelson sold Pest Control and Weeds Trees & Turf to Harvest Publishing Co., a subsidiary of Harcourt Brace Jovanovich. Nelson was hired as a consultant for one year as Art Edwards took over the magazines for Harvest.

Edwards held the title of editor at first. In January 1968, the magazine started using four-color covers and Don Miller was hired as managing editor. The new investment by Harvest helped it grow rapidly. Edwards was now editorial director and became publisher in 1972.

In 1969, Gene Ingalsbe started a three-year term as editor. He was succeeded by Jim Sample who led the magazine through some of its largest issues. Sample hired Roger Yount as the magazine's first assistant editor in 1974.

Don Miller reclaimed the title later in 1974. Bob Earley served as managing editor after Miller's departure that year. Gail Hogan became editor upon Earley's move over to Golf Course Superintendent. Hogan held the post until 1977 when Bruce Shank moved over to Weeds Trees & Turf after four years with Pest Control. Shank is now executive editor of both magazines. Tom Paciello is associate editor.

A change in location took place in 1980 when the magazines moved to the parent corporation in New York. Although Ohio offered a wealth of resources, the magazine staff is now less than two hours from Rutgers and Cornell and three hours from the University of Massachusetts, the University of Rhode Island, Penn State, and Maryland with its university and the USDA Turf Research Lab in Beltsville.

In future issues we will look back into time and remember those years as the market and the magazine grew. 1982 is the one score mark and plans are underway for the second score. **WTT**

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GOLF'S FUTURE MODERN PRESSURES FORCE RETHINKING OF COURSE DESIGN

By CHARLES F. ANKROM

The past twenty years have been generous and productive for the game of golf. Developers of residential and resort properties have collaborated with planners and architects to provide for the "UTOPIA" golf green belt. New courses fully irrigated, landscaped, with lush turf stretching from tee to green and maintained by sophisticated techniques, are a major contributing factor toward establishing land values of saleable properties.

Promotion, video exposure of the PGA Tour, and advertising of finely manicured, picturesque courses have both the public and private sectors attempting to produce a superior or equal product as competition.

The Confronting Problems

The yearly progression toward perfection may have peaked. New design and construction techniques will be affected by our ever changing economy and inflation, ecology, development and maintenance costs, and the availability of natural resources: land, fossil fuels, and especially fresh water for irrigation.

The evolution of the modern golf course, "American Style", will dramatically change over the next two decades. The era of the 7,000 yard

Charles Ankrom is president and owner of Charles F. Ankrom, Inc., Golf Course Architects. He was formerly director of golf course operations and "in-house" golf course architect for a number of firms, including General Development Corp. of Florida, Woodmore Corporation of Colorado and Dart Resorts of California.



Typical routed par four, dogleg right, assuming a double row irrigation system. Lake created in low area. Continues on page 28

There's not on earth F



Eclipse Kentucky bluegrass is bred for out-of-this-world beauty and performance. It thrives in sun and light shade and is the ideal base for sod blends and turf seed mixtures for golf courses, parks, playing DSE Kentucky bluegrass is bred for out-of-this-world beauty and performance. It thrives in sun and li shade and is the ideal base for sod blends and turt seed mixtures for golf courses, parks, playing ide and home lawns coast to coast in national trials. Eclinse was proven to have greater resisten shade and is the ideal base for sod blends and turt seed mixtures for golf courses, parks, playing fields, and home lawns, coast to coast. In national trials, Eclipse was proven to have greater resistance to powdery mildew, leaf rust. Fusarium blight, and dollarspot disease. Eclipse stands up to harsh ds, and home lawns, coast to coast. In national trials, Eclipse was proven to have greater resistant to powdery mildew, leaf rust, Fusarium blight, and dollarspot disease. Eclipse stands up to harsh inter weather and easily tolerates poor fertility and high heat. For a dark green low-growing turbuilty to powdery mildew, leaf rust, Fusarium blight, and dollarspot disease. Eclipse stands up to harsh winter weather and easily tolerates poor fertility and high heat. For a dark green, low-growing turt with strength, density, and texture, you can't do better than Eclipse. There's nothing like it anywhere on earth winter weather and easily tolerates poor fertility and high heat. For a dark green, low-growing turt with strength, density, and texture, you can't do better than Eclipse. There's nothing like it anywhere on earth.

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Modern from page 26

long, 175 acre golf course will be numbered. The presently accepted principles and theory may become the exception, rather then the rule.

Escalating and persistent high interest rates, inflation, land costs and maintenance costs will soon establish new trends toward the future golf course. We cannot separate this segment of social recreation from the trends now affecting the automobile and housing industry.

The future golf course, by necessity, will also have to become more efficient. We can view this with either a pessimistic or optimistic attitude. Numerous factors will affect the golf construction industry. These include:

Land: Rapidly escalating values, high purchase cost, available parcels located geographically to warrant a return on investment.

Inflation and financing: Spiraling costs, high interest rates and a prime rate governmentally controlled to reduce expenditures, will have an impact upon both the private and public sectors; purchasing land and construction of development orientated courses, the procurement of general obligation or revenue sharing bonds by counties or municipalities to finance public courses.

When interest rates exceed 14-16%, they discourage new development as the cost to repay debt service becomes excessive. A continuously high prime rate over 20% would shut down new course construction except for the very few affluent companies with high daily cash receivables, such as oil companies.

Increased construction cost: Construction is paid for by liquid assets of the developer, borrowed money, and the cost of money. Cost increases shall also be passed on by the contractors, which include expensive, large earth-moving equipment for building the new golf course, irrigation equipment, grassing, labor, materials, chemicals, fertilizer and all items required to grow-in and mature a course.

Maintenance and operations: Many modern golf facilities have



Same hole in future with hybrid turf and irrigation in key areas of tee, fairway and green only, framed by native drought tolerant grasses. Partial lake created for fill and then with preservation of wetland acreage. *Continues on page 32*

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