

## CAREER TIMELINE

**1956**

Degree in Veterinary Medicine, The Ohio State University

**1957-1961**

School of Aviation Medicine, U.S. Space Program, San Antonio, TX

**1960s**

Toxicologist with private industry

**1970s**

The Ohio State University cooperative extension

**1977**

Begins consulting work with ChemLawn

**1984**

Leaves OSU to work full-time at ChemLawn

**1990-1991**

Testifies in Senate Subcommittee hearings on lawn care pesticides

**2001**

Retires from TruGreen ChemLawn

## Lawn care: Roger Yeary / Vice president of health, safety and environmental stewardship of TruGreen ChemLawn, Delaware, OH

BY RON HALL

**M**any lawn care company owners probably weren't in the business when the industry faced its most bitter battles concerning lawn care chemical use. Nor are you probably aware that one of the industry's influential figures during those times is quietly leaving the industry.

Dr. Roger Yeary retired from TruGreen ChemLawn earlier this year, but remains as a consultant with the company until the end of this year. A toxicologist, he still makes once-a-week trips to the TG-CL research facility in Delaware, OH.

"Probably what I'm going to do is spend the winter months in Arizona and the summer and fall months in Columbus," Yeary tells LM.

Yeary's career took several twists before he began his 25-plus-year association with lawn care. He earned a degree in vet-

erinary medicine at The Ohio State University, Columbus, in 1956, but several months into a practice in Willoughby, OH, he was coaxed into joining the U.S. Air Force School of Aviation Medicine in San Antonio, TX.

Yeary fulfilled his military commitment working with a small group of specialists developing environmental systems for space flight, part of the U.S. space race with the Soviets. It was during this time that he became interested in toxicology.

In 1977, then with The Ohio State University cooperative extension, he got a call from ChemLawn which was fielding concerns from homeowners fearful of the safety of lawn care products on their pets.

"I started doing some consulting for them," says Yeary. "I did that about four years and finally realized that I was working 2 full-time jobs, so I left the university and went to work for ChemLawn fulltime in 1984," he says.

During the tumultuous 1980s, when municipalities across the United States tried to write their own rules concerning

chemical lawn care, the industry looked to ChemLawn and the data generated by Yeary to show that the industry presented negligible risk to employees, customers, their families and pets, and to the environment.

"I've always considered myself to be the guardian of the health and safety of our employees," he says. "Since so many companies copied our programs, I believe that this has had a positive impact on the entire industry."

Yeary, a popular speaker at Green Industry conferences and seminars, participated in dozens of public, legislative and EPA hearings during his career, and defended the industry on national news programs like Ted Koppel and Good Morning America.

"I believe that my most important contribution to the lawn care industry has been defusing the exaggerated and inflammatory claims of the health and environmental risks of lawn care to the media, regulators, legislators and, at times, in the judicial system as an expert witness," he says. **LM**