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Down in the analysis area on every fertilizer bag, you'll find the “fine print” that tells you what the big print doesn't. Read all of it. Carefully. But most importantly, look at the percentage of Water Insoluble Nitrogen.

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Only Par Ex contains IBDU—a unique Water Insoluble Nitrogen source that is 100% available to your turf in a single growing season. Consider that urea formaldehyde products (bacteria and temperature released) contain about one third of their WIN in the form of plastic polymers. Its long-term Nitrogen release is so slow, it's almost useless, and will most likely occur during the hottest periods, just when you don't want it.

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If the percentage of Water Insoluble Nitrogen isn't listed, there isn't any slow-release Nitrogen. If it is listed, chances are it won't be as high as the WIN percentage in Par Ex. Even if it is, we guarantee you that 100% of what we list as WIN is available to your turf every growing season. That means for every six months of growing, you'll receive an additional 46-53% more usable WIN than our competitors can deliver.

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On the cover: It is indeed a bright future for the golf course industry

COVER STORY: SUPERINTENDENTS ON COURSE
by Will Perry. Golf course budgets continue to increase. Our nation’s superintendents tell us they’re sinking the extra cash into more fertilizers, pesticides—and especially irrigation systems.

ROOM TO BREATHE
by Terry Mclver. Why aerate? What to aerate with? This article and chart answers your every question.

PEOPLE, A TREE’S WORST ENEMY
by Terry Tattar, Ph. D. More urban trees are being killed or injured by people than by diseases and insects.

LOW INPUT LANDSCAPING
by W.M. Mitchell, Ph.D. Lawn grasses are one of the hardest plant systems known. They can take care of themselves.

WARM-SEASON ATHLETIC FIELD CALENDAR
by John R. Hall III, Ph.D. A schedule of management for athletic fields in warm-season areas of the U.S.

A SWINGING SAFARI
by Ann Reilly. How East Africans care for resorts without the equipment expertise available in the U.S.

IRRIGATION IDIOMS
by Jerry Roche. Listen to Michael Essenwein of RainBird tell how to beat irrigation problems.

PARADISE FOUND
Superintendent Short Honma and his people consider management of Kapalua golf courses a 24-hour job.

TRAINING ON ENGINES
Experts from Onan Corp. run down the requisites of a good engine training program for your employees.

TO LIGHT AT NIGHT
Selling nightlighting to owners and developers can be very difficult, unless you explain it to them.
TIME OUT

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All sports turf managers and superintendents will want to read this comprehensive guide to turfgrass varieties for athletic field, playground and golf course use. This volume is sprinkled with sports trivia and history, diagrams of playing areas and comparisons of natural turf with artificial surfaces. So, order your copy today... then grab a bag of warm popcorn or peanuts and settle in for entertaining, enlightening and straightforward sports turf talk.

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Circle No. 168 on Reader Inquiry Card
Applying the 'pixie dust'

The Disney Company has been accused of doing a lot of things to keep its employees happy. The most notable is sprinkling employees with pixie dust every morning.

This is not the case, according to Franki Turner, Walt Disney World's manager of marketing and seminar production operations. But what the company does to keep employees happy also applies to the green industry.

"Our corporate management knows that image is very important to preserve," Turner says. "Every person at Disney realizes that. A ticket-taker sees 20,000 more guests a week than (WDW president) Dick Nunis. That person is one of the key marketing tools we have."

Turner said new employees are imbued with what she calls "corporate culture." She defines that as (1) tradition of the past, (2) operations of the present and (3) visions of the future. "They make up the culture of almost every organization. And we try to keep it simple and clean so it's understandable by all 23,000 employees."

After the company's culture has been defined, Turner says that three additional follow-ups keep employees loyal and happy.

No. 1 is training. One full day is set aside to show new employees how to go through the cafeteria line, how to make out time cards, where lockers are, etc. On-the-job training lasts anywhere from three days to two weeks, depending on the job.

No. 2 is communication, one of Disney's strong suits. The company uses bulletin boards, clever videos, newsletters and—most of all—personal contact (managers being what is called "out-in-the-area").

No. 3 is care. Disney shows it cares for its employees. The company holds annual picnics and chooses one date a year on which employees and their families can get in the park for free. Disney even goes so far as to help find temporary and permanent housing, and—very important—promotes heavily from within.

Teamwork is of utmost importance. "No one ever says 'it's not my job,' " notes an employee in the standard Disney training video.

Finally, Turner notes, "Cast members (employees) are treated as we expect them to treat the guests."

These ideas, clearly, don't only work for the entertainment industry. They are also applicable to the green industry and others.

Use your imagination. Sprinkle some pixie dust on your employees!
That's why so many winning equipment manufacturers sign Onan to their team. For almost half a century, Onan engines have been the first round choice of leading manufacturers.

Onan engines perform. Hundreds of thousands proving themselves every day. Performing under adverse conditions. Performing with power. Performing for years of trouble-free operation.

Onan builds winners by building winning relationships with equipment manufacturers. Partnerships based on common goals and dedication to customer service.

Great performance, great teamwork. An unbeatable combination.

Onan Engines
Built in the U.S.A.
Phone survey emphasizes possible lawn care clients

A wealth of potential customers among current do-it-yourselfers believe professional lawn care is over-priced.

This fact from results of a Monsanto telephone survey, revealed by David Duncan, Ph.D., director of the company's product development. He gave a presentation during the PLCAA's national convention in New Orleans.

The survey compares the do-it-yourselfer (DIY) to the professional lawn care user in three categories:

1. Frequency of use
   Forty-nine percent of the respondents used professional lawn care in the 12 months prior to the survey. However, 87 percent supplemented that care with their own.

   Twenty-four percent of those surveyed had what they termed “a tendency toward lawn care,” but like it to be done for them. Of that 24 percent, half had indeed purchased lawn care in the past year.

   By projecting the figures nationally, Monsanto believes 16 million Americans have that “tendency” to purchase services, yet only 7.8 million follow through.

   “A significant amount of the population is inclined toward lawn care, and they can be brought back,” says Duncan. “That is a heck of an opportunity if people get out there and talk to these customers.”

2. Demographics
   Of great significance to continued on page 14

LEGISLATION

Green industry group battles overzealous N.Y. legislators

A group of lawn care and pest control organizations has filed suit in the U.S. District Court against the state of New York. If they win, the state would have to stop the implementation of pre-notification laws. The regulations were devised by the New York Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC).

At stake is whether lawn chemical and pesticide applicators must follow stricter pre-notification rules. The applicator organizations believe the regulations are unfair and redundant intrusions on the industry’s business sector. They further believe the laws are preempted by the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA).

Industry groups acting as plaintiffs in the case are the New York State Pesticide Coalition, Professional Lawn Care Association of America, Pesticide Public Policy Foundation, National Pest Control Association and National Arborists Association. Leaders are Elizabeth Seme, executive director of both the New York State Turfgrass Association and the Green Council, and Walter Schroeder, business owner and president of the New York State Professional Applicators Coalition.

“The concept of what they (state DEC) have done is outrageous,” says Schroeder. “They have no consideration for the economics or lack of practicality involved. It’s strictly an agenda set forth by powerful environmental lobbyists.”

“The new regulations are extremely complicated and cumbersome,” says Dave Sek, vice president of Monroe Tree and Lawn Tender, Rochester, N.Y. He believes the regulations would make it difficult for companies to schedule applications, especially for multiple dwelling units and business complexes.

“cont. on page 14”
Job estimating: don’t guess; practice, practice, practice

Have you ever completed a job, picked up the check and deposited it in the bank, and find yourself asking the question, “Did I price that job fairly?”

Sure you have. Or will. That’s why it’s important—in the interest of fairness and good business—to practice accurate and thorough estimating.

Phil Christian, president of PDC Consultants, is a stickler for accurate estimates, which he spoke on at the recent Landscape Expo in Nashville, Tenn. “Estimating is a procedure that we must go through to establish a sale price for our services,” said Christian. “The cost estimate must include all labor, material, equipment and overhead, plus profit. Estimating the cost of services on a specific landscape means the estimate must be unique to the site.”

And, of course, you must also know each quantity in the estimating formula. “If you don’t know the distance you travel to the job, there can be no calculations due to the absence of a known quantity,” Christian said.

Christian believes production factors are variables, and may be adjusted as required to protect the accuracy of the estimate. “If we noted during the first hour of the trip that we were below our production factor of 50 mph,” Christian continued, “what could we do to protect the original estimated time of arrival? We could increase the production factor to 50 mph, or increase production to fit the new circumstances, and keep the original estimate.”

Measuring the landscape is easy, and simply involves four basic quantities: area of turf, linear feet of edging, area to be pruned, and area of shrub beds or mulch area. Combine these areas or take percentages of them to estimate the linear feet covered by all maintenance activities.

“Measure all the turf area,” advises Christian, “no matter what condition the turf is in. Any large bare spots are included in the measurement, and duly noted on the analysis report.”

Make a category called “push mower,” for all areas that cannot be mowed with a 36-inch or larger mower. Examples? Very steep slopes or areas too narrow for a 36-inch mower to handle without disturbing the beds on both sides.

Other special attention areas should be indicated as such:

- rough-cut areas, or areas to be bush-hogged several times each year;
- large open areas or aesthetic fields that may require special equipment or frequency; or
- wet or swampy areas.

Companies rally behind PR plans

In light of recent regulatory and legislative mudslinging, the Professional Lawn Care Association of America (PLCAA) has formed a public relations network. This action is being taken to reinforce the industry’s reputation with the consumer.

Rick Steinau, president of Greenlon and Ace Exterminating Co. and a PLCAA director, said the campaign has a two-fold purpose. The first is to beat anti-pesticide groups to the punch by informing the media of the issues first. The second is to publicize the benefits of effective lawn care and landscaping services (cooling effects, erosion control, noise abatement, etc.). Monthly news releases will be sent to local garden editors, and company stationery, with appropriate quotes included. Steinau says response to the program has been fantastic.

“It’s what I predicted would happen,” says Steinau. “Once we had an opportunity to present the program to the membership, and they saw the ease with which it would happen, it was accepted.”

Steinau said at least 77 cities are now represented by media contacts.

Contact companies will have to foot an annual mailing bill of about $300, but that’s a small price to pay, considering the plan’s potential benefits.

The first releases will be mailed in February.
To make a dramatic turnaround in your productivity, put yourself behind the wheel of the machine that outmaneuvered them all: The new Groundsmaster® 220-D or the new gas-powered 224 from Toro. No other out-front rotary mowers are as maneuverable, as effortless to operate or provide as much trim productivity.

To give you even more cutting control, Groundsmasters feature a single knob deck-to-tractor weight transfer system. A twist of the wrist is all it takes to balance cutting unit flotation to height of cut and traction needs. The result is better traction and better flotation without scalping.

Fourlink power steering is your link to unmatched maneuverability. Now operators can make sharper, easier turns with less fatigue. This makes trimming around any obstacle quick and almost effortless.

When it comes to engine size, Toro gives you the power of choice. The new Groundsmaster 220-D features a 20 hp liquid-cooled, 3-cylinder Mitsubishi diesel engine. The new Groundsmaster 224 gives you the same engine in a gas model, providing you with the durability diesels are known for, but with more power. Both give you all the speed and power needed for the most demanding jobs.

The Groundsmaster 220 also is available with a 20 hp air-cooled gas engine.

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With all these performance features, it's obvious why the new Groundsmaster 220-D and 224 are so popular. And why Toro is the leader in out-front riding rotary mowers. To request a demonstration, call your local Toro distributor or contact Toro at the address below.

A patented, heavy-duty carrier frame with floating cutting decks allow the cutting units to follow ground contours for a superb quality of cut. For added cutting control, there are three decks to choose from: 72", 62" or 52". And the 52" is available with an optional grass collection system.

The Toro Company, Commercial Marketing Services, 8111 Lyndale Ave. So., Minneapolis, MN 55420.
ORIGIN OF SPECIES...Ever wonder where kikuyugrass got its name? Ann Reilly, a noted garden writer, has a theory. During a trip to Kenya, she made these revelations: “I don’t know for sure, but I suspect the grass was named for the African tribe of the same name who were instigators of the Mau Mau rebellion back in the ’50s. The Kikuyu tribe believes its god lives on top of Mount Kenya. If it does, he certainly gave them a grass that seems to never be bothered by insects, disease or lack of water.”

FROM THE ORIENT...Much ado has been made about the business acumen of the Japanese, and with reason. Here are some observations that Roger Funk, Ph.D., of the Davey Company made at the most recent PLCAA conference: “The reason Japan is more successful in service industries is that they have learned to ask the customers what they want. Clients have changed and lawns have changed and many of you haven’t. The customer is getting more sophisticated, more demanding than ever. We want to target the client that wants and needs and can pay for all our services. All you have to do is track who’s buying what services.” Funk always makes it sound so easy.

LUCKY FELLER...Speaking of the PLCAA conference, Delta offered two tickets anywhere the airline flies, to those PLCAA attendees using the airline to get to and from New Orleans. The lucky guy was Nick Dennis of Pro Lawn Plus in Jacksonville, Fla. And a bon voyage and sayonara to him.

SUPER STATS...Industry figures that emerged from Elanco Company’s distributor’s meeting late last year: In 1975, 12,800 golf courses spent $75 million on fertilizers and chemicals; by 2000, the numbers are expected to be 15,270 spending $455 million. In 1975, 2.2 million residential lawns were being professionally serviced with fertilizer and chemical sales of $72 million; in the year 2000, those numbers might be 7.7 million with sales of $635 million. In 1975, 1.55 million landscaping customers spent $59 million on fertilizers and chemicals; in 2000, they see 2.7 million customers spending $480 million.

THINGS NEVER CHANGE...From the October, 1962 issue of Weeds and Turf: “We just saw a letter to the editor of a local paper, in which a lady gardener protests, on behalf of her garden club, about the so-called misuse of pesticides. This worried do-it-yourselfer says she asked her club (about 40 ladies) how many read labels on their garden chemicals and only four answered ‘yes.’ This, the lady proceeds, is the reason we need more laws about pesticides! Some hardworking custom applicator, who’s spent years trying to convince his customers that labels must be read, would no doubt like to refute this Rachel-Carson-in-the-bud, since it is frequently the professional who gets unjustly blamed for the amateur’s mistake.”

Duncan is this survey fact: 75 percent of the time, the male of the household makes the decision to purchase lawn care.

“That’s no slight to the females,” assures Duncan. “That’s just the way it is.”

To make the best use of this fact, Duncan says LCOs must prospect more at night and in person. “You have to figure out ways to get to the male decision-maker.”

Professional users are likely to be over 40 (73 percent), are college graduates earning more than $25,000 incomes and live in the mid-Atlantic region of the northeastern United States.

DIYs are generally under 40 years of age, earning $15,000 to 35,000 per year. Chances are 50-50 of a college education.

3. Attitudes toward lawn care

Duncan uses the term “psychographics” to describe this category.

The DIY is guided by the belief that an attractive lawn is important and worth the necessary time. However, the DIY is unimpressed with lawn care and believes it to be “not worth the expense.” Brand names mean nothing to the classic DIY.

Professional customers believe an attractive lawn is important and worth the expense. They attach to that belief a sense of pride in their lawn’s appearance. Brand names mean a lot to professional users, and they will pay more for quality work.

LAWN CARE

PLCAA draws 700 companies to convention

Though it didn’t crack any records for overall attendance, the Professional Lawn Care Association of America convention and trade show drew more lawn care companies than it ever has.

“We had fewer people per company, but we drew almost 700 companies,” said PLCAA assistant executive director Doug Moody. “There’s a certain levelling off in terms of growth. We’re going to have to try some new twists on the show floor next year.”

The 1988 conference and trade show was held in the Louisiana Superdome with 185 manufacturers and suppliers buying space.

“Who would’ve thought, four years ago, that we’d be in the Superdome,” noted executive vice-president Jim Brooks. “And the Republicans (at the Republican Na-
To apply granular XL is to excel in your preemergence weed control. With just one application, you can keep your ornamental and landscaped areas free from many grass and broad-leaf weeds, for six to eight months.

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For longer-lasting, broad-spectrum weed control, excel with granular XL.
tional Convention) used only half of it. We got the whole damned thing!"

Mike Spicer of Perma Green in Boise, Idaho, accepted Lawn Care Industry magazine’s “Man of the Year” award on behalf of former owner Jim Marria, who died in a plane crash on his way home from the 1987 PLCAA convention.

“Jim kind of looked at this association as his company,” Spicer said of the former PLCAA president. “If Jim were here today, he’d be very honored.”

PLCAA president Russell Frith of Lawn Doctor, Matawan, N.J., speaking at the annual business meeting, said the organization is establishing a $100,000 foundation in the names of former presidents Marria and Bill Fischer, who passed away earlier in the year.

Frith noted that the PLCAA gained about 300 new members in 1988 to bring its membership to 1300, three times what it was four years ago.

Frith also presented a plaque to Dow Chemical’s Larry Speer for the donation the company made to the Special Olympics in the PLCAA’s name. Monsanto, Ciba-Geigy, Elanco and Dow also received plaques for contributions to the organization.

**PRODUCTS**

**New fertilizer is all organic**

More than 35 golf course superintendents, horticulturists and landscapers were in Hilton Head, S.C., recently to preview a new organic fertilizer specially designed for sports turf and landscape use.

The product, Bio-Turf, is a safe, all-natural organic fertilizer for greens, tees and fairways, plus general landscaped areas. It is non-toxic, non-burning and non-polluting. It contains no urea.

“This was our first time out, and we were all very pleased with the reaction of these turf professionals to our new product,” Bio-Turf founder Bob Onorato says.

“Dr. Keith Karnok’s talk on the growing importance of natural turf care products was informative and well-received by the group.”

Karnok, a University of Georgia agronomist, is scientific advisor to Bio-Turf.

For more information on the product, contact the company at 23-B Shelter Cove Lane, P.O. Box 6507, Hilton Head Island, SC 29938; (803) 686-4700.

**Corrections**

The October issue of Landscape Management contained an error (p. 26) relative to the formulation of Riverdale Chemical Co.'s Weedestroy product. Weedestroy does not contain dicamba. The correct formulation is MCPA + mecoprop + dichlorprop.

The October story on tree and shrub growth regulators incorrectly listed paclobutrazol (Clipper) as a turf regulator product of O.M. Scott & Sons (p. 54). Clipper is a tree growth regulator, marketed exclusively by Monsanto under license by ICI Americas. The only labeled application method presently approved for Clipper is by injection.

We apologize for any confusion these errors may have caused.

**EQUIPMENT**

**Deep aeration arrives in U.S.**

What is called “deep-tine aeration” is being learned from landscape managers on the British Isles by their counterparts in the U.S. That, according to Stan Zontek of the USGA Green Section.

“When I first saw deep-tine aeration at St. Andrews...”

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- A 12hp kohler and a low center of gravity makes even the toughest hills easy work.
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Cut aeration labor by 75 percent.

Introducing the new Cushman Core Harvester® attachment.

Now one person in a Turf Truckster® vehicle can scoop up, load and dump aeration cores in the same time it takes three workers with shovels. In fact, with the revolutionary new Core Harvester attachment, you can clean up an average 7,000 sq. ft. green in about 15 minutes — two to three times faster than you've ever done it before.

As gentle as it is quick.

The Core Harvester's unique spring-balanced parallel link flotation system protects your fine turf from scuffing. Because they float, the Core Harvester's gathering blades automatically adjust to undulating greens for quick, gentle operation.

The Core Harvester attaches easily to Turf Trucksters, and retrofits 1985 and newer models. After the Core Harvester has been attached, it's easy to take off by just removing four bolts, two hoses, and you're ready to go.

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It’s Effective. Grower and university trials have shown that Safer® Insecticide Concentrate kills a broad spectrum of insects. It’s effective on aphids, mites, leafhoppers, scales, and whiteflies that affect plants, vegetables, trees, and fruits. Made from naturally occurring fatty acids, Safer® kills pests fast, on contact, by penetrating cell membranes. Yet it spares many beneficials. And it eliminates the problem of resistance buildup, too.

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I have completed the simple survey questions on the left. Now send me my FREE sample of Safer® Insecticide Concentrate along with a user’s guide and field trial data.

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Operation Name: ________________________
Address: _______________________________
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For additional information about this offer or about Safer® natural insecticides, call toll-free: 1-800-423-7544.
Twice the turf care power

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For a premium-quality feeding and safe, season-long control of crabgrass, goosegrass and annual broadleaves in one cost-effective application, choose Lebanon. Both our 7-3-22 and 19-4-6 fertilizer and Ronstar formulations offer you homogeneous Country Club quality plus excellent crabgrass control on Southern grasses.

Contact your distributor today, or call our Greenline at 1-800-233-0628, for more information.

in Scotland, they did the whole golf course,” Zontek told attendees at the Ohio Turfgrass Conference. “The machine, called a Verti-Drain, allows you to aerate to depths of 6 to 12 inches. You bring up a tremendous amount of soil.”

“The kicking action is the key to the Verti-Drain,” Zontek continued. “The deeper you can punch a hole in troublesome soils, the better off you are.”

The Verti-Drain is in use at Pine Valley Golf Course in New Jersey, according to Zontek. Other pieces of equipment that can be used with similar results are the Floyd McKay drill aerifier and the Aerator aerator, Zontek said. “They give you a way to manage greens as an alternative to reconstruction,” he concluded.

Firm provides temporary help

Amigos Empleo Legal Inc. provides temporary help to the green industry, according to company owner Bob Wingfield Jr. “We have placed both laborers and foremen from Florida to New York with great success,” he says. “Feedback from contractors indicates increases in production from 30 to 100 percent, not to mention reliability, which is second to none.”

Amigos deals strictly with workers, both male and female, documented under the Irrigation Reform and Control Act of 1986. The company charges a modest fee to companies hiring the help. For more information, write or call Wingfield at 5415 Maple Ave., Suite 112-A, Dallas, TX 75235; (214) 634-0500.

Mixture under development by Dow Chemical Co., is expected to be approved by the Environmental Protection Agency next year. “We submitted it for EPA registration in November,” explains product technical manager Monique Macksey, “and will hopefully get it by the third quarter of 1989.”

The product is a post-emergence herbicide designed to control dandelion, narrow-leaf plantain, Canada thistle, oxalis, ground ivy and other weeds in cool-season grasses. Confront is an amine salt formulation containing one part clopyralid to three parts triclopyr per gallon.

Lawn Propane is available for commercial sale in the Turflon line of herbicides, but clopyralid is a newly-developed herbicide.

Rob Peterson, Dow’s turf marketing manager, sees a good fit for the product. “We think Confront offers several unique benefits to the turf care industry, including a significantly reduced active ingredient pay load per acre,” he says.

Results from an Indianapolis, Ind., test show that, eight weeks after treatment, tank mixtures achieved 91.7 percent control of broadleaf plantain, 91.7 percent control of ground ivy and 90 percent control of dandelion. A similar study at the University of Illinois in Urbana reports 100, 80 and 67 percent control of white clover, broadleaf plantain and dandelion, respectively.

ORGANIZATIONS

Colo. grounds group expands

Attention all Colorado landscape managers: The Colorado Association of Campus Grounds Professionals needs you.

Established in December 1987, the association is an informational and educational assistance organization for college and university campus land-
MEMO

TO: Mike
REF: Equip. Budget
DATE: Jan. 16, 1989

Mike— I heard Salsco has cut prices on Aerators this year. Better check it out. Might be a good time to get one.

Dave

P.S. Call 1-800-8-SALSCO and get info.

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Circle No. 161 on Reader Inquiry Card JANUARY 1989/LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT 21
Top Dressing levels existing turf on golf courses while stimulating growth. For larger jobs Turfco also manufactures Tow Type and Truckster-Mounted Top Dressers.

For more information, contact Daryl L. Smith, Facilities Services, Colorado State University, Fort Collins, CO 80523; (303) 491-6564.

ASSOCIATIONS

CLCA certifies maintenance

The California Landscape Contractors Association recently conducted its first certification tests for landscape maintenance personnel. It is the first certification testing for maintenance by a trade group.

The test fulfills the association’s long-time goal of sponsoring separate field tests for landscape installation and maintenance. The maintenance test lasts two days. (CLCA has sponsored a certification exam for landscape installation for five years.)

The state requires all contractors to pass a written exam for installation, spokesman Larry Rohlfes says, but there is none for maintenance. CLCA exams are both hands-on and written. Applicants must prove their skills in the field under the eyes of industry experts.

John Nishizawa, chairman of the CLCA’s Landscape Management Program, says the new test is designed to identify employees who have solid, all-around practical skills in landscape maintenance. “We believe those who successfully complete our test will soon get the industry recognition that Certified Landscape Technicians (those who pass the installation test) are beginning to receive.”

PRODUCTS

2 new products for landscapers

O.M. Scott & Sons has announced a pair of new products, Weedgrass Control 60 WP and ProTurf Fertilizer Plus Insecticide/Pre-emergent Weed Control.

Weedgrass Control is packaged in handy 1/4-lb. packets which contain a pre-measured amount of pendimethalin. It controls six sprouting grassy weeds and nine spraying broadleaf weeds. It is for use on established Kentucky bluegrass, perennial ryegrass, fine fescue, tall fescue, Poa annua, Bermuda grass, St. Augustine, bahiagrass, zoysiagrass, centipedegrass and blends of these grasses. It’s also compatible in the tank with most fertilizers and pesticides.

The fertilizer/insecticide/pre-emergent weed control product is formulated to:

- feed the turf;
- provide pre-emergence weed control of four sprouting annual grassy weeds and two sprouting annual broadleaf weeds; and
- control of armyworm, chinch bug, cutworm, sod webworm and the bluegrass billbug adult.

LAWN CARE

Selling video now available

"Effective Lawn Care Selling," a video sales training program, was just released by Acme Ritz Productions in Columbus, Ohio. The course, designed by Rudd McGary, Ph.D. at All-Green Management Associates and Mike Hiller of Acme Ritz, is specifically for the lawn care industry.

The program costs $295.00. Included in the package are one video tape, one instructor’s manual and one participant’s manual. Additional participants’ manuals are $9.95 each.

For more information, phone (614) 863-8586.
Troubled waters?

Otterbine Aerators

The prescription for troubled breathing, poor circulation, and changing temperatures in ponds and lakes is practical engineering that is esthetically pleasing.

These aerators range in power, circulating from 600,000 to 20 million gallons of water in a 24-hour period. Each complete, turnkey system is delivered fully assembled; no special pumps or foundations are required.

Striking patterns begin with the Starburst, Rocket, Sunburst, Constellation, or Phoenix working alone or mingled together. Add the Otterbine Fountain Glo™ lighting system for spectacular evening display as well as security or the Rock Float Cover for the illusion of natural spray.

Otterbine Aerators meet the water management needs of golf courses, parks, recreational lakes, office developments, and residential condominiums. Call or write for more information:

Barebo Inc.
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Emmaus, PA 18049
215/965-6018
To the editor:

The October 1988 Landscape Management contained an article, "Davey's research examines safety question," which in my opinion doesn't paint a very clear picture of the problems with broadleaf weed control herbicides.

It is very important that good application techniques are stressed and encouraged. First, these herbicides are foliar-absorbed by most plants and it is important to keep them off desirable plants. Second, dicamba is root-absorbed and must be kept out of the root zone of desirable plants. In the container plant study, no mention was made of damage to grape.

We know that April is not the best time to apply broadleaf herbicides. April is when new buds are developing on many ornamentals and trees, and these herbicides distort growth in these buds (the most sensitive stage). The damage is usually seen three weeks after application. We don't want to cause damage even though recovery does come in a few weeks or months.

This article leads less well-trained applicators to become sloppy when we should be encouraging superior applications with few problems.

Spray drift is a problem with broadleaf herbicides used in lawns. Volatility with present formulations is only a problem at extreme temperatures of about 95° to 100° and with ester formulations in particular.

I don't think that articles with relaxed emphasis on good application techniques for these herbicides are good publication practice. In short, I would not have published this article.

Wayne Bingham
Professor, Weed Science
Blacksburg, Va.

In no way did the magazine mean to imply that anything less than safe application practices should be used. The Davey Company is in its second hundred years of service to the tree market and has an extensive training program for both its lawn and tree applicators. Applicator training should be standard practice for any lawn or tree care company, for both practical and legal purposes. We at LM apologize for any misconceptions arising from the article. —ED.

To the editor:

As a long-time extension weed management specialist, I must compliment you on your Pocket Guide (October 1988). It is great! Just what our increasingly technical managers need.

As University of California budgets are diminished due to urban managers who think they should throw all our public resources at ppb (parts per billion) research, there is a good niche for you to provide what we used to provide—and do it better!

Privatization ain't so bad!

Harold M. Kempen
Farm Advisor
Bakersfield, Calif.

We are pleased with the success of our first Pocket Guide, and have begun to plan for others in 1989. Extra copies of the original Pocket Guide are available for just $5 each. To order, call Doug Dezso at (800) 225-4569. —ED.

To the editor:

The letter in the September issue by Robert E. Paryka was right on target. While I own and operate a tree service company, I have a degree in horticulture and I am a registered landscape architect. Over the years, I have seen literally hundreds of designed landscape, many of them award-winning, that required almost total renovation after five to 10 years as a result of poor plant selection.

The problem appears to be centered in the schools that offer degrees in landscape architecture. The strange fact is that many of these schools offer degrees in a plant science. A situation where an individual designs a landscape and specifies the plant material, both quantity and quality, specifies the bed construction and the installation of plants with no knowledge of plants other than the names is mind boggling.

Perhaps the saddest part of this story is that some of the worst offenders are some of the largest design companies. Many of their award-winning designs did not stand inspection beyond the first two years. Areas that are planted with 25 to 30 trees where five or six would be crowded at maturity is nothing more than a rip-off of the client.

Therefore, I think if a publication such as yours did follow up stories with photographs as suggested by Mr. Paryka, you might have quite an impact on the landscape design profession.

Ralph G. Martin
Tree Injections of Texas
Hurst, Texas.
"We planted the 12th hole on Singing Hills' Willow Glen Course to SR 1020 two years ago, and it performed admirably. What's really significant is that members keep asking what we've done to the 12th hole that makes it putt so well! The members like SR 1020's performance from the players' point of view; we like that too, but we also value that we haven't had to change our normal greens maintenance program to achieve the results."

David Fleming, C.G.C.S.
Superintendent, Singing Hills Country Club
El Cajon, CA

"The newer golf course greens planted to Penn-cross look beautiful, but they don't putt like the old South German Bent greens. The putting surface of those old greens is fine-textured, not thatchy or grainy, and the old greens don't show the spike marks like Penncross. We've been needing bent-grasses bred for golf quality as well as turf quality for a long time, and it looks like SR 1020 and Providence fill the bill!"

Peter Trenham
President, Philadelphia Section PGA
St. David's Golf Club
Wayne, PA

Finally! New Cultivars Bred To Meet the Needs of the Superintendent and the Golfer!

At Seed Research, we listen to your needs. You've been wanting a bentgrass that's tough, looks great, and is easy to maintain... but one that's also fine-textured, with good putting green quality. And available.

So when the bentgrass shortage became apparent in 1983, we acted quickly and acquired parental germplasm from two of the finest bentgrass collections in the country - the University of Rhode Island and the University of Arizona. From those collections, we developed two exciting new creeping bentgrass cultivars, Providence (SR 1019) and SR 1020.

Evaluation on golf courses and at universities has shown that both these bents produce the kind of turf you demand: dark green, aggressive, competitive, easy to manage, good disease resistance, good stress tolerance, and compatible with existing bents for overseeding.

And, for real golfers like Peter Trenham, SR 1020 has proven it provides everything desired in a putting green bent: fine texture, uniform surface, and most importantly, an absence of grain, so the ball holds the line for true putting accuracy.

SR 1020 is already in production, and excellent quantities of certified seed are available. Providence will be available in August of 1989. With either of our exclusive new bent-grasses, you can look forward to a good-looking grass that will give you the performance you demand and the putting green quality your golfers prefer!
How to reduce the cost of weed control today, tomorrow and beyond:

George Toma, Kansas City's own world-class groundskeeper, insists that most of us already know everything it takes not only to reduce the cost of herbicide but at the same time to improve the overall quality of the turfgrass. He contends that we simply need to keep reminding ourselves of those things we already know. In this edited version of a recent visit with him, he reviews those basic reminders.

Everett Mealman, President PBI/Gordon Corporation

Mealman: George, we hear reports from time to time that you say the best way to reduce the cost of weed control is to stop using herbicide.

Toma: Yes, I've said that. But it's like the duffer who, after a bad round, said he was going to quit playing golf

— not immediately, of course, but gradually over the next 20 years.

Mealman: You think a groundskeeper can gradually break the habit of using a herbicide to control weeds?

Toma: Yes, providing he can also break his turfgrass from the habit of associating with weeds.

Mealman: In other words, a herbicide program that is so good it eventually kicks out all the weeds, and a grass-growing program so good that the weeds can't get back in.

Toma: You've got it! At the Truman Sports Complex we're almost doing that right now. Today, we use no broadcast pre-emerge or post-emerge on the ornamental turf and landscaped islands around either stadium. All we use is some TRIMEC® Plus to spot treat for an occasional broadleaf or grassy weed.

Mealman: But, George, is this a realistic goal for a commercial lawn and landscape management company?

Toma: Absolutely! Of course, irrigation is a must, and you have to be involved in the sodding and seeding and fertilizing.

Mealman: What is the program?

Toma: Program isn't the right word. It's following through on the three

The Super TRIMEC treated turf on the perimeters of Arrowhead Stadium at the Truman Sports Complex is so immaculate that many visitors actually get down and feel it to find out for sure if it's real. George Toma tells Everett Mealman that the day he doesn't get a charge out of running his fingers through immaculate turf will be the day he hangs it up as a groundskeeper.
basic fundamentals of cleaning up; keeping up; and building up.

Mealman: Can you enlarge on that?

Toma: Early spring is an excellent time to clean up... to clean out every weed, down to the very last root hair, so the turfgrass has a chance to thicken up. Whenever I am cleaning up some turf, I use Super TRIMEC® turf herbicide. I've never found a herbicide that does such a thorough job and yet requires such a small amount.

A big part of keeping up involves the green color you want in the spring and summer, and I always caution against using nitrogen during the growing season. Too much nitrogen in the spring and summer will result in too much top growth that weakens the roots and invites disease. To get color in the late spring and summer, I use Ferrormec® Liquid Iron. Every year when they televise the Super Bowl, the announcers always rave about the beautiful color... that's no accident... that's Ferrormec!

The time to build up is in the fall. That's when I pour on the fertilizer — and, if I reseed, I spray on Bov-A-Mura® (Natural Organic Activator). It does an excellent job of helping new seeds build strong roots... and I always use it whenever I lay new sod.

Facts turf pros should know about Super TRIMEC

Super TRIMEC is a remarkable breakthrough in herbicide chemistry. To make it, we combine several esters with dicamba in a synergistic and homogenous complex in which every droplet is an exact mirror image of the total. No one except PBI/Gordon has ever been able to do this.

The esters have unparalleled penetrating power, which enables the complex to get through the cuticle and into the circulatory system of even the toughest weeds far more rapidly than other types of formulations. And once Super TRIMEC gets into a weed... then the weed is terminal... period!

But please note: The dicamba in Super TRIMEC is in acid form and is virtually insoluble in water. Therefore it is less likely to migrate in soil and endanger off-target ornamentals.

Because Super TRIMEC is so powerful, one gallon will cover four acres. And yet the spectrum is so broad that it controls even such tough species as ground ivy, oxalis and spurge.

The benefits of Super TRIMEC
1) You can start earlier in the season: Super TRIMEC gets into the weed so quickly that neither a sudden rain nor a quick freeze is a threat. This allows you to start earlier in the year.
2) Dramatically reduces the need for retreatments: Super TRIMEC does it right the first time. Saves time and labor.
3) Reduces herbicide costs: You use less herbicide per acre and you spray fewer times per year. Both your weed control and your profits are better.
4) Friendly to the environment: Super TRIMEC uses less chemical. One gallon will treat four acres.

Yes, Super TRIMEC is a low-volatile ester. Yes, Super TRIMEC is labeled for professional use only. But you are a professional. Utilize your professionalism to increase your profits.

If you have any questions about Super TRIMEC, please call us.
Toll-free 1-800-821-7925
In Missouri, 1-800-892-7281
Ask for Sales Service.
Reid is new President of Jacobsen

Robert W. Reid, Jr. has been named president of the Jacobsen Division of Textron, Inc. Reid joined Jacobsen in 1987, and was appointed vice president of marketing in early 1988. Reid was previously with Outboard Marine Corporation as a senior manager. He has served with Lawn Boy and other turf, commercial and marine product companies, as well as Kimberly-Clark, in various market research and product management posts.

Martin McGinn has formed McGinn and Associates, a New Jersey-based consulting firm to provide research and solutions to the current and continuing problems facing turf companies and associations.

Long at the forefront of many of the industry's technological advances, McGinn was a pioneer in the formulation and introduction of the first fungicide to be packaged in a water-soluble bag and he has provided much manufacturing expertise in dry-flowable formulations.

McGinn is joined by his two sons, Michael—an insurance broker versed in product liability cases—and Matthew—an advertising executive.

Cheryl Van Vliet has resigned as communications director and trade show liaison for the Outdoor Power Equipment Institute to serve as marketing director for S & S Graphics, Inc., a printing concern located in Rockville, Md. While with OPEI, Van Vliet coordinated various seminar and promotional activities, and planned the institute's annual meetings.

Ken Chatham was recently elected president of the Metropolitan Atlanta Landscape and Turf Association. Chatham, president of Crabapple Nursery & Landscaping and Sudden Shade, is a member of the American Association of Nurserymen, Garden Centers of America and other organizations.

Immediate past president, Roger Bregenzer, will serve as chairman throughout 1989. Other Malta officers are:

- Rich Cordery, vice president;
- Spence Rosenfeld, secretary; Jim Lanlier, treasurer.

Michael Kelty has been named director of research and development for O.M. Scott & Sons. Kelty joined the company in 1979 as regulatory environmental specialist. He had been director of chemical technology in 1987.

The National Roadside Vegetation Management Association has named the winners of its 1988 "Excellence in Roadside Vegetation Management Award."

William D. Johnson, Raleigh, N.C., won in the state category; Bill H. Tidwell, Anaheim, Calif., won the county contest. Mayor Jerry E. Abramson of Louisville, Ky., and the City of Boca Raton, Fla., tied for first place in the municipal category. Dr. Ray Dickens of Auburn University was the winner in the academic category.

The very best.

Circle No. 139 on Reader Inquiry Card
That's right! All of us have seen it before — that unacceptable area in our fairways or lawn. Just as important, an area where chemicals have been over-applied and a burned condition exists, and that can mean extra work for you. It's difficult to spray accurately and consistently on golf courses because every golf course is made up of countless slopes, contours, and bends. But with Blazon™ Spray Pattern Indicator you can take the guesswork out of spraying, forever.

All you do is add Blazon™ right to your spray tank; it's totally compatible with the chemicals you use. It reduces lost time by quickly identifying a clogged nozzle, untreated or overlapped areas. In addition, Blazon™ is temporary and non-staining. Blazon™ Spray Pattern Indicator is the new solution to a never-ending problem. So contact the distributor nearest you for the product that has taken an art and turned it into a science — “The Professional Solution for Professionals”...

Blazon™

SPRAY PATTERN INDICATOR
The winning team
80 million people
won't see
at Super Bowl XXIII

Gary Morris and his John Deere turf team. Because most of their work will be done when the TV cameras come on—just as it has been all season at Miami's Joe Robbie stadium. Gary Morris supervises grounds care at the stadium. John Deere helps.

"We have 15 pieces of John Deere equipment that help us take care of the stadium inside and out," says Morris. "Everything from the 756 Turf Mower that cuts the field every day to an F935 Front Mower, 855 Tractor, 232 Aerator, 151 Vacuum, two AMT® 600 Transports and five rotary walk-bahinds.

"The cutting units on the 756 are perfect for this kind of work," Morris says. "They deliver an excellent cut and stand up to a lot of abuse. When you're using a stadium for rock concerts, tractor pulls, and moto-cross races in addition to football games, you need something tough. I've seen the 756 cut right through coins and nails—things that would have ruined other mowers.

"Our most valuable machine is our 855 Tractor," he adds. "It saves us a lot of time by allowing us to use the loader and mower at any time without having to unhook the other one first. It's always ready to work."

Your John Deere turf distributor is always ready to work, too. Talk to him today, or write John Deere, Dept. 956, Moline, IL 61265 for a look at the full line of equipment designed to make your team a winner, too.

A John Deere 756 Turf Mower works daily at Miami's Joe Robbie stadium—site of Super Bowl XXIII.
SUPERINTENDENTS ON COURSE

Our 1988 survey results tell us what we’ve known all along. Today’s supers are exactly that.

by Will Perry, managing editor

"We can deal with the weather. We can take care of the turf and the weeds on our course. It’s the people we’re having trouble dealing with."

That’s the synopsis gathered from Landscape Management’s year-end survey of America’s golf course superintendents. And the people they’re concerned about? For many it’s their customers—the golfers. For others, it’s their personnel—both full and part time, who seem as willing to change jobs as they are their shoes.

Almost 40 percent of our respondents cited the hack golfer and/or low level crew personnel as their primary nemesis. "There are too many poorly educated golfers out there who haven’t been properly instructed in the area of course etiquette," says a veteran Oregon superintendent in his second season at a public course.

"Trying to get players to keep their carts off the fairways" is my biggest problem, responded another, adding that he’s frustrated trying to "educate players about the use of disposable containers on the course. They’re totally inconsiderate of property."

For most respondents complaining of difficulties arising from golfers, this lack of etiquette means ball mark and divot control, a general inconsideration of course property and improper golf cart use, which one super described as "our biggest source of revenue and our biggest source of problems." For others, the problem lies in the golfers’ expectations. "Too much is expected by golfers," says an Illinois superintendent who has been at it for 10 years. His course, which is privately owned and has restricted membership, manages 18 holes on an annual budget of about $520,000.

Employee management, particularly motivation, cropped up as a primary concern. In parts of the country where unemployment levels are low, supers are finding it difficult to attract quality lower-level employees. "We have 3½ percent unemployment in our area," says the super of a private course in New Jersey, adding, "Big money is almost not a factor" when trying to attract employees.

Another major concern of supers is their annual budgets, which many feel don’t grow in proportion to the type of course greens committees anticipate.

A Michigan superintendent cited his biggest problem as "Trying to produce a course comparable to those
Let’s face it, the last thing you need from a turf herbicide is root damage. That’s why so many golf course superintendents are making CHIPCO® RONSTAR® brand G herbicide their first choice for broad-spectrum weed control. Root pull studies conducted at a leading university show that CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G herbicide works without pruning turf roots. That’s important, because healthier roots mean stronger, more durable turf. Turf that stands up better to stress. Best of all, just one pre-emergence application of CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G provides season-long control of 25 tough broadleaf and grassy weeds—including goosegrass and crabgrass. You’ll also appreciate the fact that CHIPCO® RONSTAR® G won’t leach out or move laterally through the soil. And it’s labeled for use on a wide variety of ornamentals. So you can apply it to ornamental plantings at the same time you do your turf. You’ll get up to 120 days of weed-free control. Plus CHIPCO® RONSTAR® is also available as a wettable powder and in granular fertilizer formulations under well known brand names. So judge for yourself. You’ll discover why CHIPCO® RONSTAR® is the number one turf herbicide on the course today.

CHIPCO Ronstar® G
A Brand Herbicide

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Circle No. 155 on Reader Inquiry Card
seen on television with a budget that is not large enough to deal with 45 acres of bentgrass fairways." The 1989 budget on his 18-hole private course is $200,000, up from $180,000 in 1988.

Several supers cited the lack of available monies to improve irrigation and meet the rising costs of equipment and personnel as a problem. Said one: "Working on a private membership course, it is hard to get the money needed to improve equipment and irrigation. They [owners] are satisfied with what they have and won't attempt to grow and improve."

Budgets are growing
Though comparing golf course budgets is essentially a meaningless task, it is encouraging to note that survey results showed a steady increase in course budgets since 1987. At that time, supers reported working with budgets around $255,000. In 1989, that range will fall in the area of $335,000, up from $297,000 in 1988.

And what will supers be doing with the extra dough? Many (68%) said they're planning on improving their irrigation systems. Not surprising since 34% said they're using older quick-coupler or automatic systems with limited controls.

In general, supers reported their budgets for fertilizers, herbicides and fungicides have steadily increased in recent years, while insecticide budgets have grown at a slower clip. Sixty-four percent reported an increased fertilizer budget in 1989, compared to 28% who cited no increase. An anticipated increase in herbicide expenditures in 1989 was reported by 57% of the respondents and 69% said the same of their fungicide budget. Fifty-five percent reported no change in their anticipated 1989 expenditure for insecticides.

The major turf weed problems these supers face are dandelions (30%), crabgrass (30%) and clover (27%), which they fight with $8,113 worth of herbicides. As far as insects are concerned, grubs were the major problem (33%), followed by sod webworms (17%) and armyworms (10%). Chinch bugs, mole crickets and nematodes were also cited as problem insects. The respondents reported an annual insecticide budget of $4,915.

As for who supers will look toward when they're deciding where to spend that money? It appears they'll be looking at each other. When rating buying influences, nearly all of the responding supers rated other supers as either very important (49%) or important (46%) as a buying influence. Association information also ranked well, followed by distributor advice, magazine articles and extension agents.

There are a few noticeable trends that emerge when one pours over these survey results. One is that supers are being asked to do more than ever before. Their responsibilities are growing with the ranks of golfers. Also, the management of turf areas alone is no longer enough. The best supers need to be effective as a "people-manager", also. LM
If you think advances in greensmower technology have leveled off, prepare to take off. The Bunton triplex is not only new, it’s better. We started with fresh ideas and state-of-the-art technology and developed a truly well-engineered machine where every feature produces performance.

STARTING WITH FRESH IDEAS MEANT THE END TO COMPROMISES.

The Bunton triplex is light on its feet, yet heavy-duty in construction. Until now every greensmower ever built was a compromise designed to keep total machine weight down, to reduce turf compaction, at the expense of heavy-duty construction. Rather than striving to reduce total machine weight, our engineers concerned themselves with the pressure actually transferred to the surface. The result is more durable components that improve cutting performance. That means better greens surfaces... and for a longer time.

THE SOLUTION TO TRADITIONAL GREENSMOWER PROBLEMS.

We started by putting weight where it does some good. Our larger reel motors and counterweights sit solidly on the playing surface to eliminate bounce and produce a truer, more consistent cut. The unique traction wheel design allows more tire surface area to meet the green, to keep ground surface pressure low. Interchangeable parts keep inventories low and maintenance simple. Better performance results from a true hydrostatic transmission and dynamic braking, welded steel frame construction, extra oil filters, independent reel operation, standard backlapping, and a powerful 18 hp Onan engine or optional 16.5 hp Kubota diesel.

And if that isn’t enough, Bunton offers standard what others have as add-ons. With Bunton, what you demo, is what you get. And at a competitive price.

Call or write today for more information and a demonstration.

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NOW TRIPLEX GREENSMOWERS WILL NEVER BE THE SAME.
History tells us throwing packages into the water can be a revolutionary idea.

Patriotic colonists really started something when they threw packages of tea into Boston Harbor back in 1773. Today, DURSBAN* 50W in water-soluble packaging is starting a new revolution in simple and convenient insecticide handling.

In handy 4-oz. packets that dissolve quickly and completely in water, DURSBAN 50W eliminates many problems which have been bugging lawn care operators for years.

- **No mess.** No dust to blow around.
- **No operator exposure.** The chemical stays in the packet.
- **No measuring.** Each pre-measured packet holds exactly 4 ounces; no chance for error.
- **No waste.** No accidental overuse... no skimping that can lead to costly callbacks.
- **No package disposal problems.** The packet dissolves as you mix, and the fiber container goes in the trash.

**Just convenience... and lasting efficacy.** No turf insecticide controls a broader spectrum of surface-feeding insects than DURSBAN 50W. And because it's a wettable powder, it keeps working longer than emulsifiable concentrates... without their solvent odor. And DURSBAN 50W has an established human safety record.

Join the revolution. Throw over your old insecticide and switch to DURSBAN 50W. Eight 4-oz. water soluble packets in a childproof fiber container.

DURSBAN* 50W
TURF INSECTICIDE

Trademark of The Dow Chemical Company

Attention: Always read the label before use and carefully follow all label directions and precautions.

Circle No. 112 on Reader Inquiry Card

JANUARY 1989/LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT 35
ROOM TO BREATHE

That's what aeration is all about. And to do it right, use hollow tines when the turf is active.

by Terry McLver, associate editor

Aerate cool season turf in early spring or early fall. Warm season grasses are best aerated in late spring.

Core aeration remains the best single cure for the respiratory ills caused by the triple threat of soil compaction, thatch and interfacing soils.

Proper and timely aerification assures that the turf completes the season in a healthy soil base and can breathe easier. The effectiveness of fertilizers and pesticides is upgraded, and overseeding into established lawns can be done without destroying existing grass.

“Aeration of the soil is an exchange of gases between the ground and the atmosphere,” says Paul Rieke, Ph.D. at Michigan State University. “It’s also a practice of cultivation that helps to improve the root system.

“The goal of aerating is to create a better environment, a favorable growing medium for seed and established turf.”

Impact on compaction

In soil containing shallow layers of compacted or incompatible soils, coring reopens a channel between soil layers, removes a portion of the problem soil and permits top dressing and refilling with more compatible material.

“Core aeration is the best way to improve the soil’s oxygen diffusion rate,” says Robert Morris, area specialist in commercial horticulture at the University of Nevada.

Morris explains that soil normally consists of micro and macro pores. Micro pores contain water; diffusion occurs in the macro pores. “But when soil is compacted,” says Morris, “the

Recent aeration research by Robert Carrow, Ph.D., University of Georgia, tends to support the belief that solid-tine coring is less effective as a turf cultivating procedure.

Carrow has been studying the effects different cultivation techniques have on surface compaction, root progression at varied depths and water extraction. Four aeration methods were studied: deep-drill coring, slicing, hollow-tine coring and shatter-core.

“Our soils in southern Georgia are high in clay content,” explains Carrow. “Typically those soils are highly subject to surface compaction, and harden quickly when dry, making root progression difficult.”

Carrow experimented on Tifway Bermudagrass, one of the most common grasses for use on recreational fields. Tifway is one of the most tolerant grasses when it comes to compaction, so Carrow believed the results would be very evident.

These were the general results:

In the 8- to 24-inch zone, the Aerway sheer enhanced rooting from 53 to 120 percent; the deep drill, 31 to 55 percent; hollow tine, 20-35 percent. The solid tines did not improve deep rooting within the 8- to 24-inch zone, but the solid tine sample tended to have higher roots in the 4- to 8-inch zone.

Carrow next tested for water extraction (how much water the roots extract from the zone) during a dry-down period, from 0 to 24 inches.

“The deep drill, Aerway slicer and hollow tine aerator all improved water extraction, but the solid tine did not,” says Carrow. We see the plant extracting more water from deeper in soil where there are more favorable water relations.”

Carrow’s findings should apply to a variety of turf. “Remember, our red clay soil has more than the usual amount of surface compaction.”

—Terry McLver

Robert Carrow: His research at the University of Georgia Tends to support the belief that solid-tine coring is less effective as a turf cultivating procedure.
Ryan brings quality aeration from golf greens to green lawns.

Introducing the new Ryan Lawnaire® 28.

The revolutionary Lawnaire 28 combines the technology and precision of golf course aeration with the demands of lawn maintenance. Its reciprocating, crank mounted tine arms feature a vertical coring action similar to larger Ryan aeration. Tines penetrate straight in to a depth of 2½ inches, and come straight out. The results are a more professional-looking job, better root development, greener lawns, and more satisfied customers.

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Because time is money, the Lawnaire 28 is designed to cover big jobs quickly — up to 24,000 sq. ft. per hour. But because not every job is big, it's also compact and maneuverable. Just 34 inches wide, the Lawnaire 28 easily fits through yard gates. The unique tricycle front wheel gives the unit a zero turning radius while aerating!

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Check out Ryan's reliability in your own backyard. Contact your Ryan dealer and ask for a free demonstration today. Or call toll free: 1-800-228-4444.
macro pores are destroyed, and all that remains are water-laden micro pores. Since water is extremely dense, air takes approximately 100 times longer to diffuse through the micro pores. The more porous the soil, the greater the likelihood of a healthy root system."

**When thatch attacks**

Thatch accumulation presents a variety of cultivation problems. In addition to providing a home for insects, it becomes a temporary but poor growing medium for new seed, resulting ultimately in a poorly rooted generation of new grass.

**Combating soil interface**

Interfacing occurs when soils with unlike physical properties collide, obstructing water flow.

Doug Chapman, horticulturist for Dow Gardens, Midland Mich., says interfacing also affects the depth of the root system, and indicates layering.

"An interface develops between either the native soil type, sandy ground and topdressing, or, if thatch is present, between the ambient soil, thatch layer and top dressing material," explains Chapman, who presents a scenario in which one problem leads to another:

"Let's say you have thatch covered by a layer of sand. The thatch will have a broken column, and capillarity will not occur. All moisture and root growth stops at that layer.

If you have sandy soil contrasted with richer soil, or if you top dress with complete soil, the roots might

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COMPANY AND PRODUCT MODEL</th>
<th>TIME TYPE</th>
<th>TIME DIMENSIONS/WIDTH IN INCHES</th>
<th>PENETRATION DEPTH IN INCHES</th>
<th>TIME SPACING IN INCHES</th>
<th>TYPE OF MACHINE (TOW OR WALK)</th>
<th>SPEED OF OPERATION</th>
<th>MACHINE WIDTH IN INCHES</th>
<th>WEIGHT IN LBS.</th>
<th>SUGG. RETAIL PRICE</th>
<th>COMMENTS</th>
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<td>BRINLY-HARDY CO.</td>
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<td>Model 800-24</td>
<td>Open-closed</td>
<td>½ MIB, %. OD, ½ OD, &amp; ½ in.</td>
<td>03-¼</td>
<td>1 x 2 to 5 x 2</td>
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<td>100 FPM</td>
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<td>Model 500 ATC</td>
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<td>4 x 7</td>
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<td>Tractor</td>
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<td>3½ x 5</td>
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<td>34</td>
<td>400</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Walk</td>
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<tr>
<td>Model A Trailer</td>
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<td>¾, ½, ¼ in.</td>
<td>2½-3¼</td>
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<td>Tow</td>
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<td>60</td>
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<tr>
<td>Model H</td>
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<td>¾, ½, ¼ in.</td>
<td>2½-3¼</td>
<td>2½ x 2½</td>
<td>3 Pt.</td>
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<td>0-8 MPH</td>
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<td>Model L Disk</td>
<td>Hollow; Taper/open</td>
<td>¾ x 3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6 x 6</td>
<td>Tow</td>
<td>0-10 MPH</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>410</td>
<td>2339.00</td>
<td>Available in 5-7 disk units</td>
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<tr>
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<td>¾ x 3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6 x 6</td>
<td>3 Pt.</td>
<td>0-10 MPH</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>320</td>
<td>1954.00</td>
<td>Available in 5-7 disk units</td>
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</table>

38 LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT/JANUARY 1989
“With Lebanon quality and dependability behind my every move, I spend a lot less time looking back over my shoulder.”

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not grow well, and you may have to water more frequently. If it happens to be a thatch interface, it might dry out and then you have to re-wet it. If it gets completely dry, you can't re-wet it without a detergent or surfactant or other wetting agent."

**Aerate when it's active**

Experts agree that aeration must be practiced only when the turf is active and able to bounce back from treatment.

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**Carrow at Georgia suggests that commercial turf might require more attention after coring.**

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CORING AERATORS</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>COMPANY AND PRODUCT MODEL</strong></td>
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<td>JOHN DEERE CO.</td>
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<td>Model 132</td>
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<td>Model 232</td>
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<td>FELDMANN ENGINEERING CO., INC.</td>
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<td>GANDY CO.</td>
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<td>GREEN CARE INT'L.</td>
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it does so at the expense of the root system. Carbohydrates in the root system move toward the topgrowth, resulting in some slowing, and possible dieback of root growth. Once topgrowth reaches equilibrium, it starts to regenerate itself.

The aeration timetable differs according to turf type. Cool-season turf is best aerated in early spring and early fall, when the grass is growing vigorously and has ample time to recover from the aeration before dry weather or frost.

Chapman suggests aerating Northern grasses in late August through September. “If you’re spreading pre-emergence herbicides, and doing a lot of other things to prepare the turf, you can justify aerating in early spring,” assures Chapman. “However, commercial landscape, in which the grass grows from 2 1/2 to 3 inches, is a different situation.”

Warm-season turf should be aerated during the late spring and early summer.

Frequency of aeration depends on the landscape, volume of traffic and type of soil. Says Chapman. “If the turf receives moderate traffic, and you have sandy soil, once a year is suffi-

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**Carrow at Georgia suggests that commercial turf might require more attention after coring.**

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COMPANY AND PRODUCT MODEL</th>
<th>TINE TYPE</th>
<th>TINE DIMENSIONS/WIDTH IN INCHES</th>
<th>TINE SPACING IN INCHES</th>
<th>PENETRATION DEPTH IN INCHES</th>
<th>TYPE OF MACHINE (TOW OR WALK)</th>
<th>SPEED OF OPERATION</th>
<th>MACHINE WIDTH IN INCHES</th>
<th>WEIGHT IN LBS.</th>
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<td>Aerator - 30</td>
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<td>88</td>
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<td>16</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>1195.00</td>
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cient. "If traffic volume is high, or if the soil is heavier than most, it might be desirable to aerate more often."

**Spoon/tine controversy**

Hollow core aeration is done either with spoon-like tines or straight, hollow tines. Most professionals in sports and recreational turf prefer hollow tines, citing less surface damage as the reason. Shearman says the effects of hollow tine aeration are longer lasting.

"Spooning tends to be shorter lived," he says, "because the divot can fit back into the location from which it was removed and be compacted down."

Shearman feels spoon aeration is used by those who want to spend less time and energy, as a spoon type aerator covers more ground in less time.

"We on the commercial scene prefer spoons," says Chapman. "Soil is better able to be redistributed once it’s brought to the surface. The spoon removes the core, and distributes it over the turf."

Is there a distinction to be made between golf course and commercial aerating? Shearman says the basic precepts of the two methods are similar.

"You’re shooting for the same end result," he says. "Control of compaction and soil interface, management of thatch buildup, layering and enhanced water flow."

But Robert Carrow, Ph.D. at the University of Georgia, suggests that commercial turf might require more attention after coring.

"Golf course superintendents usually apply supplemental fertilization before or after coring in order to get rapid recovery," reminds Carrow, "so you don’t see much surface deterioration. But in a lawn care situation, the routine fertilization is not sufficient to promote rapid recovery. Applying a half-pound of nitrogen right after coring will guard against excess damage in commercial situations."

**LM**

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<tr>
<th>CORING AERATORS</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>COMPANY AND PRODUCT MODEL</strong></td>
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<td><strong>TERRACARE PRODUCTS, INC.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>TORO CO.</strong></td>
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<td>Fairway aerator</td>
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<td>Greens Aerator</td>
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</table>
Buy Hustler for a great finish. For value, low maintenance and rugged dependability, Hustler is your best buy. For a FREE Hustler Product Guide, call Excel toll free or see your local Hustler dealer today.

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Hustler 320 diesel with hydraulic edger attachment.
PEOPLE ARE OFTEN A TREE’S WORST ENEMY

More urban trees are being killed today by the activities of people than are lost due to all the diseases and insects problems combined.

by Terry A. Tattar, Ph.D, Shade Tree Laboratory, University of Massachusetts, Amherst

Trees along our streets, in our parks and near our homes improve the quality of life in our cities and towns. And though all trees are threatened with pathogens, insects and stresses from the extremes of the environment, these urban trees face a much more formidable enemy, abuse by people.

It is ironic that urban trees provide so much enjoyment for people who in turn are often responsible for acts that result in tree death. The activities of people that stress, injure and often kill trees are known collectively as “people-pressure diseases,” or PPDs.

The urban environment however, is not the only area where PPDs are found. Greater demands on campgrounds and forest recreation areas has resulted in PPDs being found there as well.

The most common forms of PPDs are caused by construction, soil abuse, lawn and garden equipment and improper tree care.

Recognition of the most frequent examples of PPDs will enable us to become aware of the PPD problem and be more effective in its control.

Building and road construction are by far the most frequent causes of injury to trees by people. Trees are injured by earth-moving equipment and by changes in ground level.

To protect these trees, barriers must be erected to protect the root system from being disturbed by construction.

In the past, efforts to protect the trunk from injury were mistakenly thought to be adequate to preserve trees. Small wooden “cages” were erected by contractors around large shade trees. The efforts failed because trees’ roots extend far beyond the edge of the branches. These trees often died from extensive root injury and soil disturbance after construction was completed. It is important to remember that the roots of a tree extend far beyond the drip line. Roots can often be found at a distance from the trunk that exceeds twice the height of the tree.

Efforts must be made to protect as much of the soil area as possible from any disturbance by construction equipment. Identify trees scheduled to be preserved on construction sites before construction begins and then protect them from root injury and ground level change until all construction is completed.

Trenching, surface grading and storage of construction fill can all result in tree death.

The loss of either large or small roots places the tree in a state of imbalance and stress. The affected tree slows its growth and often begins to “die-back” in the branches of the crown. The tree in this state is often susceptible to attack by weak pathogens and secondary insects that wouldn’t have been able to attack it when it was healthy and vigorous.

Loss of large supporting roots can also make a tree a potential hazard from falling. Root-injured trees should be examined by a professional arborist and removed if hazardous.

Construction-damaged trees often decline progressively in the years after construction, leaving property owners confused as to the cause of the tree’s poor health. Ground-level changes can cause cut roots if the level is lowered or smothering from fill if it is raised.

The addition of asphalt, concrete, or more than a few inches of soil will change the amount of water and oxygen available to the roots below. If gas exchange is inhibited between the air and the roots, smothering will occur. Carbon dioxide from root respiration builds up, oxygen decreases, and eventually the roots die of suffocation.

Fill-damaged trees, like root-injured trees, grow more slowly and often die back in the crown within a few years after construction is completed. Secondary pathogens and insects are also a threat as decline progresses.

Too little, too late

It is possible to regain balance in some root injured trees by crown reduction pruning in the early stages of decline. It is also possible to remove fill from
over the roots soon after it has been added to prevent suffocation. However, these efforts usually come too late, and the total amount of injury sustained during construction is often fatal to the trees.

It is recommended, therefore, that tree protection, through the use of barriers to all construction activities around trees, be the main strategy to prevent construction damage to trees.

Tree wells with an aeration system over the roots can be helpful in saving them where a raise of grade is necessary. Too often the well is simply constructed around the trunk and most of the root system is covered with suffocating fill, often several feet thick. An aeration system is the key to preserving trees where the grade is raised (see related story). A properly constructed tree well can allow sufficient air to reach the roots to permit the tree to live and grow normally after construction. Many trees in such wells have been growing for more than 40 years.

Proper soil conditions are critical to the health of all trees. Chemical and physical changes in soils as a result of peoples’ activities are termed “soil abuse.”

Chemical injury from deicing salts, herbicides and improper use of agricultural chemicals are common forms of soil abuse.

Deicing salts, now in use on highways and walks in many parts of the country, contain sodium and/or calcium chloride, both of which are toxic to trees.

Small trees and shrubs that are exposed to salt-laden spray from traffic should be screened with burlap or other appropriate materials. Also, channel salt in water runoff away from the roots of trees and use salt-tolerant species in areas where exposure to salt is unavoidable.

Pesticides and fertilizers can be beneficial or injurious to trees, depending on if they are used properly or improperly. A common misconception is “If a little is good, a lot more will be better.” Proper use of these chemicals includes strictly following label recommendations.

Weed-and-feed mixtures, in which herbicides are mixed with turf fertilizers, should be avoided around trees since the herbicide may be absorbed by the tree’s roots in toxic amounts.

All herbicides should be considered potentially injurious to trees.

If a spill occurs, identify the herbicide and try to pick as much of it up as possible. This may mean the removal of contaminated soil or detoxification of the soil using activated charcoal.

It is best not to water the herbicide-injured tree until as much herbicide as possible is removed. Even then, water only after the exact nature of the herbicide is known.

Some industrial strength non-specific herbicides are extremely toxic to trees and are quite persistent. Watering in these cases could spread the still-active herbicide, increasing the injury and possibly endangering nearby trees as well.

Carelessly used lawn mowers, string trimmers, snowplows, rototillers and other mechanized lawn and garden equipment are often involved when serious tree root and trunk injuries occur. Lawn and garden crews and homeowners need
to learn how to avoid injuring trees when using this equipment.

By removing sod near trunks and exposed tree roots, the need to mow or trim near trees is eliminated. Adding organic or inorganic mulches around the trunk and buttress roots will inhibit weeds, improve soil moisture retention and remove the need to drive equipment near the trunk and over exposed roots. Bright-colored guideposts along driveways will help keep snowplows and motorists on course and away from trees and shrubs.

Rototilling should not be allowed near trees because many tree roots, which grow in the top few inches of soil, will be cut.

If plantings are desired under trees, select only perennials and place them in a mulched area around the tree. Annuals that require yearly soil disturbances around the tree should be sited as far as possible away.

Improper tree care
Trees greatly benefit from proper care but can be severely damaged or killed by well-meaning but misdirected attention. Improper pruning and wound treatment, guy wire injury, petroleum jelly injury and suffocation from plastic wrap are some common examples of improper tree care.

Proper pruning helps trees by removing diseased, dying, dead and defective branches. A proper pruning cut is made by severing a branch as close as possible to the outside of the branch bark ridge.

Avoid injuring or removing the branch collar during the pruning cut. Trunk and root wounds should be trimmed of loose, ripped and torn bark. Any wood splinters must also be trimmed and smoothed to facilitate wound closure. The wound should be shaped to remove minimal live bark and also to avoid creating pointed edges.

It is, therefore, not necessary to achieve an oval shaped wound. A thin coat of tree paint may be applied over the surface of a pruning cut or wound surface for cosmetic purposes. Guy wires, cords to secure wraps or anything restricting the growth of the tree will eventually strangle it if they are not removed. Many valuable shade trees are killed each year because those who planted trees neglected to return and remove guy wires when they were no longer needed.

Trunk supports should not be left on the tree for more than one growing season. Hemp cords used to secure trunk wrap or planting ball wrap do not biodegrade fast enough to avoid trunk or trunk collar strangulation. Tree wrap should be secured with string or masking tape and removed after the first growing season.

Cords around planting balls should be removed at planting and never left around a tree after it has been planted.

Inspect all newly-planted trees on a regular basis to eliminate problems. Planting wrap on a balled and burlapped tree may be left in place after planting a tree if it is made of biodegradable material, such as burlap. Recently, woven plastic or plastic sheeting has often been used for wrapping balled and burlapped trees. These materials will not break down and will prevent outward movement of plant roots, suffocating the balled tree.

Always remove the cords that tie the ball around the trunk and roll back the wrap from around the trunk. You may leave burlap wraps around the planting ball, but remove all plastic containing wraps from trees when planting.

Avoiding bark injury
During a recent insect epidemic, many homeowners applied petroleum jelly directly to tree trunks to trap leaf-eating caterpillars, in hopes of protecting their trees without spraying. Petroleum jelly, like many petroleum products, injures tree bark, and many trees were killed by these homeowners. In fact, most insect-defoliated trees survived while the petroleum jelly-treated trees did not.

Avoid placing any chemicals on tree bark. It is living tissue and will be killed by oil-based paint, grease and oil—as well as petroleum jelly.

PPDs are created by ignorance and lack of concern. By teaching people how they can avoid injuring trees, all PPDs can be prevented.

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**Building and road construction are the most frequent causes of injury to trees by people.**

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**Salt-tolerant and salt-intolerant shade trees**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SALT-TOLERANT SPECIES</th>
<th>SALT-INTOLERANT SPECIES</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Austrian Pine</td>
<td>American Elm</td>
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<td>Birches</td>
<td>Balsam Fir</td>
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<td>Black Cherry</td>
<td>Basswood</td>
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<td>Black Locust</td>
<td>Black Walnut</td>
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<td>Bur Oak</td>
<td>Hackberry</td>
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<td>Honey Locust</td>
<td>Hemlock</td>
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<td>Japanese Black Pine</td>
<td>Ironwood</td>
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<td>Larches</td>
<td>Yews</td>
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<td>Norway Maple</td>
<td>Linden</td>
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<td>Ponderosa Pine</td>
<td>Red Maple</td>
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<tr>
<td>Poplars</td>
<td>Red Pine</td>
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<tr>
<td>Quaking Aspen</td>
<td>Shagbark</td>
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<td>Red Cedar</td>
<td>Hickory</td>
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<tr>
<td>Red Oak</td>
<td>Speckled Alder</td>
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<td>White Oak</td>
<td>Sugar Maple</td>
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<tr>
<td>White Spruce</td>
<td>White Pine</td>
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Circle No. 133 on Reader Inquiry Card
LOW INPUT
LANDSCAPING

Lawn grasses are one of the hardiest plant systems known. So why not let them take care of themselves?

by W.M. Mitchell, P.h.D. University of Delaware

The principles of LIL include heavily aerifying the lawn, topdressing it with ½-inch of municipal composte and vertiseeding it.

As landscapers, you’ve been told from every quarter that lawn grasses and flowers get hungry and must be fed on a regular basis. There are the weekly columns in which you are urged to be on the look out for the weed, bug, or microbe that’s about to strangle or suck the life out of your grass or flowers. And, of course, there is a fertilizer, insecticide, herbicide or fungicide to beam at each of these pests or conditions.

Could garden experts all be wrong? Have they missed some startling breakthrough in “green thumbery”? Probably not. It’s just that so-called “proven-practices” don’t stay proven. From time to time, current practices are challenged and new insights bring different solutions to old problems.

The theory of less

Lawns and flower beds worthy of bragging rights can be had with far less chemicals (fertilizers and pesticides used so extensively on home grounds) than are normally used.

Some practices that have been followed for a number of years simply are not acceptable for the long run. A kind of internal review is under way in the agriculture community, and buzzwords such as “sustainable agriculture,” “integrated pest management” and “low input farming” are being thrown about.

A major thrust of this review is to maintain or improve farm profitability while reducing the use of chemical fertilizers and pesticides. It is anticipated that these programs will also help to improve the quality of surface and groundwater supplies.

Isn’t it time to launch similar Low Input Landscaping (LIL) programs aimed at lawns, flowerbeds, shrubbery, and recreational areas? The principles of LIL can easily be applied to home lawns.

A primary reason that low input lawn and garden programs can be successful is tied to stress. Although it may seem an oversimplification, the key to successful lawn care is removal of stresses that normally zero in on lawn grasses.

Research and experience confirm that acid soil, soil compaction and shade are examples of common plant stresses. Though plants may survive these stresses, the introduction of an additional stress—such as a fungus, weed or an insect—may be more than the plant can handle.

Stresses become additive. In a low input plant management system, emphasis is placed on eliminating stresses by using methods that don’t call for chemical treatment. For example, thatch and soil compaction can be eliminated by aerification and top dressing. If a tree’s shade is responsible for a fungus, its bottom branches can be removed, it can be cut down or red fescue could be planted—instead of or before applying fungicides.

So what is LIL?

In essence, an LIL system provides an optimum environment for plants. Plants respond with vigorous growth. And, under these relatively stress-free conditions, pressures from disease organisms, insects and weeds are more easily thrown off.

Examples of stress-producing practices that should be avoided in LIL lawns include:

- Growing Kentucky bluegrass on fully exposed lawns that face south in the transition zone. Switch to tall fescue blends that have greater heat-moisture tolerance than bluegrass;
- Using excessive nitrogen, which contributes to thatch build-up, shrinks root systems, reduces plant food reserves and decreases vulnerability to some diseases;
- Using Kentucky bluegrass, low cutting heights and excessive nitrogen under shade conditions;
- Mowing Kentucky bluegrass and fescue lawns at less than 1½ inches, shortening the root system, reducing stand density, and encouraging encroachment by crabgrass and annual bluegrass. Avoid stress by raising the cutting height to two inches, or higher; and
- Allowing soil acidity to increase,
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causing thatch build up and poor performance of Kentucky bluegrass.

Although lawn grasses are vulnerable to many different stresses, a lawn can be one of the most self-sustaining plant systems known. Not only do lawns function as sites of vital gas exchange, but they practically eliminate soil erosion. And, with a root system that is active except in the dead of winter, they prevent significant loss of nutrients to the groundwater.

**Leave the clippings**

For a lawn to reach its full potential as a self-sustaining system however, grass clippings should remain on the lawn where they will decompose and release nutrients essential for sustained growth. (See this month's "Jobtalk.")

As clippings rot, they add to the vital humus content of the soil. This is recycling at its best. Unfortunately, it has become traditional to collect and remove grass clippings, place them in plastic containers, and send them off to the landfills. On any given summer day, thousands of plastic bags, stuffed with lawn clippings, show up at the landfills. This practice is not only a direct expense to the home owner in trash removal, but it is also an expense to society as it significantly reduces the life of landfills.

In the interest of prolonging landfill life, some states and municipalities now prevent the dumping of leaves in landfills. Can similar rulings aimed at lawn clippings be far away?

**H₂O management**

A second important step in LIL is water management. Water is a critical resource and will become more so with the demands of an expanding population. Failure to provide water for plants quickly causes a severe stress. In partitioning limited water supplies, it's clear that people will come first and plants must "make do" with what's left. Given the inevitable short supplies of water for landscape work, it's imperative that more performance be wrung out of every drop.

Drought-tolerant species and moisture conserving mulches must be used where possible. Drip and subsurface irrigation should be explored as techniques that can increase water use efficiency to more than double that of overhead sprinkler equipment.

The essentials of LIL are based on the fact that adapted plant material, well managed and given optimum conditions of soil, air and water, will by itself resist the normal stresses imposed by diseases, insects, weeds and foot traffic.

The goal of LIL is to achieve optimum growing conditions for plants while keeping to a minimum the application of pesticides and other chemicals. This goal can be reached by recycling lawn and garden wastes, using humus produced by composting municipal waste and making full use of improved mechanical equipment to improve the soil-air-water system.

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**Applying LIL techniques to the home lawn**

Vertiseeding mixes the humus and soil, creating the optimum environment for germination.

A lawn in need of improvement may benefit from the following LIL program:

- Make a thorough survey of the existing site. Note the topography, the degree of shade, soil texture, level of soil compaction and the pressure of thatch and existing vegetation. Measure the soil pH to establish need for lime.

- Thoroughly aerify the lawn using one of the new coring machines designed to remove ¾- to 1 ½-inch diameter soil plugs to a depth of 2½ to 3 inches. Coring is the first step in improving the air supply for grass roots while at the same time getting on top of a thatch problem.

- Topdress the lawn with screened humus from a municipal waste processing plant. Practically all major cities and many small communities either operate or are in the process of constructing such plants. Humus (composted waste product) is being used on the Capitol grounds in Washington, on statehouse lawns and on the most prestigious golf courses and home landscapes.

Humus improves the physical condition of the soil while at the same time supplying essential plant nutrients. Humus, in addition to clippings which are allowed to remain on the lawn, will supply all of the plant nutrients needed for healthy, vigorous grass.

- Broadcast humus to a depth of ½ to 1 inch (0.4 to about 1.5 cu. yds. per 1,000 sq. ft. of lawn). If the lawn is exceedingly rough, mix humus with equal parts of sand or topsoil prior to broadcasting.

- Vertiseed the lawn using one of the highly effective vertiseeding machines that have appeared on the market. Vertiseeding will mix humus with soil and provide seed-soil contact that is so essential for germination.

There is a wide range of grass species and cultivars to choose from. Base your selection on the environment in which the grass must grow.

- Maintain the lawn with annual spring or fall applications of humus applied at about ½ cu. yd. per 1,000 sq. ft.

- Set the mower to cut not less than a height of 2 inches and mow on a regular schedule, trying never to remove more than ½ of the existing top growth. A modification of the steps outlined for lawn renovation and maintenance can be used for the care of annual and perennial flower beds, foundation plantings, trees and shrubs.

Drip irrigation tubing, mulched with composted waste, is an effective way to irrigate annual and perennial flower beds. It also shows a commitment to resource conservation as well as to waste recycling, both of which are essential components of LIL.

—W.M. Mitchell
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Or call toll-free 1-800-992-2828 for an entry form.

In Illinois call collect (312) 351-5307.
Quality turf can make athletic fields safer for young athletes. Field managers should follow this general guide for safer turf.

by J. R. Hall III, Ph.D., Virginia Tech

A thletic field managers should periodically evaluate their field management programs and set up programs for the entire year. This allows the professional to plan ahead for equipment and material purchasing, and to determine seasonal labor needs.

What follows, provided for planning purposes, is a generalized management scheme for Bermudagrass athletic fields. Specific dates, intensity and frequency of practices will vary with every geographic location. This calendar is only intended as a general guide for programming.

January-April
If the field is infested with winter annual weeds, is completely dormant and is not covered with straw, then weeds can be controlled by spraying with a non-selective herbicide such as glyphosate. Follow label directions closely.

Collect soil test samples from the field, sampling from several areas to a depth of three inches. Submit the samples to a reputable laboratory for analysis.

Keep traffic off field if at all possible to minimize damage to field.

If field has been protected with a straw mulch, remove the mulch about one week prior to the 50 percent frost-free date in your area. If the field was covered with a plastic tarp all winter, the tarp will periodically need to be removed for mowing and replaced to prevent frost damage. Plastic tarps should not be permanently removed until the probability of frost is zero.

Fill in low areas with good topsoil to improve surface drainage. If areas are extremely low, cut sod out, fill area and re-install sod.

If you desire to control summer annual weeds with pre-emergence herbicides, apply a pre-emergent for summer annual weeds such as crabgrass, goosegrass or foxtail at the appropriate time in your area.

Determine amounts of winterkill and decide whether sodding, sprigging or plugging will be adequate for repair. Small plugs can be brought inside and kept in sunlight to give an early indication of the amount of winter damage the field has suffered. If damage has been minimal, plugging will suffice. Begin repair as soon as Bermuda has fully greened.

Hybrid Bermudas will need to be repaired with sprigs. Seven to 10 bushels per 1000 sq. ft. will suffice. Common Bermudagrass fields can be seeded at 1 to 2 lbs. per 1000 sq. ft.

Fields that have been previously treated with pre-emergence herbicides cannot be repaired with Bermudagrass seed unless the area to be seeded is treated with activated charcoal (5 to 7 lbs. per 1000 sq. ft.). Areas to be sprigged also can be negatively affected by recently-applied pre-emergence herbicides. Minimize this possibility by applying activated charcoal and tillling soil prior to sprig planting.

Initial fertilization should begin about two weeks after Bermuda has greened up, applying 40 to 60 lbs. ni-
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That’s why Mustang is becoming the favorite choice of professional turf managers, over K-31 and many other commercially available varieties.

For bluegrass qualities and tall fescue practicality, use the professional’s choice—Mustang turf-type tall fescue.
May-August

Begin mowing with a reel mower as soon as the Bermuda gets 1/3 higher than the intended mowing height. Set mower slightly lower than the normal mowing height the first time you mow the field to remove debris. Maintain the Bermudagrass at mowing heights between 1/2 and 1 inch, depending on use being made of the field, smoothness, budget, etc. Collect clippings only if they are excessive.

Core aerify field every 30 to 45 days with open spoon 3/4-inch diameter tine aerifier once field is well rooted. Make two passes over field each time. Drag field to break up aerifier cores.

Re-plug damaged areas that are not healing rapidly enough.

After field greens up, and at least 30 days after the first application noted above, apply 40 to 60 lbs. nitrogen per acre to the field on 30 to 45 day intervals. Sandy fields prone to leaching will require higher levels of nitrogen. Apply lime, phosphorus and potassium as indicated necessary by the soil test.

Fields under high levels of maintenance will benefit from periodic vertical mowing or slicing to increase tiller density.

Irrigate as necessary, watering infrequently, but heavily when you do.

If goosegrass and crabgrass begin to invade the turf, use post-emergence herbicides such as disodium methane arsenate (DSMA), monosodium methane arsenate (MSMA), asulam or metribuzin. Follow label directions closely.

If broadleaf weeds invade turf, spray with broadleaf herbicides such as 2,4-D, dichlorprop, dicamba, mecoprop, triclopyr and other labeled materials.

On high maintenance fields periodic top dressing with a suitable ma-

**WARM-SEASON ATHLETIC FIELD MANAGEMENT**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JANUARY</th>
<th>FEBRUARY</th>
<th>MARCH</th>
<th>APRIL</th>
<th>MAY</th>
<th>JUNE</th>
<th>JULY</th>
<th>AUGUST</th>
<th>SEPTEMBER</th>
<th>OCTOBER</th>
<th>NOVEMBER</th>
<th>DECEMBER</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>AERATE</strong></td>
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<td>Core aerify every 30 to 45 days with open spoon 3/4-inch diameter tine aerifier. Make two passes each time. Drag field to break up cores.</td>
<td>Core aerate 30 days before overseeding.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>FERTILIZE</strong></td>
<td>Begin fertilizing about two weeks after Bermuda has greened up. Apply 40-60 lbs N/acre.</td>
<td>At least 30 days after first application, apply 40 to 60 lbs. N/acre on 30 to 45 day intervals. Apply other elements as indicated by soil test.</td>
<td>When Bermudagrass growth begins to slow, apply the equivalent of 60 lb./acre of potassium oxide to improve winter hardiness.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>IRRIGATE</strong></td>
<td>Irrigate as necessary watering infrequently, but heavily.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>MOW</strong></td>
<td>Mow with reel mower when Bermuda gets 1/3 higher than intended mowing height. Vertical mowing or slicing should be done periodically.</td>
<td>As growth rate slows, raise mowing height to 1 1/2 inches.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>REPAIR/RENOVATE</strong></td>
<td>Fill in low areas with topsoil to improve surface drainage.</td>
<td>Re-plug areas which are not healing rapidly. Periodically topdress, followed by dragging.</td>
<td>Cover field for the winter. Keep traffic off the field.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>SEED/SOD</strong></td>
<td>Determine the amount of winter kill and decide whether to sod, sprig or plug. Begin as soon as Bermuda has greened.</td>
<td>Overseeding may be desirable. Core aerate or vertical mow 30 days prior to overseeding. Top dress.</td>
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<td><strong>SOIL</strong></td>
<td>Collect soil samples and send them to a lab for analysis.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>WEED CONTROL</strong></td>
<td>If field is dormant and not covered by straw, use a non-selective herbicide for annual winter weeds. Apply pre-emergence weed control at proper time for your area.</td>
<td>If goosegrass and crabgrass invade turf, use post-emergence herbicide. If broadleaf weeds invade turf, use a broadleaf herbicide.</td>
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*continued on page 62*
Your search for a high capacity mower encompassing a one man operation is now concluded. The Hydro-Power 180 with its 15 foot hydraulically driven rotary mower has a mowing capacity of up to 11 acres an hour while incorporating rear wheel steering for maximum maneuverability. Cutting units are designed for maximum floatation and may be used individually or in any combination of the three.

A foot pedal controlled hydrostatic transmission affords variable mowing speeds as well as transport speed to insure maximum travel time between the job sites. The Hydro-Power 180 offers year-round versatility with a 2-stage, 73" snow blower and heated cab.

Manufactured by
18155 Edison Avenue
Chesterfield, Mo. 63017
New amine-compatible iron greens up turf in less than 48 hours.

Prosperity resolution for 1989: Use FëRROMEC® AC (amine-compatible) in your lawn-care program. Green up your world and green up your wallet... get a Roll-X™ Measuring Wheel in the bargain.

Everett Mealman, President
PBI/Gordon Corporation

Ferromec AC can be tank mixed with any TRIMEC® Herbicide formulation, so it gets a free ride. And guess what else. The Ferromec actually speeds up the activity of the Trimec!

Indeed Ferromec is unique. There's absolutely nothing like it on the market.

Nitrogen will eventually produce a green color, but excess nitrogen plus turfgrass equals hay. Obviously, Ferromec is a better way!

Facts about iron that turf professionals need to remember.

First: Iron is essential for the synthesis of chlorophyl. No iron... no green.

Second: In most instances where ornamental turf is being grown there is not enough naturally occurring iron in a useable ferrous state to produce a vibrant green color. Accordingly, a chelated iron can be added to the soil.
St. Augustine grass lawn in Texas showing the darker color (right) produced by Ferromec Liquid Iron applied in early September at 8 oz./1,000 sq. ft. The green-up became visible within 2 hours and the darker color persisted until dormancy, a couple of months later, according to Wallace Menn of Bryan, Texas, a turfgrass specialist who conducted the test.

Half of this green at Hodge Park Golf Course in Kansas City was sprayed with Ferromec and, within 24 hours, the color change was dramatic. Under normal growing conditions, visual response usually occurs between 8 and 48 hours after application. Ferromec is also effective on trees, shrubs and herbaceous plantings.

Third: Chelated iron is primarily absorbed through the roots rather than by foliar activity. To get enough chelated iron into the grass through the roots to produce the desired color rapidly, it is necessary to speed up the growth by using nitrogen. This will eventually cause the grass to green up. But it will also bring on excessive growth that will cause unwanted mowing and exposure to disease.

**Ferromec is different**

Ferromec, on the other hand, is unique; and it works in a totally different way.

Ferromec is a patented process that involves bonding a ferrous iron molecule to a urea molecule. When sprayed on turf, Ferromec is ingested almost immediately via foliar intake at the point where chlorophyll is formed. Once inside the plant, the iron-urea molecular bond breaks apart because the plant has such a ravenous appetite for nitrogen.

The result is that the iron molecule in Ferromec goes to work almost immediately to create chlorophyll and, depending on the condition of the turf and the weather, green-up occurs any time within 8 to 48 hours . . . without causing excessive growth.

Special formulations for special problems

Iron is a micronutrient essential for all plants, but the amount required can vary dramatically, depending on the kind of fertilizer used and the composition of the soil. Sometimes zinc and/or manganese are also required, so we have developed special formulations to cover such specific needs. For information relevant to your own situation, call us.

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In Missouri, 1-800-892-7281

Ask for Sales Service Department.

FeRROMEC is available from Green Cross in Canada, Toyo Green in Japan and Farmura Ltd in the United Kingdom. For other sources abroad, inquire of Gordon International by FAX: 816-474-0462.
Agrotec Sprayers Deliver

Whether you spray once a day or 20 times a day, 50 gallons or 200 gallons, golf courses, tall trees, or commercial landscapes, you need a PRO-CARE Sprayer from Agrotec.

Agrotec PRO-CARE Sprayers are the Professional choice because they're built right. They're tough. They're reliable. And they deliver:

Available with 50, 100, 150 or 200 gallon polyethylene tanks, low or high pressure pumps. Skid-mounted for your pickup or truck.

Optional equipment includes boom kits, hose reel kits, and wheel/trailer kits for golf courses, nurseries, or towing.

Call or write for our free brochure and location of the distributor nearest you.

ATHLETIC from page 58

terial, followed by dragging, will smooth the surface and improve the field's playability.

September-November
Fall overseeding of some fields with perennial ryegrass may be desirable. Core aeration and/or vertical mowing 30 days prior to overseeding may be beneficial. Top dressing after overseeding encourages seed-soil contact. Late-season vertical mowing of Bermudagrass that is not inherently winterhardy, will likely reduce its chances of winter survival and should not be done in conjunction with overseeding.

When Bermudagrass growth begins to slow at the end of summer, apply the equivalent of 60 lbs./acre of potassium oxide (K₂O) from either potassium chloride (0-0-60) or potassium sulfate (0-0-54) to improve winter hardiness. In areas where winter hardiness is a concern, stop or severely reduce nitrogen applications.

As the Bermudagrass growth rate slows, raise the mowing height to 1½ inches to improve insulative effect and reduce probability of winterkill.

Plastic tarps can be used during the season to protect the field from excessive rainfall and minimize traffic damage resulting from the excessive moisture.

December
In areas where winter survival is a serious concern, after the last game, cover field with 4 to 6 inches of clean straw or a clear plastic, vented polyethylene 4-mil tarp or similar cover to maximize winter protection and reduce chances of winterkill. If straw is used, you will need 250 to 400 bales of straw. Straw can be secured with netting, or string and stakes to keep it from blowing.

Keep traffic off of field during winter if possible.

USEFUL EQUIVALENTS

Football field area: 360' x 160' = 57,600 sq. ft. = 1.3 acres

Area between hash marks: 300' x 54' = 16,200 sq. ft. = 0.37 acres

Area in 440 yard oval: 100,188 sq. ft. = 2.3 acres

1 gallon = 3.785 liters = 128 fluid ounces = 4 quarts
1 ounce = 29.57 milliliters
1 quart = 946.3 milliliters
1 fluid ounce = 2 tablespoons = 6 teaspoons
Superintendents at the Mount Kenya Safari Club in East Africa lack most of the equipment and expertise of even the most backward landscape manager in the U.S. Yet they maintain a beautiful club that attracts an international clientele.

by Ann Reilly

"Paradise" is the best way to describe the Mount Kenya Safari Club, the famous resort and hotel located half-a-day's drive north of Nairobi, Kenya. Built in 1959 by actor William Holden and two non-Hollywood friends, the magnificent hotel and landscaped grounds are set into the side of the country's tallest mountain at an altitude of 7,000 feet.

The club's location halfway up the mountain is perfect. It's not so high that it lies within the cloud cover that often envelopes the mountaintop, yet it's high enough that its position on the equator does not translate into too much heat.

For about five years (shortly after Holden's death) and until one year ago the grounds had been in a steady rate of decline. Only recently has it been completely renovated.

What has happened at the Mount Kenya Safari Club is almost miraculous, based on the short amount of time it has taken. Most labor-intensive was weeding and replanting. (All plants are brought in from Nairobi nurseries, although in the future the club staff plans to propagate most of its material itself.)

Emphasis on color

There is a great deal of emphasis on tropical and exotic plants: monstera, ficus, schleffera, bougainvillea, giant honeysuckle and succulents are among the many. The importance of color in making a dramatic landscape is realized here and at other sites in East Africa, and obtained to a large degree from flowering annuals. Salvia is one of the best producers in this climate, along with petunias, ivy geraniums, geraniums, begonias and gazania.

Perennials grown across most of the U.S. are abundant, behaving somewhat differently due to the differences in climate. For example, daylilies are practically everblooming all year long. Other plants are closer to the material grown in the southern parts of our country. Agapanthus, tiger flower and calla lily are truly perennial and never seem to be out of bloom. Because the club is on the equator, there is no summer/winter effect.

Soil is difficult to work with. It is a red loam soil that can change from dust to mud in a matter of minutes.

Because of the problem with the soil, all of it at the Club is improved with cow manure, which is readily available. The manure is worked into the soil deeply to improve drainage prior to any planting. Agricultural lime is also used to raise the pH and double super-phosphate or bone meal is incorporated into the soil before planting.

The Club is maintained by two superintendents: Zachariah Mehru is primarily in charge of the ornamental plantings and Joseph Lucas the turf, but each shares the responsibilities. Because no educational opportunities are available in East Africa in the areas of ornamental horticulture or turfgrass management, superintendents are not easy to find. Lucas attended a school in South Africa where he learned plant identification and some basic golf course care; Mehru had attended forestry school in Kenya and got his experience working for the horticulture unit of the City Council of Nairobi.

Many hands needed

Working for Mehru and Lucas are 60 crewmen, 30 full-time and 30 part-time. This might seem like a large staff for a 100-acre facility, but keep in mind that it is intensely landscaped and that very little power equipment is available. The crew's only educa-
At an altitude of 7,000 feet, Mt. Kenya Safari Club stays cool in times of dire heat yet lies just beneath cloud cover.

tion in horticultural and landscaping practices is what they are taught by the superintendents.

Diseases are rare on ornamental plants and turf in this part of East Africa, and no type of prevention or control is ever needed. Insects are around a bit—they haven't ever seen a beetle or a grub on the property, but they have their fair share of white ants.

Insect control causes no problem. Malathion, diazinon and dithane are the most common insecticides, sprayed every 14 days when a problem exists. There are no licensing requirements; Kenya is an agricultural country and insecticides are easy to obtain.

Herbicides are not easy to find, though. Weeding is all done by hand, achievable in the flower beds but near impossible in turf.

The biggest problem with pests at the club is the wild animals. Superintendents in deer-ridden areas will understand the frustration of finding chewed plants and soggy footprints in the morning after the wild game has visited the night before. Ambush insecticide is used as an animal and bird repellent, but is giving far from complete control. The club is not fenced in, so the animals are free to roam. They won't usually go too near the buildings and bother the flower beds, but they will do a lot of damage on the golf course.

Fairways and tees are fertilized every six months with a mixture of super phosphate and calcium ammonium nitrate. Again, fertilizers are easy to come by because of the agric...continued on page 176

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No Blue

TRUE BLUE

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Sabre Poa trivialis isn’t just a good shade grass.
It’s the best.

Years ago fine fescue was considered the best performer in damp shade. That changed with the appearance of Poa annua-free Sabre Poa trivialis and a 1979 shade tolerance trial at Ohio State University.

In that test Sabre was top-rated for shade tolerance when compared to 39 mixtures, blends and monostands of fine fescue, ryegrass, Kentucky bluegrass and tall fescue.

An excerpt from trial data said: “Sabre, which had the highest overall seasonal ratings, maintained the most consistent quality throughout the season.”

Due to its special qualities Sabre should be sown only in damp shade. For this purpose it may be mixed with fine fescue, turf-type ryegrass or Kentucky bluegrass.

Normal cutting height is 1-1/2 inches, but on winter putting greens in the Southern U.S., it has proven its ability to thrive when cut at 3/16th. One of the first domestic varieties to be registered with the U.S. Plant Variety Protection Office, Sabre is both disease-resistant and hardy.
Who is better off—Americans or Africans?

What is amazing to me at the Mount Kenya Safari Club—and in the rest of East Africa as well—is the ingenuity taken to accomplish the same job we're used to doing with some sort of powerized equipment.

I watched a woman removing footprints from the lawn by watering them by hand and brushing them out with a broom made from a few tree branches. That same broom was used later in the day as a rake to collect grass clippings.

When new planting beds are added, the ground is broken up by hand by a man or woman using a jembe, a homemade tool that looks something like an ax. That same tool, not a shovel, is used for digging holes.

Flowers aren't planted with trowels. When new beds are ready for plants, the soil is divided with a machete-like, "Crocodile Dundee"-sized knife, the plant dropped in, the knife pulled out and the soil tapped into place.

The day before I left for Africa, I received a letter from superintendent John Lucas asking me if I could bring him a book on golf course management, which he can't buy in Kenya. Not having time to do that, I took him and Zechariah Mehru a box of old magazines which were the first of its kind they had ever seen. Nothing exists that is even close to our turf associations or golf course superintendents groups.

Are we better off? In many ways, yes; in others, I'm not so sure. Throughout East African clubs, hotels, lodges and restaurants are landscapes that will rival the most impressive in our country. Yet they are accomplished with little equipment and little more resources than manual labor and imagination.

I think we have a lot to learn from the East Africans, if only to bring ourselves back to earth once in a while to realize how fortunate we are in so many ways. Yet, since they can produce the same results, and seem to be much happier in their simpler life, who is really the better off?

—Ann Reilly

Sometimes Big Isn't Better
Discover the Mid-Size Walker Mower

Accepted practice in the lawn maintenance business has been to use the BIG commercial rider mower for open areas and walk-behinds for trimming. Now maintenance operators all across the country are discovering a new, fast efficient way to mow landscaped areas...for many jobs the maneuverable MID-SIZE WALKER MOWER does the whole job saving time, labor, and equipment investment. And Walker offers high productivity without sacrificing a quality cutting job. Sure to please the most discriminating customer.

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ACCLAIM® makes your pre work better. Because weather can affect the performance of preemergence herbicides, many golf course superintendents have gone to a program of two pre applications to prevent crabgrass and goosegrass. But now, Acclaim® 1EC Herbicide provides a new approach. By tank mixing Acclaim with your late pre application, you can skip the early pre treatment. An Acclaim/pre tank mix provides low-rate postemergence control of emerged crabgrass and goosegrass and insures that the pre will be at full strength later into the season, minimizing the need for later rescue treatments.

ACCLAIM works better with reseeding programs. The last thing you need after a season of drought is a herbicide that interferes with reseeding or newly seeded turf. That's the beauty of Acclaim. You can delay or even eliminate your pre on new turf and confidently plan on crabgrass and goosegrass control with Acclaim. Acclaim even allows you to overseed almost immediately before or after application. So even as crabgrass is dying, you're replacing it with lush, beautiful turf.

ACCLAIM for total flexibility. Acclaim gives you new confidence against crabgrass and goosegrass, both early and late. And when you need a rescue you can really count on, Acclaim will do the job like nothing else.

The money-saving ACCLAIM program.
Take advantage of the special offer for golf course superintendents:
Buy 3 gallons of Acclaim before March 31, 1989 and get 1 gallon free.
SAFARI from page 72

cultural economy. Urea is used on the greens, mixed with a top dressing of soil and compost before it is applied. Flower beds, when properly prepared, will last for two to three years before they need another fertilizing.

Cut flowers abound throughout the club—in the rooms, hallways, restaurants, even on the bulletin board. Although the former cutting garden was allowed to deteriorate, leading to the purchase of all cut flowers today, the cutting garden has been replanted and should be producing its own roses, chrysanthemums and alstroemeria within six months. When these plants reach maturity, it will eliminate the twice-weekly delivery of flowers from greenhouses outside Nairobi.

Greenhouse effect

Mehru hopes to have a greenhouse soon to replace the one that no longer has a roof. Cut flowers can be grown outdoors, but a greenhouse is necessary for starting annual seeds and protecting some plants from the sun and insect problems.

Container plantings are usually mulched with sheets of moss. When that is not available, a combination of shredded paper and wood chips is used. I watched several women filling planters to decorate a spot outside of the restaurant. The plants they were using were grown in paper or plastic sheeting and placed as is into the container, with this paper/bark mulch put in between the roots to keep them more moist.

Watering is done manually. When necessary, sprinklers are turned on and off by hand. Unlike other sections of East Africa, this area has no water shortage problem as the runoff from the snow-capped mountain offers a constant supply.

Turf in the lawns and on the golf course is kikuyugrass, a tough and coarse grass that is considered by many superintendents in California, where it grows in the U.S., to be a weed.

Lucas is in the process of removing the kikuyugrass on the greens and replacing it with bentgrass. It is difficult to kill, however, so he'll probably dig it out. The bentgrass will be planted with plugs, as grass seed is not available in East Africa. At the same time, new bunkers will be added, but not cart paths. Carts are still not allowed; everybody walks.

The do-everything grass

Kikuyugrass is used on tees, greens and fairways. It's mowed to different heights and is perfectly adaptable to these varying growth conditions. Greens are cut to 1/10 to 1/8 of an inch and fairways to about one inch with a Toro three-gang mower or Bunton greensmower. Grass is usually cut about twice a week.

The amazing thing about kikuyugrass is its perseverance. When Lucas wanted to raise and level the tees, he simply added a four-inch layer of soil and compost on top of the current tee. In a matter of weeks, the grass was growing through the new soil layer.

Mt. Kenya Safari Club, then, is a truly beautiful attraction. Thus, the club is surrounded by large private homes. One belongs to Stephanie Powers, a good friend of the late actor Holden, who also runs an animal orphanage nearby.

For six weeks every year (not when the weather is best), the club closes to the safariers and is reserved for its members only. Mt. Kenya Club offers golf, bocce, lawn bowling, horseback riding, fishing, tennis, mountain climbing and a pool.

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Typar is easily cut, lightweight and less bulky. So it's faster and cheaper for you to install.

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Get Typar Pro Landscape Fabric. And start cutting corners the easy way.

FOR PROFESSIONALS

Circle No. 153 on Reader Inquiry Card
IRRIGATION IDIOMS

Taking on maintenance of an existing irrigation system often provides unwanted and unexpected headaches. Here's how to avoid the Tylenol.

by Jerry Roche, editor

Your landscape company has just agreed to perform regular maintenance on Wonder Company's five-acre irrigated landscape. It's going to be a nice money-maker, you're thinking.

But on your crew's first trip to the site, one of your mowers runs over a protruding sprinkler head. Instant chaos. Not too long thereafter, another head springs a leak. A bad leak. Later that same summer, in mid-July, the lawn develops a large round brown spot: another head has malfunctioned and the grass burns out.

What promised to be a profitable account has turned into a nightmare.

What could you have done to avoid some of the aforementioned problems?

Michael Essenwein of RainBird has some answers, as he told members of the Associated Landscape Contractors of America at the recent Green Team conference and trade show.

"Rather than have to use a band-aid approach, you should outline a preventive program first," said Essenwein.

The first step is to locate a site plan through the company under contract. Even if you need to go all the way back to the original landscape architect, do it.

Next, you need to locate the point of connection, where the irrigation system ties into a water source. That will be one of two spots: a pump or well or a potable water system. "You should be concerned with the potential for problems and correct errors in the existing system," Essenwein said.

Check that the connection to a potable water system has the proper (and working) backflow system, or you could be in for big troubles. "Install the proper valves here, if necessary, to isolate the irrigation system," Essenwein adds.

At this time, also check the irrigation pipe exposed to the air that leads into the ground. Galvanized pipe is always better than PVC.

Essenwein: "More people are using moisture sensors to eliminate a water cycle after a recent rainfall or when the soil is already moist."

If the point of connection is exposed it should either be boxed or, more preferably, placed under the cover of landscape plants. This will avoid accidental mower damage.

Next, go to the controller. This will be either a solid-state unit with a keypad and LED display, or a mechanical unit with switches and dials. The newer solid-state models are more versatile in their programming capabilities and lend themselves more easily to drip irrigation. The older mechanical models are usually easier to program.

"Find the instruction manual," Essenwein suggested, "even if you have to go to a local distributor. Don't shy away, though, because of water conservation considerations, from electronic solid state models. They are the coming thing."

The next task that has to be performed is to sequence the system through its zones, turning water to each station on and off.

"And with water conservation efforts, more people are using moisture sensors to eliminate a water cycle after a recent rainfall or when the soil is already moist," Essenwein noted. "If there is one, familiarize yourself with it. If there isn't one, it's a good idea to install one."

Next step is to locate the valves by starting at the wiring on the controller. Check the wiring using an ohmmeter. If you retain the account for

---

**FIXING A HIGH ROTOR HEAD**

- **SOIL SURFACE**
- **new valve box location**
- **old valve box location**
- **flexible PVC pipe**
- **irrigation line**
- **PVC connector**
"I was hesitant to try it at first. I thought, surely, there would be some injury to my flowers. But Surflan convinced me otherwise. It didn't harm them at all when we sprayed directly over the top.

"Surflan wasn't so gentle to the weeds. We used to have a real problem with crabgrass. We'd have to go in and pull them all by hand. It was so time-consuming. I figured I was paying close to $50 for each thousand square feet just for labor.

"But with Surflan, the job took only minutes. And cost me less than $3.00 for what used to cost me almost $50.

"Surflan also took care of our oxalis and chickweed. And many other problem weeds, too. For almost eight months."

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"Are you kidding? Spray herbicide over the top of my flowers?"

Surflan proved I could!"

Cynthia Harper
Color Burst, Atlanta, Ga.

Ritz-Carlton, Buckhead
Atlanta, Georgia
The first step when installing an irrigation system is to locate a site plan through the company under contract. Even if you need to go all the way back to the original landscape architect, do it.

more than one year, "it's a good idea to do it every year," Essenwein suggested.

If a valve is not working, the problem is either the controller, the valve or a break in the line. Essenwein pointed out that Progressive Electronics has a device that will track underground wires to minimize trenching damage. He said to make sure to disconnect the valve wire from the controller and hook up an earth ground before doing anything else. "If you don't have success with the Progressive Electronics unit," he noted, "some irrigation contractors offer this as a service." When the break is found, repair it using waterproof connectors.

The newer, solid-state models are more versatile in their programming capabilities and lend themselves more easily to drip irrigation.

"Not having waterproof wiring is the single most important factor if there are problems," Essenwein said. "Put them in at the valve, if they are not. If the wire to the valve is pulled tight, then you might even need an extra length of wire."

Too much water pressure on the line creates a lot of problems. Check the flow control and adjust it as necessary. If, during testing, the head gets stuck in the "up" position, you'll have to remove sand and debris from the seal. Replace it now, before it is broken off. You may have to take the unit apart and clean the filter screen, too.

"For heads above grade, flexible PVC pipe is available to correct the problem," says Essenwein (see illustration). "For loose soil around the head, ground stabilizers are available. And for broken heads or nozzles, the Geyser-Off is a remarkable device that cuts water to the head or nozzle off when water is flowing through at a high rate."

Take lots of notes during your first run through the system.

"All irrigation systems are bound to fail from time to time," concludes Essenwein. "If you understand the product, it'll be easier to choose something that will do the right job."
Turn more production and return more profit to your landscaping business with a Bobcat 700 series skid-steer loader.

Designed with engineering excellence to turn in its own tracks for time-saving maneuverability. And featuring an impressive array of changeable attachments to handle almost any job.

The full Bobcat line features 15 model sizes, ranging from 600 lbs. up to 4,000 lbs. rated capacity to handle almost any size load.


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Utility frame, three-point hitch, box scraper, vertical mast, pallet fork, angle blade, landscape rake attachments, front scarifier, trencher and tree transplanter attachments are also available.

The Bobcat skid-steer loader can turn in its own tracks.

The 700 series features three models with a rated capacity up to 1300 lbs.
Two ocean holes are at sea level, but inland the elevation gets as high as 800 feet on the Kapalua golf courses.

PARADISE FOUND

Maintenance at the Kapalua, Hawaii, golf courses is sometimes a 24-hour-a-day proposition. But superintendent Short Honma and his people have risen to the occasion in the past. And the course shows it.

It is 5 a.m. the day of the 1987 Isuzu Kapalua International Pro-Am. It is the Kapalua Bay Golf Course. A fleet of triplex mowers moves up and down the fairways. The crew's only light comes from the headlamps of pick-up trucks.

Because of the six-hour difference in time between the Hawaiian island of Maui and the Eastern Time Zone back on the mainland where the matches were being shown on television, tee times were very early in the morning, which meant that superintendent Short Honma and his lieutenants were up even earlier.

And there were complications, too. "Because of the rain earlier in the tournament, I ended up using all my extra triplexes. I couldn't take the big equipment out," notes Harry Pali.

And what better superintendents for the Kapalua Golf Courses than native Hawaiians? Pali, in particular, knows the land well: he was born on what is now the fifth hole of the Bay course.

Besides Honma and Pali, Kent "Herb" Nishigima and Andy Tiara round out the managerial team of the two 18-hole golf courses, known as Bay and Village. Honma oversees the entire operation. Nishigima is supervisor of the Bay course and Tiara super of the Village course.

Lovable tourists
Kapalua is situated in the northern portion of the Hawaiian island of Maui. Visible across the water, providing an idyllic background, is the island of Molokai. Tourists love the place.

"We take pride in what Kapalua is, and what it stands for," says Honma,
First-rate disease and weed control demands a professional's touch. And here are the Turf Care products that have what it takes.

**Daconil 2787.** The cornerstone of a professional spray program. Daconil 2787 is economical to use and the most effective, broadest-spectrum turf fungicide on the market. Controls 12 major turfgrass diseases. Available as a flowable or wettable powder formulation.

**Dacthal.** The preemergence herbicide that consistently delivers superior broad-spectrum control of crabgrass, spurge and 22 other tough annual grasses and broadleaf weeds. Available as a flowable or wettable powder formulation.

**Daconate® 6.** The proven postemergent herbicide. Highly effective against pesky weeds such as crabgrass. (Sold as Bueno® 6 in western states only.)

**2 Plus 2 (MCP + 2,4-D Amine).** As effective as it is economical against more than 20 hard-to-kill broadleaf weeds such as clover and dandelions. Contains no dicamba.

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**Fermenta Plant Protection Company,**
5966 Heisley Road, P.O. Box 8000,
Mentor, OH 44061-8000.
Teamwork is evident among top management: left to right, Short Honma, Andy Tiara, Harry Pali and Herb Nishigima, who split the work.

who oversees up to 43 employees.

The biggest event of the year is the Isuzu Kapalua International, played on the 6,731-yard Bay course. The 5,981-yard Village course, however, is referred to in one tourist brochure as "Hawaii's most challenging." Both are open to tourists.

And because of the largely tourist clientele, a large emphasis is put on beauty. Most of the colorful vegetation has been imported: bougainvillea, African tulips, eucalyptus trees, Christmas berries and a Madagascar olive that is called the “Autograph Tree.”

Pali is in charge of special projects, which last year included installation of a new sod farm, new tees on some holes and a complete renovation of one Bay course hole.

The original designs came from Arnold Palmer and Ed Seay. Pro golfer Ben Crenshaw has designed an additional 18 holes on which construction begins this month.

"The course had to be designed around 'no-man's-land valleys'," says Tiara of the Village course. One of Kapalua's attractions is its radical change in elevation because of its proximity to the ocean. Two ocean holes are at sea level, but inland the elevation gets as high as 800 feet.

Hard as a rock
One of the major problems is compaction, due in part to the traffic but due also to a clayey soil that has to be continually aerated. The tradewinds also tend to dry the course quickly, complicating the problem.

Common Bermudagrass fairways are mowed at $\frac{3}{8}$-inch in winter and at $\frac{1}{4}$-inch in summer and tees at $\frac{1}{2}$-inch. Rough areas are at a standard 1½ inches.

As preparations continue for the new course, excitement grows. Tifdwarf sod is being grown on the four-acre sod farm for the fairways of what will be called the Plantation Golf Club.

Before Kapalua opened in 1974, Honma worked at Sea Mountain Golf Course on the island of Hawaii. None of the other three have previous golf course experience. Tiara went from the hotel business to the golf business; Nishigima was a construction worker. They all started as laborers at Kapalua and worked their way up the ladder. To a man, they like working for Honma.

"Short is strict, but an honest and straight-forward kind of guy," observes Tiara.

Honma's direction shows up in solid team management and respect for co-workers evident on the staff. And they need it, to keep the Kapalua golf courses among the most popular in the world.

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FILLING THE ENGINE TRAINING GAP

The high-tech features of today’s internal combustion engines require a new approach to training.

by Al Jacobsen and Ron Hansen

The improved technology of modern engines is evidenced by this new 24-hp engine (left), which is of comparable size to the older 13-hp model.

Evolutionary changes in automotive engine design have made the engines used on today’s commercial turf equipment considerably better than those of just a few years ago.

Engines in the 10 to 25 hp range now boast many high-tech features, including fuel injection, electronic ignition, pressure lubrication and more. Today’s engines also offer more horsepower in a smaller package. For example, today’s typical 24-hp engine takes no more space than many engines in the 10-14 hp range of just 10 years ago.

While these improvements bring a host of benefits to users of commercial turf equipment, the advantages are not free. As engines have become more sophisticated, they’ve gotten more complex.

Today’s engines last longer, are more reliable, run quieter and use less fuel than ever before. But at the same time, the increased level of technology, closer tolerances and the need to more carefully assure proper airflow and lubrication have all placed greater demands on service.

More training needed

As engine maintenance gets more important and repairs more critical, many equipment owners and operators are finding they need added training support from engine manufacturers to get the most out of their lawn care equipment.

In typical turf equipment, the engine accounts for about one-third of the initial cost and at least half of the continuing maintenance cost. Equipment downtime often costs as much as $100 per hour, not to mention the poor customer service that often follows.

Users at all levels are finding it pays to have an awareness and understanding of engine fundamentals. The need for more knowledge extends beyond service personnel. They need proper training to ensure maintenance and repairs are done in accordance with factory specifications. But operating efficiency improves dramatically when people at all levels of the organization acquire better knowledge of the service function.

In some companies, everyone from service personnel to operators, first-level maintenance personnel, supervisors and, in some cases, administrative personnel attend factory-sponsored training sessions on engine maintenance. Reports from these attendees give convincing evidence that such company-wide training results in improved operating efficiency and reduced cost.

Course depth increasing

Engine manufacturers have been quick to respond to the user’s needs for more training by offering specialized courses and innovative teaching techniques. Onan Corporation, manufacturer of one- and two-cylinder gas engines, is a good example. The company offers specialized training on each product line. The standard engine training class lasts a full week and includes not only engine repair and maintenance, but ways to increase engine longevity.
Excellent Overall Performance

Jaguar takes care of itself. It needs less feeding and thrives in hot weather and drought with limited watering. Jaguar takes traffic because it forms a dense, deeply-rooted persistent turf. Jaguar resists diseases (Rhizoctonia brown patch, in particular) and tolerates shady, low light areas. Jaguar needs less mowing. It is lower growing and more tolerant of close cutting. Jaguar has a leafier, finer texture and beautiful dark green color.

To find out more about Jaguar Turf-Type Tall Fescue contact the distributor nearest you or circle the number below on the card in back.
economy and serviceability.

Other allied training available from manufacturers in a variety of forms includes customer relations, electrical and mechanical fundamentals, even telephone etiquette and more. For larger groups, companies offer on-site training in the field and tailored training to a particular company's needs.

Some manufacturers' training facilities have fully equipped service shops and modern classrooms manned by a full-time staff. The classrooms today are vastly improved over training facilities of the past. In Onan's courses, for example, video monitors are used to zoom in on the most minute engine parts as the instructor explains to students the workings and adjustments of each engine component.

Company trainers stress hands-on training, including complete engine teardown, repair, rebuild and test. Most of this hands-on experience takes place in service training shops, where complete facilities are set up to simulate typical maintenance and repair operations.

Onan's facility has the tools and equipment to support training among other things, in valve grinding, cylinder resizing, bearing fitting, electrical test and engine evaluation. Continuing education and updates to existing classes on videotape are also offered. And for those really tough problems, there's an 800 hotline number for immediate help.

Training as an investment
Study after study has shown that investment in training pays off. And the payoff is not only monetary. Training also builds employee pride, teamwork and customer satisfaction.

Progressive companies view training as an investment in the future that is essential to compete in today's ever increasing-technical world.

Engines are too complex and turf equipment is too expensive to rely solely on a maintenance manual and standard tools for proper care. Turf equipment operators, service personnel and supervisors now need more extensive skills to adequately do their job. It takes a dedicated training staff with a properly equipped training facility to impart those skills.

Call your engine manufacturer for information on training best suited for your needs. LM

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88 LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT/JANUARY 1999
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See all the LF-100 differences. Ask your Jacobsen distributor for a free demonstration. Attractive lease and finance plans available.

Or contact: Jacobsen, 1721 Packard Ave., Racine, WI 53403.
In many ways, landscape designer Daniel L. Kesterson couldn’t have asked for a better assignment than to landscape The Stratford, a West Linn, Ore. residence to be featured in the summer house show, Tour of Elegance.

There was a nice budget to work with. About $70,000 worth of landscaping had been allotted for the 16,000 sq. ft. lot. Also, because the home was to serve as a model for a local developer, Kesterson was given a great deal of freedom in choosing and implementing his design.

There were however, some serious deficiencies that needed attention. For example, the architect had miscalculated the site elevations on the downhill side of the house, leaving 10 feet of the foundation exposed. Also, more than eight feet of earth washed into the street off the house’s north facade.

Kesterson, a designer with Drake’s 7 Dees Nursery & Landscaping, Portland, responded to these
challenges by creating an elegant, functional landscape that solved the design flaws while providing the intimate, private setting the house and neighborhood demanded.

"The most cost-effective and efficient way to bridge the gap between the foundation and the ground level was to bring in a number of boulders from another site we were involved with across the Columbia River," says Kesterson. The boulders, weighing as much as 5,000 pounds each, were laid in by back hoe at the base of the house and along the sidewalk. The walls were complemented by a brick wall that levelled the ground along the house entrance.

Perhaps the most unique feature of the landscape is an artificially created stream that runs through the yard and into a pool at the entry area. The water is generated through the stream via a submersible pump and cascades over stones specially selected and placed by Kesterson. Invisible from the street, the stream "is a nice surprise when you come around the corner to the entrance," says Kesterson.

He handpicked undamaged, natural-looking stones that have mosses in place for the streambed. "The stones should be shaped to fit into the flow of the stream." The larger stones were installed by using gunite and the smaller stones were placed later. A second water feature is located next to the back patio. It is a three-level, 40-gallon pool that operates via a remote pump. Its placement beneath a kitchen window creates a trickling water sound "while preparing a gourmet's delight," says Kesterson.

Concerning the front of the house, Kesterson said he was fortunate that the three large Japanese maples and Douglas firs were preserved as they provide a balance between yard and house and establish a relationship with the deciduous trees in the area. Also in the front yard is a nine-foot Aristata pine that was brought in from another of the company's sites.

"I used several different grasses around this area and I feel it really blends in well. It creates the natural feeling I was looking for.

"There's a noticeable trend in the area to implement perennials and create the feel of an English garden," says Kesterson of the numerous varieties of perennials in and around the front tree bed. These include Fountain grass, Purple Noose Stripe, White Yarrow and Baby's Breath.

The backyard features a formal, three-level rose garden where 10 varieties of hybrid-T roses are in blossom. "The three garden levels in the backyard presented a classic opportunity to use roses. After all, this is the Rose City," says Kesterson, adding, "Overall I'm very happy with the way the project turned out."

LM

This "Ottercrest" bronze sculpture comes into view as you near the front entry. It is placed close to the stream, which is also invisible from the street. An excellent view of the stream is from the Stratford's living room.
Nightlighting can enhance a property's image and increase value.

**TO LIGHT AT NIGHT**

Selling nightlighting to owners and developers can be very difficult, unless you tell them exactly why it's such a good idea.

Incorporating lighting into landscape design allows the designer to use entirely different concepts. What is seen during the day may be entirely different from what is seen at night. Lighting permits the designer to focus the viewer's attention.

Many landscape architects and other green industry professionals would love to add lighting, or better lighting, to various sites. The problem is convincing bottom-line-oriented owners. Also, given the relatively high cost of energy, owners are likely to have a mindset that is predisposed to energy conservation.

Any analysis of lighting must consider the bottom-line value of its functions. This is exactly what lighting management does. Bottom-line values of factors such as reduced vandalism, reduced incidents of assault, lowered exposure to liability, and other factors greatly exceed the cost of the lighting needed to attain these values.

**The eyes have it**

When inadequate lighting is provided, it often goes unnoticed because of our eyes' amazing ability to adapt. Nonetheless, many subtle, but important, negative effects can result. For example, an employee who is continually affected by glare may still be able to perform visual tasks, but he or she may also be subject to "unusual" eye fatigue or headaches—conditions associated with stressed adaptive eye muscles. Similarly, low-quality lighting or insufficient amounts of lighting in office areas result in lower productivity, because poor illumination results in more time being needed to perform tasks. It also increases the likelihood of errors being made.

The 26 points made in the related article clearly indicate the different effects that lighting can have outdoors. They also suggest the proper method of approaching outdoor lighting management.

Once an owner or manager becomes familiar with key lighting issues, the next step involves retaining effective technical support. Numerous professional lighting consultants are members of the Illuminating Engineering Society of North America (IES, 345 East 47th Street, New York, NY 10017) and its local chapters (sections) throughout the United States.

Note, too, that manufacturer's representatives also are in a position to lend technical assistance. Many electrical contractors have fully staffed lighting design departments, and many electrical distributors also have personnel on staff who can be of assistance. The local electrical utility may also have personnel who can help, or at least should be in a position to iden-
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—Rex Turf, Hollywood Lawn News

Betasan is the leading pre-emergent herbicide. A three-year university study reported Betasan most effective for controlling germinating poa annua. Betasan is very soluble, so ease of movement into weed germination zones is assured.

Betasan is the only pre-emergent herbicide safe and labeled for use on sensitive bentgrass greens and other desirable turf grasses—safe on ornamental plants, too. And Betasan won’t stain.

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—Roger Fairways, Crabgrass Gazette

Lebanon’s homogeneous fertilizer granules for balanced N-P-K feeding are also earning rave reviews for quick green-up and rich coloration!

So, set the stage for a stunning Spring performance with the stars of Lebanon Total Turf Care: Country Club 19-4-6 with Betasan®, Lebanon Betasan 7G® and Lebanon Betasan 4E®.
A lighting specialist's first task usually will be evaluating the existing outdoor lighting system for:
• what is installed and how it is controlled,
• present condition and anticipated life expectancy,
• annual O&M costs, the degree to which functions are being accomplished,
• other outdoor lighting needs or benefits which are not now being attained,
• options which can be applied to accomplish various goals and objectives and
their related initial and life-cycle costs.
It will be difficult to assess with any degree of precision exactly how certain lighting system improvements will affect other issues, such as reduced tenant turnover. Nonetheless, certain reasonable assumptions can be made and, accordingly, bottom-line values can and should be applied. This approach gives decision-makers a far better data base on which to make decisions.

And, when all is said and done, it likely will be found that effective lighting developed through a program of lighting management can be one of the single most profitable investments that an owner can make.

Sources
For the astute owner or manager, the very first step in effective outdoor lighting technical management is to obtain more information about lighting and what it can do.


Each sells for just $5 and provides discussion on the benefits of lighting, important issues about the type of facilities and instructions about numerous lighting management options.

A complete directory of NLB publications is available without cost by writing to National Lighting Bureau, 2101 L Street, N.W., Suite 300, Washington, D.C. 20037.

Beauty and security are two lighting effects
Planned lighting can do many things for the landscape. By familiarizing your customers with its many benefits, you may find it can often sell itself. Therefore, if you intend on selling additional lighting to your customers, tell them that lighting:
• makes a building more noticeable to passers-by (some of whom may be prospective tenants, customers or building/project purchaser);
• gives a building a more dramatic appearance without having to invest in any substantial structural or facade changes;
• creates an integrated “wholeness” to the entire project even though it may comprise several buildings of different architectural style;
• generally upgrades the appearance of an entire building or project, making it more appealing to one and all, including the community at large;
• enhances the building's image of being able to provide a safe, secure outdoor environment at night;
• makes it easier for people to find their way at night and quickly identify the proper path to take;
• makes the outdoor parking lot and surrounding areas/walkways more immune from tripping/slipping accidents;
• reduces the likelihood of a tenant or guest being assaulted in the parking lot or other outside areas;
• makes the outdoor parking lot safer in terms of reducing the potential for vehicle-object, vehicle-vehicle, vehicle-pedestrian accidents.
• reduces incidents of vandalism in the parking lot.
• reduces incidents of break-ins to and theft of tenant/guest/customer autos parked outdoors at night;
• reduces incidents of vandalism affecting the building itself (spray paint, broken windows, etc.) and grounds (broken plantings, broken lighting globes, etc.);
• helps reduce the likelihood of building break-ins;
• enhances the ability of passers-by, guards, etc., to spot potential intruders and provide an effective identification to authorities;
• reduces the cost of security patrols around the building and grounds while enhancing their effectiveness;
• lowers exposure to legal liability for problems such as "endangering the safety of an invitee";
• may reduce the cost of liability and other insurances;
• allows you to avoid the uninsurable costs associated with defending a liability action (complying with discovery, responding to interrogatories, attending depositions, being in court, meeting with attorneys, lost productivity and piece of mind, etc.);
• may help you avoid the negative publicity which can flow from assaults and similar incidents on project property or immediately adjacent to it;
• reduces the time required to clear parking lots and roadways from snow and otherwise reduce the cost of snowplowing;
• reduces the frequency and extent of damage caused by the snowplow blade, thus reducing the related costs and inconveniences associated with snowplowing;
• in the case of multi-family residential properties, provides space for a variety of nighttime activities without having to purchase more property or make costly improvements;
• reduces tenant turnover and the associated costs of turnover, such as painting/cleaning, advertising for new tenants, screening prospective new tenants, etc.
• justifies an increase in space rental/lease rates, and or the value of individual spaces or the entire building, due to improved safety/security, better appearance, etc;
• in the case of retail buildings or retail spaces in larger complexes, increases retail sales and, when applicable, increased sales-based rental income, and
• increases the marketability of space (or the entire building) due to improved safety/security, better appearance, reduced tenant turnover, higher rental/lease income, etc.
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Circle No. 143 on Reader Inquiry Card
Landfill crisis may curtail bagging of grass

by William E. Knoop, Ph.D.,
Texas Agricultural Extension Service, Dallas

At least once a week millions of homeowners in the United States set out their garbage for pick up by their local solid waste disposal authority. This garbage, mostly in plastic bags, is usually carried to the sanitary landfill and buried. This process has been going on for years and years seemingly without any significant problems.

There is a significant problem, however, and it has a lot to do with how home lawns are managed.

According to information made available by the Environmental Protection Agency, within the next five to seven years as much as one-third of the nation's landfills may be completely full. By the year 1990, Connecticut may not have any landfill space at all. Illinois may run out by 1993, and new landfill space is not readily available.

Bagging to blame?
The connection between home lawn management and the shrinking landfill space has to do with bagging grass clippings. It's been found that in some of our neighborhoods as much as 50 percent of the solid waste pickup each week is nothing more than grass clippings. In one Texas city of 21,000 homes, during a one-week period in June, it was determined that the citizens placed some 700 tons of grass clippings neatly tied in some 31,000 plastic bags at their curbs for pickup by solid waste disposal.

Bagging grass clippings is primarily a homeowner practice, although some landscape management companies also do it. Anyone familiar with basic turfgrass management principles knows that grass bagging isn't required for the production of high quality turf.

How and where did bagging get started? Many of us grew up with the hand push mower with no bagger and our lawns seemed to get along just fine. Then someone put a catcher on the mower so we didn't have to mow as often and all those unsightly grass clippings that were being left on the lawn were eliminated.

The rotary mower was a natural for bagging. Its under-deck design facilitated the movement of clippings into the bagger. Slowly but surely, bagging grass clippings has become associated with perception of lawn quality. Homeowners generally believe that you must bag your grass clippings in order to have a great lawn.

More frequent mowing
Those familiar with turfgrass management know these statements are not true. After all, how many golf courses bag their clippings? The likely truth is that we've slowly grown a little bit lazy about the way we care for home lawns. Rather than mow them as often as we should, we tend to mow only once a week. That leaves what some consider an unsightly amount of clippings on the lawn. As a result, the mower has evolved from one that had a simple bagging attachment to a machine with a permanent bagging feature. In fact, it's hard to buy a mower today that doesn't bag!

Changes are needed if the trend of filling valuable landfill space with grass clippings is to be reversed. And homeowner education has to be the No. 1 goal of lawn management firms.

Most homeowners have never been taught how to manage a lawn. They have learned by following their parents' example or from watching neighbors. Most neighborhoods have a lawn expert who's more than willing to dispense advice.

Another necessary change has to do with the lawn mower. We need a machine that will, when the lawn is cut only once a week, chop up the clippings fine enough so they will filter down to the soil surface. Key to this mowing concept must be using a reasonable management approach, including a fertility program that stresses the use of slowly soluble nitrogen and reasonably high levels of potassium.

Study changes attitudes
In a pilot educational program in Plano, Texas, many homeowners said grass clippings couldn't be left on the lawn under any circumstances. There was a general belief that these clippings would automatically cause a thatch problem.

Some 20 homeowners agreed not to bag their grass clippings for one year and to follow a prescribed maintenance program. At the end of the year, the overall reaction was that it was far easier to mow the lawn every five days or so than to mow it once a week and mess with the bagger.

The poorer lawns improved and the good ones stayed the same under the program.

Everyone's cooperation is needed if the landscaping industry is to make these changes. We have helped build this bagging monster, and we must take the lead in stemming the flow of grass clippings that unnecessarily clog our shrinking landfill space.

As America runs out of landfill space, the practice of bagging grass clippings needs to be reevaluated.

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Circle No. 280 on Reader Inquiry Card
Tall fescues are showing continued acceptance as a turfgrass species, particularly since the development of the new turf-types. The new cultivars have even finer texture and lower growth habits than their predecessors.

These new, low-growing types, called dwarf-type tall fescues, can easily be classified into four groups: dwarf-types, turf-types, intermediate-types and forage-types. Presently, the term “fine fescues” is used by many producers and users to describe the new turf-types. This terminology is confusing, since fine fescue and fine-leaved fescue have been used to describe creeping red fescue, chewings fescue, and hard fescue species.

**Forage-types**

Forage-type tall fescues include cultivars like Alta, Kenhy and Pastuca. Forage-types have been used as turfs with varying degrees of success, depending on the turf’s requirements. Cultivars in this group are characterized by rapid leaf growth and vertical elongation, coarse texture, light-green appearance and lack of tolerance to low mowing.

Recent studies at Nebraska have demonstrated that cultivars like Pastuca and Kenhy have high water use rates. They also have intermediate rooting depths and high wilting tendency when maintained under turfgrass conditions. Their high water use rates are associated with rapid vertical elongation rates and open canopies.

Forage-type tall fescues are probably most suited for use in roadside or utility turfs.

**Intermediate-types**

Intermediate-type tall fescues like Kentucky-31 or Clemfine generally have characteristics like forage-types. But they tolerate frequent close mowing better than cultivars like Alta or Kenhy.

Kentucky-31 has a rapid vertical elongation rate and an intermediate canopy density. Its high water use rates are comparable to the forage-types. But it tends to have a low wilting tendency and produces a very deep root system under turfgrass conditions.

Intermediate-type tall fescues are most suited for low-maintenance turfs.

**Turf-types**

Turf-type tall fescues include cultivars, such as Rebel, Mustang and Adventure (actually the list of these cultivars is quite long). Turf-types are characterized by: lower leaf elongation rate, slower vertical elongation rate, finer texture, greater canopy density and a darker green color than the forage- or intermediate-types.

These cultivars differ in their water use rates, but generally rank medium to low in water use as a group. They differ in their rooting depths and in their ability to avoid drought symptoms.

Adventure produces a very deep root system, has a very low wilting tendency. It also tends to avoid drought symptoms better than other cultivars tested. Rebel, on the other hand, produces a shallow to intermediate root system, has high wilting tendency and low drought avoidance, but recovers rapidly after periods of drought stress.

The lower water use rate associated with the turf-types is closely associated with slow vertical elongation rates and dense canopies.

Turf-types tend to have high to very high valid tolerance ratings. Their wear tolerance is associated with high verdure density, high shoot density, high load-bearing capacity and high cell wall production.

Turf-types also have a higher thatching tendency than the forage-types. Thatching tendency is closely associated with cell wall production and verdure density.

**Dwarf-types**

Dwarf-type tall fescues are characterized by cultivars, like Monarch, Trailblazer and several experimental lines that are likely to be released soon.

These cultivars have many of the same characteristics of the turf-types, but tend to have even slower vertical elongation rates and finer texture.

Dwarf-type tall fescues are characterized by clipping-yield-to-verdure ratios of less than one. In fact, some dwarf-types produce half the amount of clippings as they do verdure. Since verdure is the green vegetation beneath the mowing height, this characteristic is very desirable to turfgrass managers concerned about reducing mowing but also maintaining desirable turf.

Water use for dwarf-types ranked from medium to low. Their water use rate was closely associated with high verdure density and low vertical elongation rate. Dwarf-types differ in root production and distribution. This difference in root production and distribution is important because shallow, nominal rooting has been associated with dwarf-types in other grass species. Dwarf-type tall fescues had cultivars with root production and distribution as great or greater than some of the intermediate- and turf-types.

Improvements are being made rapidly with turf-type and dwarf-type tall fescues. Turfgrass managers should pay close attention to turfgrass research information developed in their area. This information will allow turfgrass managers to identify cultivars with the best potential for use in their area.

Many of the tall fescues are currently being evaluated in the National Tall Fescue Test. Data from these trials are available through your local researchers and industry representatives. Use all of the available information to determine the best cultivars for your intended use.
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1/89

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LAWN CARE MANAGER: I am looking for a working manager for expansion of my company in the fast growing Washington, D.C. area. Granular seed and aeration format. Full benefits. $25-$30K. Must be aggressive and willing to excel. (301)963-8996. Ask for Mike.

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ATTN: JACK
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AMAGANSETT, NY 11930
(516) 267-3756

January 1989/Landscape Management 109
**LANDSCAPE EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES**

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**IPM Technicians** - We are leaders in the arboriculture industry and are looking for several IPM technicians to work in Westchester County, New York and Connecticut locations. Candidates must have a strong background in tree, insect, and disease identification. Year round employment, liberal winter vacation policy, good salary and benefits including major medical, retirement plan. If interested in joining a rapidly growing, dynamic tree care company, please send your resume to John T. Moran, Alpine Tree Care, Inc., 275 Knollwood Road, White Plains, New York 10607. 1/89

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**FOR SALE**—Established Garden Center and Landscaping business in Upper New Milford. (Both or just Garden Center). Owners retiring. For more information write: P.O. Box #7872, Ann Arbor, MI 48107. 1/89

**FLINT TIPS FOR LAWN CARE**—Video Tapes by the Cooperative Extension Service at Michigan State University and the Michigan Turfgrass Foundation. Excellent for training and educational programs. Can be used by lawn care companies, garden course superintendents and all grounds supervisors. LAWNS EMBRACE, GENERAL LAWN CARE, LAWN GRASSES, FERTILIZATION, WEED CONTROL, LAWN MAINTENANCE and, soon, CALIBRATION. VHS or Beta. $60.00 each or 7 for $375.00. For information call (517)355-0270 or write Michigan Turfgrass Foundation, Box 80071, Lansing, Michigan 48908. 4/89

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- **IPM Technicians**—We are leaders in the arboriculture industry and are looking for several IPM technicians to work in Westchester County, New York and Connecticut locations. Candidates must have a strong background in tree, insect, and disease identification. Year round employment, liberal winter vacation policy, good salary and benefits including major medical, retirement plan. If interested in joining a rapidly growing, dynamic tree care company, please send your resume to John T. Moran, Alpine Tree Care, Inc., 275 Knollwood Road, White Plains, New York 10607. 1/89

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Sanitation, insecticides kill fleas

Problem: How do you destroy fleas? (Fla.)

Solution: To manage flea populations, it is important to learn about their biology and proper identification.

Cat fleas are frequently found in houses and in yards where dust and organic debris accumulate. They can attack dogs, cats, foxes, raccoons and even humans. They may not bite hard, but their irritation is painful.

Fleas are capable of transmitting infectious diseases. Adult fleas are 1/4-inch long, wingless insects with piercing/sucking mouthparts. They are dark reddish-brown with a flat body. They can jump several feet when off the host. Cat fleas undergo complete metamorphosis (egg, larvae, pupae and adult). The females lay four to eight tiny, white oval eggs after each blood meal.

Eggs hatch in about 10 days and the larvae feed on dried blood, bits of feces and other materials. They go through three molts which may take from seven days to several months.

To manage flea problems, thorough sanitation, proper use of insecticides and treatment of the pet(s) by a veterinarian is recommended. Determine the hot spots of fleas in the home by walking wearing white socks. Dark fleas show up easily when they jump from floor to the host. The suspected area, such as floor cracks, furniture, carpet edges and pet sleep area, should be thoroughly vacuumed prior to treatment to remove larvae, pupae and organic debris.

Also, pet hairs should be cleaned and pet bedding should be discarded or washed in hot soapy water.

For indoor treatment, application of insecticides such as malathion (Knox Out 2FM) 1% or propoxur (Baygon) 1% is recommended. Reports also suggest that dust of bendiocarb (Ficam D) 1% and Pyrethrins (Drione) 1% can be effective too. In addition, there are some automatic foggers containing ronnel (Korlan) plus dichlorvos (Vapona) available in canister, which will knock down and kill many adult fleas.

Outdoor areas frequented by pets should be treated with insecticide such as Ficam, Sevin, Dursban, diazinon, malathion, propoxur or silica gel. In addition, pets should be treated by a veterinarian for flea problems.

Check with your local extension personnel for further advice.

Eliminating perennial weeds

Problem: The landscaping division of our company undertakes new lawn establishment in new home developments. Often in these newly-seeded lawns, we find a lot of annual and perennial-type weeds. Although we follow good lawn establishment procedures, a lot of these unsightly perennial grassy weeds appear gradually over time. Our clients think that these weeds are from our seed mixtures.

Can we use Roundup or a fumigation method to kill the weeds prior to establishment? (Pennsylvania)

Solution: Several different factors such as the cultural practices used prior to seeding, the type of seeds used, mulching, post-seeding care, seed germination and seedling establishment can partially contribute to weed establishment in any newly-seeded lawn.

Generally, most soils contain thousands of seeds of several kinds of weeds, which can remain viable in soil for many years. These seeds as well as vegetative parts of certain weeds can present problems whenever soil is disturbed, particularly perennial grassy weeds. Therefore, prior to tilling, grading and seed bed preparation, the first step in soil preparation should be to control persistent weeds. This can be achieved by the use of non-selective herbicides or soil fumigation.

Use of non-selective herbicides such as glyphosate (Roundup) should make the existing vegetation easier to manage. Remember, this product will not have any effect on viable weed seeds in the soil, which may present a potential problem later. Therefore, wait for three to four weeks and repeat applications if desired.

If your objective is to get rid of all viable plant structures, fumigate the seed beds. Before fumigating, prepare the soil for seeding by covering the seed beds with polyethylene (plastic) covers while applying 250 to 300 lbs. of methyl bromide per acre. Keep the plastic cover on beds for 48 hours after fumigation and make sure its edges are firmly secured. Then, before seeding, remove the plastic and let the seed beds air out for 48 hours. Remember that methyl bromide is highly toxic; therefore, follow good safety procedures while fumigating. Read and follow the label specifications.

Besides this method, weed populations can also be minimized to some extent by:

1. using weed-free certified seed with good germination potential;
2. maintaining seed and soil contact when seeding;
3. using good mulch cover to maintain moisture and temperature, protect seeds from erosion and discourage bird feeding;
4. keeping the seeded area moist throughout the germination and establishment period; and
5. if only a few weeds are present, consider using either pre- or post-emergence herbicides to manage these weeds, only after the turfgrass has established. Remove persistent weeds by sanitation (digging where practical) or spot treat with a non-selective herbicide like Roundup. Then reseed these areas.
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