GREEN INDUSTRY NEWS

Seed shortages likely; prices could go up

The pendulum swings both ways. That's what seed producers in the Pacific Northwest are finding out this year as over-production of past years has caught up with the industry and shortages are predicted.

"Two years ago, we were crying in our beer about over-production of Kentucky bluegrass," says Bob Peterson of E.F. Burlingham and Sons, Forest Grove, OR. "Now, the acreage is down, so I would anticipate a tight

situation this year."

Kent Wiley of Pickseed West, Tangent, OR, says that his company is virtually sold out of all its proprietaries. "The worst disaster is in Kentucky bluegrasses," Wiley notes. "Last winter, the ground froze before greenup, and the grass stayed in a burn state. Production is off about two-thirds in the Peluce area south of Spokane. We're figuring all the bluegrasses together will go down from 40 to 30 million pounds."

Adds Mike Robinson of Seed Research, Albany, OR, "Most of the bluegrasses are sold out. And I think the bentgrasses will be very tight for another year, especially since Emerald is out of production now.

"There's also a short supply of perennial ryegrass because the demand is way up. Old crops have been com-



Bill Rose of Turf Seed, Hubbard OR, explains some of the research being conducted by Pure Seed Testing during the company's third annual field day earlier this summer. Nearly 300 people turned out for the event.

pletely sold out in some varieties."

Even though Doyle Jacklin of Jacklin Seed, Post Falls, ID, is expecting a good crop of proprietary bluegrasses, he sees prices going up.

"This hot, dry weather has affected common Kentucky bluegrass," Jacklin says. "Since all our accounts are keyed on the availability of common varieties, proprietaries will also go up in most cases—even though we have a pretty fair crop of proprietary Kentucky bluegrass looking at us."

(Editor's note: WEEDS TREES & TURF will publish its annual Seed Harvest Report in the October issue.)

WATER

Summer rains welcome to Fla. Green Industry

The mid-June arrival of rain was met with open arms by nurserymen, land-scapers, golf course superintendents—just about everyone involved with turf or plantlife along Florida's gulf coast. The beginning of the rains hopefully gives relief from an extended drought and the severe water use restrictions it spawned.

The Florida drought, which began in August 1984, affected more than 3 million people in the 16 counties of the Southwest Florida Water Management District. SFWMD spokesman Bob Bryant cautions, however, "we're not out of the woods yet. What we need is an entire summer of significant rainfall."

Bryant says his district's ground water supply was 15 to 20 inches below normal prior to the coming of rain. "The evaporation and transpiration losses were phenomenal," he tells **WEEDS TREES & TURF**. Record

high temperatures late this spring aggravated the problem.

Although some irrigation was allowed for newly installed sod and landscaping, the watering of established residential lawns was restricted to early mornings just twice weekly. Violators faced fines of \$500

Florida Green Industry spokesmen tell WT&T the drought "hurt business." Says John Blaser, operator of Blaser's Landscape Contractors, Tallevast, FL, "When people can't plant and water, they won't buy plants."

Marvin Gross of Marvin's Garden & Landscape Service, Sarasota, says "the Green Industry just about stopped because of the drought and the restrictions."

Elsewhere, the driest March-May period in 96 years of record keeping took the Tennessee Valley into summer with a 10 inch rainfall deficit.

"There has been no curtailment in use of water so far," says a spokesman for the TVA, "but it could cause us some problems late in the summer."

TREES

Budworms plague trees in Colorado

The Denver Post reports budworms are killing thousands of trees across Colorado in what foresters are calling one of the most severe and prolonged infestations of the century.

The budworms which kill Douglas firs and some spruces by feasting on their needles, infest three million acres and have killed more than 60 percent of the trees in some remote areas of the Front Range, according to the U.S. Forest Service.

Because of monetary considerations, the Forest Service is letting the infestation "run its course." Some unhealthy trees have been removed.

Budworms appear in droves about once a decade. But only twice this century have foresters recorded a budworm infestation lasting longer than five years. The current attack has proved especially troubling because it began in 1974 and doesn't appear to be abating, says the Forest Service.

Foresters believe most of the affected trees will survive.

TURFGRASS

Turfgrass tops billion dollar mark in VA

Almost a half million acres of home lawns help boost Virginia's turfgrass industry over the billion dollar mark, says Dr. Jack Hall, reporting on a recently released survey. Hall is extension agronomist for turf at Virginia Polytechnic Institute.

The survey, initiated in 1982 by the state and federal agriculture departments, indicates 1.1 million home lawns (a 27 percent gain in lawn area since the last survey in 1972) and 826,000 acres of turfgrass in the state. Turfgrass now ranks as the third largest crop acreage in Virginia. The dollar amount of the turfgrass industry doubled in the last decade, claims Hall.

The survey also points out there are 246 golf courses in the state and the cost of maintaining turf, establishing new areas, and purchasing equipment exceeds \$32 million annually, more than triple the total in 1972. Paid labor costs are believed to be responsible for much of that increase.

FERTILIZER

Moderate growth seen for controlled release

A California-based research and consulting firm says the non-agricultural demand for controlled release fertilizers will grow at a maximum rate of 3.5 percent annually until 1988.

That modest prediction is offset somewhat by a higher growth rate (4.5 to 7 percent) in certain segments such as nurseries, sod farms, landscapers, and forestry, says SRI International, Menlo Park, CA.

In 1983, nonagricultural markets such as home lawns and gardens, golf courses and other professional turf, nurseries and landscaping accounted for about 93 percent of the total U.S. demand for manufactured controlled release products and for 87 percent of processed natural organic fertilizer materialssewage sludge, leather tankage, and dried manure.

SRI says controlled release products accounted for 11 percent of the total volume of fertilizer used in nonfarm markets in 1983, processed natural organic materials 16 percent.

For further information contact Thomas C. Gunn, Director, Chemical Economics Handbook Program, SRI, 333 Ravenswood Ave., Menlo Park. CA 94025.

TREES

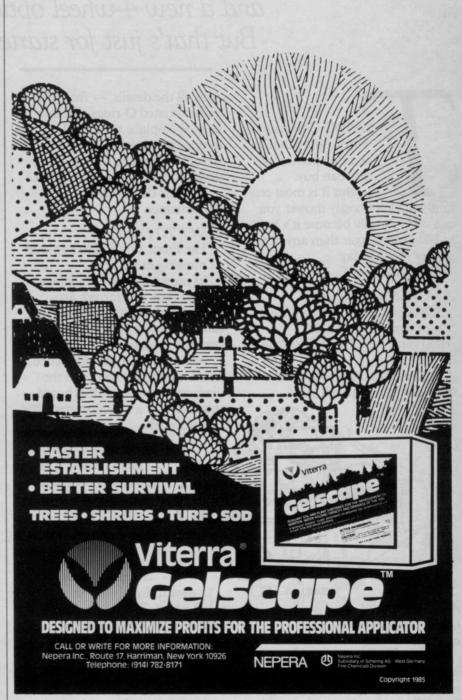
Environmental Care starts tree division

Environmental Care of Calabasas. CA, has created a new Tree Care Division devoted solely to the care of trees on commercial sites.

The new division, Arbor Care, will serve commercial and industrial centers, public facilities, military bases and similar landscape properties in the Los Angeles and Orange County areas of California. Services will be available on a one-time or contract hasis

Bruce K. Wilson, president of Environmental Care, Inc., said a firm's investment in trees can be substantial and proper maintenance is essential.

"Our more than 35 years experience in landscape maintenance and tree growing provides us with special expertise in this important area.'



Circle No. 127 on Reader Inquiry Card

IN-THE-MIDDLE

Weyerhaeuser moves to dominate lawn and garden distribution

The Board of Directors of the Weyerhauser Company has approved the acquisition of the largest U.S. distributor of lawn and garden hard-line products, Garden America's distribution division for an estimated \$125 million. Garden America is the largest distributor of Ortho brand consumer plant care prod-

ucts in the country.

Weyerhauser will add GardenAmerica's 15 Sun Belt distribution sites to its Nursery Products Division which owns Hines Wholesale Nurseries in California and Texas and Wight Nurseries in Georgia. Weverhauser is a joint owner of Shemin Nurseries with locations in Connecticut, Maryland, Georgia, Illinois, Michigan and Florida. The deal includes Shemex International of Holland which exports U.S. horticultural products.

After the acquisition of Garden America's distribution sites, Weverhauser will have growing operations or distribution facilities in 16 states, including 10 of the 11 largest metropolitan areas in the U.S. GardenAmerica's distribution arm serves more than 6,000 retail outlets including independent retail garden centers, home centers, mass merchandisers, drug and

grocery stores.

Robin expands U.S. network

Carswell Import and Marketing Associates, Inc., the sole U.S. importer and marketing agent for Robin Outdoor Power Products of Japan, has added eight new distributors. CIMA now has 27 Robin distributors. Robin products include professional grass trimmers/brush cutters, backpack blowers, sprayers, hedge trimmers, water pumps and engines.

Formulator/distributors vie for new herbicides. PGRs

Some chemical manufacturers are listening to proposals from regional and national distributors for reformulating and marketing their new products. Two primary products are mentioned most, preemergence herbicides and plant growth

regulators. The products are not yet labelled for turf.

The manufacturers, often torn between marketing the products themselves through existing semi/ag sales forces or strong distributors, are leaning more heavily to the distributor. Reformulating ability and marketing skill are of most concern to the manufacturers. Mentioned most often are PBI/Gordon, Scotts, Lesco, United Agri Products, The Andersons, and Lebanon.

You might think these companies could be called manufacturers as well as distributors, and you'd be right. Distributors without reformulating capability and labelling agreements with chemical manufacturers face buying product from their own competitors if the trend continues.

In-the-Middle covers the turf and landscape distributor and dealer. Distributors are invited to send news items to Weeds, Trees & Turf, 7500 Old Oak Blvd., Cleveland, OH 44130.

The new division will operate under Vice President Robert L. Scofield.

Environmental Care, Inc. is a subsidiary of Environmental Industries.

ASSOCIATION

Calif. plantscapers encouraged by start

The election of officers is the next order of business for the new Professional Interior Landscape Association (PIPA) of Southern California.

More than 200 persons attended PIPA's inaugural meeting in mid-May. "Our goal is not to replace the national organizations but to supplement them," says Lydia Paneri, a member of PIPA's ad hoc formation committee. "I think we can be effective in providing seminars and educational programs to all people involved with interior plantscape and not just the owners and operators."

Paneri tells WEEDS TREES & TURF the new association already numbers about 100 members and "is getting a good response from

suppliers.'

INDUSTRY

E-Z-GO strengthens utility vehicle line

Officials at E-Z-GO Division of Textron are knee-deep in the development of a national distribution network for a growing line of industrial vehicles.

This past February the Augusta, GA, based manufacturer of golf cars unveiled a line of industrial vehicles and on June 4 announced the purchase of the assets of Eagle Vehicles, Inc., Dallas, TX, manufacturer of the Pargo Industrial line.

'We now have 19 different style units," E-Z-GO spokesman Bill Manning tells WEEDS TREES & TURF. "We have everything from a one seater to an 11 passenger model. Our acquisition of the Eagle Vehicles was a good mesh, a perfect marriage.'

Manning says the introduction of new models this past winter and the purchase of the Pargo line makes E-Z-GO "one of the leading contenders in the three and four wheel, gas and electric industrial vehicle market."

INDUSTRY

3,500 attend Lesco seminars

More than 3,500 turf professionals attended educational seminars in

SPORTS TURF

by Ron Hall, associate editor

Selling ma and pa first

Selling life insurance used to be a matter of easing ma and pa behind a pot of steaming black coffee at the kitchen table. and laving it on the line.

'Yes, it's going to cost, but you can't afford not to.'

And that's the way better turf athletic fields are going to be soldnose to nose with mom and dad.

Says Tom Turner, an extension turfgrass specialist in Maryland, "we're going to have to create the demand for good fields." He outlines three steps in the process:

1. Educating parents, school boards, and administrators on the desirability and advantages of well maintained fields.

2. Convincing these same groups funds are needed.

3. Educating those directly responsible for and involved in the maintenance of athletic fields on the recommended practices for their location and use.

"At the moment, the first step is the most critical," says Turner. "Those using the fields, parents of children using fields, and those in positions of responsibility who can see that funds are made available, need to be reached and educated on the advantages of quality athletic fields."

In stumping for better turf ball fields we can drone on about decreased soil erosion (yawn) or improved aesthetic appeal (ho hum), but we're not going to put a charge into mom and dad until we get them thinking about junior and sis. That means talking kids and safety.

Thanks to recently released research by a group of Penn State University educators we can back up what we've hinted at for so long: there is a connection between field conditions and injuries.

The study, involving 12 high school football teams, began in 1981 when researchers assessed conditions on practice and game fields and matched them with injury data submitted by team trainers. Of all injuries reported, 21 percent were classified as either definitely or possibly field related. About 41 percent of knee injuries and 47 percent of ankle/foot injuries were (or could have been) linked to field conditions.

We should make use of the efforts of Penn State's Jack Harper, Chauncey Morehouse, Donald Waddington, and William Buckley.

Considering the number of athletic fields (6,000 in Maryland alone), previous research linking field conditions to injuries has been sparse, almost non-existent.

"This type of information needs to reach parents, administrators, and field managers," says Maryland's Turner.

Sports turf managers would do well to get themselves a pot of steaming coffee and gather some folks around a table.

A successful "sell" could give a community or school a more attractive-and safer-ball field.

states sponsored by Lesco, Inc. in the first quarter of 1985.

The seminars, a series of 18 held in conjunction with Stauffer Chemical Co., 10 held with Monsanto and three held with 3M, were designed to educate turf professionals in product use. solutions to spring problems, research and product development.

Gene Probasco, Lesco vice president who coordinated the Lesco/



Stauffer seminars said, "The tremendous attendance at these meetings indicates the eagerness of the turf manager to keep up-to-date on recent developments and to increase his knowledge of products and strategies."

To request a speaker for turfgrass or horticultural meetings, program chairpersons are invited to contact Lesco, 20005 Lake Road, Rocky River, OH 44116.)

PEOPLE

Names in the news

Cynthia E. Wilson knows the Washington D.C. scene, a plus in her new post with the American Society of Landscape Architects. Her credentials include a stint with the Interior Department, staff assistant to former first lady, Mrs. Lyndon B. Johnson, and legislative liaison with the Audubon Society. She serves the ASLA as coordinator of government affairs.

Theresa L. Pesapane, president of Interior Plantscape Association says Alfred Emsig and B.M. Veldkamp III join the IPA as directors. Emsig, Bough Haus, Inc., Medway, MA, takes over in the New England region and Veldkamp, Plantscaping by Veldkamps, Lakewood, CO, is director of the West and Northwest.

In related news, Forrest T. Mullins, Washington, D.C., recently began day-to-day administration of IPA programs as associate executive director. He will also manage the IPA annual meeting and trade show set for Oct. 15-19 at the Rivergate Convention Center, New Orleans.