Four Zoysia Varieties Promise Shade Tolerance, but at a Price

By Mary M. Porter

The name zoysia may not roll off the tongues of many people outside the industry, but those same people may soon be rolling out this new grass for golf courses, parks, and home landscapes, according to Texas A&M turfgrass breeder Dr. Milt Engelke.

The new zoysias will be seen first in parks and on golf courses before they are adapted to existing home lawns. "It's

TABLE 1 CURRENT PRODUCERS OF ZOYSIAGRASSES

"Diamond"			
Producer	State	Contact	Phone Number
Southwest Turf	TX	Terry Jungman	972/474-2821
West Coast Turf	AZ, CA	John Foster	800/447-1840
"Cavalier"			
Producer	State	Contact	Phone Number
Gardner Turfgrass	TX	Sam Peterson	888/221-0422
Horizon Turfgrass	TX	Willy Gavronovic	409/532-8599
Quail Valley Farms	AR, LA, MS, MO, OK, TN	Roger Gravis	800/666-0007
Rod Farms	TX	Glenn Rod	409/543-0121
Triangle Turf Inc.	TX	Buzzy Romine	800/753-5182
Trinity Turf Nursery	TX	Doug O'Connor	800/290-8873
Wharton Turfgrass	TX	Charles Davis	409/532-4340
Wittig Grass Farm	TX	Allan Wittig	409/657-4496
"Palisades"			
Gardner Turfgrass	TX	Sam Peterson	888/221-0422
Horizon Turfgrass	TX	Willy Gavronovic	409/532-8599
Rod Farms	TX	Glenn Rod	409/543-0121
Trinity Turf Nursery	TX	Doug O'Connor	800/290-8873
Wharton Turfgrass	ТХ	Charles Davis	409/532-4340
Wittig Grass Farm	TX	Allan Wittig	409/657-4496
"Crowne"			
Gardner Turfgrass	TX	Sam Peterson	888/221-0422
Horizon Turfgrass	TX	Willy Gavronovic	409/532-8599
Triangle Turf Inc.	ТХ	Buzzy Romine	800/753-5182
Wharton Turfgrass	ТХ	Charles Davis	409/532-4340
Wittig Grass Farm	ТХ	Allan Wittig	409/657-4496

8

TABLE 2 NEW ZOYSIA VARIETIES' CHARACTERISTICS

	Crowne	Cavalier	Diamond	Palisades
Agronomics	coarse textured	fine leaf texture	fine leaf texture	medium-coarse texture
	stolons/rhizomes	high shoot density	high shoot density	uniform density
	excellent establishment	long slender leaves	high rhizome production	stolons/rhizomes
	rapid regrowth	spreads by stolons	rapid recovery	excellent establishment
	highly competitive	recovery from injury	excellent sod strength	rapid regrowth
	against weeds	resistant to pythium blight	early green-up	few seed heads
	low nutritional needs	resistant to tropical sod	good genetic color	low thatch tendency
	traffic tolerant	webworm, fall armyworm,	good fall color retention	tolerates close (1/2-in.) mowing
		tawny mole cricket		vertical growth — less trimming
Environmental	low water use	cold hardy	excellent shade tolerance	low water use
	shade tolerant	good shade tolerance	excellent salt tolerance	shade tolerant
	cold hardy	good salt tolerance	low water requirements	cold hardy
	heat tolerant	moderate/low water use		heat tolerant
	salt tolerant			salt tolerant
Limitations	Rhizoctonia susceptible	tends to thatch	limited winter hardiness,	susceptible to fall armyworm
	tends to scalp	under high fertility,	thatch/scalp tendency,	
	flowers	moderately susceptible	susceptible to tropical	
	produces seed heads	to brown patch,	sod webworm,	
		susceptible to zoysiagrass	susceptible to zoysiagrass	
		mite	mite	
Mowing	1 to 2.5-in.	1.5 to 2.0-in.	from 1/8-in. up	from 0.5 to 2.5-in.
	with rotary mower	with rotary mower		
Uses	industrial parks	golf tee boxes	putting greens	fairways — especially dry areas
	home lawns	fairways	tee boxes	sports fields
	low maintenance areas	home lawns	high-maintenance	industrial parks and
			turf areas	highway medians

expensive to start over with a completely new lawn," says Engelke. "A totally new lawn using zoysia sod would cost three to four times more than common bermuda and twice that of hybrid bermudagrass (Tifway) or St. Augustine. However, the savings in maintenance afterward in reduced water and fertilizer would soon balance out the difference."

He expects these zoysia grasses to become a viable alternative to St. Augustinegrass, noting, "They have good shade tolerance, lower water demands and are cold hardy." Engelke has introduced four varieties of zoysia that have patents pending.

Pressure to perform

"In urban areas, pleasing landscapes are considered a necessity by homeowners and businesses alike," Engelke explained. He noted that as cities grow, the demand on water resources and the need to monitor water supplies as a result of widespread use of chemicals has encouraged researchers to look for solutions in the genetics of plants.

Engelke's research based in Dallas is aimed at finding hardy turfgrasses, especially for southern climates, that demand less fertilizer, pesticides and water.

The development of improved turf

products like the new zoysia varieties are well suited to thrive in the hot Texas sun, in heavy shade, in humid conditions and in arid surroundings, "without the high main-

More than 2,000 acres of zoysia grasses will be under cultivation in Texas by the end of this year. tenance we're used to for common bermudas," said Engelke.

The Cavalier variety of zoysia was rated number one overall in national

field trials and the coarser-textured varieties, Crowne and Palisades, ranked number one and three, respectively, in their class.

Practical applications

"Golf courses, with their high maintenance costs, are anxious to find better turfgrasses. And the volume they manage gives us a great look at how these varieties perform in practical applications," Engelke noted.

"It will be especially useful on golf tees and shaded areas on golf courses where you can't grow bermuda," according to Scott Parker, superintendent of the Dallas Country Club.

"I definitely see it being used for home

lawns because it doesn't require a lot of mowing — it spreads more than it grows vertically. And for golf courses, it recovers quickly from wear. We can take people off for a short time and it bounces back," he said.

Doug O'Connor of Trinity Turf, one of the licensed growers in Pilot Point, TX, added, "We've had a lot of inquiries from golf courses, cemeteries and parks. Our initial results have shown it's a fast grower. It won't completely replace St. Augustine, but it offers a good alternative, especially in cities where St. Augustine has been banned because of drought."

Commercial release

Texas A&M released four zoysias to commercial sod producers in 1996 and 1997. The Texas Sod Producers Association (TSPA) signed licenses on Crowne, Palisades and Cavalier in April 1997.

They, in turn, have sublicensed 10 growers for production across the state. Their license permits them to produce the grasses in Texas under the Texas Department of Agriculture sod certification program. This requires them to protect the genetic integrity of the specific variety, maintain genetic purity and provide the highest quality control possible. That protects it from contamination.

Crowne or Cavalier zoysia have exhibited distinct and stable properties, said Engelke. "For example, some varieties have special drought-resistant properties we don't want to lose, or resistance to certain diseases or insects. That's what the breeding process is all about — breeding good

It will be especially useful on golf tees and shaded areas on golf courses where you can grow bermuda — Parker properties in and bad ones out," he noted. He conducted field trials on the zoysia grasses across the Midwest. "(The zoysias) should be hardy about as far north as Kansas City." All of these vari-

eties are propagated vegetatively, not from seed, so sod producers will not have seed for sale. Engelke predicts more than 2,000 acres of zoysia grasses will be under cultivation in Texas by the end of this year.

— The author is a communications specialist at Texas A&M University in Dallas.