My Aching Back -

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immediately to help prevent permanent damage.

Can Back Pain be Prevented?

Recurring back pain resulting from improper body mechanics or other nontraumatic causes is often preventable. A combination of exercises that don't jolt or strain the back, maintaining correct posture, and lifting objects properly can help prevent injuries.

Many work-related injuries are caused or aggravated by stressors such as heavy lifting, contact stress (repeated or constant contact between soft body tissue and a hard or sharp object, such as resting a wrist against the edge of a hard desk or repeated tasks using a hammering motion), vibration, repetitive motion and awkward posture. Applying ergonomic principles - designing furniture and tools to protect the body from injury - at home and in the workplace can greatly reduce the risk of back injury and help maintain a healthy back. More companies and homebuilders are promoting ergonomically designed tools, products, workstations and living space to reduce the risk of musculoskeletal injury and pain.

The use of wide elastic belts that can be tightened to "pull in" lumbar and abdominal muscles to prevent low back pain remains controversial. A landmark study of the use of lumbar support or abdominal support belts worn by persons who lift or move merchandise found no evidence that the belts reduce back injury or back pain. The two-year study, reported by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) in December 2000, found no statistically significant difference in either the incidence of workers' compensation claims for job-related back injuries or the incidence of self-reported pain among workers who reported they wore back belts daily compared to those workers who reported never using back belts or reported using them only once or twice a month.

Although there have been anecdotal case reports of injury reduction among workers using back belts, many companies that have back belt programs also have training and ergonomic awareness programs. The reported injury reduction may be related to a combination of these or other factors.

Quick Tips to a Healthier Back

Following any period of prolonged inactivity, begin a program of regular lowimpact exercises. Speed walking, swimming or stationary bike riding 30 minutes a day can increase muscle strength and flexibility. Yoga can also help stretch and strengthen muscles and improve posture. Ask your physician or orthopedist for a list of low-impact exercises appropriate for your age and designed to strengthen lower back and abdominal muscles.

- + Always stretch before exercise or other strenuous physical activity.
- + Don't slouch when standing or sitting. When standing, keep your weight balanced on your feet. Your back supports weight most easily when curvature is reduced.
- + At home or work, make sure your work surface is at a comfortable height
- + Sit in a chair with good lumbar support and proper position and height for the task. Keep your shoulders back. Switch sitting positions often and periodically walk around the office or gently stretch muscles to relieve tension. A pillow or rolled-up towel placed behind the small of your back can provide some lumbar support. If you must sit for a long period of time, rest your feet on a low stool or a stack of books.
- + Wear comfortable, low-heeled
- + Sleep on your side to reduce any curve in your spine. Always sleep on a firm surface.
- + Ask for help when transferring an ill or injured family member from a reclining to a sitting position or when moving the patient from a chair to a bed.
- + Don't try to lift objects too heavy for you. Lift with your knees, pull in your stomach muscles, and keep your head down and in line with your straight back. Keep the object close to your body. Do not twist when lifting.
- + Maintain proper nutrition and diet to reduce and prevent excessive weight, especially weight around the waistline that taxes lower back muscles. A diet with sufficient daily intake of calcium, phosphorus and vitamin D helps to promote new bone growth.
- + If you smoke, quit. Smoking reduces blood flow to the lower spine and causes the spinal discs to degenerate.

(Editor's Note: This article was prepared by the Office of Communications and Public Liaison, National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, MD 20892.)

Modifying Truckster Tailgate Simplifies **Depositing Gravel** At Dacotah Ridge

Over time heavy rain events had taken their toll on the bunkers at Dacotah Ridge. The resulting contamination from the sub grade with fines and silt reached a point that the



water would not pass through to the tile very readily, leaving us with water hazards. Have you heard that story before? You've probably been there, done that.

In late fall we went in and removed the sand a couple feet on



each side of the trench then removed the pea gravel and the tile. After the tile was cleaned it was replaced along with the gravel. The staff discussed and came up with an idea for depositing gravel in the trenches. The truckster, with the modified tailgate, would simply drive along and fill in the trench. The tailgate is a 2 x 12 with a 4-inch hole. The flow of gravel is easily monitored by the angle of the dump bed and the pivoting gate located on the outside of the tailgate. This simple modification saved a lot of backs and labor hours. It worked slick. Give it a try if, I mean when you do your next drainage project.

-- Mike Nelson Dacotah Ridge Golf Club.