## electra 72 challenges

Electra 72 has a greater range than any other golf car in the U.S.

## Need proof?

Electra 72 challenges any make to a race around any course in the country.
In fact, it will take on all 12 leading makesat once!
When the others have died somewhere between the 18th and 54th hole, Electra 72 will still be going strong.
Then, with a quick 45 -minute charge stop, it will be back on the green for another 54 to 72 holes while the others will be out of commission for 8 hours.

The secret?
Electra 72 is the only golf car with the tri-polar, lead-cobalt battery that beat all comers at

*4-wheel model also available
**Convertible to 4-passenger personnel carrier the 1971 Intercontinental Clean Air Car Race.
For complete details, contact:


CAROCHE is much lighter than any other three- or four-wheel electric golf car on the market, yet it gives you the safety and stability of a four-wheeler. Our lighter car adds muscle to the batteries and, unless you own a battery company, you simply can't afford a heavy car. Want to save \$762.08 per golf car over a four-year period on replace-
ment batteries and electricity alone? Write us. We'll document it. In addition, we can give you names of northern courses averaging $\$ 2,000$ or southern courses averaging $\$ 2,600$ rental income per CAROCHE per year. How does this compare with the golf car rental income at your course?

We'd like a CAROCHE Demonstration.
NAME $\qquad$
CLUB $\qquad$
ADDRESS $\qquad$
CITY $\qquad$ COUNTY $\qquad$
STATE $\qquad$ ZIP $\qquad$

Limited Number of Dealerships Available... Write for Details.


203 NORTON ST. • P.O. BOX 897 AUGUSTA, GA. 30903 • (404) 798-8687

## Caroche

What a golf car should be.

## Introducing the Dawn to Dusk Battery.

## Willardo

## The amazing new battery for golf cars from Exide and Willard. Delivers $41 \%$ more running time between charges.

No golf car battery made can compare with this revolutionary new power source made only by Exide and Willard. It's rated at 106 minutes of continuous running power, or $41 \%$ more than standard* golf car batteries.

That's enough power to let your golf cars run from sunup to sundown after overnight recharging.

What's more, the new one piece cover and quarter-turn vent caps save battery maintenance and inspection time.

Any way you look at it, Exide's and Willard's exclusive, new polypropylene EV106 battery could mean more money and less aggravation for your course beginning this year.

Call your nearest Exide or Willard distributor before you buy batteries this season. He'll be glad to give you all the specifications on Exide's and Willard's new line of polypropylene batteries for golf cars, including the new EV-88.

If you'd like information on
becoming an Exide or Willard distributor, call Roger Cansler in our Cleveland office at 216-861-7100, collect.

## Exide Willard ${ }^{\circ}$

| A Subsidiary of ESB Incorporated | Box 6949, Cleveland, Ohio 44101
Please send me your free "Battery | Maintenance" manual and wall chart.
Name
Golf Course
| Address.
City $\qquad$
State Zip

# PROFESSIONILS 

made slight gains this year. The largest were made in small purchase items

Pro shop sales made only a slight recovery from the 1970 slump. The national gross dollar volume rose 8.4 per cent from $\$ 201.8$ million in 1970 to $\$ 218.7$ million in 1971 . With only three exceptions, sales in each specific product category showed some improvement.

Among the sales declines, golf balls dropped 4.8 per cent to $\$ 43.4$ million, but remained the unquestionable leader, accounting for almost 20 per cent of total pro shop sales. Sales of woods fell 6 per cent to $\$ 20.2$ million and dropped one notch to fifth place in terms of its contribution to total pro shop sales.

Men's apparel moved up to the fourth spot ( $\$ 25.6$ million) behind women's apparel, irons and golf balls, in that order up the scale. The professional put his best merchandising foot forward in the apparel categories. Along with a 21.9 per cent gain in sales of men's apparel, there was a 20.3 per cent increase in the dollar volume for women's apparel, bringing it to more than $\$ 26$ million. And the golf shoe category, which straddles the apparel and equipment areas, accelerated its growth rate, climbing more than 21 per cent to $\$ 16.1$ million. These figures show that professionals are coming into their own as apparel merchandisers.

The declines in sales of woods and utility clubs were offset by a slight increase in irons and a heftier one in putter sales. Therefore, sales of the four golf club categories combined only dropped slightly, from $\$ 62.7$ million in 1970 to $\$ 62.5$ million in 1971.

In taking a comparative look at equipment sales versus apparel sales, there was evidence of what many professionals concluded in an informal survey last summer: Economic conditions were such that it was not too difficult to move small purchase items, but it was tough to sell major items.

In the golf club categories, lightweight steel shafted clubs took the majority of sales. Over-all, they accounted for 67.5 per cent of the golf club sales in 1971, as compared to 43.8 per cent in 1970. This increase, of course, took a good bite out of sales in the other two major materials categories, particularly aluminum. Aluminum shafted clubs accounted for only 11.5 per cent of 1971 sales versus 34.4 per cent in 1970, and conventional steel accounted for 17.1 per cent of the sales versus 19.2 per cent in 1970.

Professionals' income from golf lessons made a modest gain, but did not approach the 1969 level. Over-all, revenues from golf lessons increased 8.9 per cent in 1971 to $\$ 13.5$ million.

The slight gains in most revenue areas created some upward mobility in professionals' net incomes. For instance, the percentages of those who indicated net incomes of under $\$ 5,000$ dropped from 18 per cent in 1970 to 13.3 per cent in 1971, and those who fell in the $\$ 5,001$ to $\$ 7,500$ bracket dropped from 12.2 per cent to 10.5 per cent. Many of these professionals apparently moved into the $\$ 7,501$ to $\$ 10,000$ range, which claimed 24.4 per cent of the respondents as opposed to 13.7 per cent in 1970.

PROFESSIONALS' TABLES AND GRAPHS

## Professionals' net income

Each course type ................................................. 65
All course types .................................................. 65
Gross pro shop sales
Averages and national totals ............................... 68
National grand totals 1969, 1970, $1971 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$
Income from golf lessons
Average and national totals .................................. 72
National grand totals .......................................... 72
Golf club sales by shaft types ..... 72
Over-all response ..... 73
Income from tournament play ..... 73
Average amount won from tournament play ..... 73
Income from club cleaning and storage
Average and national totals ..... 73
National grand totals ..... 73
Income from driving ranges
Average and national totals ..... 73
National grand totals ..... 73

ESTIMATE OF NET PRO INCOME* (per cent of responses in each course type)

| Salary ranges | Private |  | Semi-private |  | Hotel/Resort |  | Public |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 1970 | 1971 | 1970 | 1971 | 1970 | 1971 | 1970 | 1971 |
| Under $\$ 5,000$ | $13.3 \%$ | $8.7 \%$ | $21.7 \%$ | $15.2 \%$ | $26.1 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $33.3 \%$ | $33.3 \%$ |
| $\$ 5,001-\$ 7,500$ | $11.6 \%$ | $8.7 \%$ | $10.8 \%$ | $12.0 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ | $8.3 \%$ | $33.3 \%$ | $18.5 \%$ |
| $\$ 7,501-\$ 10,000$ | $12.7 \%$ | $21.5 \%$ | $17.5 \%$ | $32.6 \%$ | $4.3 \%$ | $25.0 \%$ | $8.4 \%$ | $14.8 \%$ |
| $\$ 10,001-\$ 12,500$ | $11.6 \%$ | $13.4 \%$ | $15.8 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ | $21.7 \%$ | $12.5 \%$ | $8.4 \%$ | $7.4 \%$ |
| $\$ 12,501-\$ 15,000$ | $19.1 \%$ | $15.1 \%$ | $12.5 \%$ | $7.6 \%$ | $17.5 \%$ | $8.3 \%$ | $-\cdots$ | $7.4 \%$ |
| $\$ 15,001-\$ 20,000$ | $17.9 \%$ | $16.9 \%$ | $10.0 \%$ | $10.9 \%$ | $4.3 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $16.6 \%$ | $11.1 \%$ |
| $\$ 20,001-\$ 25,000$ | $5.8 \%$ | $11.0 \%$ | $4.2 \%$ | $5.4 \%$ | $4.3 \%$ | $8.3 \%$ | $-\cdots$ | $3.7 \%$ |
| $\$ 25,000$ plus | $8.0 \%$ | $4.7 \%$ | $7.5 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ | $8.8 \%$ | $4.2 \%$ | $-\cdots$ | $3.7 \%$ |

*After cost, payroll and other operational expenses * No response in these categories

## PRO NET INCOME (per cent of response, all course types combined)



Notes: This golf professional study does not include non-regulation facilities (par-three, executive, etc.) because the number of such facilities with complete pro shop operations, handling all categories of merchandise and carrying out all functions covered here, are few. Therefore, when the article refers to pro shops at United States golf facilities, it should be understood that we mean pro shops at regulation golf facilities only.

The term golf facility refers to an entire golf establishment. Therefore, a club with two or more courses is considered to be one golf facility, because the courses are under the same management and share the same pro shop, clubhouse and other
club facilities.
Not all regulation golf facilities have pro shops. Based on its own figures and those of the major golf equipment manufacturers, GOLFDOM estimates that there are more than 8,200 pro shops at regulation golf facilities. This figure, for purposes of giving national totals, has been broken down by type of course as follows: private club pro shops; semi-private club pro shops; hotel/resort course pro shops, and public course pro shops.

For purposes of the survey, GOLFDOM has defined semi-private as a private, daily fee facility; hotel/resort as a facility owned and operated by a hotel or resort, and public as a municipal course or
any other facility that does not represent private interests.
In some cases averages for 1970 and 1971 are the same, but national projections are different. This is indicative of the growth in the number of golf facilities.
Figures in the miltions have been rounded to the nearest hundred thousand dollars; figures in the thousands have been rounded to the nearest hundred dollars, and figures in the hundreds have been rounded to the nearest ten dollars. Therefore, rounded national totals, when added, may not precisely agree with the national grand totals, because these are the sums of the unrounded figures.
(Continued on page 68)


## Why buy a matched set?

For better performance, of course.

That is exactly what we had in mind when we designed a golf car charger to match our powerful Power Breed Electric Vehicle batteries. And being battery makers first, we matched our charger to the batteries' needs, not vice-versa.

For instance, a battery's age
and temperature make certain demands on a charger. A factor we've considered with our unique limited finish current charger design. (Be glad to tell you more if you'll write.) Our controlled overcharge feature prevents excessive water consumption, yet always insures fully charged batteries. Wide ranges of temperature variations offer no problem because

HI-TORQUEE INTERCELL CONNECTORS Shorten power path 35\% REDUCE RESISTANCE $65 \%$.
is


CHARGER ASSURES MAXIMUM
BATTERY PERFORMANCE AND RELIABILITY; LONGER LIFE; LOWER MAINTENANCE.


QUARTER TURN SPRAY LOK VENT CAPS SPEED SERVICING - REDUCE ACID SPRAY.


SIMPLE OPERATOR INTERFACE. ON-OFF CONTROL. AC INDICATOR LIGHT.


MOST ADVANCED, AUTOMATED
PRODUCTION/TESTING LINE FOR PLASTIC BATTERIES IN THE INDUSTRY.

## - GOULD

of the designed-in temperature compensation feature. The simple on/ off control starts the recharge cycle between rounds, and automatically maintains a full battery charge during storage periods, eliminating damaging battery sulfation.

We built the Power Breed Electric Vehicle battery to be the powerful endurance type battery modern
golf car use and abuse demands. Now, we offer the charger to match. Wouldn't it make sense to know what this matched set can do for you in terms of better, longer-lasting performance and reduced maintenance? Write GOULD INC., Sales Department, Automotive Battery Division, Post Office Box 3140, St. Paul, Minnesota 55165.

GROSS PRO SHOP SALES

|  | Irons |  | Woods |  | Putters |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of course | Average per facility | National totals | Average per facility | National totals | Average per facility | National totals |


| 1969 | \$5,700 | \$18.3 million | \$4,000 | \$12.8 million | \$930 | \$3 million |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1970 | \$4,900 | \$16.7 million | \$3,300 | \$11.1 million | \$650 | \$2.2 million |
| 1971 | \$4,100 | \$14.7 million | \$2,800 | \$9.9 million | \$750 | \$2.6 million |
| Semi-private |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1969 | \$3,700 | \$8.9 million | \$3,300 | \$7.9 million | \$810 | \$1.9 million |
| 1970 | \$3,600 | \$8.8 million | \$2,000 | \$4.9 million | \$500 | \$1.2 million |
| 1971 | \$4,600 | \$11.9 million | \$2,400 | \$6.2 million | \$690 | \$1.8 million |
| Hotel/Resort |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1969 | \$2,100 | \$851,000 | \$2,700 | \$1.1 million | \$340 | \$134,800 |
| 1970 | \$1,800 | \$732,800 | \$1,200 | \$461,600 | \$530 | \$213,200 |
| 1971 | \$1,900 | \$796,600 | \$1,100 | \$446,900 | \$690 | \$282,900 |
| Public |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1969 | \$4,600 | \$7.7 million | \$2,500 | \$4.2 million | \$710 | \$1.2 million |
| 1970 | \$4,100 | \$6.9 million | \$2,900 | \$5 million | \$590 | \$1 million |
| 1971 | \$3,800 | \$6.6 million | \$2,100 | \$3.7 million | \$510 | \$887,300 |
|  | Golf shoes |  | Men's apparel |  | Women's apparel |  |
| Type of course | Average per facility | National totals | Average per facility | National totals | Average per facility | National totals |

Private

| 1969 | $\$ 2,600$ | $\$ 8.4$ million | $\$ 4,800$ | $\$ 15.4$ million | $\$ 5,600$ | $\$ 17.9$ million |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1970 | $\$ 1,900$ | $\$ 6.4$ million | $\$ 4,000$ | $\$ 13.6$ million | $\$ 4,000$ | $\$ 13.6$ million |
| 1971 | $\$ 2,100$ | $\$ 7.5$ million | $\$ 4,500$ | $\$ 15.6$ million | $\$ 4,000$ | $\$ 14$ million |

Semi-private

| 1969 | $\$ 4,700$ | $\$ 11.4$ million | $\$ 4,900$ | $\$ 11.7$ million | $\$ 2,600$ | $\$ 6.1$ million |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1970 | $\$ 1,100$ | $\$ 2.6$ million | $\$ 1,600$ | $\$ 4$ million | $\$ 2,000$ | $\$ 4.8$ million |
| 1971 | $\$ 2,400$ | $\$ 6.2$ million | $\$ 2,000$ | $\$ 5.2$ million | $\$ 2,800$ | $\$ 7.2$ million |
| Hotel/Resort |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1969 | $\$ 2,700$ | $\$ 1.1$ million | $\$ 5,400$ | $\$ 2.1$ million | $\$ 3,700$ | $\$ 1.5$ million |
| 1970 | $\$ 1,300$ | $\$ 509,200$ | $\$ 5,900$ | $\$ 2.4$ million | $\$ 6,700$ | $\$ 2.7$ million |
| 1971 | $\$ 1,400$ | $\$ 560,500$ | $\$ 7,300$ | $\$ 3$ million | $\$ 8,100$ | $\$ 3.3$ million |

## Public

| 1969 | $\$ 980$ | $\$ 1.6$ million | $\$ 910$ | $\$ 1.5$ million | $\$ 520$ | $\$ 870,700$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1970 | $\$ 2,200$ | $\$ 3.8$ million | $\$ 610$ | $\$ 1$ million | $\$ 320$ | $\$ 536,300$ |
| 1971 | $\$ 1,100$ | $\$ 1.8$ million | $\$ 1,100$ | $\$ 1.8$ million | $\$ 890$ | $\$ 1.5$ million |

Utility clubs
Bags
Headcovers
Golf balls

| Average per facility | National totals | Average per facility | National totals | Average per facility | National totals | Average per facility | National totals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$680 | \$2.2 million | \$2,300 | \$7.5 million | \$430 | \$1.4 million | \$6,800 | \$22.1 million |
| \$470 | \$1.6 million | \$1,500 | \$5 million | \$360 | \$1.2 million | \$6,500 | \$22.2 million |
| \$360 | \$1.3 million | \$1,600 | \$5.7 million | \$410 | \$1.4 million | \$5,500 | \$19.1 million |
| \$710 | \$1.7 million | \$1,900 | \$4.6 million | \$580 | \$1.4 million | \$6,000 | \$14.4 million |
| \$330 | \$808,300 | \$1,000 | \$2.6 million | \$210 | \$517,300 | \$4,600 | \$11.4 million |
| \$400 | \$1 million | \$1,200 | \$3 million | \$260 | \$673,100 | \$5,500 | \$14.2 million |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$210 | \$85,600 | \$550 | \$221,200 | \$220 | \$86,000 | \$3,800 | \$1.5 million |
| \$190 | \$74,000 | \$600 | \$241,600 | \$160 | \$65,600 | \$7,700 | \$3.1 million |
| \$280 | \$114,800 | \$610 | \$250,100 | \$180 | \$73,800 | \$5,800 | \$2.4 million |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| + \$220 | \$363,600 | \$1,100 | \$1.8 million | \$220 | \$358,600 | \$4,600 | \$7.7 million |
| \$490 | \$823,000 | \$1,000 | \$1.8 million | \$260 | \$448,000 | \$5,200 | \$8.9 million |
| \$360. | \$620,400 | \$1,200 | \$2 million | \$320 | \$549,400 | \$4,500 | \$7.7 million |

Golf gloves
verage per
facility

National totals

Novelties \& Gadgets

| Average per <br> facility | National <br> totals |
| :---: | :---: |

## Other

| Average per <br> facility | National <br> totals |
| :---: | :---: |


| \$1,500 | \$4.8 million | \$1,400 | \$4.5 million | \$2,300 | \$7.4 million |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$1,600 | \$5.5 million | \$600 | \$2 million | \$2,300 | \$7.7 million |
| \$1,600 | \$5.7 million | \$570 | \$2 million | \$3,500 | \$12.3 million |
| \$940. | \$2.3 million | \$1,900 | \$4.5 million | \$660 | \$1.6 million |
| - \$1,100 | \$2.8 million | \$300 | \$746,100 | \$860 | \$2.1 million |
| \$1,300 | \$3.5 million | \$420 | \$1.1 million | \$700 | \$1.8 million |
| \$2,300 | \$914,000 | \$1,100 | \$444,400 | \$4,000 | \$1.6 million |
| + \$1,800 | \$731,600 | \$320 | \$126,400 | \$610 | \$243,200 |
| \$1,400 | \$581,400 | \$380 | \$155,800 | \$610 | \$250,500 |
| \$1,000 | \$1.7 million | \$540 | \$894,000 | \$490 | \$815,700 |
| h. $\$ 1,400$ | \$2.4 million | \$300 | \$500,600 | \$480 | \$806,100 |
| - \$1,200 | \$2.1 million | \$420 | \$727,900 | \$690 | \$1.2 million |

# GROSS PRO SHOP SALES 1969 NATIONAL GRAND TOTALS 



## GROSS PRO SHOP SALES 1970 NATIONAL GRAND TOTALS


*Sales of the four golf club categories totaled $\$ 62.7$ million and constituted $31.7 \%$ of total pro shop sales.

## GROSS PRO SHOP SALES 1971 NATIONAL GRAND TOTALS

$$
100 \%=218.7 \text { million (up } 8.4 \% \text { from 1970) }
$$



