packed in convenient 100 lb. sacks that can be stored almost any place without deterioration. It is not harmful to the hands or animal life.

One big advantage of this material is that it can be applied any time with good results. It is regarded by many, however, as being best applied in the fall so winter rains, freezes and thaws can aid it in getting down into the soil, ready to feed the roots of the grass and produce luxuriant, sturdy growth early in the spring.

Being non-acidulated, it does not rapidly dissolve and leach away but remains in the soil, increasing fertility for years

to come.

Iowa Greensmen Favor Bluegrass at July Meeting

PORTY-FIVE greenkeepers attended the July meeting of the Iowa Greenkeepers Assn. held at Sioux City. Hosts were those two genial fellows, Mike Shearman at the Sioux City G&CC, and Bill Adams at the Sioux City Boat Club. The group made an inspection of Mike Shearman's layout in the morning, had lunch there, then visited the S. C. Boat Club in the afternoon.

At the noon luncheon one of the interesting points was the fact that research and observational data indicate that none of the native grasses will stand close mowing or grazing as well as Kentucky bluegrass. Some of the Iowa greenkeepers have had hopes that there might be a native grass more resistant to drought conditions than the bluegrass, but it was indicated that the chances of securing such a native grass are slight.

Bill Adams had his Boat Club course in tip-top shape for the minute inspection it underwent from the greensmen. The strains of Washington bent there made an interesting study. The three are definitely different in color and texture, and Adams said that one of them goes off color in the fall. He has placed the three strains, plus Virginia, Metropolitan, and Old Orchard, in a pie-shaped plot in his nursery, and indicated that his players were intensely interested in it. Here is a hint for other greenkeepers—why not have a test plot or green for your golfers to see? It will make them more grass conscious.

August meeting of the group was held August 13 at the Davenport G&CC. Tom Cunningham was host greenkeeper.

S. W. Edgecombe.

TIMELY TURF TIPS

SPECIAL WEED CONTROL MIXTURE

If you have a weed or clover problem on fairways, there is still time to use Milorganite-Arsenite mixture. With it you can eliminate chickweed, clover, and the common broad-leaved weeds such as plantain, buckhorn and dandelion without destroying the desirable grasses.

The mixture is applied at 400 lbs, per acre each time. In experimental trials during the past two years, two or three applications wiped out chickweed and clover but three to four were needed for plantain, buckhorn and dandelion.

Besides killing weeds, Milorganite-Arsenite mixture stimulates growth of turf. Thus it induces grass to spread and fill the voids left by the weeds.

Milorganite-Arsenite mixture is reasonably priced, so the cost per acre is surprisingly low. If weed infestation is limited to one or several fairways, enough of the mixture can be included with a carload of Milorganite to take advantage of lower cost and carload freight.

Only a limited quantity of Milorganite-Arsenite mixture is available this fall. Contact your local Milorganite distributor immediately for further information or write direct to

THE SEWERAGE COMMISSION
Milwaukee Wisconsin

MILORGANITE for BETTER TURF