

Clubhouse of the Trumbull Country Club

Warren, O., Averages Course Costs for Five Years

WARREN, O., shows interesting fiveyear averages of course maintenance costs in a statement supplied by T. G. Dunham, business manager of the Golf Land Company, which operates the Trumbull C. C. at Warren.

Of this statement, Mr. Dunham says:

"The following figures represent the average expenditure per year for a period of six years of the Trumbull C. C. course, which is a full 18-hole course and also includes a 19th green for putting practice and a 19th fairway for practice. These accounts have been kept in a similar manner for the years ending September 30, 1924, 1925, 1926, 1927, 1928 and 1929, so that they give a pretty accurate statement for cost of an average golf course in this section.

"Our golf course is rolling and has one lake hole and hazards in way of ditches and traps around the greens. We have never paid over 50c an hour for common labor, and the items include all charges for labor put on that particular work. The items explain themselves with an exception perhaps of "Golf Course Improvements," which means new work such as building tees, traps, etc., "Golf Course General," which means work on the course or around the property not really golf course construction or upkeep.

Year	rage per r 1924 to 929 Incl.
Seeds and fertilizers\$	733.62
Golf course improvements	612.39
Compost	711.08
Golf course general	709.10
Greens	3,723.33
Fairways	1,111.93

Rough	. 491.12
Tees	. 318.18
Repairs machinery	. 197.99
Tractor and mower parts	. 435.73
Gas and oil	. 542.93
Road account	. 133.63
Water system	
Tennis courts	. 105.33
Greenkeeper	. 1,956.66
	\$11,834.87
Tools and machinery	
Total	.\$12,690.20

Volume Brings Profits to Hoosier Club

How volume shows the way to profit in a golf club house operation is brought to light in the figures of the Tippecanoe Lake C. C. (Ind.). The club has been paying special attention to making the clubhouse a popular place of entertainment, as well as a first class food service establishment. Particularly in the 1927 deficit was the expense of this work of expanding the facilities noticeable.

In the following figures, note the reducing proportion of disbursements to receipts over the period of four years, with the exception of 1927, which was heavy in capital expenditure.

1926—	
Receipts	\$ 9,286.29
Disbursements	
Receipts	\$12,983.75
Disbursements	19,416.81
Receipts	

1929-