# What's the Event for Next Week? 

By JACK FULTON, JR.


#### Abstract

ABOUT this time every year the sports and pastimes committees of the clubs throughout the country are busily at work planning their schedules of golf events for the coming season. There are certain standard events that will appear in all these schedules, but the committees are always on the lookout for a little variety through the year and welcome knowledge of events that are a trifle different from the usual run.

Below, in the briefest possible form, will be found a classification of golf events suitable for an annual program.


## ONE-DAY EVENTS

## Individual Play

(A) - Medal play (generally full handicap). On 18 holes; on odd numbered holes; on even numbered holes; on even holes first-9; odd holes second-9; on 3-par holes: on 4-par holes.
(B)-Match play vs. par ( $3 / 4 /$ handicap or full handicap). On full 18 -holes; on odd holes; on even holes; on even holes first-9, odid holes second-9, or vice versa; on 3-par holes; on 4-par holes.
(C)-Blind bogey event. Players est1mate their own net scores before leaving first tee. Player closest to "blind" bogey igure selected by committee is winner.
(D)-Kickers' tournament. Contestants may re-play one shot on each hole, putts -xcepted.
(E)-One-club event. Players carry only one club (a midiron, mashle, or the like) and must use it for all shots on the round.
(F)-Tombstone event (sometimes known as a flag event). Each player is siven a small marker at the first tee and continues to play until he has taken as many strokes as the par of the course, plus his handicap. The player leaves his marker wherever his ball lies after this last stroke and the contestant going the farthest around the course is the winner.
(G)-Fewest putts. On this event shots from outside the clipped surface of the putting greens are not considered putts.
(H)-Most ${ }^{\prime}$ 's, 4's or 5's on the round.
(I)-Sweepstakes. Players entering the event sign up for one golf ball each. Player with best score takes three-quarters of the balis. Player with second best score takes talance.

## Twosome Play

Many of the events listed above, under Individual Play, will apply equally well to twosomes and therefore will not be listed here. In addition there are the following special events for twosomes:
(A)-Choice score. On 18 holes, odd numbered holes, even numbered holes, or bilind holes (generally half the holes of the course, but unknown to the players). In a twosome best-ball contest the score of the player taking the fewer shots, handicap considered, on a given hole, is used.
(B)-More interesting twosome events are where one ball is used, the two players stroking alternately. In such one-ball cvents all of the contests listed under Individual Play may be used. The pairings for twosome play may be limited by special requirements, Among the more common combinations are father and son, pro and amateur, husband and wife, member and caddie. This last event is particularly recommended to clubs interested in fostering the good-will of their caddles. In such an event the caddie plays alternately with the member, the two of them using the same ball. A spirit of friendliness and co-operation cannot be more easily secured.

## Foursome Play

Foursomes can compete, one against another, in a number of the events listed above for individual play and twosome glay. An interesting variation is known as the Monkey Foursome. In this event each member of the foursome carries only a single club. One ball is played. Each member of the foursome, in rotation, plays the ball from wherever it happens to lie, and with whatever club he has chosen to
carry with him on the round. Thus a player may be forced to putt with a mashie or drive with a putter. The four clubs generally carried are brassie, midiron, mashie and putter.

## Larger Groups

Team matches of any number of players are always interesting competitions. These matches may be against teams from other ciubs or may be one end of the locker room against the other. Frequently the doctors and dentists in a club challenge the laymen to a team competition. Other combinations will readily suggest themselves.

## Special One-Day Galf Events

(A)-Driving contests. Each contestant drives three balls from the same tee. A ball stopping in the rough is not counted. The distance of the other balls is added together and the contestant with the greatest yardage wins.
(B)-Target contest. This event is the test of players' approaching ability. A green is marked as a target with rings 5 , 15,25 and 35 feet from the cup. Each contestant approaches four balls from each of the following distances: $50,75,100,150$ and 200 feet. The idea is to make the balls drop within the circles drawn on the greens; where the ball stops rolling is immaterial. The event is scored: five points for each ball within the 5 -foot circle, three points for each ball within the 15 -foot circle, two points within the 25 -foot circle, and one point within the 35 -foot circle.
(C)-Approaching and putting event. Contentants approach a green from three or four designated spots and putt each ball out. The player with the fewest number of strokes wins.

## EVENTS REQUIRING TWO OR MORE ROUNDS

(A)-Match play events. Under this head fall such tournaments as the club championship, the "southpaw" (or lefthanders) championship, the funior championship, the women's championship and the caddie championship. In addition many clubs hold what are known as ciass tournaments, wherein the playing members are divided into classes, according to handicap and regular match play events are then Ilayed within each class.
(B)-Choice score for the year. Whenever a player negotiates a hole in fewer strokes than before that season, he draws a ring around the new figure on the score card and hands the card in to the tourna-
ment committee who post the new figure on a permanent chart. The player who has the lowest total score at the end of the season is the winner.
(C)-Round robin. Each player plays every other player once at match play. The contestant with the highest percentage of wins is the victor.
(D)-Ladder event. In this event the contestants are listed on a score sheet, one under the other, by lot. Any contestant is entitled to challenge the man listed above lim to a match. If he wins, his name is posted above the name of the man he defeated. Thus the players, as they play their matches, are constantly shifting up and down as though on the rungs of a ladder, whence the name for the event. At the end of the season the player whose name is at the top of the "ladder" is the winner.
(E) - Two-man team event. The best 16 players in the club are paired so that their total handicap is approximately equal. This is done by the tournament committee, generally near the end of the season. These teams are then arranged as for a regular match play event and points are scored as in a Scotch foursome (one point for low ball, one point for total strokes on each (:ole). The winners are the two-man team champions of the club.

There are many variations of the above events, but we feel that this list is fairly complete, GoLrDom will, however, welcome a description of other events found interesting.

## ANNUAL STATEMENTS WANTED

Will you please send GOLFDOM a copy of your club's latest annual statement?

We are preparing some interesting statistical information from golf club annual statements and are hopeful that the results will provide some valuable comparative data.

Thank you for favoring us.
HERB GRAFFIS,
Editor.
GOLFDOM
236 N. Clark St.,
CHICAGO

