

# BRIEFS



## IN HIS GRIP CO-AUTHOR

### SPEAKING AT PRAYER BREAKFAST

NEW ORLEANS — Dr. Jim Sheard, co-author of *In His Grip* and *Playing the Game*, will speak at the annual Prayer Breakfast at the International Golf Course Conference and Show here at 7 a.m. Sunday, Feb. 20. Sheard, who wrote the books with former PGA Tour player Wally Armstrong, has written a third book, *A Champion's Heart*, which identifies the essential character qualities for success in life and sport. A former senior vice president for human resources and president with Federated Insurance Cos., and a former executive vice president with Personnel Decisions International, Sheard is co-founder of In His Grip Resources, headquartered in Owatonna, Minn.

### LAKE CITY STUDENTS FIRST IN IA

ORLANDO, Fla. — Steven King, irrigation instructor at Lake City Community College, and students recently attended the 20th Annual Irrigation Association Conference & Show here.

The LCCC students and King were recognized as the first student chapter in the United States of the

Irrigation Association. The newly formed Irrigation Association student chapter at LCCC recently elected officers for the 1999-2000 school year, including President Todd McMahon. He is joined by Vice President Rick Helbling, Treasurer Mike Mcvickers, and Secretary Richard Adams.

### TURF SCHOLARSHIP AWARDED

Brian Lentz of the Central Florida Golf Course Superintendents Association has presented Ricky Craig of Center Hill, Fla., with a \$1,500 Danny Burgess Memorial Scholarship at a ceremony at Windermere CC. Craig will attend the Golf Course Operations program at Lake City Community College to pursue a career in golf turf management.

Craig worked last year at Disney's Magnolia and Palm courses and was nominated for the scholarship by Disney superintendent Scott Welder. Each year the Central Florida Superintendents Chapter holds the Danny Burgess Memorial Tournament at Windermere CC in memory of that club's former superintendent who died in 1994.

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# Scientists: Threats of drought loom in future

By GARY BURCHFIELD

COLUMBIA, Mo. — Golf course superintendents not prepared for drought may want to institute a long-range management plan that includes the possibility of extended dry weather.

Climate models developed by researchers at the University of Missouri, Columbia, indicate a good probability of extremely dry conditions in the next four or five years, especially in the country's mid-section.

The past four years already have seen major droughts across Texas, Oklahoma and the Southern plains, much of the eastern Corn Belt and along the Eastern seaboard. Southwestern states suffered drought effects in 1996, 1998 and into 1999. Forest fires ravaged parts of Florida in 1997.

Across South Carolina, 1999 rainfall

## U.S. Drought Monitor



was 16 to 20 inches below normal. Farmers in several areas have suffered major crop losses. Lawns and golf courses have seen their share of stress in several regions. Now, forecasters are predicting a high probability of more dry weather ahead.

The Missouri scientists studied precipi-

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## Drought-proofing a golf course

As the old saying goes, "You can't control the weather. But you can be prepared for the possibilities."

Here are some tips to counteract drought effects, or at least lessen their impact on a golf course.

✓ Long-range, consider finding an effluent water source for irrigation. According to Roch Gaussoin, Extension turfgrass specialist at the University of Nebraska, using wastewater to irrigate a golf course usually means the course will not have

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## \$2 MILLION IN PROJECTS FUNDED

# USGA's new financing eyes owls to turfgrasses

By MARK LESLIE

FAR HILLS, N.J. — The United States Golf Association (USGA) has continued its 17-year-old financial commitment to scientific research, to the point where it has "maxed out" its manpower resources.

The USGA Green Section Research Committee has doled out another \$848,763 for 17 new turfgrass and environmental research projects. Combined with some 72 other continuing projects, the donations total \$1,998,241 in 2000.

In the meantime, Director of Research Dr. Michael Kenna said: "Our commitment to research is not a problem. If this [research] committee wanted to go after

more funding, we could probably get it. But I personally have reached a point where we can't add any projects."

The problem is finding the manpower and time to oversee the research and process the findings.

"We get 900 pages of research reports," Kenna said from his office in Stillwater, Okla. "When I came aboard in 1990 we had 23 projects, compared to 89 now."

That number took a leap when the USGA Green Section added an environmental focus. Several years ago, it began its support of the Audubon Cooperative Sanctuary Sys-



tem and created Wildlife Links, which deals with wildlife habitat issues regarding species that live on and are affected by golf courses.

The mostly highly funded new projects each obtained approximately \$75,000. They are:

- Development of gray leaf spot-resistant perennial ryegrass through breeding and biotechnological approaches, by Mark Faman at the University of Kentucky.

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# Pellreene: Canada's best likes the old, loves the new

By PETER BLAIS

VANCOUVER, British Columbia, Canada — He's built new courses that went on to host Canadian championships. He's refurbished classics that legends A.W. Tillinghast and Stanley Thompson would still be proud to call their own.

Whether it be ringing in the new or restoring the old, Canadian Superintendent of the Year Dennis Pellreene (as recognized by the Canadian Golf Superintendents Association) is the man for the job.

"New construction is always exciting because there are so many things that come up that you have to solve," Pellreene said. "But being involved with an old course is exciting, too."

Pellreene started his career in 1960 on a nine-hole, oiled-sand greens course in Camrose, Alberta. He converted the greens to turfgrass and was named greenkeeper during his four-year tenure.

He moved east with stops at St. Catharines Golf & Country Club and Erie Downs Golf Club in Fort Erie, Ontario, before Reg Acomb, general manager at Toronto's Glen Abbey Golf Club, approached him about building the Jack Nicklaus-designed course that eventually became the home of the Canadian Open. Glen Abbey opened in 1976 and held the first of four Opens under Pellreene's watch in 1977.

The two people Pellreene said had the greatest effect on his professional development entered his life during his Glen Abbey years — Ed Etchells and Jack Eggens.

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Dennis Pellreene at Capilano Golf & Country Club near Vancouver.



# USGA RESEARCH, ENVIRONMENT & EDUCATION GRANT SUMMARY FOR 2000

Project Area	Number	Funding	
		Grant	% Total
Integrated Turf Man.	17	406,411	20.3%
Germplasm Enhancement	22	522,837	26.2%
Course Construction	14	218,227	10.9%
Environmental Impact	14	305,966	15.3%
Sustainable Landuse	1	10,000	0.5%
Wildlife Links	8	182,800	9.1%
Audubon Coop. Sanctuary	1	100,000	5.0%
Education	2	25,000	1.3%
Turfgrass Information Center	1	200,000	10.0%
Green Section Regional Projects	9	27,000	1.4%
Total	89	1,998,241	100.0%

## NEW USGA TURFGRASS AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH PROJECTS FOR 2000

Title	Research Institution	Principal Investor	Years	Total
<b>Integrated Turfgrass Management</b>				
Biological Control of White Grubs on Golf Courses by Native Parasitic Wasps	UKentucky	Daniel Potter	2	42,950
Identification and Metabolic Diversity of Rhizobacteria from Bent & Bermuda Greens	Clemson U.	Horace Skipper	2	34,800
Establishment & Management of Seeded Bermudagrass in the Transition Zone	UArkansas	Michael Richardson	3	43,007
Relationship of Environment, Management, and Physiology to Bermudagrass Decline	Texas A&M	Richard White	3	74,984
Integrating Biologically Based Strategies for Turfgrass Pest Management (Phase II)	UGeorgia	S. Kristine Braman	3	37,671
				<b>233,412</b>
<b>Turfgrass Germplasm Enhancement</b>				
Development of Gray Leaf Spot Resistant Perennial Ryegrass through Breeding and Biotechnological Approaches	UKentucky	Mark Farman	3	75,000
Identification of Creeping Bentgrass ( <i>Agrostis palustris</i> Huds.) Cultivars Using Simple Sequence Repeats (SSRs)	Rutgers/Cook	William Meyer	2	49,880
				<b>124,880</b>
<b>Course Construction Practices</b>				
Effect of Root-zone Material and Depth on Moisture Retention Problems in USGA Greens	Michigan St.	Bernd Leinauer	3	75,000
Using Cubical Triaxial Testing for Determining the Bulk Mechanical Behavior of Sand for Rootzone Mixtures	Penn State	Charles Mancino	2	15,382
				<b>90,382</b>
<b>Pesticide and Nutrient Fate Modeling</b>				
Best Management of Post-application Irrigation To Reduce Exposure to Volatile & Foliar Pesticide Residues & To Minimize their Conversion to More Env'ly Mobile Products	UMass	Marshall Clark	3	74,867
From Small Plots to Course Watersheds: Calibration of Computer Model Scenarios for Pesticide & Nutrient Runoff & Leaching in Turfgrass Environments	UGeorgia	Kevin LArmbrust	3	75,000
Controlling Nutrient Runoff from Fairways Using Vegetative Filter Strips	Okla. State	Gregory Bell	3	75,000
Surface & Subsurface Water Quality Data Collection and Model Development for a Watershed Scale Turfgrass System	USGA-ARS	Kevin King	3	74,800
Further Evaluation and Modeling of Pesticide Partitioning Data From the UCR Putting Green Lysimeters	UCal-Riverside	Laosheng Wu	2	24,934
Phosphorus Fertilization of USGA-type Greens: Placement, Rates and Leaching	Auburn Univ.	Beth Guertal	3	75,488
				<b>400,089</b>
Green Section Staff Projects			3	<b>90,000</b>
<b>Total</b>				<b>848,763</b>

## USGA funds new round of research projects

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• The effect of root-zone material and depth on moisture-retention problems in USGA putting greens by Bernd R. Leinauer at Michigan State University.

• Best management of post-application irrigation to reduce exposure to volatile and foliar pesticide residues and to minimize their conversion to more environmentally mobile products, by J. Marshall Clark at the University of Massachusetts.

• Calibration of computer model scenarios for pesticide and nutrient runoff and leaching in turfgrass environments, from small plots to golf course watersheds, by Kevin L. Armbrust at the University of Georgia.

• Phosphorus fertilization of USGA-type putting greens: placement, rates and leaching, by Beth Guertal at Auburn University.

But perhaps the most fascinating research is being done by Courtney Conway at Washington State University. She is studying burrowing owl conservation on golf courses.

The burrowing owl, Kenna explained, lives in the ground, in the burrows of rodents. WSU scientists have learned to create artificial burrows for these owls on golf courses, where there should be a bountiful food supply.

Kenna pointed to Armbrust's research into pesticide and nutrient runoff and leaching as a crucial study. It is also being supported by a grant from the federal Environmental Protection Agency as are other studies of major watersheds of the U.S. Geological Survey.

"Essentially, the goal is to document the water quality and the effects of land

## Premixer saves repair parts, labor

By TERRY BUCHEN

VIENNA, Va. — Walter Montross, superintendent at Westwood Country Club, here has almost totally eliminated the need to replace any seals in his sprayers since beginning to use a premixer unit.

"A couple of years ago we were experiencing premature wear on the pump seals of our two Chempro Sprayers," said Montross, a certified golf course superintendent. "Although there was some initial suspicion that the seals were of poor quality, I believed it was directly attributable to the abrasive materials we were putting into the sprayers. I also felt the water-soluble bags of various chemical materials had a negative effect on the seals."

To the rescue came Howard Meredith, who had formally worked with Chempro Sprayers. Meredith informed Montross that he was building a "premixer" unit that would allow for the chemical materials to be "pulverized and fully dissolved" before circulating through the sprayer filters and,

*"We have almost totally eliminated the need to replace any seals."*

— Walter Montross

ultimately, the seals. Meredith sold a prototype unit to Montross in 1998 for about \$2,000.

"The premixer unit is pretty simple in nature as it breaks down the chemical material through the upper screen that has high pressure nozzles directed at it," Montross said.

"Once the chemical materials move into the tank, a secondary set of high-pressure nozzles keep them in suspension. The chemicals then travel through a series of filters before they are ready to be transferred into the spray rig."

There are other benefits. Through a series of quick-connect hoses, Montross' crew members are able to fill the premixer with water and then move the chemical materials to the sprayer unit by simply turning two valves. Once the



Photo by Terry Buchen



*A pre-mixing implement helps the spray technician save valuable time as well as wear and tear on the sprayer unit.*

chemical materials are loaded into the basket, that is the last time they are handled.

The premixer tank holds 80 gallons, so when the initial batch is transferred to the sprayer through a 2-inch-diameter flexible hose with a quick disconnect end piece, they simply refill the premixer with water and transfer the rinseate.

"Lastly," said Montross, "I have found that if I have one of my assistant superintendents loading the premixer while my spray technician is on the course making an application, I can reduce my overall spray time by as much as two hours."

"We have almost totally eliminated the need to replace any seals since we began using the premixer unit," Montross said.

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