N.H. greens fee tax goes down to defeat

By PETER BLAIS

CONCORD, N.H. — The state legislature resoundingly defeated a bill that would have levied a 5percent tax on greens fees to raise money for education.

Rep. John O'Brien, D-Strafford, introduced the bill, arguing that golf was a "bourgeois" sport and that golfers could easily afford the extra levy to finance education in the cash-strapped state.

The golf industry countered that singling it out was unfair and the plan to collect fees was not manageable.

The House Ways and Means Committee voted 17-0 in late January that House Bill 431 was "inexpedient," meaning it was not worth considering by the full legislature, according to House of Representatives Infor-

mation Officer Jim Van Dongen. The House shot down an amended version 296-41 on Feb. 10, Van



Dongen added.

New Hampshire is unusual in that it has neither a sales nor income tax. While golf and other recreational activities are subject to sales tax elsewhere, that is not the case in the Granite State. Imposing a special tax on

golf, while ignoring skiing, tennis, bowling and other recreational sports, discriminated against golfers, the industry contended.

"If it had been introduced as a broad-based tax on all recreation, it might have had a chance, although I don't think it would go," said Robert Elliott, secretary/treasurer of the New Hampshire Golf Association.

"If there was anything good in it, the Ways and Means Committee would have forwarded it to a subcommittee for further review. But they didn't even do that."

O'Brien, 72, an avid golfer, claimed many New Hampshire courses receive easements freeing them from local property taxes, a break other recreationbased businesses don't get.

Other recreation businesses allow some groups to occasionally use their facilities for free, he

"Ski areas let people over 65 ski for free. There's a bowling alley in Dover that lets the unemployed bowl free one day a week. I've never heard of a golf course doing things like that," O'Brien said.

Jeff Taylor, co-owner of Valley View Country Club in Dunbarton, noted that the local high school team plays his course at no charge and he has reduced rates for senior citizens. Other New Hampshire courses provide similar services, he noted.

"I come at this from three perspectives - golf pro, course owner and school board member," he said. "This was supposed to provide more funds for the schools. Heaven knows we need it. But this is not the way to do it, not on the back of marginal businesses.

"This tax might have put me out of business. With the economy as bad as it is, I haven't raised fees the last three years. I finally had to this year. If you'd added another 5 percent tax on top of that, people might have decided they couldn't afford golf anymore and I'd be out of business. Who would that help?"

Casper & the RTC

Continued from page 49

market discount rates; preparing 10-years cash-flow projections for each facility; analyzing existing financial operations; evaluating membership programs and course conditions; assessing overall club operations; and doing comparative analyses, of other golf facilities in each market.

In October 1991, the Landmark Land Companies filed for reorganization under Chapter 11. This was precipitated by the RTC placing Oaktree Federal Savings Bank under conservatorship. The companies are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Clock Tower Place Investments Ltd. which, in turn, is a wholly owned subsidiary of Oaktree FSB. The subsidiary assets will be marketed for sale by the RTC in conjunction with the Bankruptcy Court and Subsidiary Boards.

Military courses

Continued from page 49

operates the Army's 84 golf courses, said the players on both sides of the issue are eager to see the issue resolved quickly, one way or another.

Security is the major sticking point with military officials. If opened to the public and operated by civilian management firms, security would be compromised, they argue. Officials also claim their courses are already saturated with players.

DeConcini's office, on the other hand, believes private companies could surpass the \$20 million in profits reported by military courses in 1991.

CIRCLE #144



"At Lanier Golf Club we were faced with the task of rebuilding 18 USGA bentgrass greens. The grow in period was from October 1 to the end of November. We wanted to get good, solid root establishment for the winter and assure ourselves of the necessary green up in the spring.

Using ironROOTS® with a leading organic fertilizer gave us massive root growth, excellent color, and adequate top growth. This program had the greens ready to play in seven weeks.

We use ironROOTS® from tee to green. We have found it to be compatible with all leading fungicides, insecticides and wetting agents. I am excited about making ironROOTS® part of our year round maintenance program?"



Patrick Stewart Superintendent, Lanier Golf Club Cumming, Georgia

Please call us toll free at 1-800-342-6173 for additional information.