

# Higher demand fuels unprecedented growth

Ranges

## Ranges offering practice areas by weeks open

Number of weeks open	Practice area			
	Chipping green	Putting green	Practice traps	None
Less than 35	39.5	17.3	38.3	43.2
35-44	54.2	16.7	37.5	33.3
Over 45	52.6	46.3	51.6	31.6
<b>Overall avg.</b>	<b>48.0</b>	<b>31.4</b>	<b>43.6</b>	<b>36.3</b>

By Bob Spiwak

While industries nationwide are plagued by recession, the golf, or practice range industry has grown in all respects — geographic, number, ancillary services and revenues.

A golf range association has been born. A publication for the industry has been launched. A new concept in ranges including fitness centers, miniature golf, and electronic stuff that might put Buck Rogers on the Tour is appearing. An industry trade show is set for Chicago next January.

Steve di Costanzo, executive director of the

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infant Golf Range and Recreation Association of America (GRRAA), reports that the number of ranges built in 1991 increased 53 percent over 1990.

Mark Grothe, golf ball marketing manager of Spalding, said, "1991 was a big jump (in range ball sales) over 1990." He estimated 50 percent.

Terry Sopko, vice president of Wittek in Chicago, which manufactures and distributes range equipment to the world, said the growth in indoor golf facilities has "skyrocketed." He cited the 100-percent sales increase of the company's new rubber "safety putter."

What have putters to do with driving — pardon — golf ranges?

The answer will help explain the nomenclature, in the same manner as "women's tees" was changed to "forward tees" to reflect modern times. Simply put, ranges have evolved to the point where they are visited to experience a total

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## Working to make practice more perfect

High-end, "ultimate" range facilities carve their niche

By Lisa Maki

Practice makes perfect, but what makes perfect practice? An optimum practice facility must meet the golfer's primary needs — physical and psychological.

Such perfect facilities are scarce, no matter what a golfer's skill level or what caliber course he plays: cow pasture or country club.

Throughout the country, golf courses have a common problem — inadequate practice facilities. Municipal courses often show more concern for picking up balls than hitting them.

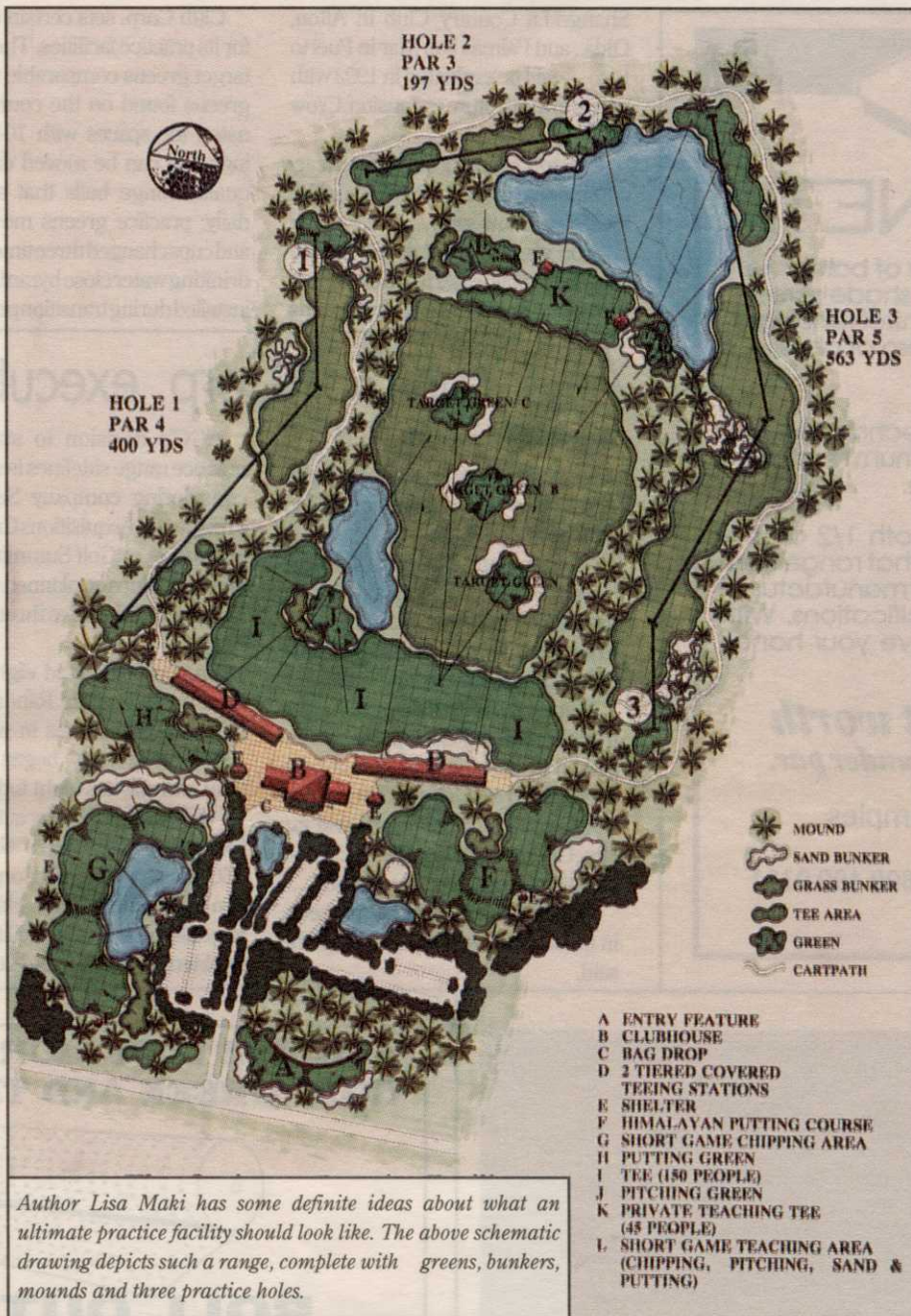
Private courses have generally compromised their practice areas, squeezing in extra homesites, leaving small ranges with no specialty shots.

Well-meaning entrepreneurs tried to respond to this dilemma by creating "golf entertainment centers" complete with batting cages, video arcades, putt-putt courses, and rubber matts. These centers sprang up at major intersections across the country. They did little to satisfy serious golfers' desire to improve their game.

An alternative to cow pastures, country clubs and entertainment centers appears to be gaining popularity — the high-end daily-fee golf club

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Lisa Maki is president of Golf Design Services of Round Hill, Va. She was a golf course designer/project manager with Links Design, Inc. of Lakeland, Fla., from 1984 to 1989.



Author Lisa Maki has some definite ideas about what an ultimate practice facility should look like. The above schematic drawing depicts such a range, complete with greens, bunkers, mounds and three practice holes.

## American Golf executive: Market runs the risk of over-expansion

By Peter Blais

The market for practice range facilities may not be as bright as many believe, according to an executive with one of the nation's largest course management companies.

The past few years, many ill-conceived projects have been built in areas with insufficient demand, said Joe Guerra, senior vice president of corporate development with American Golf Corp.

Consequently, some municipalities are overstocked with practice centers, a situation that isn't likely to change until a few go belly up, Guerra said.

For example, two practice centers were recently built within five miles of AGC's Irvine, Calif., facility. While it isn't meeting expectations, the AGC center is still earning a fair return, Guerra said. But Irvine can't support the additional 150 new hitting stations and he expects the new facilities to have a tough time surviving.

"Many new practice ranges were built on headlines rather than sound economics," the AGC executive said. "The developers wanted in on what they saw as a glamorous business."

"One of the main problems is that the barriers to entry are so low. You can build a range for \$500,000 to \$1 million and 12 acres of land. A lot of people wanted to get into the business and were willing to mortgage the house to do so. But the market just didn't justify the investment."

Many developers bought land when they would have been better off signing a long-term lease, the AGC executive said. Those projects performing best are generally on land the developers have owned and operated as practice ranges for many years, adding

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— AGC's Joe Guerra

## Aqua range delivers novelty, profitability

By Lisa Maki

One trend that may further aid the rebirth of practice facilities — even the cow pastures and country clubs — is the aqua range, which combines beauty, drama, challenge and shot value, not to mention the novelty of floating golf balls.

The notion of hitting balls into a lake may sound counterproductive.

But the aqua range generates income and offers the developer a number of advantages: increased value of neighboring homes, de-

creased maintenance costs, and the fill necessary for further development.

Jim Cocchi, director of golf at Glenn Lakes Golf Club in Weeki Wachee, Fla., supports the aqua range concept.

Cocchi said his clients enjoy the aqua range, and it's been very profitable.

Its success can be partially linked to Cocchi's belief in supplying good quality balls. Although floating balls are about 60 cents more expensive than ordinary balls, the initial investment will be returned in kind, he said.



The aqua range and short game practice area at Glenn Lakes in Florida.