# Golf growth prospects far from 'bust'

You may have read or heard of the recent article in Forbes (Dec. 24) reporting on the National Golf Foundation's Golf Summit.

The feature story titled, "Extrapolation Madness," questioned the NFG's growth figures for participants and the real demand for golf facilities.

In some instances I agree that the NFG's figures may be aggressive, but I disagree with the conclusion that the future growth of the industry is a bust!

I responded to Forbes with the following letter. I'll look forward to your comments.

Dear Sir:

Golf Course News associate editor Peter Blais responded to the National Golf Foundation's predictions as "wishful thinking"... He's

The NFG's numbers may be wishful thinking—and I personally think that 350 new golf courses per year is preposterous.

But remember, the NFG never projected that 350 new courses would be built. The projection is that 350 new courses will be needed to meet the demand.



C. von Brecht new golf courses.

The problems involving golf courses are not necessarily the courses, but rather the real estate development surrounding the courses. The demand for stand-alone

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courses, primarily in the public and municipal categories, is real. Just try to get a tee time at a Chicago area muni on a Saturday morning in

I have presented Golf Course News' projections for new facilities on a number of occasions.

Although more conservative than the NFG's estimate (we're projecting 150 new courses per year for the next five years, along with 200 renovations), this steady growth is far from a bust!

> Sincerely, Charles E. von Brecht

### Family affair leaves no widows, orphans

Everywhere you turn, the courts, the government, the schools, the voters — someone somewhere in the country is putting a chink in the armor of the American family.

And now, just as the golf industry has resolved to be a part of the solution, not a part of the problem with the environment, it should resolve to be part of the solution to the destruction ofthefamily, not a part of the problem.

I don't know exactly when the decline of American society began. I'll let the sociologists and psychologists argue about that. But you don't have to be a "ologist" to figure out some of the actions taken in our country have been devastating to family life.

If you're a job-ologist or schoolologist: Children and parents alike are faced with more pressures outside the family - either from jobs or school. More extracurricular activities keep more kids away from their families. (When your son's basketball team practices nearly every day over Christmas vacation, including New Year's Day, this suddenly becomes very real to you.)

Jobs also are often more demanding and many send parents traveling much more today. Mobility itself, from airplanes to automobiles, has hurt

If you're a mother-ologist: Each year, more and more mothers are joiningtheworkforce, either by choice or necessity as inflation eats at family earnings. The one person who has traditionally been home to hold the family together is often not there for the children.



M. Leslie

and children.

If you're a TV-ologist: Television and movies alike have desensitized child and adult alike to violence, death, bad manners and degrading sex ... a complete list could fill anyone's scroll. Family values are next to non-existent, and Christians, Christian values and morality undergo constant attack.

How often in the last month did you see a family presented as a real, honestly communicating unit on TV or in a movie? How often were fathermother-son-daughter doing something, anything together as a family? Check out the new subtlety - little white lies that are just fine in the ads ('Sorry, honey, there's no more Coke in the fridge.'). Lying as much as anything pulls child away from parent.

If you're a vote-ologist: We're doing some crazy things in the United States that are just tearing apart parentchild relationships. Some places have voted that a minor girl can have an abortion without her parents being informed, for instance.

Just last November Maine voters joined those in other states who have approved Sunday store openings. Did the "yeah" voters ever consider the

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## ModCourses the answer for many

By Bill Amick

Golf seems to be on television almost constantly these days, with professional events for men, women and senior men. Superstars of golf are even well-known to millions of non-golfers.

Then why aren't greater numbers of people heading towards a first tee? It's a challenge to shoot a good score. You can compete with a single opponent or a whole field, have a friendly match, or try to lower your handicap. Golf is an eternal quest, changing daily and with each course, never completely learned or conquered.

Is golf perfect, or could it be that not all is paradise in fairway land? With all of golf's popularity, many public courses are crowded and play at some private clubs is exasperatingly slow during the busy season. Not everyone has the time to wait to tee off and then the patience to suffer through a five-hour round.

In metropolitan areas all of the nearby courses may be clubs with long membership waiting lists or fees too high for most working people or the young or retired.

If only enough new courses could easily and quickly be built in these

places. The demand by golfers is usually there. But in populated places 150 acres of vacant land can be impossible to find or extremely expensive.

Just as critical, construction and annual maintenance of these huge grassed playing fields is costly.

With today's long-driving game have come bigger courses that require more land, more money to build and maintain, and more time

Yet the game continues to be just as difficult to learn, possibly more discouraging with the longer holes. With high land, construction, and financing costs, a conventional-sized golf course often is not feasible. When elected officials start discussing building a municipal course, even where there is an obvious need, a large block of non-golling taxpayers usually gets very vocal. These voters fear such a project might increase their taxes or reduce the monies available for new roads or the police force.

And in an increasing number of places, a limitation to building a big course is finding enough water and obtaining permission to use it to irrigate all of that thirsty grass.



Bill Amick

any solutions for this new golf course dilemma, a shortage that continues to grow near most large cities?

Are there

A way to reduce the size and cost of building courses would make it easier to provide the joys of the game to more people.

We certainly don't expect long hitters to start swinging easier or hitting 5-irons off every tee so that golfholes can be made shorter. Nor dogolf'srules makers—the United States Golf Association and the Royal & Ancient Golf Club of St. Andrews — seem ready to throttle back on how far today's "hot" golf balls can be hit.

### A SOLUTION

Fortunately, a solution is already here and being used to accomplish these goals - playing a reduceddistance ball on modified golf courses.

MacGregor Golf Co.'s "Mactec" ball goes about 60 percent of the distance of a golf ball when driven by a long hitter. It weighs approximately .84 ounces (24 grams), a little more than half of the 1.62ounce (45.93 gram) golf ball.

A modified golf course can be set up several ways. What many golfers and developers think of first is what housing developer Andy Combs opened in 1987, at Eagle Landing near Charleston, S.C. This is essentially a miniaturization of a conventional golf course, at a scale to fit the modified ball.

A second option is a par-3 course that can also be played as a modified course with a modified ball. This is the route taken by Charles Pasternak in building his Missing Links course near Milwaukee, and Joe Clark in remodeling the Highlands Links Colony par-3 course in Plymouth, N.H.

Another choice is what the developers of the Britannia course in the Cayman Islands decided upon. There are alternative ways the course can be played, depending on where the tee markers and cups are placed. It can be arranged as an 18-hole Cayman course for the modified ball, an 18-hole executive course when played with a golf ball,

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Charles E. von Brecht

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United Publications, Inc. Publishers of specialized business and consumer magazines

Chairman Theodore E. Gordon President J.G. Taliaferro, Jr.



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