

meet the mower that rocks.



The new 2653B Trim and Surrounds Mower from John Deere.

Meet the mower that is completely in tune with today's courses. The 2653B features a new traction system which enables it to climb and mow mounds like never before. Operators of any size will enjoy the increased legroom. And servicing the 2653B just became a lot easier thanks to more on-board diagnostics and parts commonality with other Deere machines.

Ask to see the machine that is sure to strike a chord with you and your crew. The new 2653B. Call your John Deere distributor for a demo today.





www.JohnDeere.com

COASTAL EQUIPMENT SYSTEMS 5287 NEW KINGS ROAD **JACKSONVILLE, FL 32209** Telephone: (904) 924-9624 Fax: (904) 861-0037

FALL 2007

BGTC0330



After his keynote address at the 2007 FTGA Awards Luncheon, All-Pro Quarterback Jim Hart spent an hour at the Trade Show signing autographs and chatting with NFL fans. Photo courtesy of Leading Edge Communications.

place" perspective. Then the new FTGA officers and directors were installed, scholarships were awarded and Roy Bates received the Wreath of Grass Award after a friendly roasting from his longtime pal, Jerry Redden.

For me and the FGCSA, our new association manager, Jennifer Innes, made her public debut at our booth at the trade show and met lots of our members and other key industry folks. We made several promising advertising contacts for the Florida Green and got a chance to touch base with Hannes Combest from GCSAA as the national group fulfills its mission to be a solid resource for chapters and members to succeed. I met more turf industry professionals from other sectors such as parks and recreation and sports turf. which bodes well for the FTGA and for our united turf interests and issues in the state.



Seth Strickland won the 2007 FTGA Golf Tournament at Bonita Bay West and a place on the FGCSA Golf Team for the GCSAA National Championships in Orlando in 2008. Photo by Joel Jackson.



From left: During the Trade Show in Estero, Dale Mitchell and Richard Coyler from Golf Agronomic Supply and Handling presented President Darren Davis with a \$3,000 donation for the FTGA Research Foundation. Photo by Joel Jackson.

No-Till TifEagle

No-Till Renovation vs. Conventional Reconstruction

No-till TifEagle can save you up to 75% of the cost of conventional greens reconstruction.
Reduced down-time greatly reduces lost revenue. Six to eight weeks is normal turnaround.
Site preparation can be done with your own crews and equipment to fit your own schedule.
Original putting surface grades and contours can be maintained or slightly altered if desired.
Healthy mature seedbed is retained and serves as base for new putting surface.
Speedy conversion from poor quality greens to TifEagle, the ultimate ultradwarf putting surface.

Are Your Greens Good No-Till Candidates?

Not all older greens are good candidates. Serious disease, drainage and soil profile problems may require conventional reconstruction.
Major re-shaping and architectural changes are not possible for most older putting surfaces.
Free on-site inspection and a green-by-green analysis is yours for the asking.

TifEagle For Greens

For more information visit our website or contact Dr. Mike Garland at 706 542-5640

www.tifeagle.com

Advantages of Certified TifEagle Bermudagrass

Research shows that TifEagle has superior speed, consistency and overall playability.
Compared to other ultradwarfs, TifEagle recovers more quickly from injury and is extremely drought tolerant and disease resistant.
TifEagle has excellent color retention and a more robust recovery under cool conditions.
TifEagle has smoother transitions during both fall overseeding and spring green-up.
With frequent brushing, grooming and light top dressings, TifEagle requires less verticutting to control thatch buildup than other ultradwarfs.

Quality-Conscious TifEagle Grower-Installers

TifEagle is grown, inspected and sold under a rigorous set of rules and guidelines designed to promote on-going purity and uniformity.
A select group of top-quality TifEagle growers

have been specially certified to handle all no-till TifEagle inspections, sales and installations.

UF Turfgrass Faculty Back to Full Strength

Former Extension Agent to Teach and Conduct Research in Golf and Sports Turf Management

GAINESVILLE – The University of Florida environmental horticulture department has hired Jason Dettman-Kruse as a turfgrass science assistant professor. Beginning August, he has been teaching several hands-on courses to Gainesville students and starting his research program on athletic fields.

Students in Dettman-Kruse's undergraduate courses will be using the Turfgrass Envirotron on campus and the Turfgrass Research Unit in Citra. In these facilities, students get to practice hands-on management of turf, including irrigation, mowing, topdressing, overseeding, and fertilization. He is also team-teaching a Landscape and Turfgrass Management class.

"Having worked in both the industry and as an Extension educator, I recognize the value of hands-on learning opportunities," said Dettman-Kruse. "I look forward to working with my colleagues and the industry across the state to help establish the Golf and Sports Turf Management Program at the University of Florida as one of the best in the nation."

Dettman-Kruse comes to UF/IFAS



Dr. Jason Dettman-Kruse is the newest addition to the UF Environmental Horticulture Dept. He will specialize in sports turf management and will focus on developing students in all phases of turfgrass science.

from the University of Wisconsin's Extension program, where he worked as an educator for the commercial horticulture industry. There he developed and taught curricula to Wisconsin's green industry on turfgrass identification, weed control, spreader calibration and pesticide application.

Dettman-Kruse received his B.S. in crop science from the University of Idaho, his native state. He earned an M.S. in soil and water science at UF, studying the management of ultradwarf bermudagrasses, and a Ph.D. from Iowa State University. His research at Iowa involved the use of remote sensing systems in nutrient and water resources management.

Research will be a priority for Dettman-Kruse in his new position as well. His research program will focus on the management of athletic fields as related to player safety and sitespecific management of soil and water resources in urban turfgrass systems.

"Turfgrass beautifies our environment and protects against injuries during athletic activities, while working to filter our air and water resources," said Dettman-Kruse. "My teaching philosophy is focused on creating a learning environment that combines traditional classroom and laboratory experience with a variety of hands-on learning activities and onthe-job training. Students successfully completing the Golf and Sports Turf Management program at the University of Florida will leave with the education and experience necessary to be successful turfgrass managers and good stewards of the environment."

EDITOR'S NOTE: Dr. Dettman-Kruse essentially replaces the position vacated by Dr. Grady Miller. We were lucky to fill the position before the recent budget cuts necessitated a university wide hiring freeze.



SPREADRITE, INC. CUSTOM SPREADING FERTILIZER · DOLOMITE · GYPSUM ARAGONITE · HYCAL LIME FAIRWAY TOP DRESSING

LAMAR SAPP ART SAPP 6001 S.W. 19th STREET PLANTATION, FL 33317

MOBILE: 772-201-4000 (ID 158-81-10962) 954-444-0820 3 Upstart Products, Inc.

Quality Products for Aquatics & Turf

Precision Zone Surfactants Cascade Liquid & Granular SYNC Fungicide Activator

Liquid & Bulk Fertilizers Almar Foliar Nutrients Chemicals

BioPro · ADVAN · Howards

1-800-203-5629

The Critics Have Spoken.

These are actual superintendent quotes from early demos of Jacobsen's new **ECLIPSE**^{*} **122** F walking greens mower.

"I like the command center and onboard computer. The clip rate is superior."

"This unit is superior to other units we've demoed. I like the on-demand reel speed, floating cutting unit. SOLD!" - Current John Deere Customer

– Current Toro/John Deere Customer

"I like the option of gas or battery. The unit has a more flexible head and more clips per cut than our current walking greens mower. I will probably buy this mower." - Current Toro Customer

> "I like the adjustable reel speed. I plan on buying this mower." - Current Toro/John Deere Customer

"Much better than our current walking greens mower. I like the simplicity of the reel and traction drives. Current John Deere Customer

"Excellent

quality-of-cut." **Current Toro Customer**

"I like the floating cutting unit and that the electric reels can run at 2,220 RPM. I plan on buying this mower." Jacobsen Customer

LOATIN

COMING TO A DEALER NEAR YOU OCTOBER 2007!



www.golfventuresonline.com

EKILPATRICK

www.Kilpatrickco.com

7770 High Ridge Road Boynton Beach, FL 33426 800-782-7399 1620 Trade Center Way

Naples, FL 34109 800-782-7399

4545 Atwater Ct. Buford, GA, 30518 866-302-3435 2510 Midpark Road Montgomery, AL 36109 866-302-3435 AGO A Textron Company

When Performance Matters.™

INDUSTRY NEWS

2007 PLANTS OF THE YEAR

The exotic Cardboard Palm wraps up our review of the 2007 Plants of the Year selections. These plants are selected annually by a panel who look for their native ability to exist in Florida's three geographic zones.

Zamia maritima (formerly furfuracea) Common Name: Cardboard Palm Zones: North protected areas, Central & South Mature Height and Spread: 3.5 x 4-6 ft. Classification: Cycad

Landscape Use: Specimen, foundation planting, container Characteristics: Exotic-looking seed cones surrounded by tough green fronds arise through the green, cardboard-like fronds making this plant a standout in the landscape. New growth appears as light olive above the mature dark green leaves. This cycad is drought tolerant and also tolerates neglect well. Its use adds a tropical flair to virtually any landscape. It is exceptionally salt tolerant and tough, making it ideal for use in coastal regions.

Possible Insect/Disease Problems: Occasional scale or mealybug Propagation: by seed





MAXIMIZE YOUR TRIPLEX INVESTMENT -Two pieces of equipment that converts your mower into a TOTAL GREENS MAINTENANCE SYSTEM!

True versatility to tailor your greens, regardless of brand - Turfline uses a universal design that fits all greensmowers.





Experience the OUIET!** The NEW True-Surface[®] Vibe **▼** has 3X larger isolators that guietly direct more energy into your greens.

True-Surface[®] rollers are used multiple times per week by 61% of the courses that own them! Ask your salesman for a copy of the research results and a demo to discover how you will use them!

More than a thatching unit, the SUPA-SYSTEM takes your greensmower and performs 8 tasks with complete interchangeability. Ask for a demo and prove it to yourself!

TAMPA BAY TUR

SOUTHEAST Tom Phillips (561) 719-6265

NORTHWEST Keith Palmgren (727) 487-3434

NORTHEAST & CENTRAL Carl Bronson (727) 638-5858

TAMPA REGION Terry Brawley (727) 638-3481

SOUTHWEST Buck Buckner (239) 633-6398

Recent research proves that 93% of superintendents verticut their greens to reduce thatch and increase speed, while 91% roll their greens to increase smoothness and consistency. See how we can help your greens today!

800-443-8506 www.true-surface.com True-Surface® ...makes true greens!sm Tom Burrows, Consulting Agronomist/Turfgrass Specialist Independent Consulting using "Brookside Laboratory"

Greens Reconstruction

- Soil Physical Analysis
- USGA Approved Testing
- Analytical Service
- Recommendations
- Specifications for Contractor Bidding

Soil Testing

- Greens, Tees, Fairways
- Analytical Report and Soil Fertility Recommendations

Water Testing

Report & Recommendations

In the business 40 years

Jensen Beach, Florida 772-692-1221 cell: 772-215-1819



INDUSTRY NEWS

It is interesting to note that no pathogens were found in many samples sent to the clinic. This result can be frustrating for a golf course superintendent who suffers turf damage or loss that is not caused by a pathogen.

Top Ten Florida 'Diseases'

By Todd Lowe

The University of Florida Disease Diagnostic Clinic was revamped last year, under the guidance of Dr. Phil Harmon, to provide golf courses with a Rapid Turf Diagnosis disease service for turfgrass managers. The new service has been a value to the golf course industry in our region, as it provides reliable and timely disease diagnoses and management suggestions. In its first year, the laboratory received 165 samples and has received 61 samples as of April this year. The results from those samples yielded the following results:

	Samples	Samples
<u>Disease</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>
no pathogen		
Pythium Root Rot		7
Rhizoctonia Lear/Sheaat Spot		2
Bermudagrass Decline		3
Pythium Blight		
Fairy Ring		0
Brown Patch		3
Dollar Spot	9	3
Take-All Root Rot	8	0
Bipolaris Leaf Spot		4
Anaerobic Soil		0

Other pathogens found included Nigrospora blight, Rhizoctonia circinata brown ring patch, Limonomyces pink patch, Fusarium blight, Michrodochium patch, gray leaf spot

It is interesting to note that no pathogens were found in many samples sent to the clinic. This result can be frustrating for a golf course superintendent who suffers turf damage or loss that is not caused by a pathogen. Samples are sometimes submitted following fungicide treatments, which can provide a false diagnosis. Oftentimes, other environmental, mechanical, chemical or climatic factors cause the damage and the problem cannot be easily fixed with a fungicide treatment.

A disease laboratory technician cannot determine whether turf loss occurred because of trees surrounding the putting green, improper drainage, or mechanic/climatic stress. Such factors can easily cause turf damage without the presence of pathogens and it may be necessary to conduct a Turfgrass Advisory Service visit by a qualified agronomist to assess the putting greens.

The clinic also provides updates on turfgrass diseases throughout the region. Dr. Harmon and associates also are receiving research funds from the USGA to study diseases on seashore paspalum. We appreciate the value that the University of Florida provides the turfgrass industry and the game of golf.

> Updates on turfgrass diseases can be found at http://turfpath.ifas.ufl.edu/turfgrass/rapiddiag_disease.shtml

RESERVED PARKING LESCO®



We're a regular at 10,000 courses.



LESCO's commitment to superintendents is obvious – we have offered unparalleled service for 30 years through our LESCO Stores-on-Wheels® vehicles and the industry's largest sales team. But our customers count on LESCO for so much more, including trusted products and informative technical expertise.

At the end of the day, a supplier is only as good as the person you deal with. LESCO's Sales Associates are the industry's best, which is why we serve so many golf courses every day. But isn't it nice to know we can offer you so much more as well?



The industy's most trusted products.



A dedicated Tech Services department ready to help.

ANALYSIS

Critical Flaws in MeBr Critical-Use Exemption Process

By Joel Jackson

The phase-out of methyl bromide (MeBr) has been decreed by the international Montreal Protocol signed by the USA in 1987. Under the agreement, critical-use exemptions (CUE) would be granted for commodities that could show critical need, no viable alternatives and market disruption if MeBr were not avialable.

Originally, golf courses and sod production were granted a CUE. Subsequent applications have been denied. The science and data haven't changed but EPA's position has.

Strike one.

When a commodity is not approved for critical use, producers may use MeBr in stockpiles. Our stockplies are dwindling rapidly, thanks to EPA's aggressive annual cuts which supersede the amounts required by the International Body.

Strike two.

How it works: U.S. farmers and growers have consistently justified the amount of MeBr they need annually. EPA cuts that amount and submits its nomination to the International body. That group usually approves an allocation for all users and it is always less than EPA's request. Then the EPA again cuts the amount approved by international group.

Why?

EPA's Office of Stratospheric Protection has been charged with overseeing the phase-out of MeBr. Officials do not appear to be swayed by arguments of national interest in terms of having no safe effective economic alternatives to grow our crops, fumigate stored grains, fumigate soil to keep yields profitable and competitive in the global market. Their job is to phase out MeBr and, at the rate they are double-cutting supplies, it will take only another year or two. They are not tasked with weighing risks and benefits.

The science and data remain debatable depending on whether you have zero tolerance for this product that is generally recognized as the only reliable and effective fumigant. Arguments revolve around naturallyoccuring MeBr and manmade quanities. Some cite biomass burning and leaded gasoline combustion as producting more MeBr than agricultural uses. But these debates rage on whle our access to this product is vanishing. Rather than continue the debate, we must ask congress to step in and do just one simple thing: Require EPA to explain why it takes two cuts to the annual allowable amounts of MeBr.

Meanwhile golf-course use has not been granted a CUE in part because U.S. golf and turfgrass don't hold much sway in the international community. The international body did approve MeBr use for golf course development in some Caribbean countries. And they have seen fit to allow MeBr for cut flower production. So cultural biases have been endemic in the process.

Strike Three.

We are not married to MeBr if an effective alternative were available. After USDA spent \$192 million on research, we still have the same flawed alternatives which potentially have more damaging environmental effects and inconsistent performance. If you are contemplating regrassing your golf course in the future, your chances of encountering off-type contamination are pretty much guaranteed.

If not challenged, EPA's aggressive cuts will deplete MeBr stocks as early as 2009. If it's important to you, your business and your club, write your senators and representatives and ask them to require EPA to explain and justify its accelerated phase-out process at the expense of transparency and due process.

Following are excerpts of comments made on the record at the September 11, 2007 Methyl Bromide CUE Hearing at EPA. Please use these ideas in your own letters to your legislators asking for their help. We are past arguing science and data. We are asking for fairness and due process:

We are concerned that the EPA has not forwarded our repeated Critical Use Exemption applications to the International Body.

We understand that golf is the only commodity held to the market disruption standard, which we did address in amended applications. Golf courses and sod production were granted a CUE originally. The data and need has not changed but now we are denied. Why? We do not understand why soil fumigation for the protection of certified turfgrass varieties is not deemed worthy of consideration, especially since reliable or safer alternatives have not been developed. The only alternatives have been shown to perform dramatically inconsistently and pose devastating impacts like fish kills in nearby waters.

Without a modest supply of methyl bromide for pre-plant fumigation of new courses or regrassing of existing properties, more quantities of traditional pesticides must be applied during the critical grow-in phase when the turf cover is thinnest and susceptible to runoff and leaching of materials to control soil-borne diseases, weed seeds and nematode and insects. *This seems counter to the mission of EPA.*

There are roughly 15,000 golf courses in the U.S. They do not all need methyl bromide annually, and as the golf market adjusts to current trends new course construction has slowed appreciably since its boom in 1980s and 90s. Annual course renovations calling for the installation of newer varieties – which generally call for fewer inputs that impact the environment – (are not many). The point is that golf does not need large amounts to ... serve its customers, yet our applications have been summarily dismissed at the entry level.

It appears that the denial of consideration for a CUE for golf in the U.S. rests on arbitrary value judgments or biases against the worthiness of golf or