Bacillus thuringiensis endotoxin (Di-Pel, Abbott Laboratories) for control of sod webworms on Dec. 5, 1991 and Sept. 22, 1992. Spot treatments were made for sedge control (Basagran, BASF Corp.) on Jan. 24, Feb. 4 and April 2, 1992; fire ants (Amdro, American Cyanamid Co.) on May 8 and Sept. 3, 1992; and mole crickets (Dursban Bait, Roussel Bio Corp.) on March 7, March 24, July 10, July 25 and Aug. 12,1992.

Experimental Plan November 1991 through April 1992

Each plot was 8 feet by 10 feet (80 square feet) with four replicate plots per nitrogen source treatment. The experimental design was a randomized complete block. The 11 treatments are listed in Table 1. Nitrogen was applied at the rate of 2 pounds per 1000 square feet per month for November through April (win-

ter rate). Nitrogen had been applied at the rate of 1 pound per 1000 square feet per month for May through October (summer rate) for a total of 18 pounds per 1000 square feet each year. This is the average nitrogen rate used in southeastern Florida (see July/August 1992 issue of *The Florida Green*). The 2 pounds monthly nitrogen rate was applied as a 1-pound amount every 2 weeks.

For each application date, the dry formulations were applied first by hand, and immediately irrigated with 0.12 to 0.14 inches of water. Liquid formulations were applied next using a watering can, in the equivalent of 10 gallons water per 1000 square feet.

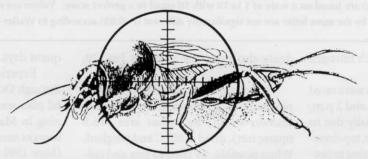
Potassium (K) was applied as potassium magnesium sulfate (Sulpomag; 0-0-22) every time the nitrogen was applied, at the same rate as the nitro-

gen to achieve a 1:1 ratio of N:K. Since two Vigoro materials had potassium nitrate as one of their nitrogen sources, the potassium applied to these plots was reduced accordingly to achieve the 1:1 ratio of N:K.

Soil pH was determined for each treatment prior to each nitrogen application. Soil samples (1-inch diameter by 4 inches deep) were obtained from all four replicate plots of the same nitrogen treatment and then pooled together. Soil pH for each pooled sample was determined by mixing soil and deionized water (1:1; v:v), shaking for 30 minutes and measuring pH of the filtrate.

Quality scores were determined based on grass color and density using a scale of 1 to 10 with 10 being a perfect score. On each date, two people rated the plots. Those scores were then averaged together for statistical analysis. The plots

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Table 2. Quality scores resulting from nitrogen fertilizers evaluated on the FGCSA Research Green from November 1991 through April 1992 at the winter fertility rate of 2 pounds nitrogen per 1000 square feet per month.*

Company	Formula.	Nov. 21	Dec. 5	Dec. 18	Dec. 31	Jan. 15	Jan. 29	Feb. 12	Feb. 26	Mar. 11	Mar. 24	Apr. 1	Apr. 8	Apr. 22
O.M.Scott	40-0-0	6.5 a	7.2 a	6.4 ab	6.3 ab	6.7 ab	7.0 ab	6.9 bc	7.5 a	7.5 a	7.3 a	7.3 a	7.3 a	7.8 a
Vigoro	25-0-12	6.5 a	7.3 a	6.5 a	6.5 a	6.8 ab	7.0 ab	7.0 ab	7.5 a	7.5 a	7.3 a	7.3 a	7.3 a	7.8 a
Vigoro	25-0-14	6.5 a	7.3 a	6.5 a	6.5 a	6.7 ab	6.9 b	6.9 bc	7.5 a	7.5 a	7.3 a	7.2 a	7.3 a	7.8 a
Vigoro	30-0-0	6.5 a	7.3 a	6.5 a	6.5 a	6.8 ab	7.2 a	7.2 a	7.5 a	7.5 a	7.3 a	7.3 a	7.0 a	7.5 a
LESCO	29-0-0	6.5 a	7.1 a	6.5 a	6.4 ab	6.6 b	6.9 b	7.1 ab	7.5 a	7.5 a	7.3 a	7.3 a	7.1 a	7.7 a
Nor-Am	40-0-0	6.5 a	7.1 a	6.4 ab	6.3 ab	6.8 ab	6.9 b	7.1 ab	7.5 a	7.5 a	7.3 a	7.0 a	7.0 a	7.5 a
Nor-Am	38-0-0	6.4 a	7.3 a	6.4 ab	6.1 ab	6.6 b	6.6 c	6.7 cd	7.5 a	7.5 a	6.3 b	7.3 a	7.3 a	7.8 a
Howard	40-0-0	6.5 a	7.1 a	6.5 a	6.4 ab	6.8 ab	6.9 b	7.1 ab	7.5 a	7.5 a	7.3 a	7.0 a	7.1 a	7.6 a
Cleary	18-0-0	6.3 a	7.0 a	6.3 b	6.0 b	6.7 ab	6.8 bc	7.1 ab	7.5 a	7.5 a	7.3 a	7.3 a	7.3 a	7.8 a
Traylor/ Arcadian	18-0-0	6.5 a	7.3 a	6.5 a	6.5 a	6.8 ab	6.9 b	7.0 ab	7.5 a	7.5 a	7.3 a	7.3 a	7.3 a	7.8 a
Greensmiths	28-0-0	5.3 b	5.8 b	5.0 c	5.0 c	5.8 c	6.2 d	6.5 d	7.5 a	7.5 a	7.3 a	7.0 a	7.0 a	7.4 a
LSD	-	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.3	0	0	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4

^{*}Quality scores (color and density) are based on a scale of 1 to 10 with 10 equal to a perfect score. Values are means of four replicate plots. Means within a column followed by the same letter are not significantly different (P=0.05) according to Waller-Duncan k-ratio t-test.

were rated one week after each nitrogen application.

Whenever possible, plots were rated on sunny days between noon and 2 p.m. Some scores are missing, usually due to cultural practices (for example, top dressing) that interfered with the rating procedure. Four local golf course superintendents also rated the plots on Jan. 29, 1992.

Clippings were collected from each plot once each month from a 22-inch (mower-width) by 9-foot area (16.5 square feet), dried at 60° C and weighed. When possible, we tried to rate and collect clippings on the same day or subse-

quent days.

Experimental Plan for May 1992 through October 1992. The experimental plan was altered in two ways beginning in May 1992. First, four nitrogen sources used in the first year of the study (May 1991 - April 1992) were deleted. Eliminated from the experiment were

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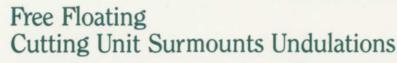
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Toro Walk Greensmasters are prominently known for operator and mower compatibility features. Logically placed, finger tip controls are effortlessly reached. To engage the traction drive you naturally push forward, unlike other mowers.

The ergonomically designed loop handle of the Greensmaster 1000 readily accommodates different height operators with optimized comfort ranges. The large handle grips permit natural hand, arm and



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Smooth, Straight Line Traction

Greensmaster traction drums are smooth surfaced. There's no need for tread because there's sufficient



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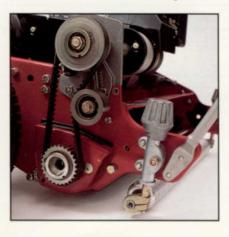
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The grass baskets precisely control the flow of air and grass to ensure the clippings stay in the basket evenly distributed. With Toro's Walk Greensmasters your turf stays cleaner, healthier, and free of debris.



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Walk Greensmaster® Specifications*

				GREENS	MASTER	1000, MODEL 04051						
	ENGINE	Displaceme Governed to	ent: 7.57 cu. in o a maximum	(2.7 kW), air cooled OHV e 1. (124 cc). Cast iron cylinde speed of 3600 rpm, (output	r sleeve. shaft	TRANSPORT TIRES/ KICKSTAND	(8.25 cm) tr		neumatic tires; 3.00/3.25 x 6, 3.25" psi (1.03 bars) tire pressure. Kickstand			
				tronic ignition. Maximum noi IB(A) at operator's ear.	ise	REEL CONSTRUCTION	5" (12.7 cm) diameter, 11 carbon steel blades welded to 5 stamped steel spiders.					
FUEL	CAPACITY	2.64 quarts	(2.5 liters); re	gular grade unleaded gasoli	ine.	WIDTH OF CUT	21" (53.3 cn	n).				
	TION AND ENT DRIVE			rive: two "A" section V-belts. o differential, drive drum and		HEIGHT OF CUT	Height of cu	Height of cut range: 564" to 1/2" (1.9 mm to 12.7 mm)				
GROU	ND SPEED			(2.1 km/h) to 3.5 mph (5.6 kr		CLIP FREQUENCY	16" (4 mm)	optional .25	" (6.3 mm).			
DIFF	ERENTIAL		peed (maximu	um): 5.3 mph (8.5 km/h).		BEDKNIFE/ BEDBAR	Dual screw adjustment to reel. Bedknife is high carbon through-hardened steel. Tournament bedknife standard.					
CLUTCHES Traction			elt idler. Reel:	jaw type.		GRASS BASKET		Patented design: molded polyethylene, baffled and vented f high efficiency collection.				
	BRAKE	Service/par	king — band	type.		FRONT ROLLER	-		2" (5 cm) diameter.			
TRACT	ION DRUM	Dual cast a	luminum, 7.5"	(19 cm) diameter.		DRY WEIGHT			uminum Wiehle roller, kickstand and			
				tarter, choke. Handle mount		DITI WEIGHT	grass basket; without transport tires and groomer.					
C	CONTROLS	lever. Fram		tion engage lever, service/p eel drive engage lever. Safet		WARRANTY		One year limited warranty. Refer to the Operator's Manufurther details.				
	HANDLE	Loop style; adjustment		ameter with easy operator h	eight	CERTIFICATION	Certified to meet ANSI specifications, B71.4-1984 and applic Federal and State OSHA regulations based thereon.					
				GREENSM	MASTER 1	1000 ACCESSORIES	S					
Part No. Description		n	Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description		Part No.	Description			
04125 Grooming Reel		leel	65-8340	Wiehle Roller Scraper	33-1000	Scraper Brush Assembly	,	63-8560	3/32" (2.4 mm) Tournament Bedknife			
52-3170 Full Roller			65-8560	Auxiliary Roller Ext. Kit	11-0070	Scraper Comb Assembly		65-8250	5/64" (1.9 mm) Micro-cut Bedknife			
52-3590 Swaged Roller 65-9000 .25" (6.3 mm) Cl		ller n) Clip Kit	65-8360	Full Roller Scraper	63-8470	1/8" (3.2 mm) Low Cut Be	edknife	65-8330	Groomer — Rotating Brush			

				GREE	ENSMASTER	500, MODEL 04129)				
	E-17/475 - 17/475			7 kW), air cooled OH		WIDTH OF CUT	21" (53 c	m).			
	ENGINE			. (124 cc). Governed t iron cylinder sleeve. E		HEIGHT OF CUT	Height of	cut range: 1	8" to 11/16" (3.2 mm to 17.5 mm).		
		Maximum r	noise suppress	sion muffler. 83 dB(A)	at operator's ear.	CLIP FREQUENCY	0.197" (5	i.0 mm)			
FUEL C	CAPACITY	2.64 quarts	(2.5 liters); re	gular grade unleaded	gasoline.		Cast alur	minum and z	inc side plates, aluminum extrusion back		
TRACTI	ON DRIVE		ershaft. Spur	iction disc clutch drive gear differential transn		REEL AND FRAME CONSTRUCTION	(8.9 cm)	diameter, 9 b	endent of traction unit and catcher. 31/2" plade, heat-treated welded steel reel. Shaft with adjustable tapered bearings.		
GROUN	ND SPEED			00 rpm — forward. 00 rpm — forward.		BEDKNIFE TO BEDBAR		Single edge spring steel knife screwed to extruded alumin piece bedbar and backplate.			
TIRES	TIRES/WHEELS 6" (15 cm) diameter solid ru drums running on ball bearing			steel rims. Two	Rigidly mounted bedknife. Reel adjusts down to the bedknife. Reel adjusts down to the bedknife.						
	HANDLE One piece 3/4" (19 mm) diameter. 16 gauge welded steel tubing					CUTTING UNIT SUSPENSION			nit, isolated from traction unit and grass ts, balanced cutting unit.		
C	ONTROLS	traction/ree	I drive clutch.	ingle control lever for a Separate reel clutch a devices: neutral interlo	it gearbox; hand	GRASS BASKET			h larger lip at the opening and an air flow p to provide larger capacity.		
IMPLEME	ENT DRIVE	V-belt to fri shaft.	ction disc clute	ch through transaxle to	a universal drive	ROLLERS			iehle roller with greaseable bearings etration. Rear full 2" (5.1 cm) diameter.		
,	21" WALK GI	PEENSMAST	ER SON CUTT	ING UNIT, MODEL 04	4215	DRY WEIGHT	186 lbs.	(84 kg) with g	grass basket and cutting unit.		
	FCUTTER			g unit; 21" (53 cm) ree	101111070	WARRANTY	One yea further de		ranty. Refer to the Operator's Manual for		
				GREE	ENSMASTER	500 ACCESSORIES	3				
Model No.	Descriptio	n	Model No.	Description	Part No.	Description		Part No.	Description		
04215 47309			Skid Kit Brush Kit	82560 88-8900	Urethane Comb Kit Cast Iron Wiehle Roller ((a t a a d a a d)	88-9000 88-8990	1/8" (3.1 mm) Tournament Bedknife (std. 532" (3.9 mm) Low Cut Bedknife			

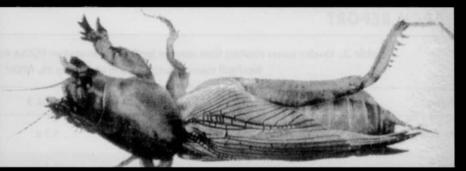
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Table 3. Quality scores resulting from nitrogen fertilizers evaluated on FGCSA Research Green as rated by local golf course superintendents on January 29, 1992.*

Company	Formulation	Supt. 1	Supt. 2	Supt. 3	Supt. 4	FLREC
O. M. Scott	40-0-0	6.8 ab	6.0 abc	5.3 a	6.0 a	7.0 ab
Vigoro	25-0-12	7.0 a	6.3 ab	5.3 a	6.8 a	7.0 ab
Vigoro	25-0-14	6.8 ab	5.5 bcd	5.3 a	6.5 a	6.9 b
Vigoro	30-0-0	7.3 a	6.5 a	5.8 a	6.8 a	7.2 a
LESCO	29-0-0	6.5 ab	6.0 abc	5.3 a	6.3 a	6.9 b
Nor-Am	40-0-0	7.3 a	6.3 ab	6.3 a	6.5 a	6.9 b
Nor-Am	38-0-0	6.0 ab	5.0 d	5.8 a	6.0 a	6.6 c
Howard	40-0-0	6.3 ab	6.0 abc	6.0 a	6.3 a	6.9 b
Cleary	18-0-0	6.8 ab	5.3 cd	5.8 a	6.0 a	6.8 bc
Traylor/Arcadian	18-0-0	6.5 ab	5.8 abcd	5.3 a	6.0 a	6.9 b
Greensmith	28-0-0	5.3 b	5.0 d	5.0 a	5.8 a	6.2 d
LSD	o Amy	1.7	0.9	1.6	1.3	0.2

^{*}Quality scores (color and density) are based on a scale of 1 to 10 with 10 equal to a perfect score. Values are means of four replicate plots. Means within a column followed by the same letter are not significantly different (P=0.05) according to Waller-Duncan k-ratio t-test.

Vigoro's 25-0-12 and 25-0-14 (so we could apply a uniform potassium application), Howard 40-0-0 (since it is technically the same as Nor-Am 40-0-0), and Greensmiths 28-0-0 (due to "burning" problems at the winter rate). All other treatments remained in the same locations as in the previous year. Added to the experiment were IBDU, uncoated urea, ammonium sulfate and ammonium nitrate (Table 1, Page 30). These fertilizers were added to the study to determine their effect on the root rot disease Bermudagrass Decline which had been observed the previous summer on the Tifdwarf area. The fast-release fertilizers were also added for general comparison with the standard slow-release fertilizers.

The second plan alteration concerned nitrogen application rates. Each replicate 80-square-foot plot (8 feet by 10 feet) of each nitrogen treatment was divided into three equal sub-plots (8 feet by 3.3 feet), with each sub-plot receiving a

Nitrogen Source Study on the Otto Schmeisser-FGCSA Research Green

different rate of the nitrogen treatment. The three nitrogen rates were 1 pound, 0.75 pound and 0.5 pound per 1000 square feet per month for May through October (summer rate) and will be 2 pounds, 1.5 pounds and 1 pound per 1000 square feet per month for November through April (winter rate). Thus, one rate was the same as the previous year and the other two rates represented a 25% and 50% decrease in nitrogen.

However, the potassium (K), applied as sulpomag (0-0-22), was applied at the same rate as the previous year across all plots - 1 pound K (summer rate) and 2 pounds K (winter rate) per 1000 square feet per month. Thus, the N:K ratio was changed from 1:1 to 1.5:2 and 1:2 for the lower nitrogen rates. Fertilizers were applied every two weeks as described previously.

Soil pH and clipping weights were determined only for the highest rate (1 pound) of nitrogen. Soil pH was determined as before using pooled samples. The area sampled for clipping weights was reduced to a 22-inch (mower-width) by 7-foot area (12.8 square feet). Clipping weights were not determined for May or June, to allow for establishment of the new nitrogen sources. Quality scores were obtained for all plots using the previously described system. These scores were not obtained in May for the reason indicated above.

Table 4. Quality scores resulting from nitrogen fertilizers evaluated on the FGCSA Research Green from May 1992 through October 1992 at the summer fertility rate of 1 pound nitrogen per 1000 square feet per month.*

Company	Formulation	June 2	June 17	July 14	July 27	Aug. 11	Aug. 28	Sept. 11	Oct. 12	Oct. 22
O. M. Scott	40-0-0	6.6 a	5.8 b	5.8 cd	6.8 ab	6.5 ab	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.6 ab	6.3 ab
Vigoro	30-0-0	6.8 a	5.8 b	5.4 d	6.6 cd	6.0 b	7.5 a	7.0 a	7.1 a	6.4 a
Vigoro	31-0-0	6.6 a	5.7 b	5.6 cd	6.8 ab	6.0 b	7.5 a	7.0 a	7.1 a	6.7 a
Vigoro	21-0-0	6.8 a	5.6 bc	5.9 bc	6.8 ab	6.8 a	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.9 a	6.4 a
LESCO	46-0-0	6.8 a	5.9 ab	5.7 cd	6.8 ab	6.0 b	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.9 a	6.2 ab
LESCO	29-0-0	6.6 a	5.7 b	5.7 cd	6.7 ab	6.3 ab	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.8 a	6.3 ab
Nor-Am	40-0-0	6.7 a	5.9 ab	5.9 bc	6.7 ab	6.0 b	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.9 a	6.6 a
Nor-Am	38-0-0	6.6 a	6.4 a	6.4 a	6.8 a	6.8 a	7.5 a	7.0 a	7.0 a	6.3 ab
Nitram	34-0-0	6.8 a	5.1 c	5.6 cd	6.5 c	6.8 a	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.2 b	5.7 b
Cleary	18-0-0	6.6 a	5.8 b	6.3 ab	6.8 a	6.0 a	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.9 a	6.5 a
Traylor /Arcadian	18-0-0	6.6 a	5.9 ab	5.8 cd	6.8 ab	6.5 ab	7.5 a	7.0 a	7.0 a	6.7 a
LSD	Lin	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.6	0	0	0.4	0.6

^{*}Quality scores (color and density) are based on a scale of 1 to 10 with 10 equal to a perfect score. Values are means of four replicate plots. Means within a column followed by the same letter are not significantly different (P=0.05) according to Waller-Duncan k-ratio t-test.



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Table 5. Clipping weights (grams) resluting from nitrogen fertilizers evaluated on FGCSA Research Green at the winter fertility rate (November 1991 through April 1992) and summer fertility rate (May 1992 through October 1992).*

Company	Ratio	Nov. 19	Dec. 17	Jan. 29	Feb. 26	Apr. 1	Apr. 22	July 29	Aug. 27	Sept. 23	Oct. 28
O. M. Scott	40-0-0	5.201 a	1.785 a	5.456 abc	10.944 ab	4.548 a	8.542 a	8.082 bcd	6.433 a	8.651 abc	2.052 al
Vigoro	25-0-12	5.852 a	1.900 a	4.560 c	10.283 ab	5.223 a	9.670 a	-**		5-1017	-
Vigoro	25-0-14	4.652 a	2.104 a	4.554 c	10.171 ab	4.508 a	9.076 a	-	_	-16-4	
Vigoro	30-0-0	5.480 a	2.198 a	4.875 bc	10.122 ab	4.895 a	9.299 a	6.975 cde	6.326 ab	7.205 bcd	2.620 al
Vigoro	31-0-0		-	- 600	- 305	-	- de 10	6.604 de	6.789 a	7.007 cd	2.868 a
Vigoro	21-0-0		-	-0.	+	-	-	9.462 a	6.955 a	9.572 a	2.410 al
LESCO	46-0-0	14 10	r 102			- 6	-	6.786 de	6.778 a	9.399 a	1.893 al
LESCO	29-0-0	4.337 a	2.229 a	4.507 c	10.304 ab	4.482 a	8.504 a	7.298 cde	6.657 a	9.914 a	2.787 al
Nor-Am	40-0-0	4.644 a	2.028 a	5.183 abc	9.416 b	3.931 a	7.756 a	7.276 cde	6.292 ab	8.838 ab	2.056 al
Nor-Am	38-0-0	4.136 a	1.859 a	5.095 abc	9.500 b	4.267 a	8.548 a	8.682 ab	6.081 ab	7.450 bcd	1.653 a
Howard	40-0-0	5.605 a	1.942 a	6.985 a	10.240 ab	4.655 a	8.331 a	CT and the	-	-	-
Nitram	34-0-0		- A Topical	move (surh-	-	YUMSHIRM	200.004.003	6.535 e	6.191 ab	9.862 a	1.833 al
Cleary	18-0-0	5.089 a	1.803 a	5.090 abc	9.998 ab	4.589 a	9.906 a	8.296 abc	6.264 ab	7.555 bcd	1.620 b
Traylor /Acadian	18-0-0	6.174 a	2.282 a	6.495 abc	12.253 a	5.209 a	9.994 a	7.022 cde	5.106 b	6.790 d	1.642 a
Greensmiths	28-0-0	4.448 a	2.140 a	5.208 abc	10.226 ab	3.692 a	7.070 a	-200	-	-79	_
LSD		2.480	0.732	1.912	2.482	1.787	3.025	1.354	1.289	1.815	1.228

*Values are means of four replicate plots. Means within a column followed by the same letter are not significantly different (P=0.05) according to Waller-Duncan k-ratio t-test. **Not tested during this 6-month study period.

Results and Discussion

When comparing quality and quantity scores for each date, please note that values in the column for that date that are followed by the same letter are not statistically different from each other.

You will note that at the end of each column, there is a value called LSD which means "Least Significant Difference". The LSD value is a value that the treatment must exceed to be considered significantly different.

In the footnote for these tables, it is indicated that "P=0.05". This indicates we are 95% confident that means exceeding the LSD value (for each column) are

in fact different and that the observed variation is not due to random chance.

The best explanation of statistical analysis and reasons for replications, test design, etc. can be found in December 1990 issue of *Golf Course Management* in an article entitled "Developing a Test Program on the Golf Course" by Dr. Nick Christians.

Table 2 (Page 32) lists the quality scores for nitrogen sources evaluated from November 1991 through April 1992 at the 2-pound winter rate. The primary difference was the poor quality expressed by plots treated with Greensmith's N-pHURIC product (18-0-0/liquid) which

is a combination of urea and sulfuric acid. The grass was "burned" by this product when applied as described earlier. It was necessary to increase the amount of water used to apply this product from 10 gallons to 33 gallons per 1000 square feet to eliminate the "burning" effect. By the end of February, this problem had been solved.

After this time, there were no significant differences among treatments, except on March 24 when the quality of the Nor-Am methylene urea product (38-0-0) was obviously less than the other products.

Since four local golf course superin-

tendents were at the FLREC on a qualityrating date (Jan. 29, 1992), they were asked to also rate the plots using our 1-10 scale. Table 3 (Page 34) is a summary of their results as compared to the rating by the FLREC staff. This simply illustrates that each superintendent has different quality standards and/or perceptions of quality.

The only thing we all agreed on was the poor quality of the Greensmith prodwas at this time that we began to observe distinct necrotic (brown) patches (2inch diameter) associated with specific plots in the nitrogen source study. They were not observed on any other portion of the research green and were not due to a specific plant pathogen or insect. Since the patches stopped and started at plot boundaries, we believe we were observing a fertilizer burn, albeit a strange one.

The ammonium nitrate (34-0-0) plots were affected the most (3 out of 4 replicate main plots), but other random plots (1 or 2 replications) of both slowrelease and fast-release nitrogen sources had these patches also.

In general, as the rate of nitrogen decreased for a particular nitrogen

Nitrogen Source Study on the Otto Schmeisser-**FGCSA** Research Green

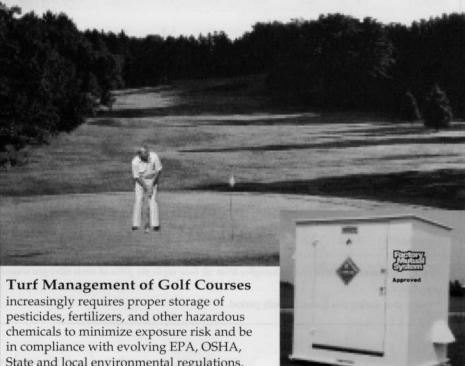
uct due to the "burning" effect described earlier.

Table 4 (Page 35) lists the quality scores for the highest nitrogen rate (1 pound summer rate) for the nitrogen sources evaluated from May 1992 through October 1992.

Seven of the eleven products were the same as used in the November 1991 through April 1992. This would also be the second year that these seven products have been evaluated at the summer fertility rate. The results can be compared to those reported in the January/February 1992 issue of The Florida Green.

From June through September, the product with the most consistent quality ratings was the Nor-Am methylene urea product (38-0-0). There were no observed differences between any nitrogen source treatment on Aug. 28 and Sept. 11. No above-ground symptoms of Bermudagrass Decline were ever observed on the Tifdwarf area, so no evaluation could be made concerning the effect of nitrogen sources on this disease. However, the roots did exhibit initial symptoms of a root decline beginning in October, indicating the plants would be highly susceptible to any stress imposed on the area. It

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Table 6. Soil pH values associated with nitrogen fertilizer treatments evaluated on FGCSA Research Green at the winter fertility rate (November 1991 through April 1992) and summer fertility rate (May 1992 through October 1992).*

Company Fo	ormulation	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
O. M. Scott	40-0-0	6.6	6.9	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.9	7.2	6.5	6.2	6.6	6.9	6.7
Vigoro	25-0-12	6.8	6.7	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.7	_**	-	-	il—ist	21-01	-
Vigoro	25-0-14	6.7	6.6	6.5	6.6	6.3	6.6	dati - adi-	- 1000 1000	ala y o sa	rasbesta gra ll ass	pa que us pa que us	A THE
Vigoro	30-0-0	6.5	6.5	6.3	6.5	6.2	6.6	6.8	7.1	6.0	6.8	6.8	6.8
Vigoro	31-0-0	-	-	-	_	_	_	7.0	6.4	6.0	6.8	6.9	6.6
Vigoro	21-0-0	-		-	-			7.2	7.1	6.0	6.5	6.8	6.1
LESCO	46-0-0	014	ш		1 _ 1/	5_31	_	7.0	6.7	6.0	6.7	6.9	6.4
LESCO	29-0-0	6.2	6.3	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.9	6.2	6.6	6.0	6.1	6.5	6.3
Nor-Am	40-0-0	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.5	6.4	6.7	7.0	7.1	6.0	6.6	6.8	6.6
Nor-Am	38-0-0	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.7	6.5	6.9	6.9	7.0	6.0	6.7	7.0	6.7
Howard	40-0-0	6.7	6.7	6.5	6.6	6.4	7.0	_	-	_	-	-11	_
Nitram	34-0-0	_	-		_		- 5	6.8	7.0	6.2	6.5	6.7	6.4
Cleary	18-0-0	6.9	6.5	6.4	6.6	6.3	7.1	7.0	7.0	5.9	6.5	6.8	6.6
Traylor /Arcadian	18-0-0	6.7	6.4	6.3	6.6	6.3	6.6	7.2	7.0	6.0	6.8	6.9	6.5
Greensmiths	28-0-0	6.4	6.3	6.0	6.3	5.9	6.3	_	-	ar - ber	g n ar ala s	1.5997 : di 40 iris	redon:

^{*}Values represent results of pooled samples from all four replicate plots of each nitrogen source treatment. Therefore, no statistical analysis were performed.

Nitrogen Source Study on the Otto Schmeisser-FGCSA Research Green source, the number of necrotic patches increased! Again, there was no particular logic to the locational occurrence of the necrotic patches, but they were present and may have been indicative of an underlying stress problem such as the initial root decline symptoms.

Table 5 (*Page 38*) is a summary of the clipping weights obtained for the entire year: November 1991 - April 1992 at the winter 2-pound N rate and May 1992 - October 1992 at the summer 1-pound N rate. Again, there was no obvious trends in relationship to the nitrogen sources. The low clipping weights in December

can be attributed to cool weather. The low weight in October correlates with the appearance of the necrotic patches and perhaps confirms that the grass was under a physiological stress at this time.

Table 6 (above) is a summary of soil pH values obtained for the entire year. Although soil pH was determined twice each month, only one value per month is provided since the results were very similar. It should be noted that the water used for irrigation has moderate to high calcium carbonate levels and the pH averages 7.5-8.0. The greatest difference in pH values occurred between June and

^{**}Not tested during this 6 month study period.

July. This may be due to the fact that we had 11.5 inches of rain from June 22 to June 29.

In general, sulfur-coated urea (LESCO 29-0-0) had the lowest soil pH values. However, it would be expected that, over time, the ammonium sulfate (21-0-0) would also result in lower soil pH values. This trend appeared to be developing by October. This is not surprising since elemental sulfur and the ammonium ion are both acid-forming materials. Note that it is the ammonium ion and not the sulfate ion in ammonium sulfate that is acid forming.

Table 7 (Page 40) summarizes the quality scores for the nitrogen sources evaluated at three different nitrogen rates from May through October 1992. Again, the most noticeable differences in quality between nitrogen sources and rates were in October when the necrotic patches were dominant. Quality scores obtained would suggest that there may be few dif-

ferences between nitrogen sources (fast-release and slow-release) or nitrogen rates when the potassium application rate is kept constant.

Remember that the potassium (K) rate was 1 pound per 1000 square feet per month across all nitrogen rates resulting in different N:K ratios for each nitrogen rate treatment. The results could be quite different if the potassium rate was reduced to achieve a N:K ratio of 1:1 for all treatments. Also, these results must be viewed as preliminary since they are only from one six-month study period. The experiment must be continued for a valid assessment to be made.

It is important to remember that each golf course is different in terms of amount of play (winter vs. summer) and expected quality and speed on putting greens. The research green does not receive any play and so is not stressed in this manner.

As can be observed in Table 3, the individual superintendent's quality expectations differ also. The other factor that often determines quality is the course's budget. The bottom line is that each superintendent must be a good consumer to obtain the best product for the needs of their particular course. Each golf course situation is unique, and you must decide what is most appropriate for your situation.

We would like to thank the following companies who have donated material and equipment for maintenance of the research green: DeBra Turf, Golf Agronomics, Hector Turf, Liqua-Tech, NuCrane Equipment Co., and Vigoro Industries. In addition, we would like to thank the equipment dealers and turfgrass suppliers who support the SFGCSA Turfgrass Exposition each year as funds raised from that event are also used to support research at the FLREC.

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Table 7. Quality scores resulting from nitrogen fertilizers evaluated on the FGCSA Research Green from May 1992 through October 1992 at three rates of nitrogen - 1 pound (A), 0.75 pound (B) and 0.5 pound (C) per 1000 square feet per month.*

Company	Formulation	N Level	June 2	June 17	July 14	July 27	Aug. 11	Aug. 28	Sept. 11	Oct. 12	Oct. 22
O. M. Scott	40-0-0	A	6.6 ab	5.8 b	5.8 cd	6.8 ab	6.5 ab	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.6 a-f	6.3 a-e
		В	6.6 ab	5.8 b	5.8 cd	6.8 ab	6.3 ab	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.4 d-h	6.1 a-f
		С	6.6 ab	5.8 b	5.8 cd	6.7 abc	6.3 ab	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.4 d-h	5.9 b-g
Vigoro	30-0-0	A	6.8 a	5.8 b	5.4 ef	6.6 bcd	6.0 b	7.5 a	7.0 a	7.1 ab	6.4 a-d
		В	6.7 a	5.8 b	5.4 ef	6.6 bcd	6.0 b	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.8 a-e	6.4 a-d
		С	6.6 ab	5.8 b	5.4 ef	6.4 d	6.0 b	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.7 a-f	6.2 a-e
Vigoro	31-0-0	A	6.6 ab	5.7 b	5.6 def	6.8 ab	6.0 b	7.5 a	7.0 a	7.1 ab	6.7 a
0		В	6.6 ab	5.7 b	5.6 def	6.8 ab	6.0 b	7.5 a	7.0 a	7.1 ab	6.6 ab
		С	6.6 ab	5.8 b	5.6 def	6.8 ab	6.0 b	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.8 a-e	6.3 a-e
Vigoro	21-0-0	A	6.8 a	5.6 b	5.9 bc	6.8 ab	6.8 a	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.9 a-d	6.4 a-d
		В	6.6 ab	5.6 b	5.9 bc	6.8 ab	6.5 ab	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.8 a-e	6.3 a-e
		С	6.6 ab	5.6 b	5.8 cd	6.8 ab	6.3 ab	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.7 a-f	6.0 a-g
LESCO	46-0-0	Α	6.8 ab	5.9 b	5.7 c-f	6.8 ab	6.0 b	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.9 a-d	6.2 a-e
		В	6.8 ab	5.9 b	5.7 c-f	6.8 ab	6.0 b	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.8 a-e	6.1 a-f
		С	6.5 abc	5.9 b	5.6 def	6.6 bcd	6.0 b	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.6 a-f	5.9 b-g
LESCO	29-0-0	A	6.6 ab	5.7 b	5.7 c-f	6.7 abc	6.3 ab	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.8 a-e	6.3 a-e
		В	6.6 ab	5.7 b	5.6 def	6.4 d	6.0 b	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.5 c-g	5.8 c-g
		С	6.5 abc	5.7 b	5.6 def	6.5 cd	6.0 b	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.2 fgh	5.3 fg
Nor-Am	40-0-0	Α	6.7 a	5.9 ab	5.9 bc	6.7 abc	6.0 b	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.9 a-d	6.6 ab
		В	6.6 ab	5.9 ab	5.8 cd	6.6 bcd	6.0 b	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.8 a-e	6.4 a-d
		С	6.5 abc	5.9 ab	5.8 cd	6.6 bcd	6.0 b	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.6 a-f	6.3 a-e
Nor-Am	38-0-0	A	6.6 ab	6.4 a	6.4 a	6.8 ab	6.8 a	7.5 a	7.0 a	7.0 abc	6.3 a-e
		В	6.7 a	6.4 a	6.4 a	6.8 ab	6.3 ab	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.9 a-d	6.3 а-е
		С	6.6 ab	6.4 a	6.4 a	6.8 ab	6.3 ab	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.7 a-f	5.9 b-g
Nitram	34-0-0	A	6.8 a	5.1 c	5.6 def	6.5 cd	6.8 a	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.2 fgh	5.7 d-g
		В	5.9 e	5.1 c	5.6 def	6.4 d	6.0 b	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.0 gh	5.5 efg
		C	6.1 cde	5.1 c	5.6 def	6.4 d	6.0 b	7.5 a	7.0 a	5.9 h	5.3 fg
Cleary	18-0-0	A	6.6 ab	5.8 b	6.3 ab	6.8 a	6.0 b	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.9 a-d	6.5 abo
		В	6.2 b-e	5.8 b	6.3 ab	6.8 a	6.3 ab	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.6 a-f	6.0 a-g
		С	6.4 a-d	5.8 b	6.3 ab	6.8 a	6.3 ab	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.7 a-f	5.9 b-g
Traylor	18-0-0	A	6.6 ab	5.9 ab	5.8 cd	6.8 a	6.5 ab	7.5 a	7.0 a	7.0 abc	6.7 a
/Arcadian		В	6.2 b-e	6.0 ab	5.8 cd	6.8 a	6.3 ab	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.9 a-d	6.6 ab
		81.C091	6.1 cde	6.0 ab	5.6 def	6.6 bcd	6.0 b	7.5 a	7.0 a	6.8 a-e	6.2 a-e
LSD	tisori nee	X 1055	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.6	0	0	0.5	0.8

^{*}Quality scores (color and density) are based on a scale of 1 to 10 with 10 equal to a perfect score. Values are means of four replicate plots. Means within a column followed by the same letter are not significantly different (P=0.05) according to Waller-Duncan k-ratio t-test.