# . BS. NET WT. MARVEIGREEN OVERSEEDING

# The Palmer Overseeding Method

Arnold Palmer and Jim Ellison, Bay Hill's Superintendent, are very careful when choosing an overseeding mixture. Some of the world's top golfers have played at Bay Hill in Orlando, and they've come to expect certain standards.

To help maintain the Bay Hill image, Palmer and Ellison use Marvelgreen. And so do some other prestigious courses:

- Fairfield Harbor Country Club, NC
- Hounds Lake Golf Course, SC
- Augusta Country Club, GA
- Jekyll Island Golf Course, GA
- Marshwood at the Landings, GA
- Amelia Island Plantation Golf Course, FL
- Killearn Estates Golf Course, FL
- St. Andrews of the Gulf, MS
- Eden Isle Country Club, LA

Marvelgreen is also being used at the PGA TOUR Tournament Players Club, Ponte Vedra Beach, FL; Bobby Weed, Superintendent.



Marvelgreen is a product of Lofts Inc. and Lofts/Great Western, Inc.

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For your golf course, good crabgrass control just isn't good enough.

Because what may look like crabgrass might actually be goosegrass.

That's why so many superintendents now use the one preemergence herbicide that stops both, season-long: CHIPCO<sup>®</sup> RONSTAR<sup>®</sup> herbicide.

NOTHING BEATS RONSTAR HERBICIDE ON GRASSY WEEDS.

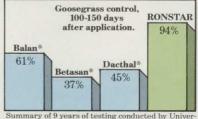
Other herbicides may take care of your crabgrass for you. But when there's goosegrass on your course too, you need the added protection only RONSTAR can provide.

RONSTAR effectively controls crabgrass, and it's the unchallenged leader in goosegrass control, as the 9-year test summaries in the chart show clearly.

And RONSTAR gives excellent control season-long, regardless of weather, because it won't leach from the soil.

And since RONSTAR is highly selective, it won't weaken

#### your turf through root pruning.



Summary of 9 years of testing conducted by University Experiment Station and Rhône-Poulenc personnel.

TT'S SAFE ON ORNAMENTALS, TOO. RONSTAR is so selective, it's safe not only on perennial bluegrass, perennial ryegrass, ber-

mudagrass, tall fescue, zoysia and St. Augustine grass, but also on a broad range of ornamental plantings, ground covers and trees.

That means you can even use it all around the course and the clubhouse for excellent weed control.

If you suspect that crabgrass isn't the only grassy weed problem on your course, play it safe. Use RONSTAR this season,

Use RONSTAR this season, for excellent, season-long control of both crabgrass and goosegrass all over the course.

Rhôneo Poulenc Inc., Agrochemical s. Division, Monmouth, Junction, NJ

Junction, N. 08852

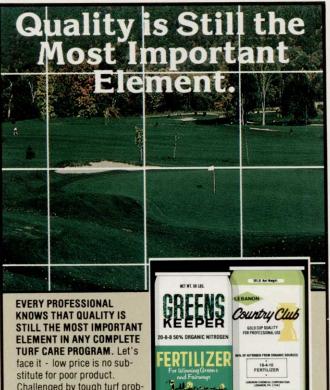


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face it - low price is no substitute for poor product. Challenged by tough turf problems together with rising costs, you just can't afford to play games with products that don't perform consistently

and economically. You need quality turf products you can depend on. You need COUNTRY CLUB and GREENSKEEPER PROFESSIONAL TURF PRODUCTS from LEBANON.

COUNTRY CLUB AND GREENSKEEPER FERTILIZERS ARE OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY HOMOGENOUS GRADES MADE TODAY - GIVING YOU MORE FEEDING POWER FOR YOUR DOLLARS. What makes homogenous fertilizers better? Each pellet contains a chemicallybalanced combination of N-P-K, regardless of the material's sizing and coverage. The plant root needs only to come in contact with <u>one pellet</u> to receive a balanced diet. Consequently, you get even element distribution.

WHATEVER YOUR TURF NEEDS, THERE'S A **COUNTRY CLUB**/ **GREENSKEEPER** PRODUCT SPECIALLY FORMULATED TO MEET THEM - <u>ALL WITHIN YOUR BUDGET!</u> Backed with over 35 years of extensive university and end-use testing, we offer you the most complete line of fertilizers and control products available on the market as well as a full range of S.C.U. blends and chemicals.

**LEBANON CHEMICAL** has the flexibility to formulate <u>exactly</u> the analysis your turf tests indicate to be most beneficial. We are fully equipped to manufacture your private label requirements when needed.

EVERY **COUNTRY CLUB** AND **GREENSKEEPER** PRODUCT IS BACKED WITH A TOTAL COMMITMENT TO SERVE YOU <u>BETTER</u>. Our technically experienced staff is eager to assist you in solving turfgrass problems and will design a complete turf care program for you! Plus you're supported by **LEBANON'S** solid network of distributors throughout the country that ensure you of product availability and prompt service.

THIS SEASON DEPEND ON COUNTRY CLUB AND GREENSKEEPER FERTILIZERS!!

> Call Today for more complete information. Distributor inquiries invited.

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LEBANON CHEMICAL CORPORATION P.O. Box 180, Lebanon, PA 17042 P.O. Box 647, Danville, IL 61832 (continued from page 40) Iron Sulphate .... 18% to 20% Fe 25% to 28% Fe<sup>2</sup>O<sup>3</sup> Iron Chelate ..... 6% to 12% Fe 8% to 17% Fe<sup>2</sup>O<sup>3</sup> Fritted Iron ..... 14% Fe 20% Fe<sup>2</sup>O<sup>3</sup> **Activated Sewage** Sludge ...... 4% to 5% Fe 5% to 7% Fe<sup>2</sup>O<sup>3</sup> Zinc — Associated with plant enzyme systems and certain metabolic processes Sources Copper — Necessary for chlorophyll formation. Acts as a catalyst in some plant processes. Sources Copper Sulphate ..... 25% Cu 31% CuO Copper Oxide .... 50% to 75% Cu 62% to 93% CuO Boron - Necessary for normal cell division and protein formation. Aids setting of flowers and fruit. Source Borax ..... 11% B 35% B<sup>2</sup>O<sup>3</sup> Molybdenum — Plays a part in nitrogen utilization. Source Sodium Molybdate ..... 39% Mo 58% MoO<sup>3</sup>

Chlorine — Present in plant tissue but not considered a necessary element in a fertilizer program. Concern is given to an excess, rather than a deficiency.

Now that we have covered the essential elements and the fertilizer materials that supply these elements, I would like to supply some information on manufactured fertilizers. As you know, manufactured fertilizers are the most common source of plant nutrients. They are identified by analysis numbers and/or by brand name. The common practice is to refer to the commercial fertilizers by the analysis numbers whereas many specialty fertilizers are referred to by brand name. In either case, the fertilizer will have a guaranteed analysis which is printed on a tag or may be printed on the bag.

The analysis numbers, such as 16-4-8 give the percent nitrogen, available phosphoric acid and water soluble potash in a fertilizer mixture. The first number (16) always refers to nitrogen, the second number (4) available phosphoric acid, and the third and last number (8) water soluble potash. If a mixed fertilizer did not contain all three of the primary plant foods, then a zero would be indicated in the analysis for the missing element. For example, an 8-0-8 fertilizer would be one that did not contain available phosphoric acid. A 0-14-14 would not contain nitrogen.

The guaranteed analysis, as required by the Florida Fertilizer Law, gives the percent of the primary, secondary and trace elements, if present, in a mixed fertilizer. It also gives a breakdown of the nitrogen into nitrate, ammonical, water soluble organic nitrogen and water insoluble organic nitrogen. It also lists the materials that were used to manufacture the fertilizer. In florida, a mixed fertilizer must contain a minimum of 16 units or 16% plant food (the minimum may vary depending on (continued on page 45)

#### (continued from page 44)

state laws), if it is to be offered for general sale. Most fertilizers today contain more than the 16% minimum. The question is often asked, why the low percentages of plant nutrients in a mixed fertilizer. Why is it not possible to buy fertilizer containing 100% plant food? Plants use fertilizer nutrients in a combined form. In checking, you will note that the materials containing plant nutrients in a combined form as listed under the various elements are relatively low in plant food. It is not possible to take materials that are relatively low in plant food, combine them in a mixture, and come up with a fertilizer containing 100% plant food or high percentages of plant foods. When formulating a mixed fertilizer, the manufacturer will use the best materials available at the most favorable cost per unit of plant food.

Most quality fertilizers for turf contain some organic nitrogen. Fertilizers that contain organics usually are referred to as a 25% organic or 50% organic etc. This percentage refers to the percent organic nitrogen in the fertilizer. This does not refer to the amount of organic material (pounds of organic) in the mixture, but rather refers to the portion of the nitrogen content that derived from organic materials. To determine the percentage of organic nitrogen in a fixed fertilizer, add the amount of water soluble organic and water insoluble organic guaranteed in the mixture and divide by the total nitrogen, then multiply by 100. Listed below is the nitrogen breakdown from the guaranteed analysis (Florida) for an 8-4-6 fertilizer that contains 25% natural organic nitrogen. This is an example showing how the organic nitrogen content can be figured.

# Example: 8-4-6 analysis TOTAL NITROGEN 8.00% Nitrate Nitrogen 2.00% Ammoniacal Nitrogen 4.00% Water Soluble Organic Nitrogen 0.20% Water Insoluble Nitrogen 1.80%

8 .25 × 100 = 25% Organic Nitrogen 2.00 16 40 40

The formula for a mixed fertilizer is quite often confused with the analysis. The formula actually is used in the manufacturing process to arrive at the particular analysis and type mixture desired. "Filler" is another term used in connection with mixed fertilizers. It is a low plant food or non plant food material that is used to standardize weight in some low analysis all checmial mixtures. High analysis fertilizers and mixtures that contain high amounts of natural organic nitrogen contain very little or no filler.

The cost of a fertilizer is determined by the analysis and the materials used to formulate a particular mixture. A fertilizer that contains good slow acting organics and secondary and trace elements would cost considerably more than a fertilizer with an identical analysis but that

(continued on page 46)

### **DO AWAY WITH UNNECESSARY MACHINE DOWNTIME.**



YOU WORK HARD AND LONG TO GET YOUR GOLF COURSE LOOKING ITS BEST. SO DON'T LET LEAKY HYDRAULIC LINES FROM YOUR MOWERS AND TRACTORS CAUSE UNNECESSARY AND COSTLY TURF DAMAGE. HERE AT PALM BEACH HYDRAULICS WE UNDERSTAND THE PROBLEMS OF WAITING FOR O.E.M. PARTS, AND WHEN YOU FINALLY GET THEM, THEIR COST IS SO HIGH. THIS IS WHY WE MAKE ALL OUR HOSES TO ORDER AT A SUBSTANTIAL SAVINGS OVER O.E.M. COST — AND IN ONLY 10-20 MINUTES WHILE YOU WAIT IN OUR SHOP.

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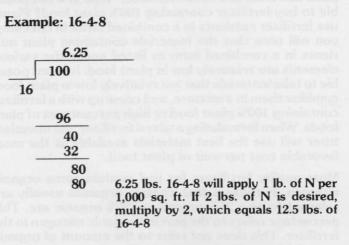
#### (continued from page 45)

did not contain these ingredients. Fertilizers can have identical analysis numbers but vary in price and quality and the results produced. Price comparisons should be made based on pounds of product of comparable quality and analysis or the pounds of fertilizer (comparable quality) needed to supply the amount of actual plant food desired for a given area, regardless of whether the fertilizer is in a pulverized, pelletized, lightweight, soluble, or liquid form. Other factors such as labor saving, ease of application, and results should also enter into the final decision as to which would be the best to purchase.

The forms of fertilizer that are available include pulverized, which is a mixture of dry fertilizer materials and can be made in small quantities, (a few tons at a time), or pelletize or granular fertilizers that are manufactured by mixing solutions and dry materials together and that are made in large quantities (several hundred tons at a time) in a continous process. Bulk blend mixtures are made up of a mixture of granular materials physically mixed together. Solubles are made with fertilizer ingredients that readily dissolve in water and that can be applied with a sprayer or through an irrigation system. A liquid fertilizer is one that contains the soluble ingredients in a liquid form for spray application or by injection through an irrigation system.

Application rates for fertilizers and particularly fertilizers for turf, are usually determined by the nitrogen content. Normally from one to two pounds of N (nitrogen) per 1,000 sq. ft. would be applied for feeding of a regular dry fertilizer. Soluble or liquid fertilizers are usually applied at lower rates per feeding, with more applications for season or year than dry fertilizers. A hundred pound bag of 6-6-6 contains 6 lbs. of N, whereas a hundred pounds of 16-4-8 contains 16 pounds of N. To determine the amount of fertilizer to apply, divide the percent nitrogen

into 100, which will give the pounds of product necessary to apply one pound of N. Multiply this figure by the number of pounds or fractions of pounds of N desired, to obtain the rate to use. An example, using a 16-4-8 fertilizer, is listed below.



For your information, several common fertilizer materials and some popular mixed fertilizers are listed below by analysis with the number of pounds of product necessary per 1,000 sq. ft. to apply from a low rate of  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. of N, up to a high rate of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  lbs. of N per 1,000 sq. ft. Chemical materials and soluble or liquid fertilizers should be applied at the lower rates with more frequent applications.

#### RATES FOR FERTILIZERS LISTED ARE AS FOLLOWS

Amount of Product to Apply Per 1,000 Sq. Ft. To Obtain Amount of Nitrogen Listed

(continued on page 47)



#### (continued from page 46)

Fertilizer	Analysis					
	.5# N	1# N	1.5# N	2# N	2.5# N	
5-4-0	10 Lbs.	20 Lbs.	30 Lbs.	40 Lbs.	50 Lbs.	
6-3-0	8.3	16.6	25	33.2	41.5	
6-6-6	8.3	16.6	25	32.2	41.5	
8-8-8	6.25	12.5	18.75	25	31.25	
10-10-10	5	10	15	20	25	
12-4-8	4.16	8.33	12.5	16.66	20.82	
16-4-8	3.12	6.25	9.4	12.5	15.62	
20-5-5	2.5	5	7.5	10	12.5	
20-0-0	2.5	5	7.5			
33.5-0-0	1.5	3	4.5			
45-0-0	1.1	2.2	3.3			

In addition to straight fertilizers, there are also a number of fertilizer-pesticide combination products that are available for use on turf grasses. These products are regulated by the Florida Fertilizer Law and only those combinations that have been approved can be offered. The Law limits the amount of pesticide that can be included in a mixture and requires that a caution statement appear on the label for the product. The directions for use must also be in line with federal and state recommendations. If the mixture will be sold across state lines, then it must also be registered in each state where it will be sold as well as in Washington (federal), and must comply with all state and federal regulations as far as labeling and use is concerned.

Presented at the 17th Annual FT-GA Conference by Ralph F. Jones, Specialty Products Manager, Wilson & Toomer Fertilizer Co., Jacksonville, Florida. ■

#### Lofts Presents Rutgers \$65M In Royalties

Bound Brook, NJ — Lofts, Inc. recently awarded Rutgers University royalties totalling more than \$65,000. Jon Loft, Lofts President and Chairman of the Board, presented the check at the 1984 Rutgers Turfgrass Field Day. The check was accepted on behalf of Rutgers University by Dr. Lowell A. Douglas, Chairman of Rutgers' Department of Soils and Crops.

Mr. Loft credited the unusually high royalties to the increased demand for high-quality turfgrasses. The



check represented royalties on 1983 harvested turfgrass seed developed by Rutgers University...including RAM I and Mystic Kentucky bluegrasses; and five perennial ryegrasses — Palmer, Repell, Diplomat, Yorktown and Yorktown II.

Royalties play a vital role in the research and development of new turf varieties. Through the marketing efforts of companies like Lofts, these improved varieties are made available for commercial and public use.

For additional information, please contact Lofts Inc., Bound Brook, NJ 08805. (201) 356-8700. ■







New CHIPCO<sup>®</sup> MOCAP<sup>®</sup> insecticide gives you the kind of grub control you need...control that's fast and effective.

CHIPCO MOCAP starts killing grubs as soon as you water it in. Other products take



hours or days to work. And all that time, grubs continue to feed, destroying your turf.

For best results, apply CHIPCO MOCAP before grubs start to feed—usually in August or early September. But if grubs get the jump on you, you can still take control quickly and effectively with fast-acting CHIPCO MOCAP.



And fast action is just part of the story. CHIPCO MOCAP gives effective control of a broad spectrum of grubs.

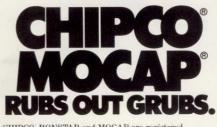
#### CHIPCO MOCAP KILLS OTHER TURF INSECTS, TOO.

CHIPCO MOCAP knocks out a broad range of surface insects, including chinchbug and sod webworm. And if nematodes or mole crickets are destroying your turf, you can destroy them, too, with CHIPCO MOCAP.

For the fastest, most effective control of grubs and other turf pests, include CHIPCO MOCAP in your turfgrass management program. CHIPCO MOCAP from Rhône-Poulenc Inc., makers of CHIPCO<sup>®</sup> 26019 and CHIPCO<sup>®</sup> Ronstar<sup>®</sup> is a new addition to the CHIPCO line of fine products for turfgrass protection.

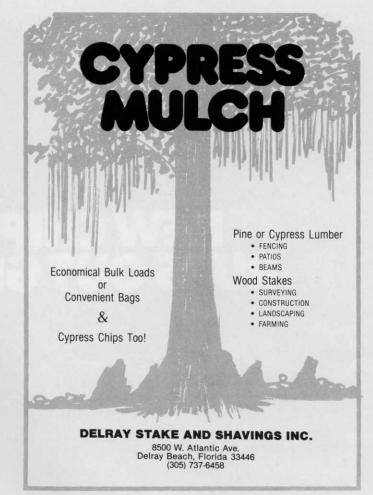
For more information write to Rhône-Poulenc, CHIPCO Department, P.O. Box 125, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852

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Jon Loft, Chairman Lofts, Inc. presents check for \$65,232.26 to Rutgers University. L to R in rear are Dr. R. Hurley of Lofts, Drs. H. Indyk, R. Duell, C.R. Funk, L.A. Douglas and R. Engel all of Rutgers University.