

Introducing the rrevolutionary Toro® Sand Pro with its patent-pending Quick Attach System (QAS), operators can switch out most of the front, rear and mid-mount attachments in seconds. Realize the true potential of your equipment with the right tool fjor the job. The new Sand Pro with QAS, this changes everything.

Call your TPEC Account Executive today to schedule a demonstration of the latest in Toro® innovation. 1-800-861-8676.





Count on it.

2007 Board of Directors

PRESIDENT

Tim Anderson, Naperville C.C. Home: 630-718-9601 E-mail: tjanderso@aol.com

VICE PRESIDENT

Dave Braasch, Glen Erin G.C.

Home: 608-757-2328, Office: 608-856-0240 E-mail: dbraasch@gleneringolf.com

SECRETARY / TREASURER

Tony Kalina, Prairie Landing G.C.

Home: 630-690-2683, Office: 630-232-1650 E-mail: tkalina@prairielanding.com

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Luke Cella

MAGCS, 11855 Archer Ave., Lemont, IL 60439 Office: 630-243-7900, Fax: 630-257-0362 E-mail: luke@magcs.org

BOARD

Paul Bastron, Glen Flora C.C.

Home: 847-746-7212, Office: 847-244-6305 E-mail: pdbastron@sbcglobal.net

Harry Lovero, Orchard Valley G.C.

Home: 630-894-0453, Office: 630-907-8998

E-mail: lsupt1@aol.com

Tom Prichard, Ivanhoe Club

Home: 815-337-9217, Office: 847-566-2050

E-mail: tprichard@ivanhoeclub.com

Todd Schmitz, Phillips Park G.C.

Home: 630-851-5636, Office: 630-898-5296

E-mail: tschmitz@aurora-il.org

Dan Sterr, Stonebridge C.C.

Home: 630-357-4874; Office: 630-898-6139

E-mail: Disterr@aol.com

Scott Witte, Cantigny G.C.

Home: 630-497-1909, Office: 630-260-8182

E-mail: switte@tribune.com

PRESIDENT EMERITUS

Gary Hearn, Salt Creek G.C.

Home: 630-540-1460, Office: 630-773-4790

E-mail: q.hearn@worldnet.att.net

COMMERCIAL REPRESENTATIVE

Sharon Riesenbeck, Waupaca Sand & Solutions

E-mail: sharon@waupacasand.com

CLASS 'C' REPRESENTATIVE

John Ekstrom, Hinsdale Golf Club

Home: 815-436-2281, Office: 630-986-1323

E-mail: snapp79@aol.com

TURFGRASS ADVISOR

Dr. Derek Settle

Chicago District Golf Association

630-685-2307

EDITORIAL CHAIRMAN

Harry Lovero

E-mail: lsupt1@aol.com

ASSOCIATE EDITOR

John Gurke

E-mail: Boomding@aol.com

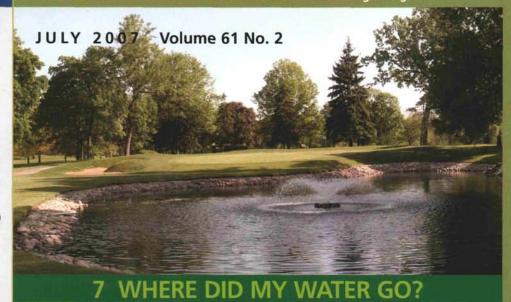
Brad Anderson

E-mail: bradkim@earthlink.net

GRAPHIC ARTIST Mark Karczewski

This publication is not copyrighted. We would like to share our articles with any who would like to use them, but please give the author and *On Course* credit.

Table Of Contents www.magcs.org



FRONT COVER

Cantigny Golf Club, host of the 2007 US Amateur Public Links Championship, Woodside number 3. Photo Credit: Luke Cella.

DIRECTORS

3 Team Work Tim Anderson

5 MAGCS Scholarship and Financial Task Force Committees Dave Braasch

FEATURES

7 Where Did My Water Go? Thomas Healy

How Do Your Bunkers Liner Up? Clive Mills

15 TETA Meets at the Turf **Professionals Equipment** Company's New Location

John Deere Horicon Works Stephen Spuhler

19 Technical Tip Ted Soenksen

DEPARTMENTS

21 Midwest Breezes Brad Anderson

22 the Bull Sheet

33 OFF Course Rusty Stachlewitz

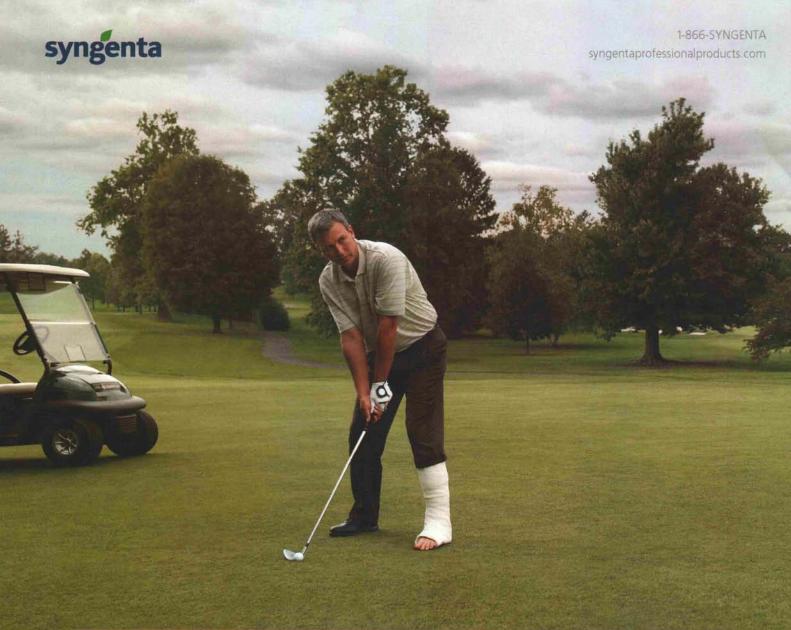
35 MAGCS In Motion



The Midwest Association of Golf Course Superintendents (MAGCS), founded December 24, 1926, is a professional organization whose goals include preservation and dissemination of scientific and practical knowledge pertaining to golf turf maintenance. We endeavor to increase efficiency and economic performance while improving and enhancing the individual and collective prestige of the members.

The MAGCS member is also an environmental steward. We strive to uphold and enhance our surroundings by promoting flora and fauna in every facet in a manner that is beneficial to the general public now and in the future.

All editorial and advertisement inquiries should be directed to Luke Cella, Publisher, On Course. 11855 Archer Avenue, Lemont, IL, 60439. (630) 243-7900 or visit www.magcs.org for rates and requirements. Statements of fact and opinion are the responsibility of the authors alone and do not imply an opinion on the part of the officers or members.



Conditions worthy of devotion.

Golfers will go to extremes to play a round on high quality turf. Syngenta helps ensure courses have that appeal with new Instrata™ fungicide. With three active ingredients and both contact and systemic modes of action, Instrata provides broad-spectrum disease control, including dollar spot, anthracnose, brown patch, and snow mold. Like Headway,™ Instrata can be crucial to combating the threat of disease resistance.

At Syngenta, we understand why golfers might want to play in the best conditions, even when they themselves are not. Beautiful courses should be played any chance you get.



ON COURSE WITH THE PRESIDENT Tim Anderson, CGCS Naperville Country Club



Team Work

The power of team work is an amazing thing. As a golf course superintendent, each of us has a vision for our facility. We also understand that we can not achieve this vision on our own. We rely on our team to make this vision become a reality.

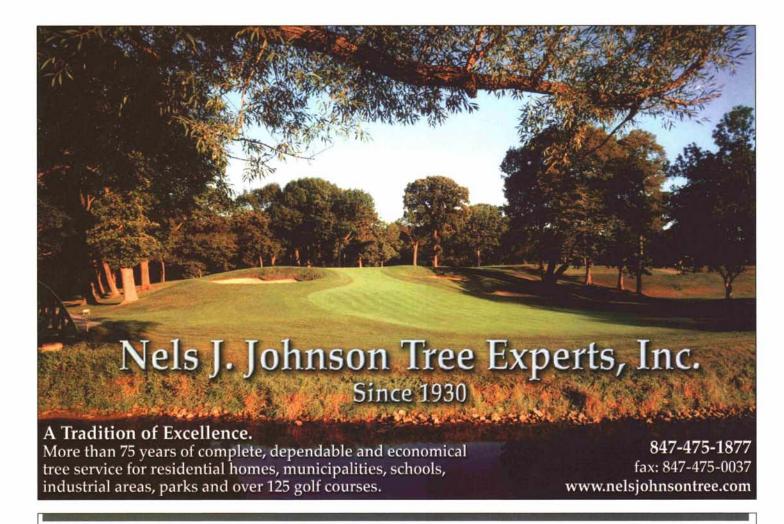
The workers on the maintenance crew are the unsung heroes of the golf course. They work long hours and perform physically demanding tasks. They are expected to work through inclement weather. The nature of their work, combined with the use of machinery, means that the potential for personal injury is always present. They are required to arrive to work at sunrise. They routinely work 6-7 days a week. Often they are asked to return to work in the evening to water, to prep for an upcoming golf tournament, to fertilize, to topdress, or to make plant protectant applications. We expect them to work holidays. They receive few benefits, and little if any personal recognition from our patrons. In fact, if a greenkeeper is doing his job well then it means that he goes unnoticed by the golfers as he toils to complete his tasks.

We expect a lot from our crew. Without their dedication and teamwork our facilities would suffer and our vision would remain unful-filled. Summertime can turn into a grind for the crew as heat and fatigue take their toll. This month make it a point to plan a special activity for your crew to show your appreciation for all their hard work. Something as simple as telling each employee thank you as you hand out pay checks can go a long way toward making them feel good about themselves and renewing their motivation.

Tim -OC

This month make it a point to plan a special activity for your crew to show your appreciation for all their hard work.





PALATINE OIL CO., INC.
Over thirty-four years of caring service and delivery of quality products







'One call does it all' 847-358-3600

PALATINE OIL CO., INC.

P.O. Box 985, Palatine, IL 60078

DIRECTOR'S COLUMN Dave Braasch Glen Erin Golf Club



MAGCS Scholarship and Financial Task Force Committees

Scholarship Update

The MAGCS August monthly meeting at Mistwood Golf Club will be our annual scholarship fundraising event. This means that our sponsors for the day, along with individual sponsors, will have the opportunity to sponsor a hole for the fund. Individual sponsorships will be available at \$50 each and Club or Company sponsorships at \$200. The year is off to a great start with the hospitality suite in Anaheim raising a total of \$2,400 for the scholarship fund. Thank you again to all those who made it pos-The deadline has come for the 2007 Scholarship applications. We have six college and four high school applications. The winners will be awarded their scholarship at the Kane County Cougars game on Saturday, July 21. The evaluation process for the applicants has changed this year, as we did not put everyone in the same "pool" for judging. The essay questions were tailored to meet the two different levels of education, one question for high school students and another for college.

Do you have "Green Partner Points" burning a hole in your pocket? Are you not sure what to do with them? You can donate them to MAGCS by going to www.greenpartners.com and logging in using your username and password. Click on donate points; scroll down to MAGCS; click; and then specify the number of points you want to donate. It's as simple as that! The cumulative points will be used to buy an attractive prize to be raffled off – time and type of raffle to be determined. The money from the raffle will then go into the scholarship fund.

Save and donate those Blue Tags to the MAGCS. MAGCS now has an account set up with Tee-2-Green to redeem Blue Tags for cash. For every Blue Tag turned in, MAGCS will receive \$1 for the scholarship fund. Please turn your tags in to Luke Cella. At the end of the season he will mail in the tags to receive cash for the fund.

Financial Task Force

The Financial Task Force was newly developed in 2007 and consists of Dave Braasch, Ed Fischer, Bob Maibusch, and Luke Cella. The committee was instituted by the Past Presidents' Council. Its purpose is to analyze and make recommendations toward better securing and developing financial investments and reserves for the MAGCS. There are two primary goals: 1) To create a Reserve Fund Policy that would prevent a significant interruption to member services and programs if a disruption in revenue stream, or a drop in membership, or any other such event were to occur. 2) To make recommendations on the current MAGCS investments through AXA. This committee is in the early meeting stages; hence I will provide more information as it becomes available. •OC

Save and donate those Blue Tags to the MAGCS.

Rescue your course from the effects of summer stress. Use Trinity and get

better TURF



Finally, an SI you can use in the summer! **Trinity** fungicide delivers superior control of tough diseases like anthracnose, brown patch, take-all patch,

summer patch and dollar spot — all without unwanted PGR effects. **Trinity** even suppresses algae, giving you improved turf quality for a healthier course. Save your turf this summer. Use **Trinity**.

Find out more: betterturf.com Find a turf care supplier: 800-545-9525 We Don't Make The Turf. We Make It Better.™



The Chemical Company



Always read and follow label directions.

Better Turf. Trinity and We Don't Make The Turf. We Make It Better are trademarks of BASF ©2007 BASF Corporation. All rights reserved.

FEATURE ARTICLE Thomas Healy, P.E. Layne-Western

Where Did _____ My Water Go?

Good, old-fashioned water is the one natural resource most taken for granted, even though it is our most precious resource. However, many people may someday ask the question: "Where did my water go?" This could be a homeowner who opens the tap for a drink of water, and the water trickles out (frozen pipes? water main break?). The same homeowner may ask this question when noticing his or her wilting flowers. There are many other scenarios where suddenly, we discover that our water is gone, but perhaps none is more traumatic than that of the local golf course superintendent. The typical turf grass professional relies on his or her precious irrigation supply for keeping the grass green and healthy, whether for private club members or daily fee golfers.

Arid, drought-like summers seem to occur every few years or so. Another potentially dry summer has begun in the Midwest. If you've started to question your water supply, what should you do?

With the typical Midwest golf course irrigation system, the lack of a sufficient water supply is usually due to one of the following:

- The irrigation supply lake is not being adequately replenished due to the lack of natural run-off or rain. Without an irrigation well, you spend most of your day trying to "contact" Mother Nature. Since Mother Nature fails to answer around here some summers, you may be out of luck!
- You do have a pond recharge well; however, the well has stopped producing water due to mechanical failure of the pump.
- Your well production is reduced and recharge of the pond takes longer than normal. This can be a well pump mechanical problem developing and/or a need for well treatment.

The latter two scenarios are very similar in that they are maintenance issues. In either case, the pump will probably need to be pulled for repair in conjunction with the possibility of needing some type of well treatment. Obviously, our typical Midwest Golf Course Superintendent will attempt to avoid

these occurrences during the hot, high-demand summer months by regularly monitoring the operation of the well and pump and by tending to periodic, preventative-maintenance repairs during the off season. For the sake of article space, we'll make the assumption that experienced MAGCS Superintendents will be able to make normal preventative maintenance

happen, leaving the focus on the first scenario: a missing Mother Nature and no well on the grounds.

In northern Illinois, the most recent occurrence of a "drought-like" year was in 2005. The lack of rain, high temperatures, etc., are still etched in everyone's mind, so there's no reason to relive that part of the past. But our past experiences and the lessons learned by others can be very helpful. We will highlight three recent projects in the hope of allowing others to avoid similar situations. To protect the innocent, the

courses will remain anonymous and will be referred to as "Golf Course A," "Golf Course B," and "Golf Course C."

Golf Course A was constructed in an area where natural runoff was plentiful and built with many acres of lakes. There was no initial need for the drilling of a water well to replenish the irrigation pool supply. For the first several years, this was sound reasoning. However, a dry summer occurred in the mid-1990s, causing a depletion of the irrigation-pool water supply. Informal



(continued on next page)

discussions took place as to the drilling of a well to replenish the supply, but before the supply had dropped to a critical level, heavy rains fell, and the subject of a well dropped on the priority list. But another dry year occurred in the late 1990s, and discussions about drilling a new "sand and gravel" well became more serious.

The sand and gravel aquifer is commonly called the "glacial drift" and consists of unconsolidated materials that were left behind when the glaciers rolled through the area. In the case of Golf Course A, the local municipality had successful sand and gravel wells in close proximity to the course. Those wells produced in excess of the desired 300 GPM (gallons per minute). A five-inch, nominal-size test hole was drilled to bedrock, which was found to be much shallower than estimated, 38 feet below ground surface. However, it was felt that a 10' screened interval at the bottom of the drift could produce the desired 300 GPM. But, once again, timely rains occurred, and the project was tabled until the fateful 2005 irrigation season.

In 2005, the lack of a water supply became so critical that arrangements were made with the local municipality to run a hose off a nearby fire hydrant to fill the irrigation pool. As you can imagine, the costs were exorbitant for a very small quantity of

water, but when there were no other options, this process had to be undertaken. The lack of rain water continued right on through the season, at which time the management of Golf Course A decided it was time to drill a well to replenish the irrigation pool. (The Greens Superintendent had managed to survive that far, but just barely!)

A side benefit with the delay in the decision to drill the well, was that the local municipality had drilled another new well nearby. Instead of a sand and gravel well, the new well was

drilled into the Silurian dolomite or limestone formation. The production from a limestone well is highly unpredictable, but surprisingly, the new city well produced over 700 GPM (1,000,000 gallons of water per 24 hour pumping period). Golf Course A then opted to take a chance and drill a similar limestone well. After the final design and contract process, a successful, 700 GPM limestone well was drilled and put into operation by July 4, 2006. Golf Course A will still need to perform periodic maintenance and continuously monitor their new water well, but their supply problems are now solved.

Golf Course B faced similar circumstances in 2005 with significant depletion of their irrigation pond. The main difference was that Golf Course B already had limestone wells to replenish the pond supply. However, the location of Golf Course B was such that the limestone aquifer was very marginal, and in dry summers even more marginal, due to the lack of recharge through the glacial drift. The water supply shortage also forced Golf Course B to throttle their new, larger irrigation system – a double whammy! With the marginal, shallow aquifers in their area, management at Golf Course B decided it was time to move ahead with the drilling of a deep, sandstone well.

In northern Illinois, there are two principal, "deep" sand-stone formations. One is the upper St. Peter sandstone with depths ranging from 900 to 1,000 feet, while the lower formation is the Galesville sandstone with depths approaching 1,300 to 1,500 feet below ground level. In most areas, the St. Peter sand-stone is capable of a sustained 150-200 GPM production, while the Galesville sandstone can produce upwards of 500-700 GPM with a properly designed well. Since Golf Course B was already dealing with 100-200 GPM marginal wells, the decision was made to drill to the Galesville sandstone. After six months of planning and construction, Golf Course B put their new sand-stone well into operation, also around the 4th of July, 2006, with production in the range of 500-550 GPM. Golf Course B had resolved their worries, which also allowed them to make better use of their new irrigation system.

Now for Golf Course C, where they were dealing with a different situation, even though there was already an existing sand and gravel well that had provided a sufficient water supply for 30+ years. As this well was starting to show signs of its age, the water quality had also worsened, due to presumed road salt infiltration through the glacial drift. Since he had already been

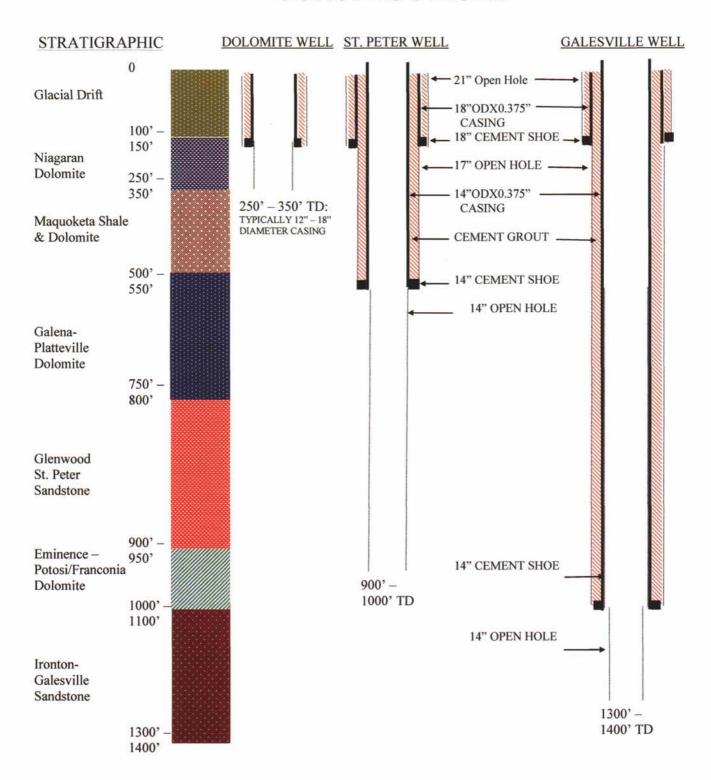
tracking the problem for a few years, the Superintendent at Golf Course C informed management of his pending problem. But it seems that when **quality** is the problem rather than **quantity**, it is much more difficult to shake the needed funds loose from the budget. (The drilling of a deep, Galesville Sandstone well was needed to produce the higher quality **and** quantity.) But let's just say, "hypothetically," that your on-site golf dome was about to be demolished, rather than renovated. Thus, significant, budgeted

funding is not needed, and suddenly, the major funding for a new deep well is available. Well,...(no pun intended), Golf Course C had this very situation occur. Since he had already laid the groundwork for the new well, the Superintendent seized the opportunity, and the deep well project moved ahead rather quickly. After five months of planning and construction, Golf Course C started their new 550 GPM deep sandstone well just before the current irrigation season.

There are, no doubt, many other very interesting stories to relate. But, the bottom line is that it is never too early to analyze your current needs, estimate your future needs, and investigate what you would need to do to upgrade your present water supply. You may need some help, and there are a variety of ways to receive assistance. Your local well-drilling firm should be very helpful with information about other wells in your vicinity. You can also check with state agencies, such as the Illinois State Water Survey and the State Geological Survey. Irrigation consultants may be able to lend a hand as well. But don't delay in analyzing your current situation and planning ahead so that you don't end up asking yourself, "Where Did My Water Go?"

Thomas P. Healy is a longtime MAGCS member is the Assistant District Manager for Layne-Western in Aurora, Illinois.

TYPICAL NORTHEASTERN ILLINOIS IRRIGATION WELL CONSTRUCTIONS



NOTE: NOT TO SCALE. ALL ELEVATIONS ARE TAKEN FROM GROUND LEVEL. GEOLOGICAL DEPTHS WILL VARY BY LOCATION.

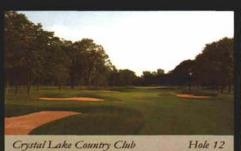
Design.

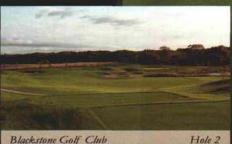
New Courses, Restoration, Renovation **Construction Management**

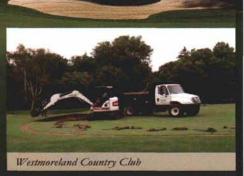
Build.

New Construction Renovation and Restoration

In this game, it's all about perfect execution.









Distinctive. Innovative. Memorable. www.lobmann.com 815,923,3400

GOLFCREATIONS

Building on Experience

www.golfcreations.com 815.923.1868

HOW EFFICIENT IS YOURS?

- Are your satellites outdated and you can no longer get parts?
- ls your current 12-station limitation littering your golf course with too many satellites?
- How accurate is the station run time on your existing electro mechanical satellites?
- Are your old satellites handcuffing you and the way you'd really like to water?
- Are your satellites easily expandable when it comes time to add more rotors?

Experience...

Benefit Today!

72 station capabilities and up to 16 stations operating simultaneously







Call HYDROLogic Today! 800.422.1487 www.hydrologic.net

Rain Bird satellites, offering 72-station capacity, are the lowest cost per station satellites in the industry! Let HYDROLogic help you make them the most effective.