



STEADIER HOG MARKETS PLANNED

Hog Producers and Packers Confer With Representatives of the Food Administration and Agricultural Department and Adopt New Plan of Regulation.

In accordance with the policy of the Food Administration since its foundation to consult representative men in the agricultural industry on occasions of importance to special branches of the industry, on October 24 there was convened in Washington a meeting of the Live Stock Subcommittee of the Agricultural Advisory Board and the special members representing the swine industry to consider the situation in the hog market.

The conference lasted for three days, and during this time met with the executive committee of the fifty packing firms participating in foreign orders for pork products and with the members of the Food Administration directing foreign pork purchases.

The conclusions of the conference were as follows:
The entire marketing situation has so changed since the September joint conference as to necessitate an entire alteration in the plans of price stabilization. The current peace talk has alarmed the holders of corn, and there has been a price decline of from 25 cents to 40 cents per bushel. The fact that the accumulations of low priced corn in the Argentine and South Africa would, upon the advent of peace and liberated shipping, become available to the European market has created a great deal of apprehension on the part of corn holders. This decline has spread fear among swine growers that a similar reduction in the prices of hogs would naturally follow. Moreover, the lower range of corn prices would, if incorporated in a 13-to-1 ratio, obviously result in a continuously falling price for live hogs. In view of these changed conditions many swine producers anticipated lower prices and as a result rushed their hogs to market in large numbers, and this overshipment has added to and aggravated the decline.

The information of the Department of Agriculture indicates that the supply of hogs has increased about 8 per cent, while the highest official estimate does not exceed 15 per cent. increased production of last year. On the other hand, the arrival of hogs during the last five weeks in the seven great markets has been 27 per cent more than in the same period of the year, during the unusually heavy marketing of the available supply. In the face of the excessive receipts some packers have not maintained the price agreed last month. On the other hand, many of the packers have paid over the price offered to them in an endeavor to maintain the agreed price. The result in any event has been a failure to maintain the October price basis determined upon at the September conference and undertaken by the packers. Another factor contributing to the break in prices during the month has been the influenza epidemic; it has sharply curtailed consumption of pork products and temporarily decreased the labor staff of the packers about 25 per cent.

The exports of 130,000,000 pounds of pork products for October compared with about 52,000,000 pounds in October a year ago, and the export orders placeable by the Food Administration for November, amount to 170,000,000 pounds as contrasted with the lesser exports of 94,000,000 for November, 1917. The increased demands of the allies are continuing, and are in themselves proof of the necessity for the large production for which the Food Administration is planning. The increase in export demands appears to be amply sufficient to take up the increase in hog production, but unfavorable market conditions existing in October afford no fair index of the aggregate supply and demand.

It must be evident that the enormous shortage in fats in the Central Empires and neutral countries would immediately upon peace result in additional demands for pork products which, on top of the heavy shipments to the Allies, would tend materially to increase the American exports, inasmuch as no considerable reservoir of supplies exists outside of the United States. It seems probable that the present prospective supplies would be inadequate to meet this world demand with the return to peace. So far as it is possible to interpret this fact, it appears that there should be even a stronger demand for pork products after the war, and therefore any alarm of hog producers as to the effect of peace is unwarranted by the outlook.

In the light of these circumstances it is the conclusion of the conference that attempts to hold the price of hogs to the price of corn may work out to the disadvantage of pork producers. It is the conclusion that any interpretation of the formula should be a broad gauged policy applied over a long period. It is the opinion of the conference that in substitution of the previous plans of stabilization the Live Stock Subcommittee of the Agricultural Advisory Board, together with the specially invited swine representatives, should accept the invitation of the Food Administration to join with the Administration and the packers in determining the prices at which controlled export orders are to be placed. This will be regularly done. The influence of these orders will be directed to the maintenance of the common object—namely, the stabilization of the price of live hogs so as to secure as far as it is possible fair returns to the

producer and the insurance of an adequate future supply.
These foreign orders are placed upon the basis of cost of hogs to the packers.
As the result of long negotiations between this body and the Packers' Committee, representing the 45 to 50 packers participating in foreign orders, together with the Allied buyers, all under the Chairmanship of the Food Administration, the following undertaking has been given by the packers:

In view of the undertakings on the part of the Food Administration with regard to the co-ordinated purchases of pork products, covered in the attached, it is agreed that the packers participating in these orders will undertake not to purchase hogs for less than the following agreed minimums for the month of November, that is a daily minimum of \$17.50 per hundred pounds on average of packers' droves, excluding throw-outs. "Throw-outs" to be defined as pigs under 150 pounds, stags, boars, thin sows and skips. Further that no hogs of any kind shall be bought, except throw-outs at less than \$16.50 per hundred pounds. The average of packers' droves to be construed as the average of the total sales in the market of all hogs for a given day. All the above to be based on Chicago.

We agree that a committee shall be appointed by the Food Administration to check the daily operations in the various markets with a view to supervision and demonstration of the carrying out of the above.

The ability of the packers to carry out this arrangement will depend on there being a normal marketing of hogs based upon the proportionate increase over the receipts of last year. The increase in production appears to be a maximum of about 15 per cent, and we can handle such an increase. If the producers of hogs should, as they have in the past few weeks, prematurely market hogs in such increasing numbers over the above it is entirely beyond the ability of the packers to maintain these minimums, and therefore we must have the co-operation of the producer himself to maintain these results. It is a physical impossibility for the capacity of the packing houses to handle a similar over-flood of hogs and to find a market for the output. The packers are anxious to co-operate with the producers in maintaining a stabilization of price and to see that producers receive a fair price for their products.

(Signed) THOS. E. WILSON,
Chairman Packers' Committee.

The plan embodied above was adopted by the conference.

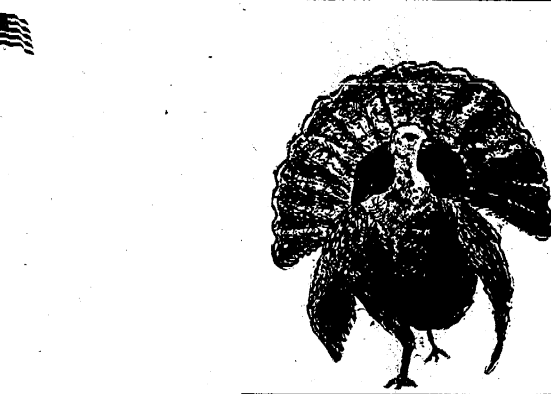
The Food Administrator has appointed a committee, comprising Mr. Thomas E. Wilson, chairman of the Packers' Committee; Mr. Everett Brown, president of the Chicago Livestock Exchange; Major Roy of the Food Administration; Mr. Louis D. Hall of the Bureau of Markets, to undertake the supervision of the execution of the plan in the various markets. Commission men are asked to co-operate in carrying out the plan embodied in the packers' agreement. It must be evident that offers by commission men to sell hogs below the minimum established above is not fair, either to the producer or the participating packers. Mr. Brown has undertaken on behalf of the commission men in the United States that they will loyally support the plan.

It is believed by the conference that this new plan, based as it is upon a positive minimum basis, will bring better results to the producer than average prices for the month. It does not limit top prices and should narrow the margins necessary to country buyers in more variable markets. It is believed that the plan should work out close to \$18 average.

Swine producers of the country will contribute to their own interest by not flooding the market, for it must be evident that if an excessive over percentage of hogs is marketed in any one month price stabilization and control cannot succeed, and it is certain that producers themselves can contribute materially to the efforts of the conference if they will do their marketing in as normal a way as possible.

The whole situation as existing at present demands a frank and explicit assurance from the conferees represented—namely, that every possible effort will be made to maintain a live hog price commensurate with swine production costs and reasonable selling values in execution of the declared policy of the Food Administration to use every agency in its control to secure justice to the farmer.

The stabilization methods adopted for November represent the best efforts of the conference, concurred in by the Food Administration and the



Let Us Give Thanks
For the
VICTORY
And that Our Loss Was No Greater

Livestock Subcommittee of the Agricultural Advisory Board, together with special swine members and the representatives of the packers, to improve the present unsatisfactory situation, which has unfortunately resulted because of the injection of uncontrollable factors.

We ask the producer to co-operate with us in a most difficult task. The members of the Conference were:

Producers—H. C. Stuart, Elk Garden, Va., Chairman Agricultural Advisory Board; W. M. McFadden, Chicago, Ill.; A. F. Sikes, Id., etc.

John M. Evard, Ames, Ia.; J. E. Mercer, Live Stock Commission for Kansas; J. G. Brown, Moon, Ind.; E. C. Brown, President Chicago Livestock Exchange; N. E. Gentry, Sedalia, Mo.; John Gratton, Bloomfield, Colo.; Eugene Funk, Bloomington, Ill.; Isaac Lincoln, Aberdeen, S. D.; C. W. Hunt, Logan, Ia.; C. E. Yancey, W. R. Dodson.

Food Administration—Herbert Hoover, F. S. Snyder, Major E. L. Roy, G. H. Powell.

Department of Agriculture—Louis D. Hall, F. R. Marshall.

The packers present and others sharing in foreign orders were represented by the elected packers' committee. Those represented were:

Packers—Armour & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Cudahy Packing Co., Chicago, Ill.; Morris & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Swift & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Wilson & Co., Chicago, Ill.; John A. Gar, Co., Chicago, Ill.; Armstrong Packing Co., Dallas, Tex.; Boyd Dunham & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Brennan Packing Co., Chicago, Ill.; Cincinnati Abattoir Co., Cincinnati, O.; Cleveland Provision Co., Cleveland, O.; Cudahy Bros. Co., Cudahy, Wis.; J. D. Dold Packing Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; Dunlevy Packing Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.; J. E. Decker & Sons, Mason City, Ia.; Evansville Packing Co., Evansville, Ind.; East Side Packing Co., East St. Louis, Ill.; Hammond Standish & Co., Detroit, Mich.; G. A. Hornel & Co., Austin, Minn.; Home Packing & Ice Co., Terre Haute, Ind.; Independent Packing Co., Chicago, Ill.; Indianapolis Abattoir Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; International Provision Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.; Interstate Packing Co., Winona, Minn.; Iowa Packing Co., Des Moines, Ia.; Powers Begg Co., Jacksonville, Ill.; Kinsman & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; Krey Packing Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Lake Erie Provision Co., Cleveland, O.; Layton Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; Oscar Mayer & Co., Sedgwick and Beethoven streets, Chicago, Ill.; J. T. McMillan Co., St. Paul, Minn.; Miller & Hart, Chicago, Ill.; J. Morrell & Co., Ottumwa, Ia.; Nuckolls Packing Co., Pueblo, Colo.; Ogden Packing and Provision Co., Ogden, Utah; Ohio Provision Co., Cleveland, O.; Parker Webb & Co., Detroit, Mich.; Pittsburgh Packing and Provision Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.; Rait Packing Co., Waterloo, Ia.; Roberts & Oake, Chicago, Ill.; Robe & Bros., New York City; W. C. Routh & Co., Logansport, Ind.; St. Louis Ind. Packing Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Sinclair & Co., T. M. Cedar Rapids, Ia.; Sullivan & Co., Detroit, Mich.; Theurer-Norton Provision Co., Cleveland, O.; Wilson Provision Co., Peoria, Ill.; Western Packing and Provision Co., Chicago, Ill.; Charles Wolf Packing Co., Topeka, Kan.

There is every indication that Liberty Loan bonds, issued during the war, will materially rise in value with the establishment of peace.

In 1888 a \$100 United States bond bearing four per cent interest, sold for \$139.

1901 it brought more than \$139. The most conservative will agree that Liberty bonds are sure to go above par in value, now that the allies have brought the war to a victorious end.

The shrewd and unsophisticated, the birds of prey in finance, realize the worth of Liberty bonds and are using every effort to secure them from those who are uninformed in financial matters. Their favorite method is to offer stock in wildcat companies—stock that is absolutely valueless—in exchange for Liberty bonds. Some of these get-rich-quick schemers offer to lend their prospective victims the money wherewith to buy the gold-brick stock, taking Liberty bonds as security. This, of course, is only a thinly-disguised attempt to obtain Liberty bonds for worthless stock.

The United States owns some 5,000,000 acres of oil lands and 53,000,000 acres of coal lands, the title to which belongs to the federal government. Since all owners of Liberty bonds are part owners of this government, it would be palpably foolish of them to exchange their Liberty bonds for oil or coal stocks of doubtful value.

Disposal of his bonds, the holder thereof would do well to consult a banker. Such consultation will not prosper the fake stock concerns, but it certainly will prosper the bond holder.

There are plenty of smart business men and others in Manchester as well as in other towns who have taken money that was drawing only three per cent interest in their bank, and invested it in some concern that offered to pay from seven to twenty per cent dividends, and they lost it all. Hold onto your cash. Hold onto your bonds.

WILD OATS MENACE

May Become Dangerous Pest Unless Dealt With Early, M. A. C. Man Declares.

A series of reports received by the farm crops department of the Michigan Agricultural college tell of a widespread invasion of the state this season by the wild oat. The weed, which if not controlled becomes a dangerous pest, was brought into the state last spring with spring wheat imported from the west. Immediate control measures are urged.

Few people realize what a dangerous weed the wild oat is," declares Prof. F. A. Spragg, in a new issue of the Quarterly Bulletin. "Wild oats mature early and usually ripen before the crop in which they grow. They shed off and normally lie in the ground until the next spring without sprouting. In fact a portion of them lie in the ground for a term of years, germinating only under the most favorable conditions when they will again be weeds in a grain field. Wild oats have been known to lie under timothy sod for four years and germinate when the ground was broken for cropping.

"To control the pest, observe the following: Plant only clean seed; pull wild oat plants wherever and whenever they appear, even at the risk of pulling up some other plants; as well. If you had wild oats go to

JURYMEN FOR DECEMBER TERM.

The following jurymen have been drawn for the December term of circuit court, from this part of the county:

Albert Coo, Ypsilanti; W. H. Owen, Ypsilanti township; Edward Hiscok, George L. Haarer, George M. Haupt, John Kinney, George B. Alexander, William Mayer, Ann Arbor; Ely Bradshaw, Ann Arbor township; William N. Martin, Bridgewater; Fred Eiseeman, Freedom; Bert Osborne, Saline; Fred Albee, Sharon.

HOLD YOUR BONDS

Smooth Talking Guys May Tempt You to Trade Them for What They Have on Hand.

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GREAT RECLAMATION PROJECT

Drain 12,000,000 Acres of Land in Michigan That Is Now Unproductive Advocated.

The Michigan Land and Livestock commission in session at Grand Rapids Thursday advocated several reforms and improvements.

The keynote of the congress was the reclamation of 12,000,000 acres of undeveloped land in the state and conversion into farms or sheep-grazing tracts. It was emphasized that the lands might be made available for returned soldiers and sailors and that such projects would tend to keep Michigan boys on the farms.

When prices of meat go up, Swift & Company not only can pay the producer more, but has to pay him more, or some other packer will.

Similarly, when prices recede all down the line Swift & Company cannot continue to pay the producer the same prices as before, and still remain in the packing business.

All the packer can do is to keep the expense of turning stock into meat at a minimum, so that the consumer can get as much as possible for his money, and the producer as much as possible for his live-stock.

Thanks to its splendid plants, modern methods, branch houses, car routes, fleet of refrigerator cars, experience and organization, Swift & Company is able to pay for live cattle 90 per cent of what it receives for beef and by-products, and to cover expense of production and distribution, as well as its profit (a small fraction of a cent per pound), out of the other 10 per cent.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

IF YOU WANT

A Good Cup of Coffee

Try Our

MORNING GLORY
PURITAN
OLD ABBEY
PATHFINDER
And a fine grade of Bulk Coffee

We also have a good line of

Breakfast Foods

MAPLE-FLAKE
CORN-FLAKES
BRAN FLAKES
KUMBLIES
GRAPE NUTS
SHREDDED WHEAT
BISCUITS

PUFFED RICE
PUFFED WHEAT
CREAM OF WHEAT
ROLLED OATS

—Phone 180—

EAST SIDE

GROCERY

J. H. DELKER

to control the pest, observe the following: Plant only clean seed; pull wild oat plants wherever and whenever they appear, even at the risk of pulling up some other plants; as well. If you had wild oats go to

NAVY PHYSICIAN HOME

Well Known to Manchesterites, Dr. Conklin Is Back in Michigan—After Service at Sea.

Sr. Lieut. Fred Conklin, U. S. N., arrived in Ann Arbor last Friday afternoon to visit old friends and attend the football game. While attending the U. of M., a number of years ago, Lieut. Conklin played guard and end with the university team.

He will be remembered as a son of the late Dr. A. B. Conklin, son of the late Amariah Conklin of this village. After graduating at Ann Arbor he joined the navy and for four years has been cruising around the world with experiences more or less exciting all the time. He has visited China, Siberian Russia and the Philippine Islands. He was dead anxious to get into the scrap with Germany but it did not work out.

He said: "Believe in the future of Siberia, but whether or not she will separate from Russia is a question. It looks likely that such a separation will be made. Siberia is large enough and resourceful enough to take care of herself. Siberia is a land of magnificent natural resources and her farming lands are the marvel of the entire world, rich and not worn out. It is a country of great future promise, once a stable government is established.

Lieut. Conklin now has a two months furlough and after Thanksgiving will go to Washington and try to arrange to have two years shore duty in Europe.

CAMPAIGN EXPENSES REPORTED

The following candidates for offices at the November election have filed statements of their expenses:

County Clerk Smith contributed \$10 to the Republican campaign fund and that was his only expense.

Col. A. C. Pack secured the office of sheriff by contributing \$125 to the campaign fund and he had \$41.70 other expense.

Dr. Wm. F. Mills, Democratic candidate for representative, contributed an even \$50 to the fund.

Charles A. Sink, Republican candidate for representative contributed \$25.40 to the fund and a dollar besides.

Jacob Fahrner, elected prosecuting attorney, returned \$188.55 as his total expense.

Clayton E. Deake contributed \$40 and spent \$5 otherwise. Perry L. Townsend contributed \$90. Leo Gruner gave \$90. G. W. Millen came across with \$100. Frank C. Cole gave \$10. Wm. M. Laird and Louis C. Schlegel reported no expenses.

MANCHESTER

In the southwest corner of Washtenaw County, 22 miles from Ann Arbor, the County Seat and University City, 25 miles from Ypsilanti and the Normal School, 20 miles from Jackson, the Prison City, 54 miles from Detroit, 60 miles from Toledo.

At Junction of Jackson and Ypsilanti Branches of the Lake Shore Railway Bell Telephone, W. U. Telegraph, Municipal Electric Lighting Plant, Three Good Water Powers, Rich Farming, Fruit and Stock Section. Everything Up-to-Date.

SOCIETIES.

MANCHESTER LODGE No. 148, F. & A. M., meets at Masonic Hall, Wednesday evening on or before full moon. Visiting brothers are invited. Mat. D. Root, Sec. F. B. Spafford, R. F. P.

MERIDIAN CHAPTER No. 48, R. & A. M., meets at Masonic Hall, Wednesday evening on or before full moon. Companions are cordially welcome. E. E. Root, Sec. F. B. Spafford, R. F. P.

ADONIRAM COUNCIL No. 24, F. & S. M., assemblies at Masonic Hall, Tuesday evening after each full moon. All visiting companions invited. Mat. D. Root, Sec. F. B. Spafford, R. F. P.

MANCHESTER CHAPTER No. 101, O. E. S., meets at Masonic Hall, Friday evening on or before full moon. Visiting members are invited. Mrs. Edna Root Secretary; Mrs. Blanche Lowrey, W. M.

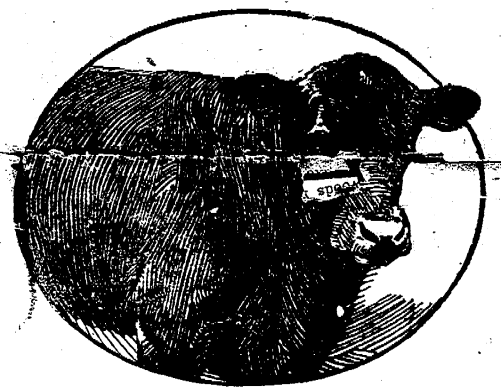
BUSINESS CARDS.

G. A. SERVIS
Is prepared to do all kinds of
Dental Work
General and Local Anesthetics for Painless Extraction. Office upstairs in Servis Building.

C. F. KAPP
Physician and Surgeon
Office at Residence on Clinton street. Hours 7 to 9 a. m., and from 4 to 6 p. m.
MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN.

F. D. MERITHEW
Licensed Auctioneer
MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN.
Sales in Village or County will be promptly attended to on reasonable terms. Dates can be made at Enterprise Office.

BRIEGL & FISH
Manchester Hotel Barbers
Shaving, Shampooing, Haircutting, Etc., done in first-class manner.
Hot and Cold Baths.



What Determines Meat and Live-Stock Prices?

Some stock men still think that Swift & Company—and other big packers—can pay as little for live-stock as they wish.

Some consumers are still led to believe that the packers can charge as much for dressed meat as they wish.

This is not true. These prices are fixed by a law of human nature as old as human nature itself—the law of supply and demand.

When more people want meat than there is meat to be had, the scramble along the line to get it for them sends prices up. When there is more meat than there are people who want it, the scramble all along the line to get rid of it within a few days, while it is still fresh, sends prices down.

When prices of meat go up, Swift & Company not only can pay the producer more, but has to pay him more, or some other packer will.

Similarly, when prices recede all down the line Swift & Company cannot continue to pay the producer the same prices as before, and still remain in the packing business.

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Swift & Company, U. S. A.



THANKSGIVING

One of the most extraordinary Thanksgivings in the history of our nation will be 1918. It would take much space to speak of the many many things as a nation, firm and individuals, we this year should be thankful for. How thankful the mothers of Manchester should be that their sons and every one who enlisted in the service has been spared from the bullets and disease. No other community that has enrolled 68 of her best sons can boast more than Manchester and say "Not one gold star" in our service flag. The mothers and fathers who mourn the loss of the one they loved can be thankful to know he died a hero that we might be saved. It is glorious to die for your country and a glorious thing to know you were willing to. With conditions as they were it might have been worse, for which we all ought to be thankful. In appreciation we are going to give you a discount of

10% Saturday, Nov. 30

All Suits and Overcoats for Men and Boys

WUERTHNER BROS.
THE STORE THAT MAKES GOOD

The Ship of Chance

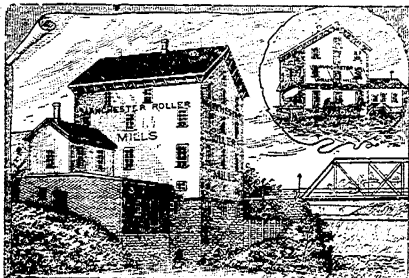
THERE ARE PLENTY OF PEOPLE WHO ARE SITTING ON SOME SHORE WAITING FOR SOME SHIP OF CHANCE TO COME IN. WHY SHOULD IT COME IN? ANY SHIP LADEN WITH GOLD, SAILING THE SEAS, HAS AN EXPERIENCED PILOT WHO KNOWS WHERE HE IS GOING. IT IS JUST AS EASY TO SAVE MONEY AS IT IS TO WAIT.

THE PEOPLES BANK

Member Federal Reserve Bank
The Bank With the Chime Clock.

We Pay Highest Prices for Wheat

Use Our Popular Brands of Flour



We Appreciate Your Patronage

LONIER & HOFFER

Auction Bills

Printed Promptly
and Auctioneer
arranged for at

ENTERPRISE OFFICE

Neighborhood News

IRON CREEK

Services at the church Sunday at 10:30.

Elwin Matteson, who is working in Jackson, was home Sunday.

Miss Dorothy Trolz of the Chelsea telephone exchange was home Sunday.

Hazel Scully of Toledo was in this locality delivering farm tractors last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wahr of Ann Arbor were Sunday guests at George M. Sutton's.

M. J. Henzie and Will Coghlan are busy erecting a 30x12 hen house for C. B. Brooks.

Mr. and Mrs. Grant R. Sutton and Miss Ethel Bowins spent Sunday at Fred E. Alber's in Sharon.

Mrs. Samuel Calhoun of Somerset visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Rushton, the past week.

The Woman's Missionary Society will meet with Mr. John Rigall Tuesday, Dec. 5. It being the last meeting of the year, there will be election of officers.

Roy Conklin and Sidney Lowery and their families took dinner at the Holmes' home Sunday. Though several days in advance, it was their Thanksgiving dinner.

Among those who attended the funeral of Charles J. VanValkenburg at Macon last Thursday were: Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Bowins, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Green, Mr. and Mrs. George M. Sutton, Mr. and Mrs. Miles Martin, Anson Gall, Will Coghlan.

District No. 9, Miss Alta L. Grossman, teacher, reports the following as neither absent nor tardy during the month of November: Arthur Gauss, Robert Hildinger, Anna Kirk, Lena Gauss, Leone Eagan. The star spellers for the month were Lena Gauss and Charles Gauss.

The following pupils in the McMahon district, Miss May E. Cash, teacher, were neither absent nor tardy for November: Avery Aten, Edward Scully, Leo Scully, Arnold Heimerding. The school is pleased to enroll three new pupils this week: Anna, Elsie and Gladys Curtis.

The town line road south of Thos. Clark's is nearly impassable. The road was graded and the clay when cut by the recent rains became a mixture almost impossible to drive through. They intended to gravel the road, but did not. Some think that the road ought to be closed temporarily at least.

The road running directly south from the village of Manchester to the turnpike is badly in need of repairs to make it a safe highway. The south end is very hilly, and is not traveled much. There are other roads over which people may travel and not go much, if any, out of their way. Yet there are people who wish the road repaired. The township board was out here recently looking for a way to make it safe. It would be wise to abandon the south part of the road and close it up.

SHARON

Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Gieske were in Jackson on business Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Giffette spent Thanksgiving at Walter Ford's in Brooklyn.

Clare Riedel and Russell Silkworth of Manchester were Sunday callers at E. M. Smith's.

Ernest Raymond and Will Curtis and families drove to Jackson Sunday to see the airplanes and the war exposition.

E. M. Smith and family and Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Smith spent Thanksgiving with the former's father, F. W. Smith, in Manchester.

Mr. and Mrs. Matthews of Ann Arbor spent Thursday and Friday at Lewis Grossman's. Miss Jaeger of Detroit spent Sunday with them.

We learn that Will Keeler, formerly of this township, who has resided in Connecticut for several years, is now somewhere in the west.

A patriotic meeting was held in school district No. 4 Wednesday evening. The school gave a short program followed by the dedication of a service flag and the sale of a quilt that was made by the Junior Red Cross. Speakers from Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti and Chelsea were present.

Those neither absent nor tardy for November in district No. 9, Miss Irma Dresselhouse, teacher, were: Eva and Verena Haesselschwerdt, Ethel and Edith Bruestle, Neta and Vera Dalton, Ruth, Laura and Louis Washburne. Star spellers for the month were: Eva Haesselschwerdt and Laura Washburne. Those who were neither absent nor tardy for the fall term are: Ethel and Edith Bruestle, Verena Haesselschwerdt and Ruth Washburne.

NORTH SHARON

The Red Cross met with Mrs. Jas. Hiems last Thursday afternoon.

Harold Benedict of Detroit spent several days last week with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lehman.

The Epworth League will be led by H. P. Lehman, Sunday. Topic: "All for Christ, my money."

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Gallery of Eaton Rapids visited over Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. R. Cooke.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Curtis and son James and Miss Lena Ordway spent Thursday in Ann Arbor where they visited Mr. and Mrs. Elbert Cooke.

FREEDOM

District No. 8, Miss Emma Schlicht, teacher, reports the following pupils as neither absent nor tardy for the month of November: Laverne and Lelia Altenbernt, Carlton Burkhardt, and Wynona Burch. Star spellers: Laverne, Lelia and Helen Altenbernt, Juliette Ambs and Ralph Coon. The school is 100 per cent Red Cross.

NORVELL

James Allen went to Indiana Saturday to visit friends.

Linden Jenkins of Camp Custer was home Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Linde of Ann Arbor were here Sunday.

Miss Zorah Pratt and Mary Palmer were in Jackson Saturday.

E. Sauer is confined to the house while nursing a lame back.

W. C. Pratt and daughter were in Manchester Monday forenoon.

Thomas and Mary Gormley visited friends in Jackson over Sunday.

Mrs. Eva Green and Maxine Schofield were in Jackson last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Beckwith of Ann Arbor will spend Thanksgiving here.

Jacob Walter and son of Sharon visited his sister, Pauline Walter, on Saturday.

John Linde visited his daughter, Mrs. Ray Thrasher, at Michigan Center, last week.

Mrs. Green and Marian Schofield went to Detroit Wednesday to visit Mrs. Green's daughter, Bessie Fay.

Sam Lutz, living on a farm north of town, had an auction Saturday and will move to Bristol, Indiana.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Winfield will have for Thanksgiving guests, Mr. and Mrs. Bradford and son of Toledo.

Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Schofield, W. C. Pratt, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Beck and Lewis Kimble were in Jackson Sunday.

Mrs. Carl Krausse, who has been very sick with influenza in Detroit, is now with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chris. Houk, in Sharon.

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Ford in company with Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Gary of Brooklyn, drove to Jackson Saturday and attended the war exhibition.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Huffman will entertain her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Aten, and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Linde of Ann Arbor Thanksgiving day.

At the regular meeting of the Red Cross, Miss Lucile Austin was elected chairman in place of Mrs. F. C. Beckwith, resigned, and Mrs. Z. T. Kimble takes Mrs. S. A. Groat's position.

Mat D. Blosser of Manchester was a guest of A. J. Austin and family Sunday and went to Jackson with them in the afternoon. Miss Lucile Austin remained to visit friends a few days.

Among those from here who went to Jackson Sunday to see the flight of airplanes were Vern Hay, Willis Pratt, Howard Schofield, A. J. Austin and wife and daughter, and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Austin.

Mrs. E. P. Huffman entertained a company of "little folks" Tuesday afternoon, it being Marian's seventh birthday. It was very much enjoyed by the little folks, especially the birthday cake with the seven candles on it.

We have a lot of those war maps left at The Enterprise office, and although the war is practically over, yet they are worth 25 cents each of any man's or woman's money who is interested in knowing exactly where the boys chased the Huns.

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YOUR BOY
OVER THERE
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IT WILL GO FORWARD
EACH WEEK WITHOUT ANY
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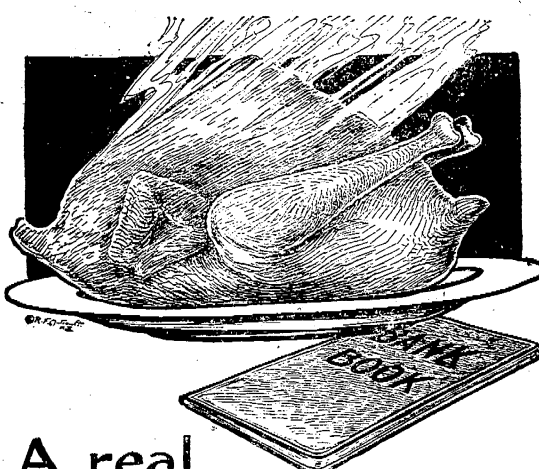
BRING THE CHILDREN TO OUR CHRISTMAS TOYLAND

For here are displayed the most wonderful playthings that Santa Claus will choose to make up his Christmas pack.

FOR THE LITTLE GIRL—First of all, there are dolls of all sorts.—Red Cross nurse dolls, soldier dolls, sailor dolls, that talk and have real hair and even eyelashes, in fact any kind of a doll you could wish for. Then there is a whole case of doll clothing—doll beds, even four-poster ones; doll carriages and cabs, pianos that really play, and other things that will delight little sister.

FOR THE SMALL BOY—Tanks, torpedoes, submarines, soldier games, mechanical games of all kinds, mechanical toys, bicycles, automobiles, and so many other things that you will have to come up and see them yourselves.

(THIRD FLOOR)



A real Thanksgiving

Every time you go to the bank and make "another" deposit it is Thanksgiving, or should be, because your future is being made secure against want; your old age is being made comfortable and happy, and those you love are being protected against poverty or humiliation.

Come in and start a bank account with a little money and make a big thanksgiving

MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE BANK.

The Union Savings Bank
THE BANK ON THE CORNER

NO ORDER TOO SMALL

NO ORDER TOO LARGE

NO ORDER TOO EXACTING in

Job Printing

For Us to Accept

For Us to Undertake

For Us to Give Personal Attention

Prices Reasonable. Work Done Promptly.

ENTERPRISE OFFICE

**A Watch
That Don't Run
OR
Keep Good Time
Is Worthless**

Bring your timepiece to me and let me make it of value to you.

**Repairing Done
Promptly**

H. L. ROOT

JEWELER

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW. At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw held at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor on the 15th day of November in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the Estate of MARGARET HAPPEL, deceased.

Arthur J. Waters, executor, having filed a said court his final administration account, and a petition praying for the allowance thereof and for the assignment and distribution of the residue of said estate.

It is ordered, That the 16th day of DECEMBER next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office be appointed for hearing said account. And it is further Ordered, That a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the MANCHESTER ENTERPRISE, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County of Washtenaw.

EMORY E. LEELAND, Judge of Probate.
[A true copy.]
DORCAS C. DONEGAN, Register.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW. At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 15th day of November in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the Estate of THOMAS HAPPEL, deceased.

A. J. Waters, administrator, having filed in said court his final administration account, and a petition praying for the allowance thereof and for the assignment and distribution of the residue of said estate.

It is ordered, That the 16th day of DECEMBER next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office be appointed for hearing said account. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the MANCHESTER ENTERPRISE, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County of Washtenaw.

EMORY E. LEELAND, Judge of Probate.
[A true copy.]
DORCAS C. DONEGAN, Register.

Common Notice. No. 12233. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW. At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 15th day of November in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the Estate of JACOB SCHILLER, deceased, hereby give notice that four months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the late residence in the Township of Bridgeport in said County of Washtenaw, on the 25th day of DECEMBER next, at ten o'clock A. M. of each said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated October 25th, 1918.
GODFREY COOK, ALBERT ARMBRUSTER, Commissioners.