



THE ENTERPRISE
Published Thursdays
Visit almost every home in Southern Washtenaw, Northern Lenawee and Southwestern Jackson Counties.

MANCHESTER
In the southwest corner of Washtenaw County, 22 miles from Ann Arbor, the County Seat and University City; 25 miles from Ipsandale and the Normal School; 28 miles from Jackson, the Branch City; 64 miles from Detroit; 66 miles from Toledo.

SOCIETIES
MANCHESTER LODGE No. 149, F. & A. M. meets at Masonic Hall Monday Evening at 8 o'clock.

MERIDIAN CHAPTER No. 41, R. & A. M. meets at Masonic Hall Wednesday Evening at 8 o'clock.

ADONIRAM COUNCIL No. 24, E. & S. M. meets at Masonic Hall Tuesday Evening at 8 o'clock.

MANCHESTER CHAPTER No. 141, O. E. S. meets at Masonic Hall Friday Evening at 8 o'clock.

BUSINESS CARDS
A. J. WATERS
Attorney and Counselor at Law, Office over United States Bank Building.

LEO L. WATKINS
Lawyer
Office in Watkins Block over Paul Brothers.

FRANK A. STIVERS
Attorney and Counselor at Law
511-513 First Street, Manchester, Michigan.

HOSCOE BONDRELL, CARL A. LEHMAN, General Practitioners in All Courts.

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Best Facilities for Setting all kinds of Compositions.

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Ask to see samples and get price of LETTER HEADS AND ENVELOPES.

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Order your Wedding Stationery
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Manchester, Mich.

PROCLAMATION OF GOVERNOR FERRIS

MAY TENTH IS DESIGNATED AS "MOTHERS DAY" BY EX-CUTIVE.

URGES ALL TO OBSERVE DAY
Refers to "Breaking Home Ties" as One of the Most Pathetic and Beautiful Pictures in World of Art.

Lansing, Mich.—Governor Ferris Saturday issued his proclamation declaring Sunday, May 10, as Mothers' day.

"The mother is the queen of the home and the home is the ante-room to heaven. Industry, thrift, honesty, self-sacrifice, sobriety, virtue, sympathy and love are fostered in the home.

"Breaking Home Ties" is one of the most pathetic, yet one of the most beautiful, pictures in the world of art.

"On Mothers' day I urge every girl, every boy, every man, every woman in Michigan to pay a tribute of love and devotion to the living mother.

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COLLEGE GIRLS WOULD ENLIST AS ARMY NURSES

Olivet, Mich.—Olivet college girls who have been receiving from Miss Marian A. Keese, women's physical director at the college, instruction in first aid to the injured, are anxious to go to Mexico as nurses and one of them, Miss Rita McCurdy, has written President Wilson telling him that if they are needed she can get a number of the co-eds to accompany her for service in the war camps.

MICHIGAN NEWS BRIEFS

Muskegon Elks dedicated their new \$200,000 home Friday.

The dedication of the new \$200,000 Methodist church at Capac was held Sunday.

Miss Katherine Bogle, of Ann Arbor, was married in London Saturday to Hugh R. Wilson, secretary of the American legation at Guatemala.

The supreme court has denied the request of the men indicted by the Kalamazoo grand jury that some other judge than N. H. Stewart be named to try the cases.

The M. A. C. will again take up the campaign against hog cholera, but the expense will be met largely by Branch county farmers, where the campaign is to be conducted.

Representatives of ten chapters, of Gamma Eta Gamma, a law fraternity, held a meeting at Ann Arbor. This is the first national convention of the fraternity to be held in the west.

Fire destroyed the Clio basket factory, throwing 30 persons out of work and causing a loss of about \$15,000. The fire started in the boiler room while the night watchman was on duty.

Miriam Hubbard, who last fall was announced as the most perfect woman physically in the state university, has been chosen to take the part of Joan of Arc in the big outdoor pageant to be staged by the co-eds of the university May 21.

The Saginaw & Flint Railroad Co. has removed the offices of the superintendent and car dispatchers from Clio to Saginaw, preparatory to the opening of the Bay City Division. Limited cars will then run from Detroit to Bay City.

A quantity of "fool's gold" has been discovered at Clio in a gravel pit, and was mistaken for gold. The owners of the property are Mrs. Willetta Marvin and Fred Sturdivant. A local jeweler pronounced the glittering particles to be "fool's gold."

The work of organizing junior agricultural clubs about the state has been suspended on account of the shortage of funds of the Agricultural college affecting it, is estimated, about \$300,000 boys and girls in the rural districts who would have joined them.

Contracts have been awarded by the United States for constructing a concrete breakwater superstructure at Mission point and Bidwell point, Mackinac Island. The cost of the work will be about \$10,000 and construction will be started probably in June.

While Milo Barry, of East Cassletown, was waiting to shoot some rats which his younger brother, Floyd, aged 16, was attempting to uncover, he stumbled and fell, discharging the contents of the gun into the hip of Floyd, who was standing a few feet away.

Achilles Hickox, of Potosky was attacked Friday night by a strange gray bird, nearly the size of a small eagle, with a three-inch beak. Hickox would probably have lost his eyes if two men had not run to his assistance. They finally caught the bird under a bucket and have placed it on exhibition.

M. A. C. debaters Friday night defeated the negative team of Purdue. The question at issue was "Resolved, That the state should enact laws for the compulsory insurance of workingmen against injury and death through accident." The M. A. C. debaters were Ernest Hart, G. T. Hayes and A. I. Margolis.

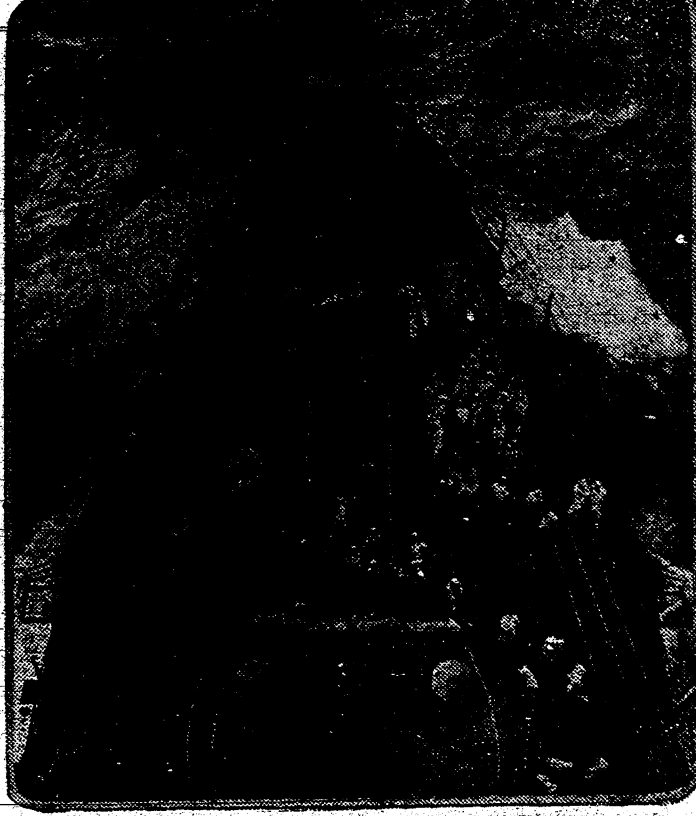
Members of Battle Creek's new military company voted to enlist as volunteers, if not taken into the Michigan national guard, as has been requested. Capt. Gillis has about 60 men, but says that if the M. N. G. should promise to take in the company he could soon bring the number to 120.

At the district oratorical contest held at Traverse City Friday night and participated in by eight high schools of western Michigan, first prize in declamation was awarded to Myrtle Dietz, of Muskegon, and first prize in oratory to Harold Hawley, of Ludington. These two will represent the district in the state contest.

The board of review in session at Port Huron has boosted the assessed valuation of city property about \$750,000, which brings the total valuation to \$12,169,045, an increase of \$466,120 over last year.

The company furnishing automobile licenses to the secretary of state has notified the department that it will be unable to get out license tags as fast as needed. Orders for licenses are coming in at the rate of more than 1,000 daily, and the department is swamped with work. Over 42,000 licenses have been issued.

FORWARD DECK OF THE U. S. BATTLESHIP MISSISSIPPI



GERMANY, ENGLAND AND FRANCE ADVISE HUERTA TO GIVE UP TO U.S.

Both Huerta and American Government Accept Offer of Argentine, Brazil and Chile to Act as Intermediaries in Present Situation

Berlin—Germany, England and France have advised Provisional President Huerta through their ministers in Mexico City to accede to the demands of the United States. This announcement was made here Monday.

Washington—Pan-American diplomacy Saturday night made its first attempt to solve the Mexican crisis by peaceful negotiation.

The United States government accepted from Argentina, Brazil and Chile a formal offer to act as intermediaries in the present situation, but reservedly pointed out that an act of aggression by the military forces or hostile demonstrations toward Americans might upset hopes of immediate peace.

The acceptance of the offer followed a conference of President Wilson and Senators Stone, Shively and Lodge of the senate foreign relations committee and Chairman Flood and Rep. Cooper, of the house committee on foreign affairs.

Coincidentally with the acceptance of the offer of mediation, administration officials announced there would be no cessation of preparations by the army and navy for future emergencies and no orders would be issued to the naval forces now at Vera Cruz or the ships at sea changing original plans.

Huerta Also Accepts Offer. Spanish Ambassador Riano announced late Sunday night that he had received advices from Mexico City stating that Gen. Huerta had accepted the offer of Argentina, Brazil and Chile to use their good offices to bring about an amicable settlement of the difficulty between the United States and Mexico.

The interests of the Huerta government in the United States were taken over by the Spanish embassy when Charge Algara asked for his passports and left Washington for Canada. Ambassador Riano received the offer of good offices from the three peace envoys Saturday night, after the offer had been accepted on the part of the United States by President Wilson.

It was cabled at once to the Spanish minister at Mexico City and by him presented to President Huerta.

The South American diplomats are ready to proceed with their plan, no intimation of the nature of which as yet has been given. It has been generally understood here, however, that the peace envoys expect to deal directly with the situation created by the government of the United States against the Tampico incident and other offenses against its honor and dignity, hoping to bring about a peaceful settlement.

Washington—When informed Saturday that the Japanese premier had authorized the announcement that Japan would remain strictly neutral between the United States and Mexico, Secretary to the President Tomully said:

"They did not need to do that. We had no doubt of their neutrality." Laredo, Tex.—El Guardia del Bravo, a Mexican paper, published here in the interests of the Huerta government, was suspended Saturday by order of District Judge Mullally and Mayor McComb.

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FLAG IS RAISED OVER VERA CRUZ

WITH ALL CEREMONY THE FORMAL OCCUPATION OF CITY IS CELEBRATED.

HUERTA IS LOSING SUPPORT

Reports By Refugees Indicate That Political Power of Dictator in Capital is On the Decline.

Vera Cruz—With all ceremony, the firing of a salute and dress parade, the American flag was raised Monday over the division headquarters of Rear-Admiral Frank F. Fletcher. Over the customs house the flag has been flying since the landing of the American forces, but until now there had been no ceremony indicating the formal occupation of Vera Cruz.

Five Americans who arrived by train from Mexico City Monday, were virtually expelled by Gen. Huerta. They had been arrested at Pachuca for no known cause. They are Dr. Hoskins, R. Chaffin, J. Punstion, G. G. Smith and Mr. Maddox. Dr. Hoskins was subjected to rougher treatment than the others, because in his pockets were found papers indicating that he had once served as surgeon in the United States army of volunteer.

These men were sent to the capital from Pachuca, where Huerta told them he would not hold them, but ordered them to leave the country.

Huerta is Losing Support. The more friendly attitude displayed by the capital towards foreigners was in a measure explained, when it was learned from refugees that rebel supporters in Mexico City had taken steps to change public opinion. They circulated hand bills calling on the people to protect Americans and denouncing Huerta as the cause of the landing of the American naval forces at Vera Cruz and also as the author of false and inflammatory statements published in Mexico City.

In the hand bills the people were called on to join in a big parade in order to show disapproval of Huerta's attitude and to indicate their own friendliness towards Americans. The parade took place Saturday, and the fact that it was permitted by Gen. Huerta was construed as an indication of the weakening of his power.

The rebels are said to have been gaining ground in the territory close to Mexico City. Four hundred federal wounded were brought into the capital on Friday from nearby points. Where the battle was fought the refugees did not know.

Political Prisoners Are Freed. Seven political prisoners were released Monday from the San Juan de Ulos fortress where they had been confined by President Huerta without trial. Some of the men had been in the prison for nearly a year. Among those released for Fernan Ido Idoles Calderon, one of the most widely known politicians in Mexico, who formerly was the leader of the liberal party. He was arrested in this city February 16 last, after the discovery of an alleged plot in the capital by the Huerta secret service agents, who claimed to have information that Senator Calderon was deeply involved.

The release of Senator Calderon followed a visit to the prison by a commission of American naval officers, but was made voluntarily by the warden of the fortress, Col. Aurelio Vigil. The prison had not been formally taken over by the American forces and still flies the Mexican flag.

Oldest Mason Is Dead. Kalamazoo, Mich.—Joseph Lomax, 104 years old last December, first president of the Grand Rapids & Indiana railway, oldest Mason in the world, former news paper publisher and lawyer, is dead at the home of a daughter in Indiana, this week.

For years he was a resident of Kalamazoo, one time being publisher of the Kalamazoo Gazette. The body was brought here for burial on Wednesday. For a time he resided in Grand Rapids.

General Markets. Dressed Hogs—Light, 9@10c; heavy 8@9 1/2c per lb. Cabbage—New, \$2.50 per crate; in bulk, 2 1/2@3c per hamper.

Sweet Potatoes—Jersey kiln-dried, \$1.10 per hamper. Dressed Calves—Fancy, 12@12 1/2c; common, 9@10c per lb.

Potatoes—In bulk, 63@65c per bu in sacks, 68@70c per bu for carlots. Honey—Choice to fancy new white comb, 15@16c; amber, 10@11c; extracted, 6@7c per lb.

Nuts—Shellbark hickory, 3c; large hickory, 1@1 1/2c; Spanish chestnuts, 8@9c; walnuts and butternuts, 10 1/2c per lb.

Apples—Steele Red, 46@50c; Spy, 45@50c; Greening, 34@35c; Baldwin, 35@40c; Ben Davis, 41@45c per bbl. Live Poultry—Spring chickens, 18@19c; heavy hens, 19c; medium hens, 17@18c; No. 2 hens, 12c; old roosters, 15c; turkeys, 19@20c per lb.

Cheese—Wholesale lots: Michigan, 15 1/2c; New York, 16 1/2c; Limburger, 14 1/2c; domestic Swiss, 24@24 1/2c; long horns, 20 1/2c; Swiss, 18 1/2c per lb.

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MARKET QUOTATIONS

Live Stock, Grain and General Farm Produce.

Live Stock. DETROIT—Cattle—Receipts, 780; cow stuff steady; others 10@15c lower;—milk cows \$5 per head lower; Best steers and heifers, \$8; steers and heifers, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs., \$7.40@7.65; steers and heifers, 800 to 1,000 lbs., \$7.25@7.50; steers and heifers that are fat, 500 to 700 lbs., \$6.50@7.25; choice fat cows, \$6@6.50; good fat cows, \$5.50@5.75; common cows, \$5 @5.25; canners, \$3@4.25; choice heavy bulls, \$6.75@7; fair to good bologna bulls, \$6@6.25; stock bulls, \$5.50@6.50; choice feeding steers, 800 to 1,000 lbs., \$6.85@7.10; fair feeding steers, 800 to 1,000 lbs., \$6.50@6.80; choice stockers, 500 to 700 lbs., \$6.50 @6.75; fair stockers, 500 to 700 lbs., \$6.25; stock heifers, \$5.50@6; milkers, large, young, medium age, \$6@7.5; common milkers, \$4@5.5.

Veal calves—Receipts, 424; market steady; best, \$8.50@9; others, \$6@8. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 1,615; market steady; best-wool lambs, \$8 @8.15; fair lambs, \$7.50@8; light to common lambs, \$6.50@7.25; yearlings, \$7.25; fair to good sheep, \$5.50@5.75; culs and common, \$4.50@5; clipped lambs, \$6.50@7; clipped sheep, \$4.50 @5.

Hogs—Receipts, 2,537; all grades, \$8.60@8.65. EAST BUFFALO—Cattle—Receipts 4,000; heavy grades steady; butchers 10c higher; prime steers, \$8.75@8.90; best 1,200 to 1,300-lb do, \$8.40@8.50; best 1,100 to 1,200-lb do, \$8@8.50; coarse and plain weighty steers, \$7.65 @7.90; fancy yearlings, baby beef, \$8.25@8.50; medium to good, \$7.75@8; choice heavy steers, \$7.80@8; fair to good, \$7.70@7.80; extra fat cows, \$8.75@9.25; best cows, \$6@6.25; butchers' cows, \$5@5.50; cutters, \$4.15 @4.50; trimmers, \$4@4.5; best heifers, \$7.50@8; medium butcher heifers, \$6.75@7; stock heifers, \$6.25@6.50; feeding steers, \$7@7.35; stock steers, \$6.50@7.50; extra bulls, \$7 @7.25; bologna bulls, \$6.25@6.50; stock bulls, \$5@6. Milkers and springers, \$45@90.

Hogs—Receipts, 16,000; market steady; heavy and yorkers, \$9.10@9.15; pigs, \$9. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 15,000; lambs 15@20c lower; sheep steady; wool lambs, \$8.50@8.75; clipped, \$7.40 @7.60; yearlings, \$6.50@6.75; wethers, \$5.50@5.75; ewes, \$4.50@5.25. Calves slow; tops, \$8.75@9; fair to good, \$7.50@8.50; grassers, \$6.50@6.50.

Grains Etc. DETROIT—Wheat—Cash No. 2 red, 98 1/2c; May opened with an advance of 1/2c at 98 1/2c—advanced to 99 3/4c; July opened at 98 1/2c and advanced to 99 1/4c; No. 1 white, 98c; Corn—Cash No. 2, 87c; No. 3, 86c; No. 4, 85c; No. 5, 84c; No. 6, 83c; No. 7, 82c; No. 8, 81c; No. 9, 80c; No. 10, 79c; No. 11, 78c; No. 12, 77c; No. 13, 76c; No. 14, 75c; No. 15, 74c; No. 16, 73c; No. 17, 72c; No. 18, 71c; No. 19, 70c; No. 20, 69c; No. 21, 68c; No. 22, 67c; No. 23, 66c; No. 24, 65c; No. 25, 64c; No. 26, 63c; No. 27, 62c; No. 28, 61c; No. 29, 60c; No. 30, 59c; No. 31, 58c; No. 32, 57c; No. 33, 56c; No. 34, 55c; No. 35, 54c; No. 36, 53c; No. 37, 52c; No. 38, 51c; No. 39, 50c; No. 40, 49c; No. 41, 48c; No. 42, 47c; No. 43, 46c; No. 44, 45c; No. 45, 44c; No. 46, 43c; No. 47, 42c; No. 48, 41c; No. 49, 40c; No. 50, 39c; No. 51, 38c; No. 52, 37c; No. 53, 36c; No. 54, 35c; No. 55, 34c; No. 56, 33c; No. 57, 32c; No. 58, 31c; No. 59, 30c; No. 60, 29c; No. 61, 28c; No. 62, 27c; No. 63, 26c; No. 64, 25c; No. 65, 24c; No. 66, 23c; No. 67, 22c; No. 68, 21c; No. 69, 20c; No. 70, 19c; No. 71, 18c; No. 72, 17c; No. 73, 16c; No. 74, 15c; No. 75, 14c; No. 76, 13c; No. 77, 12c; No. 78, 11c; No. 79, 10c; No. 80, 9c; No. 81, 8c; No. 82, 7c; No. 83, 6c; No. 84, 5c; No. 85, 4c; No. 86, 3c; No. 87, 2c; No. 88, 1c; No. 89, 1/2c; No. 90, 1/4c; No. 91, 1/8c; No. 92, 1/16c; No. 93, 1/32c; No. 94, 1/64c; No. 95, 1/128c; No. 96, 1/256c; No. 97, 1/512c; No. 98, 1/1024c; No. 99, 1/2048c; No. 100, 1/4096c.

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GRAPHIC STORY OF VERA CRUZ

Capture of Mexican City After Two Days' Fight Presents Vivid Picture.

VALOR OF OUR BLUEJACKETS

Warships Shelled Buildings in Which Mexican 'Snipers' Had Taken Refuge—Natives Surprised at Courtesy of American Troops.

Vera Cruz, Mexico, April 24.—Thirty Americans were killed and thirty wounded before the city of Vera Cruz came into the undisputed possession of the American invading forces after a two-day fight.

The number of the casualties has not been ascertained. The first estimates obtained by Capt. William B. Rust of the battleship Florida indicated that the engagements of Tuesday and Wednesday had cost numbers about one hundred and fifty. No person knows how many Mexicans fell wounded, as many of them were taken away and hidden by friends.

In the streets about the plaza Wednesday afternoon by the twenty bodies, a majority of them at that time in citizen's clothing. Some of the men evidently had been dead since the engagement Tuesday and the tropical heat made their immediate disposal imperative. One of the first orders given after the Mexican was to bury the first dead man in the town had been to take the bodies to the plaza and the men of the streets leading from the plaza.

When the city was taken the order was given to advance carefully and search every building for men bearing arms. Scores of rifles were taken, the majority of them professedly "old" and many of them "broken."

They were not guilty of any untowardness as the Mexicans are to seeing their dispirited forces shot immediately after their capture. The captured men could not believe that they would receive no more drastic treatment than the hands of the American soldiers.

The men in the houses were thrown by the marines and bluejackets from the upper balconies to the pavement below.

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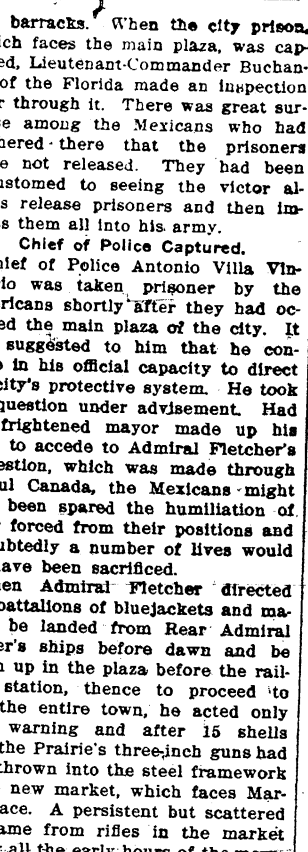
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STRATEGIC POINT ON VERA CRUZ RAILWAY

This is one of the two bridges on the line of the railway from Vera Cruz to Mexico City, the control of which means much to the success of the American troops. The bridge spans only a few miles from Vera Cruz, and their destruction would seriously hamper the movement toward the capital.

FIFTH BRIGADE EMBARKS AT GALVESTON

The fifth brigade, U. S. A., under command of Brig. Gen. Fred Funston, left Galveston for Vera Cruz, Tex., today. The brigade consists of 4,700 officers and men, including the Fourth, Ninth, and Twentieth infantry, the Sixth cavalry, the signal corps and an ambulance corps.

BORDER COMMANDERS AND TROOPS

General Funston is in command of the fifth brigade, United States army, which went from Galveston to Vera Cruz to carry out the work begun by the men of the first.



Brig. Gen. Fred Funston is in command of the fifth brigade, United States army, which went from Galveston to Vera Cruz to carry out the work begun by the men of the first.

ROAD TO MEXICO CITY WILD AND PERILOUS

The road to Mexico City is wild and perilous. The American soldiers marching to Mexico City from Vera Cruz along the coast railway would pass through a country of ever-varying topography.

TALES OF GODHAM AND OTHER CITIES

Peacock Alley Gets Its Annual Spring Cleaning

NEW YORK.—When George W. Boldt of the Waldorf-Astoria decided several years ago that he would put an end to the business of numerous individuals who were fencing his patrons out of several millions a season, he did things thoroughly. He hired Joe Smith of Scotland Yard, and told him it was worth \$10,000 a year to have the famous hotel cleaned of vermin.

WHAT HAVE YOU GOT ON ME?

They were sorely nettled at being prevented from consuming a pilot to sell them in an imaginary gold mine for \$10,000. A week previous one of the Smith women agents, passing herself as a shopper who took tea in the Waldorf frequently, observed Kitty, "Lord Harry" and three others, two women and a man, very active in entertaining a wealthy patron who had just arrived at the hotel.

DISHES FOR A DAY.

A nice little cake to serve at a tea or luncheon or as a dessert with fruit is the following: Peanut Mince.—Beat the whites of one egg until stiff, then add gradually, while beating constantly, a fourth of a cup of sugar. Stir in a spoonful of butter and a teaspoonful of lemon juice. Drop on buttered sheet.

\$11,000 Found in "Hump" on a Beggar's Back

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.—William Kahler, an old hunchback beggar, who has dodged these twenty years or more along the streets of San Francisco, was found with a hump on his back containing \$11,000.

Wife Tells How Her Husband Made Spurious Cash

ST. LOUIS, MO.—Mrs. Lela Bush of 356 Carrie avenue told Police Captain S. O'Brien that her husband had made counterfeit money almost nightly for five months in their home.

DAINTY THINGS FOR COMPANY

A simple and elegant salad is made by mixing a slice of pineapple plied with a slice of cucumber, a slice of watermelon, a slice of cantaloupe, a slice of orange, a slice of grapefruit, a slice of apple, a slice of pear, a slice of banana, a slice of melon, a slice of peach, a slice of plum, a slice of cherry, a slice of strawberry, a slice of raspberry, a slice of blueberry, a slice of blackberry, a slice of currant, a slice of gooseberry, a slice of elderberry, a slice of huckleberry, a slice of raspberry, a slice of blackberry, a slice of currant, a slice of gooseberry, a slice of elderberry, a slice of huckleberry.

MESSAGE FROM THE BRIDGE

These sailors are sending a message from the bridge of a battleship by way of the Arctis system of signaling.

Story of How Tieklish Angler Lost Big Pickeral

CHICAGO.—A sergeant of police at one of the stations is reputed to be the man who lost a big pickeral while fishing from the top of a skyscraper.

ROAD TO MEXICO CITY WILD AND PERILOUS

The road to Mexico City is wild and perilous. The American soldiers marching to Mexico City from Vera Cruz along the coast railway would pass through a country of ever-varying topography.

Home Department of Enterprise. Features Especially Selected for the Family Reading Tables of Manchester and Vicinity.

The Kitchen Cabinet. All to Deck the June Bride.

spunge cake and saute in a fruit juice spread cooked fruit on each piece. Make a sauce of the little cornstarch and made rich by the addition of butter and sugar if needed.

It is well in going through the world to see the old, expensively embroidered silk-crepe shawl has been used to trim the bodice. This is a modest dress fitted into magnificence by this treasure of a shawl used in its adornment.

VERY member of the family will find it to be the most effective manner. The shawl is draped about the neck and shoulders, or about the waist, or about the back of the dress.

When Miladi Bethinks of Motor Hats. The shawl is draped about the neck and shoulders, or about the waist, or about the back of the dress.

Thomas Carlyle called the human stomach "that most diabolical of all organs." It is a fact that he had a stomach which had been diseased for many years.

Apple Sauce.—Take from the raised top sufficient to make a small loaf. Wash the apples in cold water and peel them. Cut them into small pieces and cook in a little water until soft.

Country's Need is Men. An itching of the nose in our grand old country is a sign of a great danger.

Meanings of Heching Nose. An itching of the nose in our grand old country is a sign of a great danger.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON. LESSON FOR MAY 3. THE PRODIGAL SON.

THE PARABLES OF JESUS are marvels of his humanity and genius, yet no exception of his most famous, is no exception even though it does carry a lesson.

THE PRODIGAL SON. LESSON TEXT.—Luke 15:11-32. GOLDEN TEXT.—"I will praise you, O my father, for thou hast hidden these things from the wise and prudent, and hast revealed them unto babes."

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BRUSSELS DRY TOWN. River Senne Shown on Maps Is Covered Up.

BRUSSELS.—It is related in the guide books that "Brussels" means the "city of canals." Nowadays visitors will look in vain for the river, or, in fact, for any sign of a river, although the maps show that the Belgian capital has been a city of canals since the Scheldt. Many years ago the stream was not merely put in harness, but put out of sight; it now flows literally under Brussels, the great boulevards covering it. Here and there a basin has been left for the water to carry goods to the seaport, a tributary of the city in which is that of a strictly dry town.

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W.L. DOUGLAS SHOES. Magnificent CROPS in all Western Canada. BECHAM'S PILLS. Will Benefit You.



# Saturday, May 2

we will sell

## Best H & E Granulated Sugar

at \$4.39 per 100 lbs.

## Bread So Light

it seems like a feather. So tempting in its golden crust. So satisfying in the eating. That's the kind this baking produces. Bread that is



Always the Same, Always Perfect

Not much persuasion will be needed to convince you of this. The trial of a single loaf will be sufficient.

A \$2.00 Hat Rack given for 99c to any person buying goods to the amount of \$3.00 worth. You have a month's time to do the trading.

# C. H. SECKINGER

City Bakery and Grocery

## You'll Need Fewer Corsets

and you'll get more service from your corsets if you wear a correctly fitted Henderson. That has been the experience of other women who are wearing these stylish modern priced models. At our newest department you'll find all of the latest designs for all figures, large, average and slender. You'll understand why Henderson corsets are so popular after you have worn your individualized model, for sale only at The Fair.

## If You Contemplate Buying Any Thing In Ladies' and Children, Hats

it will pay you to call and inspect our line of them, we can save you money.

## We Carry the Best Line of Ladies' and Children's Hose

to be found any where for the price.

## Ladies' Home Journal Dress Patterns

and a nice assortment of Children's 10 cent Hair Ribbons in all colors.

# THE FAIR

## Auction! Auction!

The undersigned will sell at auction on Saturday, May 2nd at 2 p. m. sharp the following described property known as the Lynch property, now owned by Aug. J. Lonier:

## 2 Lots, Good House & Barn

Good Cellar, 2 Wells, 1 Large and two Small Hen Houses, Plenty of Fruit of all kinds.

TERMS: For deed with mortgage on this 1 down, balance \$100 or \$200 per annum with interest at 6 per cent; on a contract, \$500 down, balance \$1000 or more per annum at 6 per cent.

## Household Goods

Heater, Cook Stove, Drum, Couch, Victor Dining Room Table, 5 Dining Room Chairs, Buffet and China, Glass combined, Rocker, 2 Bedsteads with Springs and Mattress, 2 Commodore, Bureau, Rug, Carpet, Flour Bin, Lawn Mower, 1 Etc.

## 50 Chickens 50

# LONIER & HOFFER

F. D. MERITHEW, Auctioneer

## Mrs. Housewife

make the morning dusting easier

It's best-brooming work trying to make scratched floors, scuffed furniture, and battered workwear presentable. The easiest way to lighten the work, it is to over the worn places in your home with

# ROGERS STAINLESS FINISH

The handsome vanilla gloss gives a smooth surface that is easy to dust and keep clear, and produces a durable finish in imitation of oak, mahogany, walnut and other expensive woods, as well as green and black.

Call at the party and see how you simple the work is and help you to select the particular finish that will look best in your home.

# Haessler & Son

## Something New!

### in Ladies' House Dresses, Children's Dresses, Little Boy's Suits, Shoes and Oxfords.

Have just received a nice assortment of Ladies' House Dresses, you will appreciate these dresses for their smart appearance and their serviceability. The colors and materials are not only exceptionally pretty, but have splendid laundering qualities as well. Prices ranging from \$1.00 to \$2.00.

We also have a nice line of spring Dresses for girls. A wide variety of patterns, materials and sizes for you to choose from. Prices from 50 cents to \$1.75.

Suits for boys. Fur boys, there are rugged suits. Many washable-made-to-the-wear-and-tear they will get. Prices 50 cents to \$1.75.

Our spring line of Shoes are now complete. Shoes at all prices and for every need. We have the John Stroetman shoe for women and W. G. Douglas shoes for men. Every model, from the daintiest ladies' pump to rugged shoes for school boys, reflects the beauty and good taste of fine shoemaking.

# G. H. BREITENWISCHER

## War on Huerta

Should President Wilson issue a call to fight the Mexican greaser we will be READY. Should President Kingsley issue a call to fight the dust on our principal streets we will be READY. We pray the germ of progressiveness may inoculate the merchants (also President Kingsley) and breed a desire to make Manchester the foremost village in our state. If we can't fight Mexico let's fight DUST. We have the Corker uniforms which are all brass trimmed, ordinarily for \$1.50, but we are going to give you a saving

Saturday, May 2nd

10	3
Per Cent	Corker
Discount	Work
on	Shirts
Overalls	\$1.00
and	Guaranteed full
Coats	cut

"Corker" Uniforms are Balletproof (46 inch waist)

Buy a "Corker" Uniform to Fight "Dust"

# WUERTHNER BROS.

The Store That Makes Good.

## This Juvenile Auto



# JENTER'S

Step in and get prices

## Come In

AND SEE MY New Goods

I Have Something You Want

# H. L. ROOT

## Given Away Free

See it in Our Show Window

Any boy or girl under 16 years of age can compete in contest which ends at noon, July 1st.

## This Is How You Get It:

Fill in the entry coupon below which counts you 1000 votes and bring it to this store for recording, then have all your friends

## Eat Clark's Butter Crust and Golden Loaf Bread

and bring the wrappers to this store. Wrappers from 50 loaves count 5 votes each; wrappers from 100 loaves count 10 votes each. The one getting the largest number of votes gets the auto.

Now, every boy and girl, get busy, there is no limit to the number of contestants. Let everyone get in the race and work hard for the auto. It will be lots of fun because Butter Crust and Golden Loaf breads are the best breads made.

Bring Entry Coupon to Store

Name..... It counts 1000 votes

Yours for Good Things to Eat

# J. E. SECKINGER

Be sure to get your Garden Seeds and Early Seed Potatoes here.

# Manchester Enterprise

Published Thursday, Manchester, Mich.  
BY MAT D. BLOSSER.  
THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 1914

## Local Items.

### New Advertisements.

The Post Office at Jackson was closed on Tuesday and Friday.

Tom new volumes for history reference have been added to the high school library. More works will be added later.

The high school ball team and Napoleon high school team played here Friday. The score was 12 to 4 in favor of Manchester.

Elmer Haselbach worth has been obliged to stay at home on account of his wife's illness. At present there are enrolled 58 foreign pupils in the high school. During the winter there were 45.

We are sorry that Taylor Gage has had to leave his home on account of illness. He carries his right arm in a sling and will not be able to do his work for several weeks, nevertheless he is keeping up with his school work.

Ball of Honor.

Total enrollment of boys.....118  
Total enrollment of girls.....120  
Total number of teachers.....12  
Total daily attendance.....4677  
Average daily attendance.....2248  
Percentage of attendance.....97  
Total number of tardy marks.....12

The ladies of the Epworth League have appointed postmistress and cheerleader for the month ending April 24, 1914.

Miss Alice Hill of South Lapeer, who is attending the Epworth normal, visited Mrs. H. L. Root and other friends here Sunday.

George Walt came here Saturday in his auto and took Mr. C. Vogelbacher and daughter Adeline to Ann Arbor to visit his family.

H. Townsend of Chicago writes to have his name put on the new address, 5405 south Halsted street. He expects to make his Manchester friends a visit next summer.

Mr. Hugh McGuire of Big Rapids and Mr. A. M. Egan of the Enterprise of Ann Arbor, Miss Amanda at Core Fieldcamp, Mr. & Mrs. Fred Feldkamp and Lewis Feldkamp of Lapeer spent Sunday at the home of Mr. & Mrs. Dealy of Bolla, North Dakota who for some time has been visiting her sisters and other relatives, while her brother Vincent at Ann Arbor, was suddenly cut short by a dispatch announcing the illness of Mr. Dealy and the fact at once for her home on Tuesday.

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## Get a Calf or Colt Every Time

And send a scientific German remedy for barren cows and sterile colts that has stood the test for 30 years. Never known to fail. Sold on an absolute money-back guarantee.

Send Remittance for 25c and get your money back.

Send Remittance for 50c and get your money back.

Send Remittance for 1.00 and get your money back.

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Send Remittance for 100.00 and get your money back.

## EVERYTHING

in

## Furniture

and

## Crockery

at

# JENTER'S

Step in and get prices

## Come In

AND SEE MY New Goods

I Have Something You Want

# H. L. ROOT

## BASE BALL

One sided game played here between Napoleon and Manchester High School teams.

Last Friday afternoon the Napoleon high school ball team and some friends came here to automobiles to play one high school team and another game on the school grounds.

Our boys had a little bad luck before the game commenced as Taylor Gage had his car broken in a collision with one of the boys when both were on top of the school grounds.

The game was quite one sided and really of very little interest on the part of the boys who had very little to do but to cheer for the boys who had the ball with gasoline instead of lacrosse. The stockpiles made the mistake and but for prompt work the boys might have been destroyed. Merchants must observe caution to see that they are handling gasoline.

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## THE SCHOOL

The Prices of the Village, the Bulkwork of a Nation, Stand by it.

## SHORT NEWS ITEMS.

Wild fowls are being brought to school and analyzed.

Dorothy E. Kiehnhofer of Hollywood, Calif., visited the primaries the first of the week.

Sept. McCallum attended the superintendent's meeting at Lansing last Thursday and Friday.

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## You Will Like Manchester

And We Want You To Come Here.

## WOMAN GOT IT

PIPE ORGAN

Frederick Harris was in Manchester on business Friday.

C. C. Hitchcock of Jackson was a caller here last Saturday.

Mr. & Mrs. Muri Dixon are moving into F. R. Green's house.

Gray Richardson of Napoleon called on friends here Monday.

Lulu Gordon Gray son of Mr. & Mrs. Bruce Gray is very ill.

Wm. Mott in visiting relatives in the northern part of the state.

Bernard Struble and family of Sharon visited Paulina Waters Sunday.

Miss Annie is recovering from her recent illness.

Miss Gladys Dean, Alice and Mabel Harper were Jackson shoppers Saturday.

Mr. M. Hildebrand and daughter returned Saturday from a visit with relatives near Adrian.

Arthur Dean came from New Mexico last week and called on friends and relatives in a sitting and will be able to see his friends and relatives here on Monday.

It has been announced that Mrs. George Harris has been appointed postmistress and cheerleader for the month ending April 24, 1914.

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Mr. Hugh McGuire of Big Rapids and Mr. A. M. Egan of the Enterprise of Ann Arbor, Miss Amanda at Core Fieldcamp, Mr. & Mrs. Fred Feldkamp and Lewis Feldkamp of Lapeer spent Sunday at the home of Mr. & Mrs. Dealy of Bolla, North Dakota who for some time has been visiting her sisters and other relatives, while her brother Vincent at Ann Arbor, was suddenly cut short by a dispatch announcing the illness of Mr. Dealy and the fact at once for her home on Tuesday.

Miss Thelma of the Enterprise of Big Rapids, who is attending the Epworth normal, visited Mrs. H. L. Root and other friends here Sunday.

Mr. & Mrs. Egan of the Enterprise of Ann Arbor, Miss Amanda at Core Fieldcamp, Mr. & Mrs. Fred Feldkamp and Lewis Feldkamp of Lapeer spent Sunday at the home of Mr. & Mrs. Dealy of Bolla, North Dakota who for some time has been visiting her sisters and other relatives, while her brother Vincent at Ann Arbor, was suddenly cut short by a dispatch announcing the illness of Mr. Dealy and the fact at once for her home on Tuesday.

## SHARON

Sam Davis of Jackson, who worked here in the mill some 40 years ago, died recently. He was a civil war veteran and leaves a widow and several children.

Those who were neither at home nor tardy the past month in district No. 2, Little K. Sabbath school, are: Walter Adams, Florence Berke, Harold Dresselhaus, Carl Walter and Mildred Dorr.

The Sharon Center Sunday school was re-organized last Sunday with James Pines as superintendent; Mrs. Pines, assistant superintendent; Florence Bowers, secretary; Bert Trost, treasurer. The school will be held at 2 o'clock. Let everyone come.

OLINTON.

Bert Tate returned from St. Petersburg, Florida, Saturday.

Barnet Robinson of Ypsilanti visited in the clothing store while his brother was out.

Mrs. Theodore Cross of Tecumseh visited her mother and sister at Charles Robinson's last Thursday and Friday.

C. J. Robinson made a business trip to Fallisolep where Mr. Drake, the president of the clothing company resides. He returned Sunday.

Mrs. Ruth Kulkamp of Grand Lake is visiting her parents, Mr. & Mrs. Geo. Rawson. Her sister, Mrs. Teshoff who had an operation at Ann Arbor is also there.

NORTH SHARON.

Marie Billie spent Sunday in Grand Lake.

Geor. Mahle of Iron Creek visited his brother, Albert Mahle, Sunday.

Mr. & Mrs. Gordon Cliff of Jackson visited over Sunday at the home of Mrs. Egan.

John Albert and family of Graham spent Sunday with Mr. & Mrs. William Adams.

Mrs. Max Irwin and daughter Madge and Mrs. H. B. Ordway spent Monday in Jackson.

Miss Lize Alber of Grand Lake spent over Sunday at the home of her father, Wm. Alber.

IRON OREK.

The Central Park of Manchester, Michigan.

Anson Galt was in Sharon visiting Sunday.

The Miss Edith Botton and Marie Botton were in Tecumseh visiting Saturday, Miss Edith and Charles Ferguson visited relatives in Clinton Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. & Mrs. Clifford Burdett of new Orleans are on their way to F. M. Moore's 3 Thursday and Friday as Miss Edith, Jr. is Adrian taking teacher's examination.

Send in your order early for Dr. B. and Window Screens, before they are out.

San Jak is a severe species for stomach, nerve and bowel trouble. Sold by A. A. SNOWMAN.

For Sale: A good young Durham cow and a cow with two calves.

We are now ready to take contracts for James Work of all kinds.

For Sale: Two Registered Homestead Cows, ready for service.

I will pay the top price for Peasantry brought in early in the week.

Order of Fred Rogers, and two cows on hand. LONIER & HOFFER.

## Home Market.

RAILEY - 41.25 per bushel. Best, 41.25 per bushel. No. 1, 41.25 per bushel. No. 2, 41.25 per bushel. No. 3, 41.25 per bushel. No. 4, 41.25 per bushel. No. 5, 41.25 per bushel. No. 6, 41.25 per bushel. No. 7, 41.25 per bushel. No. 8, 41.25 per bushel. No. 9, 41.25 per bushel. No. 10, 41.25 per bushel. No. 11, 41.25 per bushel. No. 12, 41.25 per bushel. No. 13, 41.25 per bushel. No. 14, 41.25 per bushel. No. 15, 41.25 per bushel. No. 16, 41.25 per bushel. No. 17, 41.25 per bushel. No. 18, 41.25 per bushel. No. 19, 41.25 per bushel. No. 20, 41.25 per bushel. No. 21, 41.25 per bushel. No. 22, 41.25 per bushel. No. 23, 41.25 per bushel. No. 24, 41.25 per bushel. No. 25, 41.25 per bushel. No. 26, 41.25 per bushel. No. 27, 41.25 per bushel. No. 28, 41.25 per bushel. No. 29, 41.25 per bushel. No. 30, 41.25 per bushel. No. 31, 41.25 per bushel. No. 32, 41.25 per bushel. No. 33, 41.25 per bushel. No. 34, 41.25 per bushel. No. 35, 41.25 per bushel. No. 36, 41.25 per bushel. No. 37, 41.25 per bushel. No. 38, 41.25 per bushel. No. 39, 41.25 per bushel. No. 40, 41.25 per bushel. No. 41, 41.25 per bushel. No. 42, 41.25 per bushel. No. 43, 41.25 per bushel. No. 44, 41.25 per bushel. No. 45, 41.25 per bushel. No. 46, 41.25 per bushel. No. 47, 41.25 per bushel. No. 48, 41.25 per bushel. No. 49, 41.25 per bushel. No. 50, 41.25 per bushel. No. 51, 41.25 per bushel. No. 52, 41.25 per bushel. No. 53, 41.25 per bushel. No. 54, 41.25 per bushel. No. 55, 41.25 per bushel. No. 56, 41.25 per bushel. No. 57, 41.25 per bushel. No. 58, 41.25 per bushel. No. 59, 41.25 per bushel. No. 60, 41.25 per bushel. No. 61, 41.25 per bushel. No. 62, 41.25 per bushel. No. 63, 41.25 per bushel. No. 64, 41.25 per bushel. No. 65, 41.25 per bushel. No. 66, 41.25 per bushel. No. 67, 41.25 per bushel. No. 68, 41.25 per bushel. No. 69, 41.25 per bushel. No. 70, 41.25 per bushel. No. 71, 41.25 per bushel. No. 72, 41.25 per bushel. No. 73, 41.25 per bushel. No. 74, 41.25 per bushel. No. 75, 41.25 per bushel. No. 76, 41.25 per bushel. No. 77, 41.25 per bushel. No. 78, 41.25 per bushel. No. 79, 41.25 per bushel. No. 80, 41.25 per bushel. No. 81, 41.25 per bushel. No. 82, 41.25 per bushel. No. 83, 41.25 per bushel. No. 84, 41.25 per bushel. No. 85, 41.25 per bushel. No. 86, 41.25 per bushel. No. 87, 41.25 per bushel. No. 88, 41.25 per bushel. No. 89, 41.25 per bushel. No. 90, 41.25 per bushel. No. 91, 41.25 per bushel. No. 92, 41.25 per bushel. No. 93, 41.25 per bushel. No. 94, 41.25 per bushel. No. 95, 41.25 per bushel. No. 96, 41.25 per bushel. No. 97, 41.25 per bushel. No. 98, 41.25 per bushel. No. 99, 41.25 per bushel. No. 100, 41.25 per bushel.

## Some New Suits and Coats

Unboxed This Week

Any woman who has planned to spend from \$15 to \$45 on either Suit or Coat will find here plenty of really distinguished garments at these prices. Some were received from New York this week, nearly all in stock have come in since Easter.

If We Were to Suggest the Exceptional Values at Low Prices They Would Be

## Suits, \$16.50

One lot of about 40 Suits made up in all the desired spring materials and colorings and fashioned after the latest models.

## Coats, \$16.50

Sixty Coats in the newest model, newest materials, and newest colorings. Each Coat possesses an exceptionally handsome, high grade appearance.

We pay same price for butter and eggs in cash or trade.

# John Delker

East Side Grocer

## Vegetable and Flower Seeds


the kind that grow and bring forth good crops of old and spoiled seeds.

We pay same price for butter and eggs in cash or trade.

# John Delker

East Side Grocer

## DON'T BLAME THE WORLD. IT OWES NOBODY A LIVING. YOU HAVE THE SAME CHANCE AS ALL THE SUCCESSSES



PUR YOUR MONEY IN THE BANK AND BE READY FOR A GOOD BUSINESS CHANCE

IT IS SAFE IN OUR BANK FROM FIRE OR BURGLARS OR YOUR OWN FOOLISH EXTRAVAGANCE

The poorest excuse anybody makes is: "Never had a chance." Every new day is a new chance until that curfew of your life rings out: "TOO LATE." If you are young and strong, nothing can make you a failure but YOURSELF. The world is against no man, it is too busy looking out for itself. You put your money in our bank and see how soon the world SMILES on you.

Make OUR bank YOUR bank.

# The Union Savings Bank

## \$550 FULLY EQUIPPED



When You Paint buildings, inside or outside, if you desire the very best results at the least expense you should use

# THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT

Call for color cards

# HAEUSSLER & SON

MR. PROSPER—Did you ever stop to think or did you think without stopping that this is just the time for you to place your order for an Auto if you want it when the season opens up. Later when the spring rush comes on, same as every year, you will want a car in a hurry and we won't be able to get it. So order your car early and avoid the EUSH.

## If You Want to Buy a Good Team

of Horses or a common, every day Family Horse we got 'em to sell. Or you got horses to sell we will trade them in toward a machine.

Should you prefer a good second hand machine, be it a touring car, runabout, (big or small) Truck or Pleasure Car, we have them at very reasonable prices.

Yours for business.

# F. C. HUBER, Prop.

T. E. SOHAIBLE, Sales Representative

## A BANK ACCOUNT IS LIFE'S BEST INSURANCE

If in time of death the bank account proves itself the BEST kind of insurance. You can get your money IMMEDIATELY and without trouble. During life the bank account proves EQUALLY VALUABLE, provided it is kept at a figure that really insures, and it pays BETTER INTEREST. Get your cash in the bank. Leave it there. You can't beat that kind of insurance. This requires DETERMINATION and sometimes SELF SACRIFICE. But it pays. A bank account WITH US is your BEST POLICY.

# THE PEOPLES BANK

Manchester, Michigan

The Price Is \$1.25 for the ENTERPRISE to everybody. But we have let our home subscribers, who have it for \$1.00, pay a full year in advance for the \$1.00. No, don't ask us to do that.

MAT D. BLOSSER

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MAT D. BLOSSER





# The Hollow of Her Hand

by George Barr McCutcheon



### SYNOPSIS

Challis Wrاندall is found murdered in a road house near New York. His wife is summoned from the city and identifies the body. A young woman who accompanied Wrاندall to the scene and subsequently disappeared is suspected. Wrاندall, it appears, had led a gay life and neglected his wife. Mrs. Wrاندall starts back for New York in an auto during a blinding snow storm. On the way she meets a young woman in the road who proves to be the woman who killed Wrاندall. Feeling that the girl had done her a service in ridding her of the husband who though she loved him deeply had caused her great sorrow, Mrs. Wrاندall determines to shield her and take her to her own home.

### CHAPTER III.—Continued.

Half an hour later he departed, to rejoin her at eleven o'clock, when the reporters were to be expected. He was to do all the talking for her. While he was there, Leslie Wrاندall called her up on the telephone. Hearing that one side of the rather prolonged conversation, he was filled with wonder at the tactful way in which she met and parried the inevitable questions and suggestions coming from her horror-stricken brother-in-law. Without the slightest trace of offensiveness in her manner, she gave Leslie to understand that the final obsequies must be conducted in the home of his parents, to whom once more her husband belonged, and that she would abide by all arrangements his family elected to make. Mr. Carrroll surmised from the trend of conversation that young Wrاندall was about to leave for the scene of the tragedy, and that the house was in a state of unseemly distress. The lawyer smiled grimly to himself as he turned to look out of the window. He did not have to be told that Challis was the idol of the family, and that, so far as they were concerned, he could do no wrong!

After his departure, Mrs. Wrاندall gently opened the bedroom door and was surprised to find the girl wide-awake, resting on one elbow, her staring eyes fastened on the newspaper that topped the pile on the chair. Catching sight of Mrs. Wrاندall she pointed to the paper with a trembling hand and cried out, in a voice full of horror:

"Did you place them there for me to read? Who was with you in the other room just now? Was it some one other than the—some one looking for me? Speak! Please tell me. I heard a man's voice—"

The other crossed quickly to her side.

"Don't be alarmed. It was my lawyer. There is nothing to fear—at present. Yes, I left the papers there for you to see. You can see what a sensation it has caused. Challis Wrاندall was one of the most widely known men in New York. But I suppose you know that without my telling you."

The girl sank back with a groan. "My God, what have I done? What will come of it all?"

"I wish I could answer that question," said the other, taking the girl's hand in hers. Both were trembling. After an instant's hesitation, she laid her other hand in the dark, disheveled hair of the wild-eyed creature, who still continued to stare at the headlines. "I am quite sure they will not look for you here, or in my home."

"In your home?"

"You are to go with me. I have thought it all over. It is the only way. Come, I must ask you to pull yourself together. Get up at once, and dress. Here are the things you are to wear." She indicated the orderly pile of garments with a wave of her hand.

Slowly the girl crept out of bed, confused, bewildered, stunned.

"Where are my own things? I—I cannot accept these. Pray give me my own—"

"Mrs. Wrاندall checked her. "You must obey me, if you expect me to help you. Don't you understand?"



"You Did Not Know He Had a Wife?" She Cried.

that I have had a bereavement? I cannot wear these things now. They are useless to me. But we will speak of all that later on. Come, be quick; I will help you to dress. First, go to the telephone and ask them to send a waiter to these rooms. We must have something to eat. Please do as I tell you."

Standing before her benefactress, her fingers fumbling impotently at the neck of the night-dress, the girl still continued to stare dumbly into the calm, dark eyes before her.

"You are so good. I—"

"Let me help you," interrupted the other, deliberately setting about to remove the night-dress. The girl caught it up as it slipped from her shoulders, a warm flush suffusing her cheeks, a shamed look springing into her eyes.

"Thank you, I can get on very well. I only wanted to ask you a question. It has been on my mind, waking and sleeping. Can you tell me anything about—do you know his wife?"

The question was so abrupt, so startling that Mrs. Wrاندall uttered a sharp little cry. For a moment she could not reply.

"I am so sorry, so desperately sorry for her," added the girl plaintively. "I know her, the other managed to say with an effort."

"If I had only known that he had a wife—" began the girl bitterly, almost angrily.

Mrs. Wrاندall grasped her by the arm. "You did not know that he had a wife?" she cried.

The girl's eyes flashed with a sudden, fierce fire in their depths. "God in heaven, no! I did not know it! Oh, I can't speak of it! Why should I tell you about it? Why should you be interested in hearing it?"

Mrs. Wrاندall drew back and regarded the girl's set, unhappy face. There was a curious light in her eyes that escaped the other's notice—a light that would have puzzled her not a little.

"But you will tell me—everything—a little later," she said, strangely calm. "Not now, but—before many hours have passed. First of all, you must tell me who you are, where you live—everything except what happened in Burton's inn. I don't want to hear that at present—perhaps never. Yes, on second thoughts, I will say never! You are never to tell me just what happened up there, or just what led up to it. Do you understand? Never!"

The girl stared at her in amazement. "But I—I must tell some one," she cried vehemently. "I have a right to defend myself—"

"I am not asking you to defend yourself," said Mrs. Wrاندall shortly. Then, as if afraid to remain longer, she rushed from the room. In the doorway, she turned for an instant to say: "Do as I told you. Telephone. Dress as quickly as you can." She closed the door swiftly.

Standing in the center of the room, her hands clenched until the nails cut the flesh, she said over and over again to herself: "I don't want to know! I don't want to know!"

A few minutes later she was critically inspecting the young woman who came from the bedroom attired in a street dress that neither of them had ever donned before. The girl, looking fresher, prettier and even younger than when she had seen her last, was in no way abashed. She seemed to have accepted the garments and the situation in the same spirit of resignation and hope; as if she had decided to make the most of her slim chance to profit by these amazing circumstances.

They sat opposite each other at the little breakfast table.

"Please pour the coffee," said Mrs. Wrاندall. The waiter had left the room at her command. The girl's hand shook, but she complied without a word.

"Now you may tell me who you are and—wait! You are not to say anything about what happened at the inn. Guard your words carefully. I am not asking for a confession. I do not care to know what happened there. It will make it easier for me to protect you. You may call it conscience. Keep your big secret to yourself. Not one word to me. Do you understand?"

"You mean that I am not to reveal, even to you, the causes which led up to—"

"Nothing—absolutely nothing," said Mrs. Wrاندall firmly.

"But I cannot permit you to judge me, to—well, you might say to acquit me—without hearing the story. It is so vital to me."

"I can judge you without hearing all of the—evidence, if that's what you mean. Simply answer the questions I shall ask, and nothing more. There are certain facts I must have from you if I am to shield you. You must tell me the truth. I take it you are an English girl. Where do you live? Who are your friends? Where is your family?"

The girl's face flushed for an instant and then grew pale again.

"I will tell you the truth," she said. "My name is Hetty Castleton. My father is Col. Braid Castleton of the British Army. My mother is dead. She was Kitty Glynn, at one time a popular music hall-performer in London. She was Irish. She died two years ago. My father was a gentleman. I do not say he is a gentleman; for his treatment of my mother relieves him from that distinction. He is in the far east, China, I think. I have not seen him in more than five years. He deserted my mother. That's all there is to that side of my story. I appeared in two or three of the musical pieces produced in London two seasons ago, in the chorus. I never got beyond that, for very good reasons. I was known as Hetty Glynn. Three weeks ago I started for New York, sailing from Liverpool. Previously I had served in the capacity of governess in the family of John Budlong, a brewer. They had a son, a young man of twenty. Two months ago I was dismissed. A California lady, Mrs. Holcombe, offered me a situation as governess to her two little girls soon afterward. I was to go to her home in San Francisco. She provided the money necessary for the voyage and for other expenses. She is still in Europe. I landed in New York a fortnight ago and, following her directions, presented myself at a certain bank—I have the name somewhere—where my railroad tickets were to be in readiness for me, with further instructions. They were to give me twenty-five pounds on the presentation of my letter from Mrs. Holcombe. They gave me the money and then handed me a cablegram from Mrs. Wrاندall, notifying me that my services would not be required. There was no explanation. Just that."

"On the steamer I met—him. His deck chair was next to mine. I noticed that his name was Wrاندall—"

"C. Wrاندall" the card on the chair informed me. I—"

"You crossed on the steamer with him?" interrupted Mrs. Wrاندall quickly.

"Had—had you seen him before? In London?"

"Never. Well, we became acquainted, as people do. He—he was very handsome, and agreeable." She paused for a moment to collect herself.

"Very handsome and agreeable," said the other slowly.

"We got to be very good friends. There were not many people on board, and apparently he knew none of them. It was too cold to stay on deck much of the time, and it was very rough. He had one of the splendid suites on—"

"Pray omit unnecessary details. You landed and went—where?"

"He advised me to go to an hotel—I can't recall the name. It was rather an unpleasant place. Then I went to the bank, as I have stated. After that—"



"I Am Challis Wrاندall's Wife."

I did not know what to do. I was stunned, bewildered. I called him up on the telephone—and he asked me to meet him for dinner at a queer little cafe, far down town. We—"

"And you had no friends, no acquaintances here?"

"No. He suggested that I go into one of the musical shows, saying he thought he could arrange it with a manager who was a friend. Anything to tide me over, he said. But I would not consider it, not for an instant. I had had enough of the stage. I—I am really not fitted for it. Besides, I am qualified—well qualified—to be governess—but that is neither here nor there. I had some money—perhaps forty pounds. I found lodgings with some people in Nineteenth street. He never came there to see me. I can see plainly now why he argued it would not be well, he used the word 'dine together.' We went about in a motor—a little red one. He—he told me he loved me. That was one night about a week ago. I—"

"I don't care to hear about it," cried the other. "No need of that. Spare me the silly side of the story."

"Silly, madam? In God's name, do you think it was silly to me? Why, why, I believed him! And what is more, I believe that he did love me—even now I believe it."

"I have no doubt of it," said Mrs. Wrاندall calmly. "You are very pretty—and charming."

"I—I did not know that he had a wife until—well, until—" She could not go on.

"Night before last."

The girl shuddered. Mrs. Wrاندall turned her face away and waited.

"There is nothing more I can tell you, unless you permit me to tell all," the girl resumed after a moment of hesitation.

Mrs. Wrاندall arose. "I have heard enough. This afternoon I will send my butler with you to the lodging house in Nineteenth street. He will attend to the removal of your personal effects to my home, and you will return with him. It will be testing fate, Miss Castleton, this visit to your former abiding place, but I have decided to give the law its chance. If you are suspected, a watch will be set over the house in which it is quite unknown who will run no risk in going there openly, nor will I be taking so great a chance as may appear in offering you a home, for the time being at least, as companion—or secretary or whatever we may elect to call it for the benefit of all inquirers. Are you willing to run the risk—this single risk?"

"Perfectly willing," announced the other without hesitation. Indeed, her face brightened. "If they are waiting there for me, I shall go with them without a word. I have no means of expressing my gratitude to you for—"

"There is time enough for that," said Mrs. Wrاندall quickly. "And if they are not there, you will return to me? You will not desert me now?"

The girl's eyes grew wide with wonder. "Desert you? Why do you put it in that way? I don't understand."

"You will come back to me?" insisted the other.

"Yes. Why—why, it means every thing to me. It means life—more than that, most wonderful friend. Life isn't very sweet to me. But the joy of giving it to you for ever is the dearest boon I crave. I do give it to you. It belongs to you. I—I could die for you."

She dropped to her knees, and pressed her lips to Sara Wrاندall's hand; hot tears fell upon it.

Mrs. Wrاندall laid her free hand on the dark, glossy hair and smiled; smiled warmly for the first time in—well, in years she might have said to herself if she had stopped to consider. "Get up, my dear," she said gently. "I shall not ask you to die for me—"

you to come back. I may be sending you to your death, as it is, but it is the chance we must take. A few hours will tell the tale. Now listen to what I am about to say—to propose. I offer you a home, I offer you friendship and I trust security from the peril that confronts you. I ask nothing in return, not even a word of gratitude. You may tell the people at your lodgings that I have engaged you as companion and that we are to sail for Europe in a week's time if possible. Now we must prepare to go to my own home. You will see to packing my— that is, our trunks—"

"Oh, it—it must be a dream!" cried Hetty Castleton, her eyes swimming. "I can't believe—" Suddenly she caught herself up, and tried to smile. "I don't see why you do this for me. I do not deserve—"

"You have done me a service," said Mrs. Wrاندall, her manner so peculiar that the girl again assumed the stare of perplexity and wonder that had been paramount since their meeting; as if she were on the verge of grasping a great truth.

"What can you mean?"

Sara laid her hands on the girl's shoulders and looked steadily into the puzzled eyes for a moment before speaking.

"My girl," she said, ever so gently. "I shall not ask what your life has been; I do not care. I shall not ask for references. You are alone in the world and you need a friend. I too am alone. If you will come to me I will do everything in my power to make you comfortable and—contented. Perhaps it will be impossible to make you happy. I promise faithfully to help you, to shield you, to repay you for the thing you have done for me. You could not have fallen into gentler hands than mine will prove to be. That much I swear to you on my soul, which is sacred. I bear you no ill-will, I have nothing to avenge."

Hetty drew back, completely mystified.

"Who are you?" she murmured, still staring.

"I am Challis Wrاندall's wife."

### CHAPTER IV.

While the Mob Waited.

The next day but one, in the huge old-fashioned mansion of the Wrاندalls in lower Fifth avenue, in the drawing-room directly beneath the chamber in which Challis was born, the impressive but grimly conventional funeral services were held.

Contrasting sharply with the somber, absolutely correct atmosphere of the gloomy interior was the exterior display of joyous curiosity that must have jarred severely on the high-bred sensibilities of the chief mourners, not to speak of the invited guests who had been obliged to pass between rows of gaping bystanders in order to reach the portals of the house of grief, and who must have reckoned with extreme distaste the cost of subsequent departure. A dozen raucous-voiced policemen were employed to keep back the hundreds that thronged the sidewalk and blocked the street. Curiosity was rampant. Ever since the moment that the body of Challis Wrاندall was carried into the house of his father, a motley, varying crowd of people shifted restlessly in front of the mansion, filled with gruesome interest in the silently unseem, animated by the sly hope that something sensational might happen if they waited long enough.

Motor after motor, carriage after carriage, rolled up to the curb and emptied its sober-faced, self-conscious occupants in front of the door, with the great black bows with each arrival the crowd surged forward, and names were uttered in undertones, passing from lip to lip until every one in the street knew that Mr. So-and-So, Mrs. This-or-That, the What-Do-You-Call-Em and others of the city's most exclusive—but most garishly advertised—society leaders had entered the house of mourning. It was a great show for the plebeian spectators. Much better than Miss So-and-So's wedding, said one woman who had attended, the afforsaid ceremony as a unit in the well-dressed mob that almost wrecked the carriages in the desire to see the terrified bride. Better than a circus, said a man who held his little daughter above the heads of the crowd so that she might see the fine lady in a wild-beast fur. Swiftest funeral New York ever had, remarked another, excepting one way back when he was a kid.

At the corner below stood two patrol wagons, also waiting.

Inside the house at the carefully selected guests, hushed and stiff and gratified. (Not because they were attending a funeral, but because the occasion served to separate them from the chaff; they were the elect.) It would be going too far to intimate that they were proud of themselves, but it is not stretching it very much to say that they counted noses with considerable satisfaction and were glad that they had not been left out. The real, high-water mark in New York society was established at this memorable function. As one after the other arrived and was ushered into the huge drawing-room, he or she was accorded a congratulatory look from those already assembled, a tribute returned with equal amiability. Each one noted who else was there, and each one said to himself that at last they really had something all to themselves. It was truly a pleasure, a relief to be able to do something without being pushed about by people who didn't belong but thought they did. They sat back, stiffly, of course—and in utter stillness confessed that there could be such a thing as the survival of the fittest. Yes, there wasn't a nose there that couldn't be counted with perfect security. It was a notable occasion.

Mrs. Wrاندall, the elder, had made out the list. She did not consult her daughter-in-law in the matter. It is

true that Sara forestalled her in a way by sending word, through Leslie, that she would be pleased if Mrs. Wrاندall would issue invitations to so many of Challis's friends as she deemed advisable. As for herself, she had no wish in the matter; she would be satisfied with whatever arrangements the family cared to make.

It is not to be supposed, from the foregoing, that Mrs. Wrاندall, the elder, was not stricken to the heart by the lamentable death of her idol. He was her idol. He was her first-born, he was her love-born. He came to her in the days when she loved her husband without much thought of respecting him. She was beginning to regard him as something more than a lover when Leslie came, so it was different. When their daughter Vivian was born, she was plainly annoyed but wholly respectful. Mr. Wrاندall was no longer the lover; he was her lord and master. The head of the house of Wrاندall was a person to be looked up to, to be respected and admired by her, for he was a very great man, but he was dear to her only because he was the father of Challis, the first-born.

In the order of her nature, Challis therefore was her most dearly beloved, Vivian the least desired and last in her affections as well as in sequence. Strangely enough, the three of them perfected a curiously significant record of conjugal endowments. Challis had always been the wild, wayward, unrestrained one, and by far the most lovable; Leslie, almost as good looking but with scarcely a noticeable trace of charm that made his brother attractive; Vivian, handsome, selfish and as cheerless as the wind that blows across the icebergs in the north.

Challis had been born with a widely enveloping heart and an elastic conscience; Leslie with a brain and a soul and not much of a heart, as things go; Vivian with a soul alone, which belonged to God, after all, and not to her. Of course she had heard, but it was only for the purpose of pumping blood to remote extremities, and had nothing whatever to do with anything so unutterably extraneous as love, charity or self-sacrifice.

As for Mr. Redmond Wrاندall he was a very proper and dignified gentleman, and old for his years.

It may be seen, or rather surmised, that if the house of Wrاندall had not been so admirably centered under its own vine and fig tree, it might have become divided against itself without much of an effort.

Mrs. Redmond Wrاندall was the vine and fig tree.

And now they had brought her dearly beloved son home to her, murdered and—disgraced. If it had been either of the others, she could have said: "God's will be done." Instead, she cried out that God had turned against her.

Leslie had had the bad taste or perhaps it was misfortune—to blurt out an agonized "I told you so" at a time when the family was sitting numb and hushed under the blight of the first horrid blow. He did not mean to be unfeeling. It was the truth bursting from his unhappy lips.

"I knew that," he had said. His arm was about the quivering shoulders of his mother as he said it.

She looked up, a sob breaking in her throat. For a long time she looked into the face of her second son.

"How can you—how dare you say such a thing as that?" she cried, agitated.

"He colored, and drew her closer to him."

"I didn't mean it," he faltered. "You have always taken sides against him," began his mother.

"Please, mother," he cried miserably.

"You say this to me now," she went on.

on. "You who are left to take his place in my affection—why, Leslie, I—"

Vivian interposed. "Les is upset, mamma darling. You know he loved Challis as deeply as any of us loved him."

Afterwards the girl said to Leslie when they were quite alone: "She will never forgive you for that, Les. It was a beastly thing to say."

He bit his lip, which trembled. "She's never cared for me as she cared for Chal. I'm sorry if I've made it worse."

"See here, Leslie, was Chal so—"

"Yes. I meant what I said a while ago. It was sure to happen to him one time or another. Sara's had a lot to put up with."

"Sara! If she had been the right sort of a wife, this never would have happened."

"After all is said and done, Vivie, Sara's in a position to rub it in on us if she's of a mind to do so. She won't do it, of course, but—I wonder if she isn't gloating, just the same."

"Haven't we treated her as one of us?" demanded she, dabbing her handkerchief in her eyes. "Since the wedding, I mean. Haven't we been kind to her?"

"Oh, I think she understands us perfectly," said her brother.

"I wonder what she will do now?" mused Vivian, in that speech-casting her sister-in-law out of her narrow little world as one would throw aside a burnt-out match.

"She will profit by experience," said he, with some pleasure in a superior wisdom.

In Mrs. Wrاندall's sitting room at the top of the broad stairway sat the family—that is to say, the immediate family—a solemn-faced footman in front of the door that stood fully ajar so that the occupants might hear the words of the minister as they ascended, sonorous and precise, from the hall below. A minister was he who knew the buttered side of his bread. His discourse was to be a beautiful one. He stood at the front of the stairs and



He Did Not Mean to Be Unfeeling.

He did not mean to be unfeeling. He faced the assembled listeners in the hall, the drawing room and the entrance, but his infinitely touching words went up one flight and lodged.

Sara Wrاندall sat a little to the left of and behind Mrs. Redmond Wrاندall, about whom were grouped the three remaining Wrاندalls, father, son and daughter, closely drawn together. Well to the fore were Wrاندall uncles and—cousins and aunts—and one or two carefully chosen blood relations to the mistress of the house, whose hand had long been set against kinsmen of less exalted promise.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

### HIRES MEN OF MATURE YEARS

Chicagoan Decidedly of Opinion That Worker is at His Best in the Neighborhood of Forty-five.

A Chicago man, a leader in the commercial life of that city, is quoted as saying: "Among the men I hire nine out of ten are better workers at forty-five years of age than are the men of twenty-five or thirty." This man firmly believes that the man of forty-five or thereabouts is at the prime of life, physically and mentally. He also holds that men of mature years are more reliable and less apt to become restless after a year or two in a position and to seek new fields. The average young man, he says, is seeking a "soft snap," and is not the sort of employe who will stick by his employer through thick and thin until his services become highly valuable and, in many cases, indispensable. We often hear young men complain of their inability to get settled. That is largely because they do not settle, do not seek to adjust themselves to work and make the most of their opportunity. Opportunity seldom knocks at our doors. We must knock at the door of opportunity and be prepared to push the door a little if necessary.—The Living Church.

### EZEMA ON BACK AND CHEST

Pierson, N. Dakota.—"The eczema started on my scalp. It finally went on to the back of my neck, then on to my back, arms and chest. It broke out in pimples first and then seemed to run together in some places, making a sore about the size of a dime. At times the itching and burning were so intense that it seemed unbearable. The more I scratched the worse it became, and there would be a slight discharge from it, especially on my scalp, so as to make my hair matted and sticky close to the scalp. My hair was dry, lifeless and thin. My hair was falling so terribly that I had begun to despair of ever finding relief. My clothing irritated the eruption on my back. The affected parts were almost a solid scab. "I had been bothered with eczema for about a year and a half. Then I began using the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I used them daily for two months and I was cured." (Signed) Miss Mildred Dennis, Apr. 30, 1913. Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

### Cynical.

Appropos to the setback to the pure food laws administered by the recent decision of the supreme court, J. S. McWade, the Duluth sociologist, said in a food lecture:

"Such a decision tends to lower our courts. It tends to make us cynical like the sailor.

"Are you married, my man?" a woman asked a sailor.

"Yes, indeed, mum—married and 14 children."

"Poor fellow, traveling about like this! And don't you ever get homesick?"

"Only when I'm home, mum."

### His Business.

"That man is a denizen of the underworld."

"I'm sure he doesn't look like such a character."

"His character's got nothing to do with it. He's a miner."

If you wish beautiful, clear, white clothes, use Red Cross Ball Blue. At all good grocers. Adv.

### No Agriculturist.

"They say there is money in running alligator farms in Florida."

"But, of course, a man has to have experience. Take me, now, I don't even know the right time of year to plant alligators."

### Sour.

"Look at the money we took in the walking race."

"Gait receipts, eh?"

### WOMAN COULD NOT SIT UP

Now Does Her Own Work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Helped Her.

Ironton, Ohio.—"I am enjoying better health now than I have for twelve years. When I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I could not sit up. I had female troubles and was very nervous. I used the medicine a year and I can do my work and for the last eight months I have worked for other women, too. I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound enough for I know I never would have been as well if I had not taken it and I recommend it to suffering women."

### Daughter Helped Also.

"I gave it to my daughter when she was thirteen years old. She was in school and was a nervous wreck, and could not sleep nights. Now she looks so healthy that even the doctor speaks of it. You can publish this letter if you like."—Mrs. REXA BOWMAN, 161 S. 10th Street, Ironton, Ohio.

Why will women continue to suffer day in and day out and drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence, missing three-fourths of the joy of living, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham, Medicine Co., 233 Central Bldg., Lowell, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.



# SITE OF FORMER THRIVING VILLAGE BEING CONVERTED INTO ORCHARD

Thirty years ago, the village of Wetzel, near Manacelon, in Antrim county, was a flourishing little hamlet and possessed the largest wood turning factory in the state. The founder of the village and the owner of its one industry first gained possession of the old Wetzel sawmill situated on the main line of the Grand Rapids & Indiana railroad, converted it into a wood turning factory and then proceeded to build a village to house his employes, which he named Wetzel.

He then offered steady work, with house rent, fuel and water free, and some 300 men and their families accepted the offer. Frank Harding, the founder, then secured a post office, the G. K. & L. made Wetzel a regular station and put up a depot, and the success of the undertaking seemed assured.

For eleven years the village enjoyed a period of prosperity and then the turning factory burned. It was rebuilt and the latest machinery was installed which allowed an increase in manufactured products, which in turn decreased more rapidly the supply of surrounding timber. In 1908 the timber was so depleted that the mill was not operated steadily, and many of the men had to seek employment elsewhere. At the close of 1909, Mr. Harding had to cease operations entirely, which meant the ultimate desertion of Wetzel. The factory was dismantled, the buildings sold to farmers and moved away, the post office taken away and the name of the village erased from the railroad time tables.

Mr. Harding still retains ownership in much of the land where his former hopes rested, and he is doing the very best thing that can be done for the neighborhood—converting it into a huge orchard, where one of these days will be growing one of the most magnificent bodies of fruit trees in this country. If all other former lumber barons who made their fortunes in the north would do as well with their cut over lands as has Frank Harding, all northern Michigan would be a garden of Eden within the next fifteen years.

value of the 1913 crop in this state was \$18,480,000. In most markets in the North this week, shippers are paying from 53 to 56 cents a bushel, and buying all offerings.

**GONE FRUIT TREE CRAZY.** Northern Michigan is going fruit tree crazy this spring, with the result that more trees will probably

land can be bought at low rates, has out 5,000 apple trees, 2,000 peach trees, 400 cherry trees, 3,000 gooseberry bushes and 35,000 currant bushes.

A Charlevoix county firm bought 5,000 acres of land and set 7,000 trees, and this spring is setting 15,000 more. The entire tract will be set to trees as fast as the clearing up can be brought about.

The W. H. White company of Boyne City has 136 acres of orchard, 135 acres of which is in apples, 12 acres in cherries, and 48 acres of the apples are inter-set with cherries, making a total of 60 acres of cherries. Many and many farms do not

stop to pull the stumps before they start their orchards, pulling just enough to make room for the trees, and then from time to time pull the stumps. The land in Antrim and Charlevoix county that is proving such a success for fruit can be bought today for \$12 to \$15 and \$18 an acre, and most of it is contiguous to railroads.

The physical condition of the soil is of as great importance as the amount of plant food there. Fertilizers will not do the work of fertilizing the seedbed.

Silage can be used for supplementing pastures more economically than can sowing crops, because it requires less labor, and silage is more palatable.

Little ducks must not be allowed to get into the drink dish and get wet, for unless they are kept dry during the first week or two there will be sickness and loss.

Do not plant more apple trees unless you are taking good care of what you have. A few well cared for give better returns than many given over to insects and disease.

Sheep are very close grazers; few animals are able to thrive on short grass like sheep. Those who have hillside land or pasture land with short grass should have a few sheep.

Sows expected to farrow should have sufficient protein-muscle-making food in the ration. They can't make pigs on wind and water. Tankage is ideal for protein supplement.

The manure accumulated in the sheep pen has a high value. Don't let it lie too long, and use it where you want extra wood grass. This by-product is one of the sheep's great profits.

In raising crops, in breeding stock, in saving and applying manure, in fact, in all of the work on the farm, plan ahead as far as possible so that all of the work can be done at the right time and in the right manner.

Producing market cream, or rather selling butter-fat, is a very attractive line of business, and it is better for the farm than selling the whole milk. The skim milk has the majority of the fertility, and if this can be fed on the farm the land will be in better shape than if it is sold.

The chief ration for the dairy are the rations that are raised on the farm as largely as possible. It pays to buy some feeds and a cheap ration is not always the one that costs the least money. It is the one that brings the best returns.

One writer says it does not pay to buy feed for live stock. That depends entirely upon the live stock. If you have the right kind of cattle it will pay to buy feed under any circumstances for they will give you a good return for your money.

STOCK GROWING REGION. Northeastern Michigan is developing rapidly this year as a stock growing region. A score of new stock ranches are being started north of Bay City. Two South Dakota men are

# NOTES FROM MEADOWBROOK FARM

Give the chicks some grit. Feed the chickens a variety. Give the cows plenty of water. Don't leave the pigs-out in a cold storm. Variety counts for much in the rations of fowls. African geese are much larger than the Chinese variety. When a hog is at a standstill there is a loss of food and a loss of time. Allow the calf a clean, airy paddock or box stall in which to get exercise. The formalin treatment of seed to prevent smut is simple, cheap and effective.

An animal must have a good appetite if you expect to have stamina and good constitution. Inoculation for alfalfa is not necessary on all land, but in many places it is highly essential. Usually old sows mated with old and vigorous boars will give the most satisfactory results. It is the manner in which wool is cleaned, not its condition, that gives to it the proper class. Any change for the worse in the condition of a sheep will cause a weak place in the wool fiber. It is a mistake to try to force a cow to make milk out of food that does not carry milk making qualities. If there is not already a good asparagus bed on the place, purchase about 200 plants and set them this spring. We do not need manure or commercial fertilizer on our orchards as much as light cultivation and perfect care. When the weather permits get the manure on to the land. That's where it belongs and where it does most good. Good sheep require good care to maintain their excellence. Poor sheep are always a burden upon the rest of the flock. In this day no farmer could go back to hand labor, for his cost of production would be greater than his crop is worth. A little care at freshening time may save the young heifer and add very greatly to her value during the coming year. Don't forget that little chicks need some fine grit or coarse sand as soon as they begin to eat, to assist them in grinding their food. Alfalfa, the ideal dairy hay plant, can be grown in almost every locality in the country if the soil conditions are made right. If your beets did not do well last year, try giving them some more manure, not directly, but well worked into the soil before planting. Never locate the road so close to the stream bed that it will be subject to an overflow or on ground which is constantly damp and marshy. The Red and Yellow Globe onions are the kinds usually planted for market. Prizetaker and some other white onions are of better flavor, but do not keep as well. One of the most important items in securing the most milk is not only to milk regularly but as nearly as possible to milk at the same hour night and morning. An acre of alfalfa will furnish more high-class protein feed than almost any other crop that is grown in the sections where dairying is followed to the best advantage. Labor is most effective when directed by intelligence and thought, and a combination of muscle and brain will do more and accomplish more than anything else. Ducklings, like older ducks, must have their water in a dish deep enough so that they can get their heads into it up to their eyes; otherwise they will not do well. One advantage in thoroughly cleaning up the work teams in the evening after the day's work is done is that it puts them in the best condition to get the full benefit of the night's rest. Work the mare that is in foal. Anything that conduces to health in the foal will also help to develop a more perfect foal, and there will be less trouble in bringing it into the world. Nearly all live stock farmers are making feed a premier crop this year. They are seeking safety by planting crops that may not be as profitable in a good year but which make them safe in a bad one. One of the very best ways of supplying salt to hogs is to keep a supply in a box or trough, of salt and wood shavings and a little copperas. The more charcoal there is mixed with the shavings the better. There is no danger of their eating too much if they have access to it all the time. A flock of breeding ewes and their lambs will be of much help in keeping pastures free from weeds and can be made to utilize a large amount of grass that otherwise would go to waste along the fences and uncultivated places in the fields. Do not take the chicks out of the incubator until the hatch is complete, but if there is no nursery under the tray where the chicks will drop when dried off, it is sometimes advisable to remove the empty shells once or twice, doing it as quickly as possible.

Farming is a business. Burn all garden refuse. There is no one best ration. Every farm should have a garden. It never pays to starve young horses. The market demands horses as well as steers that carry fat. The proper way to sow alfalfa is with some form of drill. If the little pig goes to market it should be at a decent price. Plant radishes remote from the track infested by the wireworm last year. If any horses are to be offered for sale, be sure they are fat, sleek and clean. Fresh air poultry houses give good results, even where winters are cold and severe. There are many things a farmer can do on rainy days to improve his farm and home. In starting cattle, no other feed can be used in such large quantities and as safely as corn silage. The latter part of April is usually a good time to set out strawberries and other small fruits. An incubator should not be operated where there is a draft, but should always be surrounded with pure air. Coal tar cannot be beaten for keeping out the peach-tree borer, but it will not kill once he becomes established. Keep a box filled with rock salt where the horses can reach it at all times. It can be matted to the feed troughs. Hens intended for hatching and rearing chicks should be selected with due attention to their adaptability to the work. Plant the seed or set out trees of black walnut or butternut this year. They grow more valuable as they grow older. There is absolutely no danger of bee-keeping or honey production being overdone; the demand exceeds the supply; and always will. Do not set strawberries too deep. The roots should be well spread out and the plant set no deeper than it originally grew in the field. The physical condition of the soil is of as great importance as the amount of plant food there. Fertilizers will not do the work of fertilizing the seedbed. Silage can be used for supplementing pastures more economically than can sowing crops, because it requires less labor, and silage is more palatable. Little ducks must not be allowed to get into the drink dish and get wet, for unless they are kept dry during the first week or two there will be sickness and loss. Do not plant more apple trees unless you are taking good care of what you have. A few well cared for give better returns than many given over to insects and disease. Sheep are very close grazers; few animals are able to thrive on short grass like sheep. Those who have hillside land or pasture land with short grass should have a few sheep. Sows expected to farrow should have sufficient protein-muscle-making food in the ration. They can't make pigs on wind and water. Tankage is ideal for protein supplement. The manure accumulated in the sheep pen has a high value. Don't let it lie too long, and use it where you want extra wood grass. This by-product is one of the sheep's great profits. In raising crops, in breeding stock, in saving and applying manure, in fact, in all of the work on the farm, plan ahead as far as possible so that all of the work can be done at the right time and in the right manner. Producing market cream, or rather selling butter-fat, is a very attractive line of business, and it is better for the farm than selling the whole milk. The skim milk has the majority of the fertility, and if this can be fed on the farm the land will be in better shape than if it is sold. The chief ration for the dairy are the rations that are raised on the farm as largely as possible. It pays to buy some feeds and a cheap ration is not always the one that costs the least money. It is the one that brings the best returns. One writer says it does not pay to buy feed for live stock. That depends entirely upon the live stock. If you have the right kind of cattle it will pay to buy feed under any circumstances for they will give you a good return for your money.

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