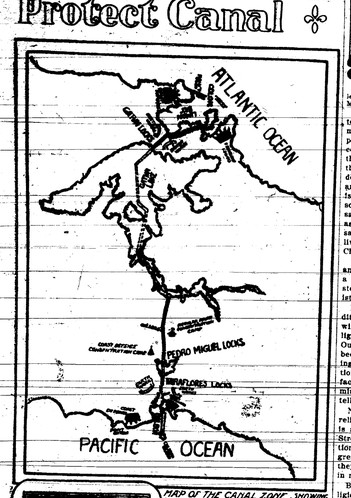
How Uncle Sam Will Protect Canal



MAP OF THE CANAL ZONE SHOWING LOCATION OF FORTIFICATIONS

COL. GEORGE W. GOETHALS

NOW for the fortification of the Panama canal zone. Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood has outlined the needs of the strip from the war standpoint. The preliminary sum appropriated and the amounts that are to follow are to be placed at the disposition of Col. George W. Goethals, chief engineer of the Panama canal, and the forts and quarters are to be built in conjunction with the other work in this, the greatest engineering undertaking in all history.

The Panama canal in its simplest terms is an inland lake separated at either end through locks. The few miles of channel between the locks and navigable water on either end are mere incidents to the canal. The great Culebra cut is important only because it is the key in making it. The locks are the vital thing when the work is done.

For these reasons the board of fortification decided that it was between these locks and the sea that the great defenses should be built. The high lands near the sea should be the location of the coast defense stations, the chief of these on the Atlantic side would be on Toro point, commanding Limon Bay and the entrance of the canal. Another battery would be located on the bay with the same command. On the Pacific side the greatest point of vantage would be Battle point, with a battery on the opposite side of the canal's mouth, or possibly on the island of Culebra in the harbor. All of these points are on high ground and command the waters within ten miles of the mouth of the canal.

Military authorities today declare that the coast defense is the most impregnable of all fortifications. Hours of heavy bombarding from a powerful navy should have little effect upon it, while in return the probabilities are that it would send many battleships to the bottom.

The naturalness of the coast defense is the disappearing gun. Those to be used at Panama are to be of 14-inch caliber. They will be placed back of fortifications which are nothing less than mountain ridges, for the coast defense stations are sunken underground at the brow of some eminence. The ammunition, the stores, the men who operate the guns are all underground, with many feet of castiron between them and any intruding object.

Two styles of guns are the main dependence of the coast defense, the 14-inch guns and the rifled mortars. The 14-inch guns are adapted to coast defenses is the most powerful implement of war known. The missile that it discharges weighs 1,400 pounds; it would be a good load for two horses to drag. It is a steel jacket with most powerful explosive inside. The gun is of such strength as to throw this missile a distance of ten miles. An object the size of a battleship can actually be hit at that distance.

The rifled mortars supplement these. The mortar is a gun that never appears above the breastworks. It remains out of sight and drops its missile over the intervening ridge. The missile takes a curve high into the air, but its course is so calculated that it will drop upon the enemy. Powerful bombs are dropped into the midst of the hostile camp at a distance of nine miles. The armor of the attacking vessel is avoided, in this case and the shell is dropped in her vitals.

The fortification board plans the building of breastwork fortifications about the locks where they might be attacked by land. These works would be erected at either end of the canal, in connection with them would be laid the foundation of a mine. Sewers would be laid, water put in. These are the vital things in an army camp. With this preparation it would be possible at any time, having the soldiers available, to meet any land invasion.

Then it is planned to establish an army post at Culebra, the highest and healthiest point on the isthmus. This camp will be outlined on the edge of the big cut opposite the town of Culebra. A bridge will be thrown across the cut to facilitate communication. Here quarters will be prepared for 5,000 soldiers. It will be a model army post for the tropics. Garrison will be the central idea in construction, and hollow walls will lend themselves to coolness. The mahogany will have no effect upon them and quinine may not devour them.

The garrison would consist of four regiments of infantry, one squadron of cavalry and three batteries of field artillery. There would be some twelve companies of the coast artillery—1,300 men. These it is contemplated quartering near the Pacific end of the canal, but they could be quickly transferred from one station to another.

So it seems reasonable to assume that in the end the fortifications at Panama will be equal to any, and never before known.

If the strongest of naval forces of the Pacific should attempt to attack a fragment of our navy at Balboa, the Pacific terminus of the canal, the guns of the coast defense could hold that navy at bay until other battleships were brought through the canal. The same thing would be true if the attack were made on the Atlantic side with the process reversed.

Huge Earth Dam.

The big Belle Fourche irrigation dam, in South Dakota, which is the largest earth embankment in the world, is nearing completion. Construction of the project was authorized by congress on May 10, 1906, at a cost of $5,000,000.

From an engineering standpoint the Belle Fourche project is one of the most interesting which the government has undertaken. Its principal structure is the earthen dam. This wonderful dike, which closes the lower depression in the rim of a natural basin, is 6,200 feet long, 20 feet wide on top and 115 feet high in the highest place.

The inside face of this structure, which has a slope of two to one, will be protected from wave and ice action by two feet of screened gravel, on which will be placed concrete blocks, each four by six feet and eight inches thick. The cubical contents of this dike will be 42,700,000 cubic feet, or enough to fill the famous pyramids of Cheops. The reservoir created by this dam will cover about 9,000 acres and will be the largest lake in the west.

King Edward's Little Joke.

Will Crooks, M. P., related an amusing reminiscence of King Edward in a lecture at Pulham Town Hall last night.

"I was sitting at a court function," said Mr. Crooks, "when King Edward suddenly turned to me and said, 'Here is the King of Siam. Have you spoken to him?'

"'No, I replied, 'I have not been introduced to him.'

"King Edward said, "He knows a good deal about European politics.'

"'Oh, that may be,' I replied, 'but does he know anything about Siamese politics?'

"'Oh, that matters not,' I said King Edward, and we had a good laugh together over the king's little joke."—London Express.

Careless Girl.

"What has become of that pretty French maid who was employed by Mrs. Flubber?"

"She was discharged long ago."

"What was the trouble?"

"Why, she actually took Mrs. Flubber's best gown out morning on cold day without an apron."—T. B. Meyer, in the Sunday Magazine.

The Conditions of Discipleship

By REV. H. H. THIMONS
Pastor Washington Street Methodist Church, Houston, Texas

TEXT—If any man will be my Disciple, let him take up his cross and follow me.—Matthew 16:24.

Jesus is a great teacher and seeks to impart unto his followers fundamental truth. It is of utmost importance that men have a correct conception of Jesus Christ himself. Hence the question he asked the twelve in the beginning of this chapter, "Whom do men say that I the son of man, am?" What the world thinks of him is important, but he had a more personal question to ask: "Whom do ye say that I am?" Then Peter speaking as the father gave him utterance, said: "Thou are Christ, the son of the living God." This is the basic fact of Christianity.

Notwithstanding Peter gave utterance to this great truth, the master in a short while administers to him the sternest rebuke that he ever administered to any follower of his.

He then proceeds to outline the conditions of discipleship. "If any man will." The highest expression of religion is not to be found in reason. Our conclusions cannot be infallible, because they are the result of training, and, in some instances, conditions. Yet we should cultivate this faculty. The master never put a premium upon ignorance. He desires intelligent as well as faithful service.

Neither is the highest expression of religion found in emotion, though this is an important part of our nature. Strong men sometimes disparage emotion. The emotions are productive of great good and much happiness, but they cannot be depended upon as final in religious expression.

But the highest expression of religion is to be found in the human will. Christ is not concerned about who is able, for he has made it possible for every man to inherit eternal life. But he is vastly concerned about who will. One has said that his normal man is two-thirds will and one-third intellect. The intellect is the shell, the will is the powder within the shell that gives it its force and power. The feelings are the waves thrown off from the side of a great ship; the—will—is the rudder underneath, unseen, yet all important.

People who are governed entirely by their emotions are hard to handle and make most of the trouble in any church. A great locomotive can draw a large number of empty cars, but they make a great deal of noise and it is difficult to keep them on the track. It is necessary for the church to pull a great many empties, but they are noisy and unstable. Religion is not the extinction of the will. When we say "thy will be done," it does not mean the destruction, but the development of our will to the point where it coincides with the will of God. Hugh Price Hughes has given an admirable definition of sanctification. He says: "It is a supreme desire not to want to have our own way."

"Let him deny himself." This means vastly more than physical self-denial. There is often a species of selfishness in self-denial. Men become recluses when they could be useful.

Ages ago certain classes of men thought they had found the secret of a holy life. They shut themselves up in monasteries at large expense. What we learn today, that the greatest temptations are not those that come from without, but the ones that come from within. The strong man fortifies himself against the enemy that can be seen, then falls before the one that steals upon him from within his own life.

"And take up his cross." This indicates a positive life. We are not told to fall under the weight of the cross, but to bear up under it. Crosses are not to be positive, inactive men under difficulties but men of victory. Victory was never won except by aggressiveness. The man of action, even through the action he not always commendable, is more commendable than the man who has the courage to act at all. Every person's cross is not the same, but crosses there will be in every life. "Its the power to bear the cross and not to let the cross bear us that determines the character of our discipleship.

"And follow me." Christianity is not a code of laws. Rules cannot be made for every future condition of life. Instead of it being obedience to rules and regulations it is a life to be lived full and glorious in accordance with the will of God, which is revealed unto us. If we are willing we "shall know of the doctrine."

"Except ye become as little children ye shall in nowise enter the kingdom." The master does not mean for us to become babyish in intellect, but the strong men were needed to do the work that God wants done, that time is now.

What he wants is that we shall have the spirit of teachableness We find in the child. The child feels its lack of knowledge seeks to learn. We are to have the same spirit with reference to religion. The spirit of God will not leave the willing mind in darkness.

Finally Christian character is not an accident, it is something to be attained. At the last it will not be judged by its accomplishments, but by the progress it has made.

Life Through Faith.

Faith bears fruit. It cannot help it because it links the soul with Christ, so that the energy of his life pour into it through the artery of faith, and, as it comes in, so it must make way for itself out. Speak, or, to speak, forced from the believing soul.

Why does the lark sing? It cannot help it, because the spirit of the spring has been poured into its heart. Why does the branch bear fruit? It cannot help it because the forces are ever pouring up from its root. Why does a child run to meet its mother? It cannot help it. Some joy in heart has imbibed her nature. So the believer, united to Christ, receives grace from his heart and from the abundance of his overflowing life speaks.

SMILES

COULD BE TRUSTED.

The late Lord Young of the Scottish bench was responsible for enlivening many a dull case. One of the best remarks that ever fell from his lips was the reply to a counsel who urged on behalf of a plaintiff of somewhat bibulous appearance:

"My client, my lord, is a most remarkable man, and holds a very responsible position; he is manager of some waterworks."

After a long look the judge answered: "Yes, he looks like a man who could be trusted with any amount of water."—M. A. P.

So He Got His.

Conductor (after successful train robbery)—How did you get him, Jackson?

Husky Porter—Git dis wuffess pussun? Why, puffeckly simple! After goin' fru my car he done try to git off ag'in wiffout givin' me no tip!—Puck.

GOOD INTENTIONS, BUT—

Mrs. Parrot—Gracious, Mrs. Ostrich, why do you look so alarmed?

Mrs. Ostrich—Why—er—Mrs. Hippo is his neighbor.

Mrs. Parrot—In what way?

Mrs. Ostrich—Why, I told her I would have to be absent from my nest for several days and she offered to sit on the eggs.

Reversal of Form.

Pale offshoes one's cause espouses;
To such, reverses bring no shouse;
As a man you build a block of houses—
And as a child a house of blocks.

A Sad Case.

"She must have been delighted when her husband, whom she thought was killed in the railway wreck, showed up safe and well."

"I don't know about that."

"Why, certainly she must."

"I only know she cried when she countermanded the order for the auto that she had planned to buy with his insurance money."

Favorite Fiction.

"I Believe I Am to Have the Pleasure of Taking You Out to Dinner, Mrs. Dudley."

"To Let—Desirable Apartments in This Building."

"Home Cooking Our Specialty."

"Genuine Cider Vinegar."

"Peaceable Picketing."

"All Wool Suits $15."

"Dear Sir,—"

A Simple Request.

"What are you going to tell the people when you get home?"

"Nothing," replied Senator Sorghum. "And all that I ask is that they'll reciprocate and not start in telling me things."

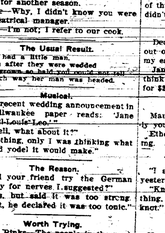
They Haven't Tucked in Their Shirts.

"And all the Chinese have cut off eg'in wiffout givin' me no tip!—Puck.

"Well?"

"I was just wondering how the cartoonist who draws a Chinaman will make the public know that it is a Chinaman."

THE STAR.



TROUBLES OF HIS OWN.

If skin tight pants
Come in for man,
And corset coats,
Oh, then, oh, then
The humorist's
Heart will be sore:
He can't be funny
Any more
About the fashions
Women wear,
About their hips,
Or rouge, or hair!
All joy will be
Put on the shelf
When'er he sees
Up himself.

Do-lighted!

"Henrietta," said the stern faced father in a tone that scintillated with sarcasm, "that young man Grinsum has been here three nights in succession and he does not go until midnight and after. I think you had better tell the fellow to bring his trunk and make his home here."

"Oh, you dear papa!" cried the girl, with rapturous joy. "May I? Oh, won't that be lovely! I was just what he wanted, but he was too bashful to ask you. Oh, but won't he be just too delighted when I tell him this evening."—Lippincott's.

The Trimmings.

"Brother Hardesty, how much are you going to give for the support of the gospel this year?"

"Why, Brother Arkum, if I ain't helpin' to support it when I give $5 to the organ fund, $6 to the chandelier fund, $8 to the carpet fund, donate two tons of coal, ship in the fat heifer fund, and furnish most of the groceries when we have a church supper, of course I'll do my share somethin'. How much do you want?"

A Successful Petition.

There was a substitute chaplain on duty in the house one day and he prayed too long, almost tediously. The regular chaplain does not pray more than ten minutes. The substitute prayed so long that Speaker Cannon's mind manifestly wandered; for when the substitute chaplain concluded Uncle Joe brought down his gavel with heavy whack on the desk and said: "The petition will be approved."

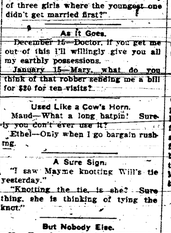
Why She Was Sorry.

Norah—Mim sorry to say, sorr, that Miss Giddy isn't in.

Mr. Caller (facetiously)—Why are you sorry, Norah?

Norah—Because, sorr, it's the biggest story O' ever told.

AWESOME JUSTICE.



Suburban Justice—In this court the dignity and majesty of the law are observed. Lawless accordes is not to be laughed at and besides one of you reckless shifters ran over my boy yesterday last week. Fifty-and costs.

A Big Job.

"If you would the lebor
You can estimate the lebor
Of a man who has a wife
And try to reform your neighbor.

Told of Two Cities.

Two of those cranks, who do that sort of thing, were sitting in the active merits of St. Louis and Kansas City.

"At any rate, we don't have to call this a city," said the St. Louis man.

"Nor do we have to call our town a saint," the other replied.

A Similitude.

"How the people do come and go in this office."

"Yes. They remind me of guns."

"In what way?"

"Because they are employed only to be fired."

She Usually Does.

"Youth must be served."

"Why do you say that?"

"Well, did you ever know a family of three girls where the youngest one didn't claim the last piece?"

As It Goes.

December 15—Doctor, if you get me out of this I'll willingly give you all my earthly possessions.

January 15—Mary, what do you think of that robber sending me a bill for $50 for ten visits?

Used Like a Cow's Horn.

Maud—Did you see a long height? Sure you don't ever use it?

Ethel—Only when I go bargain rushing.

A Sure Sign.

"I saw Maynie knotting Will's tie yesterday."

"Knotting the tie, is she? Sure thing, she is thinking of tying the knot."

But Nobody Else.

He—You know Shakespeare says there is nothing bad or good, but thinking makes it so.

She—That lets you out on thinking, you can say good things when you try.

A Bad Case.

"He absolutely lacks the business instinct."

"Does he?"

"Why, he actually gave up more than a dozen good jobs to open a garage in Venice."

Dread of Outdoor Air.

Why is there such a dread of outdoor air in the sleeping room? Science has proved that it is responsible for so many hospitals children suffering from diseases of the respiratory system are cured in a short time when they are attended by nurses in-doors. Open air and tent life are part of the recognized treatment of tuberculosis now days.

A Parting Injunction.

Some years ago, when going west with my family to settle on a farm at present, a young man was leaving his home in Vermont for Illinois. The family was anxious to see him go and not without tears. The grandfather took the young man by the hand and said: "Remember to keep the Sabbath day to keep it holy; and look out for rattlesnakes, and be careful that nobody steals your watch."

Adjustment.

Divorce is increasing insanity is to be blamed, parental authority is declared to be responsible. Why not what he was! Surely we must be reasonable. The low-waist, and pre-dressing fast, fits of temper, are merely getting adjusted to the great changes in the conditions of human existence that are now taking place on two sides in centuries. And surely it is true that high prices or food, or "hobbles" are responsible for driving some city dwellers back into the country.—Harper's Weekly.

HER FIRST GREAT EFFORT

When Cough Strup Was Used Successfully.

The newly weds had just completed their bridal tour of Europe and had spent the blissful honeymoon had ended and they, Jack, all that remained for the happy pair was to begin life in their little suburban home.

This was very nice, did, and Edwin and Angeline were absolutely happy for a fortnight. The sweet young wife had devoted herself with a supreme effort to make it and, of course, succeeded in all their lives. Surely he would not be happy with such a wife, as she timidly rearranged several first-class forks which her husband had disarranged in his absence.

Like a brave man and a good husband he bravely stuck to his task, declaring that he had never tasted anything like it, and he praised his wife for her expert cooking.

"Yes, darling," she cried, "the cloud, "on your word of honor, do you like what I've provided cold cooked for you?"

"Why, my dear, I don't know, I never tasted anything like it in my life," expressing a shudder.

"Swallow it down from soup to pudding," she persisted.

"Well, perhaps, every mouthful."

"O, darling, the cloud, I, I am the added, "I was afraid lest you would complain. You see I quite forgot to order the strap for the cooking sauce. I had to get something, I thought, to take the place of the strap. But I was afraid you'd taste it."

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VOL. 45.—NO. 36 | (Entered at Manchester Postoffice as Second-class Mail Matter.) | MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, APRIL 27, 1911. | WHOLE NUMBER 2251

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RESUME OF THE SHORTEST SESSION

A REVIEW OF THE WORK DONE BY THE LEGISLATURE IN A SHORT SESSION.

TOBY CANDOR GIVES AT A GLANCE THE RESULTS.

There Was a Large Grist of Laws Some Good Ones Were Passed, Others Were Killed and the Governor Will Do the Rest.

Lansing, Mich., April 27.—A resume of the legislation enacted by the legislature which has concluded its siittings at the earliest date in the history of the state shows a vastly greater amount of good legislation enacted than anybody expected under the circumstances existing throughout the session. Some acts of such state-wide importance that one may truly say no more important have ever been enacted have passed both houses and will become law when the 90-day period after May 2 has expired.

Incidentally there were introduced a vastly greater number of bills than ever before, even before the new constitution and direct primary law pass purely local acts. A summary of the bills introduced and passed becomes interesting. This is it:

Bills introduced in the House, 627.
Bills introduced in the Senate, 428.
Total bills introduced, 1,055.
House bills passed, 195.
Senate bills passed, 142.
Total bills passed, 337.
House resolutions passed, 126.
Senate resolutions passed, 81.

It will be seen from these figures that less than one-fifth of the total number of bills succeeded in becoming laws. Some very important bills failed to pass and some of small amount did pass. Yet on the whole the work of the legislature, disorganized as it was, shows that in general, members did what they saw to be that most of their constituents received attention and most of the bad was consigned to the junk heap.

Following is a resume of the more important legislation enacted:

Excluding from participation in the primary school fund apportionment those school districts which have on hand a sufficient amount of money to pay teacher's salaries for two years. This was the joint resolution introduced by Rep. McNaughton and provided for a constitutional amendment which was placed before the people at the April election, and adopted by a heavy majority. It is one of the most important measures of the session and passed early in the sittings.

Creating a new board of equalization. This was the "Lord bill" and was made necessary by the fact that the state tax commissioner was knocked out the organization by mandamus proceedings.

Reorganizing and simplifying the state military department, cutting off the colonels and placing and placing the National Guard upon a basis of army standard.

Reorganizing and simplifying the naval department, placing it on a basis similar to that of the army and similar to that of the military department.

Creating a commission of experts to examine and revise the tax system with a view to harmonizing various branches of the system.

Requiring the D., G. H. & M. railroad to pay taxes on its bonds and indebtedness, thus bringing it up to the same basis of taxation as other railroads. This was one of the most important measures of the session and it is expected to add a very large revenue.

Regulating salary loan agents and pawnbrokers, placing a maximum of the interest they may charge and placing them under police supervision.

Guaranteeing officers of trusts immunity from prosecution for the purpose evidence tending to convict compelling a restraint of trade.

Repealing the Shoecraft tax law and substituting therefor a recording fee of 50 cents upon each $100 of valuation.

Exempting veterans of the civil war and their widows from paying for the amount of $1,000 provided the property is not valued in excess of $2,500.

Establishing an uniform accounting system in all departments of state and in counties under the direction of the auditor general.

Permitting saloons to remain open on Washington's birthday, Lincoln's day, Memorial day, primary days and giving to villages and cities the power to set territory the right to vote upon the question of license in accordance with the local option law applicable to all towns and purposes applying not in dry territory.

Providing that the supervisors of any county may appoint one of the county officers a force of constable to work upon the roads. They will be distributed when there is a necessity demand in accordance with this.

Prohibiting the employment of any but experienced engineers, conductors and firemen on Michigan railroads.

Forcing the G. R. & I. railroad to abandon its system of charging more than a 2-cent fare from Michigan points to points in Indiana.

Requiring a 2-cent fare in the upper peninsula.

Authorizing the superintendent of public instruction to remove school officials in rural districts for the illegal use of the school funds.

Permitting the public domain commission to exchange lands with the Federal government for purposes of reforestation.

Providing for the establishment of commissions to certify to mill in cities, villages and townships.

Requiring mutual fire, tornado and hail insurance companies to file with the state insurance commissioner a list of accredited agents.

Making it a misdemeanor to fail to place fire escapes upon any structure after being ordered to do so by the state labor commissioner.

Giving to married women the sole right to their earnings.

Abolishing the office of commissioner of mineral statistics.

Providing for the appointment of county trust officers.

Revision of the primary election law, placing the fall primary the last Tuesday in September, combining many of the other primaries and especially requiring that the candidate for office must receive at least 35 per cent of the vote cast for secretary of state by his party at the last election in order to be placed upon the election ballot.

Regulating billiard and pool rooms outside cities and villages.

Placing express companies under the authority of the state railroad commission and establishing a maximum rate for transportation of express.

Allowing county treasurers to deposit funds in private banks and permitting supervisors to pay the premiums on the bonds.

Permitting the state board of pardons to work the entire year, removing the 250-day restriction.

Providing for the parole of life convicts.

Authorizing the payment of overtime to convicts on a basis of the work done or the overtime put in rather than upon the profit to the prison.

Amending the home rule act so as to give cities the power to incorporate in their charters the initiative, referendum and recall, non-partisan primaries and elections, and to amend present charters without first revising them.

Authorizing the public domain commission to establish a department of immigration. This to bring a desirable class of foreigners to settle upon Michigan's vacant lands.

Allowing school districts to establish and maintain trade and manual training schools.

Repealing the act which makes a man guilty of manslaughter if he shoots another in the woods with a rifle.

Providing for physical training in public schools.

Regulating the sale of firecrackers and fireworks and prohibiting the sale of toy pistols.

Establishing the office of state fire marshal under the insurance commissioner.

Establishing a tonnage tax upon all upon lake vessels hailing from Michigan ports.

Providing rules and regulations to protect the public from tuberculosis.

Changing the name of state asylum to read "state hospital" and the name of the city in which they are located, Kalamazoo instead of Kalamazoo.

Prohibiting all state officers from collecting and retaining any fees.

Providing for a "moral" governing.

Providing for insurance for motor cars in Michigan.

Requiring Michigan institutions to use Michigan coal.

Providing for a central board of control for all penal and reformatory institutions.

Allowing women to vote at school elections.

Appropriating $10,000 for the care of the victims of the Iroquois fire.

Prohibiting false billing and weighing of freight.

Providing a penalty for the fraudulent obtaining of water, steam gas or electricity.

Abolishing the state board of medical examiners.

Prohibiting cities of more than 100,000 population to establish houses of correction.

Requiring mining and smelter companies to give annual account of ores taken out and of their business generally.

Requiring the use of corrugated rocks or stoppers in bottles containing carbonated drinks.

Requiring traction engines to carry spark arresters and fire extinguishers.

Authorizing the state board of health to pay of township officers and supervisors.

Making physicians liable for the improper use of prescriptions for liquor.

Requiring every druggist to keep a sole liquor for the sale of liquor in Prohibition towns.

Relieving school treasurers for liability for the loss of school money by the failure of banks.

Requiring county agents to report to the state board of corrections and charities and making the county agent subject to the approval of such board.

Abolishing fraternities and sororities in the high schools.

Authorizing the state tax commission to appraising the property of mining companies.

Providing for the taxation of mining ore reserve lands.

Permitting supreme court justices to live outside Lansing.

Providing a fund on grain and seed for threshers.

Requiring directions to report dogs killed by dogs.

Authorizing supervisors to advise the purchase of automobiles for the purpose of attracting immigration to the state.

Prohibiting rebates on insurance premiums.

Authorizing the board of state auditors to place inscription on Michigan free in Yosemite.

Providing for the placing of a statue of Zach Chandler in the Hall of Fame at Washington.

Providing a kennel tax on dogs.

Releasing Shiawassee from cost of maintaining troops at Durand during strike.

Releasing Lapeer from cost of maintaining troops at Home for the Feeble-Minded during the smallpox epidemic.

Providing that the state shall hereafter pay the cost of calling out troops for protection of property or health.

Authorizing boards of supervisors to purchase lands for agricultural fairs.

Amending the libel laws so as to divide the liability for the publication of libelous advertisements or articles.

Providing uniform bills of lading.

Licensing the sale and carrying of deadly weapons.

Authorizing boards of supervisors to fix the levels of inland lakes.

Preventing misrepresentation as to policy by life insurance agents.

Prohibiting the sale of adulterated candies.

Permitting the use of county drains for sewage purposes.

Amending the general labor law.

Prohibiting children under 18 years from working more than 48 hours in the hours of 10 p. m. and 5 a. m.

Amending the general game law, providing the number of birds or animals that may be taken, and when.

Establishing free employment bureaus in Flint and Traverse City.

Establishing a normal school at Ishpeming.

Providing for incorporation of banks to be voted unless completed in three months.

Authorizing the superintendent of public instruction to appoint an auditor to audit the primary school funds in the various school districts.

Creating a commission to investigate the question of workingmen's compensation.

Exempting farm wood lots from taxation.

Prohibiting the use of trading stamps.

Providing for the election of mining inspectors.

These were the more important bills to pass. There were some equally important that did not pass. The senate stifled many of these, but the house also did its share when it came to killing measures.

Perhaps the other bills to be killed were those providing for the initiative, referendum and recall. They all passed the house and came mighty near passing the senate. So near did the initiative and referendum come that it seems altogether likely that they will be passed at another session.

Woman's Suffrage Kicked Out.

Woman's suffrage was killed by votes of passing the house, and will likely lie within a section or two.

A state-wide prohibition bill was introduced in the house never came out of committee.

A bill providing that the voter of local option should be either a village or township instead of counties was introduced in the house, but never came from committee.

A bill providing a hunter's license passed the senate, but failed in the house.

A bill to place the game warden's department under the joint game and game commission passed the senate, but failed in the house.

A bill to permit brewers to operate in bond in dry counties was introduced in the senate, but failed to pass.

A civil service bill was introduced in the senate, but failed to pass.

A bill creating a teachers' retirement fund passed the senate, but failed in the house.

Bills to abolish the offices of state mine inspector, state inspector, state weather bureau passed the house, but failed in the senate.

Bills to abolish the state land commissioner, state geologist, state board of pardons, the horseshoers board, the board of examiners of barbers were introduced in the house, but failed to pass.

A bill creating a state boiler inspection department and to license stationary engineers passed the house, but failed in the senate.

A bill to prevent hunters encroaching upon private lands passed the senate, but failed in the house.

Following are some of the other bills to kill:

To prohibit an executive mansion at Lansing.

To provide a tonnage tax upon ore.

This bill passed the house and failed in the senate.

The Torrens system of land transfer.

To submit a constitutional amendment for a four-year term for governor.

To repeal fraternal insurance on national compacts, table of mortality.

To provide for an expression of popular will on the subject of pari-mutuel betting.

Creation of inquiry into state departments and institutions.

Providing for workmen's compensation.

To prescribe penalty for cash fares in railroads.

To compel stronger construction of cars on railroads.

To prohibit the text-book.

Prohibiting sale of text-books in prisons.

To abolish corporal punishment in prisons.

To establish secret service in the state.

To limit the number of legislative employes.

Two very radical measures, the initiative and referendum and a state-wide prohibition were introduced, but each was intended more particularly to offset to the other and neither was ever reported from the committee. The very fact of the presence of these features of the session, however, shows the legislature has devoted more time to legislation than it has to any other thing. This year the opposite was the case.

The attention was this year directed more particularly to two or three really big bills than to the initiative, referendum and recall, the home rule act, the primary election law, the workmen's compensation act, the tax commission, the state board of equalization enacted in a really advanced form, the state board of health reorganized and which failed to pass were equally bills of calibre.

FIND THE LONESOME MAN

ARMISTICE SIGNED

FIVE-DAY CESSATION OF HOSTILITIES AROUND JUAREZ FOLLOWS TRUCE.

PEACE IS NEAR IN MEXICO

Francisco I. Madero for Insurrectos and General Navarro for Federals Enter Into Agreement While Peace Terms Are Being Discussed.

El Paso, Tex., April 24.—General Madero, in behalf of the insurrectos, and General Navarro, acting for President Diaz, have signed an armistice, to continue for five days, at Juarez.

The three principles that there shall be no movement of troops of either side during the next five days and that provisions or munitions of war be brought to either camp from the American side without payment of duty.

Actual negotiations for peace followed the armistice. It was, of course, known that a truce was agreeable to Madero, and it became known the two Mexico informed General Madero that General Navarro had been instructed by President Diaz to enter into the compact.

Government Will Make Concessions.

The concessions which the government is willing to make have been known for two weeks to General Madero, ever since Francisco Madero, a business man of Chihuahua, visited General Madero at Rancho Bustillos. The interview developed the meeting by the various leaders and members of the peace mission. These present Francisco Madero, Sr., father of the rebel leader; the latter's brothers, Alfredo, Gustavo and Raoul Madero; Pascual Orozco, the original field leader of the revolution; Pancho Villa, former bandit, and present warrior; Doctor de Madero; Giuseppe Garabaldi and General and Senora Madero. The last named is probably the most supporter of taking Juarez and then talking peace. Somewhere in her intuition she feels that the insurrectos will be better in a position to talk peace from Juarez than from the hills around.

Diaz's Promises Are Liberal.

Much of the discussion was of such nature that its publication could be stifled at this time. It may be stated, however, that General Madero has the most authentic assurances of a liberal attitude on the part of the government. In fact, it may be stated that President Diaz has promised to adopt every measure which will insure the return of the revolutionary soldiers to their farms and shops in the federal army, that the government at Mexico City is the government, and that every aid possible will be given to partially repay the ravages of neglect is theirs for the asking. It wants no rancor to remain on either side. The promises of the president on every point indicate a desire to deal with the people, as shown by the liberal terms given General Madero, exceeds the dreams of the revolutionists themselves.

FIVE SENTENCED TO HANG

Negroes Convicted of Murder Will Be Executed on Scaffold at Oklahoma City.

Oklahoma City, Okla., April 25.—Five young negroes, John Henry Irwin, Jesse Lewis, Horace Thomas, Elijah Turner and Bud Johnson, were sentenced to hang from the same gallows at Lawton, Thursday morning, convicted of complicity in the murder of W. H. Archie, a white plumber, in March.

Oil Car Explodes; Three Dead.

St. Louis, Mo., April 25.—An explosion of a tank car filled with oil killed three persons and injured nine others at Chaffee, Missouri, Thursday. The car was standing on the Wabash tracks at the plant of the Bell Oil company.

DYNAMITE PLOTTERS SECRETS LAID BARE

ONE OF PAIR NABBED

Manchester Editorials

BY MAT D. SLOSSER.

THURSDAY, APRIL 20, 1911.

Eggs are flirting with the common people again.

There should be an anti-smoke ordinance for boys in knee pants.

Many a man who laughs at the bobble skirt wears cuffs on his trousers.

An Arkansas man ate a bowl of pears on a wager. That's a swell stunt, eh?

"Clothes oft proclaim the man." But not always. Sometimes they proclaim trousers skirt.

It is proposed to stop the flow of gold and girls to Europe by putting an export tax on heiresses.

Former King Manuel is learning to play golf. He is likely to find it fully as difficult as running Portugal.

At this season of the year it is generally easy to get most people interested in good roads improvement.

A frog farm is to be started at Manhattan, Nev. We should think Bullfrog would be a better place for it.

We are told that platinum has reached the high water mark of $40 an ounce. Almost as costly as coal.

The harem skirt has appeared at the seashore, and it is very easy to guess what the wild waves are saying.

If those scientists succeed in their efforts to make an elixir of life, what are we going to do with our undertakers?

And the American oyster is taking the place of its British brother in popularity. The American abomination grows apace.

A convict escaped from the Ohio penitentiary by crawling through the air shaft. Fresh air has some wonderful effects.

A Chicago woman physician says that tobacco takes the fine edge off the wife's taste. The law does that woman know?

Convicted murderers in Nevada are to be given their choice in the matter of exit, but none will be allowed to shoot old Jack.

One of the contestants in a Joel Hayden contest may well wonder if he keeps up with the Joneses that he will lose its popularity.

An Indiana woman has developed blood poisoning as the result of a bite from a mouse. Another argument in favor of the harem skirt.

Learning to pronounce correctly the names of the new French ministry will be a good start toward a ministry education in that language.

Fifth avenue in New York is said to have the lowest birth rate of any street in the world. Evidently the stork is not a fashionable bird.

A wise Pennsylvania judge has ruled that it is no crime for a woman to have pretty eyes. In other words they are not concealed weapons.

"A wife should never consult her husband about her clothes," opines a London modiste. She rarely does except when the bills come home.

An eastern writer says that all beautiful women look like angels. The genus is often quite a difference in the size of the shoes they wear.

Some of those scraps in European parliaments are terrible affairs. Think of a Japanese vase being broken. It might have had his wrist slapped.

Aliens trains are being run between Chicago and St. Paul and Minneapolis. What has become of the car wheels that were made of paper?

Pity San Francisco bride received from her father a wedding gift of $1,000,000. The gift, however, will not set the fashion in family bridal presents.

A man taken ill in Bermuda insisted upon being brought home to die in New York. As has often been remarked there's no accounting for taste.

Chicago is suffering from an epidemic of automobile accidents. Why not hire the hold-up men to fight the auto speeders and kill two birds with one stone?

Massachusetts society women are taking up wrestling as a beautifying exercise. There is evidently more trouble coming for the so-called strong men.

A French expert has discovered that normal men have large feet, while normal women have small ones. That accounts for the fact that men are the bigger kickers.

An eastern savant tells us that "the problem of the age is for women to know how to spend money." And for men to know how to get the money for women to spend.

Since platinum has become more costly than gold, may we expect to see it more generally used for watch cases, rings and other fashion fads, not to mention the filling in the teeth of actresses who are not averse to the advertising?

The supreme court of the District of Columbia has decided that a father is not obliged to have his motherin-law in his house if he doesn't want her. There are a few other families, not to mention the filling in the teeth of actresses who are not averse to the advertising.

Fifth avenue in New York is said to have the lowest birth rate of any street in the world. Evidently the stork is not a fashionable bird.

Your Boy's Life's Work

What Shall It Be?

ACTOR?

THERE is an occupation which is open to any boy of average intelligence who has the imitative faculty and can memorize easily. It does not require genius to become a successful actor, but health, vigor and unflinching perseverance are absolutely necessary. It is not an easy way to become rich, but by attending strictly to business a fair living may be made.

By C. W. JENNINGS.

THROUGH from time immemorial countless pages have been written advising the youth of both sexes to shun the glamour and artificiality of the stage. It is exceedingly rare to come across an article that would be of value to one who had chosen acting for his life work. It is a profession which should never be adopted without a proper understanding of its peculiar difficulties and dangers, but if your boy is convinced that he has the necessary qualifications and is prepared to face and overcome a host of preliminary discouragements, the following hints will assist him to a proper knowledge of the first steps to be taken.

Contrary to the general impression, one does not need to be a genius in order to rise to a fair position in his profession. At present, however, producers are seeking types, rather than orators and elocutionists. For instance, some one, even though in poor circumstances, are endowed naturally with the outward appearance and bearing of millionaires. Such persons, if possessing fair acting ability, can fill millionaire parts more acceptably than those who do not look plutocratic. For the same reason a fat man is more naturally a fat man on the stage than a thin man made up to appear so, as are also a thin man, a hunchback, a bowlegged man, a bald-headed man, or an unusually small man.

Therefore, if your boy has any eccentricities of physique or temperament his chances may be really better than if he were anything short of perfect. Without limits.

However, there is one essential which can be tested before he makes a serious attempt to get on the stage—his ability to memorize. To become a successful actor he must be able to memorize with comparative readiness. The average ordinary part consists of about five thousand words, which must be committed to memory and with absolute perfection. Furthermore, in stock work, where a new play is produced every week, an actor must be able to master this number of words in that period. Your boy should test his memory by one or more well known plays and trying to memorize different parts. Then with some one to read the other parts as they occur, let him supply the part he has learned from memory. This test satisfactory, his next step would be to go to the manager of a theatrical company and ask to be given a trial. Should the manager have a play with some small part which he thinks suitable to the applicant's general appearance, the chance of getting employment would be pretty fair. The only way to get the coveted start is to keep after the managers.

Your boy will receive about $15 a week when he begins with a non-speaking part, and if the company should be on the road he might be paid $25, on account of having to pay his own hotel expenses. All living expenses are always assumed by the actor, the manager paying only the railroad fare.

But the moment the most profitable class of work in the beginning would be with a stock company, on account of the varied experience and training out that your boy would get in appearing in a new play every week. Another advantage would be that the regular season is only from September 1 to the end of April, leaving four months for enforced idleness, while stock companies are often busy through the summer.

The "actor" is one who has only a line or so to speak) in a stock company is paid about $20 a week. Having only these few words to utter, they may not seem much, but it has its place, and an important one, in the play. It may be a little part that has to do is to enter and say, "His Lordship has arrived." But this is a skillful part, and if he does well, in the exact intonation and manner-isms of a butler—in short, if he has whatever it takes on the stage manager will recognize it instantly, and he will be promoted.

The next advance will be to general utility man at about $30 a week. In this position your boy will have small parts and is liable to fill various vacancies of this character. Next, he may be given a leading character, or youthful parts, at $40 to $50. The promotion to character man follows. This is one of the most important places in the company and one of the first things your boy should do would be to study character parts, reading, reversing and telling stories in dialect, studying character parts, studying dialects, and trying to make himself take the part of any peculiar character that may be called for unexpectedly. In one week's notice he may be called on to do, as he will know the plays that are to be given in his stage life for the forthcoming season. Character men are paid about $40 a week.

From this position your boy may be promoted to the leading man, if he has the requisite qualifications, which are: Good looks, a good voice, a good figure, and a good address. He must be able to master this number of words in one week, and carry them in the exact phrasing, with the proper intonation and manner. Leading men are paid from $50 to $75 a week.

Finally comes the leading man, who gets about $60 a week. He is paid more than the heavy man on account of his greater necessary expenses for clothing. A full outfit of evening suit, with Prince Albert and tuxedo, walking suit, dark suits, etc., and all the haberdashery and shoes that go with them required by the average stock leading man represent a good deal of money. Certain conditions exist which bring about a higher scale of salaries than that here given. In cities in which there is lively competition between two or more stock companies, salaries will be at least one-third higher. Where actors have acquired a considerable reputation or are able, on account of their personality, or for other reasons, to add to the drawing popularity of their company, they may be paid at least double the salaries mentioned. Stars in stock companies who have achieved a national reputation, which is the ambition of every actor, such as Joe H. Hackett, receive anywhere from $1,000 to $2,000 a week. The salaries of members of a star are known as legitimate companies will average about 50 per cent above those paid in members of stock companies.

Your boy will probably find the kind of work for which he is specially qualified before he has been in the business very long, and then he should do everything possible to develop this, as the specialist on the stage, like everywhere else, has a distinct and superior ability of his own, to the advantage of his business and reputation. For instance, one man has made such a reputation in the part of a waiter that he has confined himself to that exclusively, and is considered a necessity by managers whenever they have a part requiring a waiter. He is getting $200 a week for his wonderful work in this comparatively unimportant and unexpensive part. One of the largest restaurateurs in New York was so impressed with the excellence of his portrayal of that he told all his waiters they should go to the play and get points on it.

When determining the best means for your boy to make his theatrical start, you should carefully consider the dramatic schools, and if you can afford the expense of $75 to $100 for a thirty days' course, your chances of living if he has to leave home, it would be well to send him to one of the best. The training is good, and furthermore managers are watching the work of the graduates of these every-class-graduated several get positions immediately.

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Ever Eat Crawfish Soup?

We see in a newspaper an advertisement that reads thus: "Crawfish soup today. We would not object to trying it." The crawfish is a trim and dainty little mouthful. Its habits are fine, and it lives a pure and happy life. It would commend itself as an ideal pet for a lunatic asylum, if it were the same family, and is certainly the more fascinating member of it.

The other body of the tribe of crawfish soup in their younger days, else it might have been one of the joys of Russian or Roumanian boyhood, or even a way of sunshine and gladness with a bowl of soup. We tried it once with mussels, but it didn't work. They didn't have the faintest flavor of an oyster. Oysters have been a great satisfaction, for mussels were plentiful in boyhood days.

Crawfish and mussels, and pawpaws for dessert might have been a sort of kingdom come to a boy between the ages of twelve and fifteen.—Ohio State Journal.

Convict Refuses Pardon.

A case unparalleled in prison records was created at the Penitentiary at Thomaston, Me., when John G. Parr, an inmate of the institution, refused the unconditional pardon granted him by the governor. When Parr, who is 73 years of age, was asked to explain his extraordinary decision he said: "I prefer to go back to a place where there are rages and jealousies and where one's supposed friends are sometimes even one's wife or one' boson friend, turns out in the end to be one's worst enemy? I am satisfied with my lot here. Peculiar is conducted themselves in a model manner. Very few of them are really bad at heart. Many of them make friends who will remain true through thick and thin. I think I live my sentence out."

Queer Japanese Ads.

Some Japanese advertisements quoted in the new review, Japan et Belgique, possess a wealth of humor unknown to the western advertiser. A Tokyo draper announces that "our goods are never transported from shop with the speed of a shot from a rifle." A grocer proclaims his vinegar to be sourer than the gall of a "cruel and diabolical of-mothers-in-law." And a large multiple store displays a poster addressed to the "Ghosts of Poverty." We can satisfy every possible want of Yours. Everyone of our assistants is so complaisant and obliging as to offer their who seeks to dispose of a downright laughter. You will be so welcome as a ray of sunshine coming after a day of ceaseless rain."—London Chronicle.

The Brute.

"John, now that we have been married a few years, don't you think illusions have slipped away, if you were to have to propose to me again tonight would you be as earnest and tender as when you proposed ten years ago?"

"I certainly would, but from a different motive."

"How do you mean?"

"I was nervous then for fear that you might not accept me. I should be nervous now for fear you would."

Printers' Ink Pays.

Sedan, way out in Chatauqua county, Kansas, has a population of only 1,000, but that didn't prevent J. H. Edwards, the leading merchant, from expending $2,500 in advertising last year. Mr. Edwards went to Sedan a few years ago with practically nothing and now owns a big store, a fine home, a farm, automobile and a fine team, and claims the success of his business was made possible by liberal advertising mostly in the newspaper.

Silence Often Valuable.

Some of our modern advertising writers hardly appreciate the value of an occasional silence. We believe we understood this, and you will note in "Macbeth" after the king is killed how effectively these silences are used. But some actors forget these silences that as song and writers forget to leave enough white paper.

Plainness and Simplicity.

Plainness is appreciated everywhere not abrupt plainness, but clean cut, well-put together, simplicity, which is welcomed by the intellectual because they are always simple, and by the ignorant because their understanding can grasp it.

Remember This.

Greet every customer as soon as he comes in. If you cannot wait on him at once, at least, find out if possible what he wants so as not to keep him waiting needlessly.

Economical Expenses.

Some expenses—advertising and insurance, for instance—are economical. Your advertising can be original, clever, different, without being freakish. Fresh advertising attracts attention to its peculiarity and not to the goods it advertises.—Brains.

Variety in Advertising.

A writer in one of the advertisers' magazines says that a certain type of advertisement is about as interesting as a bale of cotton. He says: "The kind of 'ad.' he is criticising is the stereotyped, cut-and-dried 'card,' which still represents a fair, moss-covered form of publicity in the conception of some business men. It is safe to say that no advertisement is a good advertisement which merely makes known the existence of the business it exploits. The public is not interested in the fact that the business exists—it wants to know why it exists. The 'card' does not tell it. Its space it occupies on the page of a newspaper can always be used to better advantage by giving the advertiser some real news about the advertiser's business than is presenting to his attention an enlarged extract from a page-of-the-city directory.

The Way to Begin.

Every merchant in every town should advertise, first of all, in his home newspapers. He cannot make people in Chicago or New York, he cannot do as much business as he wants to do otherwise.

Advertising is only in proportion to the business he does in a year. If he did a $10,000 business last year, spend $500 to $750 in advertising; if he did $20,000, spend $1,000 to $1,250 in advertising, and so on.

It will be a beginning and it will pay—but the greatest care should be taken, since only small space can be used, to make each advertisement as full of meat as possible—make it stand out prominently, if you can, for effect, and make the reading matter say something and mean it.

The reader sees a newspaper once a day, a magazine once a month.

How it Happened.

"Aren't they rather odd, to marry the girl they married?"

"Rather."

"Sweethearts in youth, I suppose."

"Yes, loved one another dearly."

"How did they come to fall out?"

"They didn't fall out. He proposed to her by letter and she replied accepting him, but she gave the letter to her husband to read, so he just received it last week."

William J. Bryan Says—

The fellow who tries to attract business without advertising is like the young man who throws his sweetheart a sidelong glance. He does, may know what he is doing—but no one else does.

Good Advertising Demands Study.

Little any sort of writing that is worth anything demands study, and ideas and inspirations and inspirations can only come from intelligent and enlarging study of the matter in hand.

HAVE FAITH IN ADVERTISING

Leading Cause of Big Profits Made by Mail-Order Houses—Example for Country Merchants.

One of Chicago's big mail-order supply houses cleared, in profits, in 1910 $7,000,000, so it will be seen that it pays not in business merely for the accommodation of the public but. Listen:

How do these houses reach the people?

Isn't it advertising?

Yes, you will have to admit or expose your ignorance.

Country merchants will frankly admit that this is the way it is done, and yet, withhold their advertisements from the local paper, which is in a position to help them. Strange, order house, and allow the big catcher to talk to their customers in print day in and day out through the magazines and farm and family journals, and never say a word in their own defense or in support of their goods or prices through their medium, the home paper, which is as eagerly read by their customers as are the magazines carrying the advertisements of the mail-order houses—continually.

When country merchants wake up to the fact that every dollar's worth of goods sold by mail-order concerns is the direct result of their own advertising, then take up the same methods, systematically and persistently, they will soon be selling the goods used by the people in their territory and the M. O. concerns will be forced to my business for lack of support.

Country merchants have a system of dropping in and out, usually with little "rough-drafts" of a sheet of prices, often descriptive of goods of of season at "cut—prices." Which is well enough, but they want a liberalized advertisement, prices and goods reasonable; the journal carrying the advertisement will be read in the homes of the local man's customers and is there compared with the advertisement in the home paper, if any, and right there the decision is made of whom to buy. The M. O. house has a new and tempting offer every time the journal is received; but the home merchant allows the home paper to enter the same home and his store not represented only occasionally.

When business becomes dull the M. O. house jumps into the journals with larger and more attractive ads. than at other times; when business gets dull the home merchant drops out all his ads. in the local paper, leaving it all to the mail-order fellows and his customers.

Not one man in ten in business in small towns knows the value of advertising, or how or where to do it, and why—simply because they do not give this most important matter any attention and just as long as this is not, just so long will the mail-order houses prosper and pile up big fortunes in profits and sell their goods right under the nose of the retailer, and 90 per cent of the money go out of the town never to return, in the Melpoth (Kan.) Times.

HE OBJECTED TO ADVERTISING

Maker of Old-Established Hair Restorer Didn't Wish to Be Bothered With Too Much Business.

"We never advertise," said the president of an old-established hair restorer. "On the contrary, we call our advertisements 'bills,' the iteration which accompanies each bottle that they must appreciate our preparation without our being never descended to the vulgarity of advertising."

"And is business as good as it used to be?"

"It has not been so good this year, but in the main we are holding our own."

"You are in the main. What do you mean by holding your own—in the main?"

"We have been in business nearly sixty years and we are doing as well as we did the first year. Now that's not so bad—is it?"

"No. Not so bad. You ought to have passed out long ago. You must have a very meritorious article."

"Indeed we have. It is the very best in the world. Grandfather recommended it to their sons. The sons recommended it to their children. The children use it, and through them we keep up our sales."

"But if you advertised—it literally you could do hundreds of times more business than you do. You have money. Why don't you start in?"

"My dear fellow, you don't understand. If we advertised and got more business I would have to spend all my time in the office. It would be necessary to employ a lot of additional help, and what a bother that would be. The idea is simply preposterous. I couldn't get away to play golf or go fishing or motoring, and life wouldn't be worth living."

"Good organization would take care of the business and you could take a summer vacation."

"But I couldn't escape worrying about it."

I didn't wait for him to finish. What's the use of trying to wake a Rip Van Winkle?

Back to Nature.

A hen is not supposed to have much common sense or tact, yet every time she lays an egg she cackles forth the fact.

A rooster hasn't got a lot of intellect to show, but none the less most roosters have enough good sense to crow.

The mule, the most despised of beasts, has a persistent way of letting people know he's around by his insistent bray.

The busy little bees they buzz, bulls bellow and cows moo, and watch dogs bark, and ganders quack and doves and pigeons coo.

The peacock spreads his tail and squawks; pigeons coo; roosters crow; sheep bleat, and even sparrows know enough to hiss before they sting.

But Man, the greatest masterpiece that Nature could devise, will often stop and hesitate before he acts—Bristol Herald.

THE FLEETING YEARS

THE days of our years are threescore years and ten; and if by reason of strength they be four score years, yet is their strength labor and sorrow; for it is soon cut off, and we fly away.

Teach us to number our days that we may apply our hearts unto wisdom. Psalm 90:10-12.

Monday.

Come now, ye that say, today or to-morrow we will go into this city, and continue there a year, and trade, and get gain, whereas ye know not what shall be on the morrow. What is your life? For ye are a vapor that appeareth for a little time, and then vanisheth away. For that ye ought to say, If the Lord will, we shall live, and do this or that. James 4:12-15.

Tuesday.

Rejoice, O young man, in thy youth, and let thy heart cheer thee in the days of thy youth, and walk in the ways of thy heart, and in the sight of thine eyes: but know thou, that for all these things God will bring thee into judgment.

Remember now thy Creator in the days of thy youth, while the evil days come not, nor the years draw nigh, when thou shalt say, I have no pleasure in them. Then shall the dust return to the earth as it was: and the spirit shall return unto God who gave it. Eccl. 11:9; 12:1-7.

Wednesday.

Boast not thyself of tomorrow; for thou knowest not what a day may bring forth. Prov. 27:1.

Hear, my son, thy father, and forsake not thy mother: For they shall be a goodly ornament unto thy head, and chains about thy neck. Prov. 1:8-9.

If ye call on him as father, who without respect of persons judgeth according to every man's work, pass the time of your sojourning in fear. For the time past may suffice to have wrought the will of the Gentiles, when we walked in lasciviousness, lusts, excess of wine, revellings, banquetings, and abominable idolatries: wherein they think it strange that ye run not with them into the same excess of riot, speaking evil of you: Who shall give account to him that is ready to judge the living and the dead. 1 Peter 1:17; 4:3-5.

Friday.

I will restore to you the years that the locust hath eaten, the canker worm, and the caterpillar, and the palmer worm, my great army which I sent among you. And ye shall eat in plenty, and be satisfied, and praise the name of the Lord your God, that hath dealt wondrously with you. Joel 2:25-26.

Saturday.

Forget not this one thing, beloved, that one day is with the Lord as a thousand years, and a thousand years as one day. The Lord is not slack concerning his promise, as some count slackness; but is long-suffering to you-ward, not willing that any should perish, but that all should come to repentance. But the day of the Lord will come as a thief; in the which the heavens (the sky) shall pass away with a great noise, and the elements shall melt with fervent heat, the earth and the works that are therein shall be burned up. Seeing that these things are thus all to be dissolved, what manner of persons ought to be in holy living and godliness, looking for and earnestly desiring the coming of the day of God, by reason of which the heavens being on fire shall be dissolved, and the elements shall melt with fervent heat. But, according to his promise, we look for new heavens and a new earth, wherein dwelleth righteousness. 2 Peter 3:8-13.

Our Own Burden.

Every man bears his own burden, fights his own battles, walks in the rain which no other feet have trodden. God alone knows through and through. And he loves us, as Keble says, better than he knows. He has isolated us (this self being that is alone may have our perfected confidence, and that we may acquire the habit of looking to him alone for perfect sympathy. He will come into the solitude in which the soul dwells and make the soul conscious of his presence and break the monotonous silence with words of love. We have him only to speak to us, but to be understood at. He will rejoice with us when we rejoice and weep with us when we weep. He knows our joys, our sorrows, our bitterness; God knows it too; and though a stranger cannot intermeddle with the joy, though the soul grows to a great size in the Jordan valley, it is so-called because it is a God-sized place, and God is there, outspread was thought to represent the hand of Christ.

"Next to the sacred parable came a worm, destroying the gourd, and the sirocco, driving in hot blast down upon the weltering prophet. Then, by a wonderfully true touch of human nature, Jonah transfers his pity for himself to the gourd, which was the gourd which likewise had been heavily treated.

"The divine question, "Should not have pity?" remains unanswered. Above the stir and din and wickedness of the divine compassion will prevail. The argument is very fine. On the gourd Jonah had spent neither labor nor strength. How much more should God, of whose goodness man's highest virtue is but the faintest shadow, pity the people who have the helpless and ignorant children, and the cattle, the works of his own hands who now fill the streets of Nineveh! Jonah's pity ends in selfishness. Jonah should have asked himself, "If the God of Israel sees what is going on at Nineveh, and is concerned about it, is it to be supposed that his unfaithful servant will escape his notice, like defaulting apprentice lad, who hopes to elude his master's notice by running away to sea?"

Jonah jumps on board a vessel bound for the most remote place known to the ancient world—Tarsus, which is Tarshish, in the extreme west of the Mediterranean, a storm so fierce that even the skillful Phoenician sailors are terrified and with fervent heat, throw his cargo overboard to lighten the ship. Jonah, all the while, sleeps in the midst of the tempest, leaving a space of about twenty feet between him and the captain, who has to take him, at his request, to the captain, who has to take him, at his request, to the captain, who has to take him, at his request, to

The Enterprise

By MAT D. BLOSER

For nearly 42 years the news giver for Manchester. Independent in all things. We invite everybody to call and see the office and equipment and be at home. We want to know you and you know us. We want to know if you have a job of work to be done. If you don't call we will call on you, stating your name. We want your patronage, and your job printing and order for stationery.

Phone 44

We want you to take the ENTERPRISE and keep posted on what is doing in Manchester and vicinity.

$1.50 a Year; Single Copy 5c

and must be paid in advance.

Notices of any event where a fee is collected must be paid for; also obituary notices, card of thanks, etc., 5 cents a line, but other notices of social events may be inserted free.

We want to do your probate advertising. Ask the Judge to send notice to the ENTERPRISE and he will.

When you write or phone, don't ask for anybody just say:

THE ENTERPRISE.

THURSDAY, APRIL 27 1911

The state solons have returned home in time to make gardens

The date of Homecoming Day is Aug. 24. Send your address and that of any former Manchester resident to, Mat D. Bloser

The annual reunion of the 31st Michigan Regiment—American war veterans—will be held in Lansing, May 17. Will the members from here attend?

Senate bill 235 amends the primary school laws and changes date of taking school census, which must be taken twenty days after the first of June each year

House bill No. 60, a "dance fourth" act, prohibits the sale of blank pistols blank cartridges and fireworks that contain certain acids. Limits fire crackers to two inches in length and three-eighths of an inch in diameter

Now days when you see parer families lugging a vacuum cleaner home with him you may guess that a job of house cleaning is in prospect. In days agone he would sneak out of town on important business when he saw a carpet being on a line in the back yard. Times indeed the 20 h century.

With all our trains running to and from the four points of the compass we hear complaint that it is inconvenient going to Ann Arbor as the Ann Arbor road, the Central and the electric lines can do not make close connections. Efforts have been made to induce the Lake Shore and Ann Arbor roads to connect at Pittsfield Junction and when the Ann Arbor announced that it would put on gasoline motor cars to run between Toledo and Ann Arbor the thought came that perhaps that would bring about the desired connection Word has now come from Passenger Agent Kirby that these cars which are to be put on

PERSONAL MENTION

H E Humphrey is the new operator at the Lake Shore depot.

Mr. & Mrs. O. E Lewis of Ann Arbor came here to visit friends.

We thank Horace Case of Redlands, Cal., for a copy of the city paper.

J. H. Kingsley attended the funeral of Thos Williams at Jackson today.

Dr. Lynch has recovered from his recent illness and is able to be out.

Mrs S. McCord returned from visiting her sister, Mrs. Stark, at Ypsilanti.

Mrs J. F Kern visited Mrs. Frank Gray in Chelsea yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Mat D Bloser has been somewhat better again the past few days.

Miss Ella Heazle has returned from Chicago and is again on duty at the postoffice.

Frank Bartlett of Lansing was in town Sunday and Monday and visited his uncle William.

Mrs. Herbert Dewey of Grass Lake went to Mc Mallen, Texas, last week to visit Mr. Dewey's sister.

Mrs. James Gage has recovered from her recent illness and attended the burial of Mrs. Sallay Gage today.

J. B. Hotle has had a handsome monument erected on his lot at Oak Grove cemetery—Chelsea Standard

Mr & Mrs. J F Kern visited Mr & Mrs. Adam Ernst and Mr & Mrs. John Farmer in Bridgewater Sunday.

Miss Sophia Vogelbacher was taken to Monday night and has been confined to her bed not is somewhat better now.

Mrs Fred Frey of Ann Arbor came here Wednesday to see about the placing of a monument to her for at Oak Grove.

Wm Berger attended a meeting of wool dealers at Lansing last Thursday and then went to Battle Creek returning Friday.

Mr. & Mrs. Daniel Fowles left for their home in Nebraska, Wednesday night, accompanied by their niece S Inlys Nevin.

We learn that Lieut. S. Hand Chas has been promoted and after June 20 h will be captain in Uncle Sam's army. Odd jobs, we salute you

Frank Stark, the gold pen manufacturer of New York, made his brother Elmer and family a visit Tuesday. The ENTERPRISE was favored with a pleasant call.

Presiding Elder Geo E Archer informs the ENTERPRISE that Rev. O D Finch of Detroit has been duly appointed pastor of the Evangelical church and will be here to begin his duties Sunday morning

Mr. & Mrs. Joseph Orr of London, Genesee county came Monday to visit her brother Horace Wisner but as he was at Whitmore Lake went there accompanied by her sister Mrs. Armstrong, and found him failing in health They will visit here a few days.

We were glad to have a call from August Louier Wednesday and to know that he is recovering from the accident which has laid him up for a few weeks. He was thrown from a wagon onto the frozen ground and his right arm put out of joint, but he is glad to be about again

Mrs Jacob Bareis who was sent only till with inflammation of the lungs, recovered sufficiently to go to Jackson last week where she will remain for a time at least with her daughter, Mrs. Harkness Mr Bareis has gone to stay with his daughter, Mrs Gauss and husband on the farm south of town.

Mr G A Wait went out in the yard Wednesday forenoon where Ed Case was nursing lame and her dress took fire and before help could be obtained all her clothing was burned from her body and her waist, arms and head were frightfully burned. Neighbors responded to her cries for help and she was carried into the house and Drs. Tracy and Kapp were summoned but death came to her relief and made her as comfortable as possible Just to see what would become of it, Goat Westfather addressed an envelope to John Sykes, Chelsea, Mich., with the request to return after 100 days if not called for. This was on Nov 17th last. As there was no such person of course they held it for 100 days and then returned it. The envelope has numerous post stamps and post marks to indicate the various offices it passed through, including New York and the dead letter office at Washington.

Bert Conklin of Toledo was in town Wednesday making arrangements for the burial of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Sallay Gage niece of Anson K. Gage a former Sharon farmer. Mrs. Gage had a paralytic stroke last Thursday and died Tuesday following Her daughters Mrs Hewitt of Grand Rapids and Mrs Conklin of Toledo were with her. The remains are brought here today for burial at Oak Grove Mrs. Gage was a woman beloved by everyone who knew her.

The Shakespeare club held its annual banquet on Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. S M. Case. The beautiful day brought 12 members together. The literary program was interspersed with music by Misses Torrey and Case, closing with a general song, "Blest be the tie that binds." Refreshments were served, the tables being decorated with daffodils and other spring flowers and place cards bore the club colors, together with Shakespearian questions and answers. Election of officers resulted as follows: President, Miss Annetta English; vice president, Mrs Emma Lehman; secretary and treasurer, Mrs. Florence Case.

For Sale, the most beautiful building spot in Manchester, with home, store shop and small barn, corner of Jackson and Union Streets, 2x3 rods. Inquire of A. A. Snowman, or F. Steinkohl Leading, Mich.

We have all heard about Peck's Bad Boy. We can see him Monday night at Arbeiter hall.

Eggs for Sale, Black Minorcas and Brown Leghorns for hatching BERT LOWERY

Lost, a small leather satchel containing trunk, etc. Finder please return to GEORGE MATTHEWS.

We have a first class carving fixture in our employ and to those who have cushions to re-cover or finger tops to repair, we solicit your patronage. DRESSELHOUSE & DAVISTER

A Hopeful Message to Scalp Sufferers and Men Whose Hair is Thinning

Dandruff, previously in our Hardware ad scalp disease. The trouble with you, if you have any, is that in the early stages of scalp care, you have tried so far in that they don't do anything but temporarily hinder the itching and cake the dandruff so it doesn't fall until it's dried out above. Scalp disease—really care such troubles, but a real cure mentioned that will kill the germs causing dandruff and scalp disease.

Dandruff germs are the yellow draggists microscopical germs that burrow into the whitewed corks for dandruff, eczema and all diseases of the skin and scalp. Herpicide is the solution, on proving to the laboratory compounding the treatment that it is a most thousand times more germicidal than any other preparation for the remedy. This remedy is called HERPICIDE, and is guaranteed that kills the germs or your money back. Get a 50 cent bottle of any druggist or send 50 cents and 2c for postage and get one by return mail.

Sold and guaranteed by druggists everywhere and in Manchester by

Haeussler & Son

PATTON'S SOLE-PROOF FLOOR COATINGS

are made to resist heel knocks and scuffing. They give floors a high polish that lasts. Moreover, for every class of decorative work—for chairs and tables, for all kinds of furniture and interior woodwork, for oil cloth and linoleum, they are unsurpassed.

With the Sole-Proof Graining Outfit, even an amateur can produce charming natural wood effects.

Sole-Proof Floor Coatings are sold in 20 colors by reputable retailers whose business success depends on the quality of their work.

Beautiful color card and descriptive booklet sent upon request.

PATTON PAINT CO.
Lake Street Milwaukee, Wis.

Dr. BURNHAM'S

San - Jak

Kidney, Liver and Catarrh Cure

This remedy is absolutely original and contains sufficient merits to obtain quick and lasting results to the reproductive system. It is truly harmless, and can be taken by young or old, male or female, for any length of time.

It is the indicated remedy for all Kidney and Catarrhal troubles, cures Coughs and approaching Cold with hoarseness in 24 hours, and is positively the most scientific discovery for diseases of the genito-urinary organs of male or female. It is the only known and safe remedy for Prostatic Troubles of old Men, Painful or Difficult Micturition and all Urethral Inflammation and is truly a vitalizing tonic. It is valuable in curing Tuberculosis of nose, throat and glands.

San - Jak

is a constructive tonic, it vitalizes the accommodative muscles of the entire body, lessens the abnormal size of the abdomen of male or female and is the speedy cure for that sad feeling young or old.

Sold in A. A. Snowman's Drug Store only, who are reliable and will return the price of one bottle ($1.00) if San-Jak fails to do good. Made by Jap-Jak Co., Chicago, Ill.

San - Jak is sold only by

A. A. SNOWMAN,
Manchester, Mich.

Made by
San-Jak Co., Chicago

WE OFFER EVERY INDUCEMENT consistent with safe banking to new customers opening a new bank account or making any change at present.

THE ABSOLUTE SAFETY of our institution, the experience of our officers and our progressive methods are a sufficient guarantee that on placing your account here you will be assured of the best service and perfect protection.

The Peoples Bank,
Manchester, Michigan

Call at Broom Factory in the old Kirchgessner building for fence, roofing, silos and farm implements

L. CONKLIN & SON

Have taken the agency for the American Ice Co., of Newark, N-J, incorporated in 1846, which insures against fire windstorm, tornadoes, cyclone and lightning and solicit your patronage JOHN WURSTNER

Lessees County

Reed Dodike, who lives near Clinton, was burned on the face and hands while filling a lamp for a chicken brooder.

Prof. Gunn, superintendent of the Clinton schools the past year, has resigned and Prof Kurtz of Bitefield has agreed to take his place. There will be other vacancies on the teachers' list.

Notice to Creditors,

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 17th day of April, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Present, EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Herman Bertke, deceased.

John F. Spaeth, administrator of said estate, having filed in this court his final account and his final time for hearing on the same

It is ordered, That the 15th day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the Probate Office, be appointed for hearing said account.

And it is further ordered, That a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing in the MANCHESTER ENTERPRISE, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Washtenaw.

(A true copy)
EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
DORCAS C. DORRIGAN, Register.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 17th day of April, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Present, EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Mary Gorge, deceased.

On reading and filing the duly verified petition of Ferdinand D. Huber, son, praying that administration of said estate may be granted to Frank Gorge or to some other suitable person and that appraisers and commissioners be appointed.

It is ordered, that the 15th day of May next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at said Probate Office be appointed for hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the MANCHESTER ENTERPRISE, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Washtenaw.

(A true copy)
EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
DORCAS C. DORRIGAN, Register.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw held at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 22nd day of April in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Present, EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Susan J Goodyear, deceased.

On reading and filing the duly verified petition of Wm. D. Harriman, praying that administration of said estate may be granted to Wm. D. Harriman or to some other suitable person and that appraisers and commissioners be appointed.

It is ordered, That the 8th day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office be appointed for hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the MANCHESTER ENTERPRISE, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Washtenaw.

(A true copy)
EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
DORCAS C. DORRIGAN, Register.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw held at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 22nd day of April in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Present, EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Mary Arnold, deceased.

On reading and filing the duly verified petition of Rice Arnold, praying that administration of said estate may be granted to Rice Arnold or some other suitable person and that appraisers and commissioners be appointed.

It is ordered, That the 8th day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office be appointed for hearing of said petition.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the MANCHESTER ENTERPRISE, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Washtenaw.

(A true copy)
EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
DORCAS C. DORRIGAN, Register.

Safe Convenient Profitable

Savings & Loan Ass'n
Lansing, Mich.

To Be Married Soon

THAT is what we hear and that is why we say come to our store to buy the togs she will need. We have everything necessary and when she gets ready to go to housekeeping we want to furnish her with Table Linen, Rugs, Curtains, Shades, in fact everything in the Dry Goods line. You will not know what we have until you call, then you will be surprised and delighted.

By the way, if she is to be a farmer's wife, we want to buy her butter and eggs. Can't we buy yours too?

G. H. BREITENWISCHER

Haeussler's Rexall Store

Bicycles
$6, $8, $10
and
Guaranteed
others at
$12 to $25

It's Time
to get your
Lawn Mower
Repaired
We will more than please you

E. H. Gorner

The CAREY-MORAN GRANITE CO.
MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN.

Come,
See What
I Have
In
Jewelry

H. L. ROOT

GREAT SACRIFICE
Sale on Shoes
50 and 75 cents on the Dollar

In order to make room for my new stock of Spring Shoes I will have to sell my entire stock of Shoes and will sell at sacrifice prices

Men's Work Shoes
Ladies' Dress Shoes
Misses' School Shoes
Boys' Dress Shoes

Men's Dress Shoes
Misses and Children's Shoes
Boys' School Shoes
Little Gents' Shoes

Remember we carry a full line of
Overalls, Shirts, Ball Band Rubber Goods, Fresh Groceries

and for a short time I will give
25 lbs. Granulated Sugar for $1
with each $5.00 order for goods.

R. C. ORDWAY
at the Sharon Store

At Arbeiter Hall, Manchester

Brighter, Bigger, Better

than ever

PECK'S BAD BOY

The Most Successful Musical Comedy of the Age.

6 Great Vaudeville Specialties 6

Monday, May 1st

One NightOnly. Prices 25c, 35c. Reserved Seats 50c.

IT IS

Not What You Pay

THAT MAKES A BARGAIN

But What You Get

Suppose you buy a Monument from one of the many outside agents and it fails to give satisfaction, you pay your good money for a stone that looks all right when erected, but later on, after six months or a year, it fades and checks, who will pay for your disappointment, when you have found out too late what you have bought, will the agent make good your loss?

We Have Never Heard of One Doing So.

We stand back of every piece of work we sell and will gladly replace any work that proves unsatisfactory just as long as we are in business. We cannot afford to sell you an inferior article as we depend on our reputation for straight dealing and honest value. Your good opinion and recommend of us is worth a lot more than the extra profit we would make by using inferior material.

Anyone Can Cut Prices, But It Takes Brains To Make a Better Monument.

E. C. Jenter

A Few More

of those beautiful Fancy Dishes. You can see them in the show window. Come in and pick out one or two, they make fine gifts to friends.

Everything in Furniture, Carpets, Shades, etc.

E. C. Jenter

The Enterprise

Published weekly at Manchester, Mich.

By MAT D. BLOSER

THURSDAY, APRIL 27. 1911

BRIEF LOCAL ITEMS

Brook trout season opens next Monday.

The gutters on Exchange Place were cleaned Tuesday.

Wm Newbling has had his house wired for electric lights.

Better read F G Houck's advertise. ment.

Will it ever stop snowing—in the ads.

An electric light should be placed in the center of Exchange Place bridge.

The small boys have had great sport catching the fish that try to swim up on the upper dam.

Farmers and others have been receiving fruit trees which they have set out to replenish orchards and open spaces.

Two strange men and four young women came here in an auto Sunday afternoon and made things lively on the streets.

Supt. Hatch is making improvements in the electric light line on south rail road street and extending a line to Wm. Chase's.

Robert Mahrle has had a new plate glass front put in his saloon and has the door placed at one side, giving him a large display window.

The farmers have at last been able to get to work in good earnest and they are tearing the soil to great shape getting in the spring crops.

We are informed that the library association lost a little money on the concert, but is satisfied because it was such a meritorious entertainment.

The delightful days just past have put the spring fever into many of our citizens and if they keep looking for out door jobs, before long they will be beautifully tanned.

As Rev. Wulfman was away there was no preaching at Emanuel's church Sunday morning but in the afternoon Rev. Dr Mayer of Freedom came over and preached a sermon.

The steam shovel has been at the gravel pit west of town for some time and it is reported that the Lake Shore will put the work trains on soon. A new side track will be put in at Brooklyn.

We learn that Ernest Lutenhans has bought what has been known as the Weir place and later as the Lease Hall place on Jackson street in this village for $1,800 and has started to work improving it.

It begins to look like another close go for the Manchester house. Mr. Johnson has decided to open a restaurant in the Wuerstner building and save that he will furnish meals for 25 cents. Entrance to the restaurant is at the side door.

Next Tuesday will be Arbor Day and it would be nice if every person who owns a foot of ground could see on at least one tree. But there are reasons why this cannot be done and we regret it. Here after, some of our citizens will set trees.

The committee in charge of the Decoration Day program has engaged the Teperance Band of Ann Arbor with a speaker The school will assist in the exercises which will be held at Oak Grove if the weather permits. A subscription paper is being circulated to defray expenses

We learn that a good sized speckled trout was caught in the river below the mill a few days ago but was promptly thrown back for fear the deputy game warden might be lookin'. We have fine spring fed brooks that are ideal for trout but all are so supplied with them and it's hard to tell where they came from.

Frank Sloat, who has been manager of a ball team here for several seasons, has been trying to get another team organized and to awaken interest enough among the business men to subscribe a sum sufficient to pay the expense of maintaining a team and the securing of good games, but he says the there appears to be no interest manifested

The 20th century club held its last meeting and banquet at the home of Mrs Emmet Lowery Saturday afternoon. The rooms were neatly decorated with the club colors, red and white After the supper, the evening was most delightfully spent in solving difficult contests Mrs. Glover and Mrs. Lewis of Ann Arbor, former members of the club, were present.

Out this not and save it for reference as it will not appear again Mail closes at Manchester postoffice as follows: at 6:20 a. m. for train south at 6:40 a. m at 8:45 a. m. for train east at 2:06 a m at 9:15 a m for train north at 9:25 a m at 2:25 p. m for train west at 2:35 p m at 2:25 p. m for train south at 2:39 p. m at 3:45 p m for train east at 4:02 p m at 6:25 p m. for train north at 6:42 p m

In the trial of Charles Wacker of Sharon for threatening to burn Wm. Troix, a neighbor, the jury failed to agree The case was before Justice Watkins last Friday Prosecuting Attorney Grove Bates conducted for the people and A J Waters defended Wacker. The jury was out until 3 o'clock Saturday morning We understand that the case may be tried again Friday

There are a few men yet in town who have no angry feelings "the village pain think a big price for the electric light and power" that they will not use electricity They don't know what they are saving by depriving their families of such a comfort and necessity and as so small a cost Those who own village property have to help pay the expense anyway and they better give up the grouch and take the Hobbs Supt. Hatch will be glad to assist you.

The annual meeting of the county potmoer society will be held in this village on Wednesday, June 14. All members and others interested will attend a meeting at the residence of A J Waters on Saturday evening April 29 at 7:30 to make arrangements for the meeting. One of this village will take pride in having such meetings and conventions, etc, held here and should help to arrange for their entertainment so it is hoped that there will be a good attendance at Mr. Waters' Saturday evening.

The concert given by Mrs Earl Chase of Detroit and Earl Moore the organist of Ann Arbor, at Emanuel's church last Friday evening was attended by an appreciative if not a large audience. Mrs Chase's singing was sweet and under perfect control of what might be termed a wonderful voice for it is seldom one hears one like it for power and tone Mr. Moore is certainly a skillful organist for one of his years and his playing was much appreciated He also accompanied Mrs. Chase on the piano in a very pleasing manner.

About 8 o'clock Monday evening citizens were aroused by hard and prolonged "honks" of auto orns and glare in the direction from where the sounds came, they saw the glaring lights of a runaway auto speeding through our streets After circling several squares they came to a halt in front of Frank Green and then we discovered it to be the Schaible Wiedman Auto Co with eight Ford machines, one for our townsman, Fred Kempler, one for Ben Feldkamp and one for the Way brothers of Bridgewater. The others were for Sauer, Ann Arbor and Yoellanti parties who had come here to accompany the first named The whole company took supper at the hotel and then departed for home.

Short School Notes.

Mrs Nye visited the first primary Monday morning.

Elvie Marjorie Lowery visited the second grade Friday.

Miss Kirchnofer entertains the seniors and teachers at her home Friday evening

Wilma Nye entered the second grade and Park Nye the chart class of the first primary Monday morning.

The eighth grade examination will be held May 4th and 5th in the class room of the high school building

The high school and town base ball teams played a game on the school grounds Monday after school which resulted in a victory for the high school team.

Albert Roller, aged six years, and Roland Servis, aged eight years, celebrated their birthdays at the ward school last week. The usual games were played and the children were treated to pop corn.

In October, 1886, the Alpha Sigma was organized and as next October is the 25 h anniversary they hope to have a reunion of as many of the former members as is possible. Those favoring the project should write to Myrtle Renan secretary

The last regular meeting of the Alpha Sigma was held Monday evening. Fred Kiehle was appointed critic for the evening The president, Louie Blum and vice president Ernest Fahrner were not present so the former presented the game to the newly elected president Harry Sutton, who responded with appropriate remarks.

The Alpha Sigms elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

President—Harry Sutton
Vice President—Ruth Agee
Secretary—Myrtle Renan
Treasurer—Elsie Hill
Chronicler—Ray Hill
Marshal—Fred Kiehle

The treasurer's report showed $21 25 on hand which which will be used for works of art

Wants New Trial In Suipe Case.

Last Wednesday a circuit court jury gave Samuel Hoppenyarmer of Grass Lake a verdict for $1 400 compensation for selling Wm Stipe's 130—acre farm in Sharon. A motion for a new trial filed by Attorneys Waters and Judge F. Kirk sets up 13 reasons why another hearing should be allowed, says the Times. They assert among other things that the verdict is Mr. Hoppenyarm's favor was contrary to the law and evidence, that the court practically coerced the defendant to refrain from insisting on a motion to require the plaintiff to choose between a special claim and a general one, and that the court refused to instruct the jury as the defendant requested

Besides this they allege the court admitted evidence showing the Stipe had offered to dispose of his farm through another real estate man for $65 an acre which the defense claims hadn't any bearing on the case, as Hoppenyarmer only alleged that he was to pay whatever amount was received over $70 an acre Lest but not least Mr. Stipe's attorneys allege that Mr. Hoppenyarmer is guilty of unprofessional conduct in assuring that Mr. Waters, didn't date on the witness stand. Mr. Waters, in his affidavit claims that the interests of the defendant were prejudiced by a long tirade of vituperation and abuse directed at him, uncalled for by any evidence, unprofessional, and only took place with its opposite of, and for no other purpose than to prejudice the jury" For her that that Mr. Waters which not The hearing of the motion for a new trial, May 1st promises to be worth attending

There will be a Pedro Party at Wuerstner Hall, Friday evening, April 28 for the benefit of St. Mary's church, at which all are invited.

We do carriage trimming at our harness shop. Have you any that needs to be done? DRESSELHOUSE & DAVISTER

BRIDGEWATER.

The Way brothers have purchased a five passenger automobile

Emmett Allen is having a cork roof placed on his barn.

Miss Ruth Agee visited relatives in Tecumseh from Friday until Sunday.

Frank Way who has been in California the past few months, has returned home.

Mrs Kirkwood of Springport was here Sunday with her mother Mrs. Jacob Blum.

Mrs Uriah Arnold died on Wednesday the 19th, of cancer of the stomach, aged 69 years.

Walter Rawson was dismissed as circuit court juror last Thursday and returned home

Mr. & Mrs. Sumner Briggs and family with visited for presents Mr. & Mrs. Frank Riedel, Sunday.

Mrs. Lester Dewer of Orion has been visiting her father, Chas Gadd who is 90 years of age and is failing health.

Ray Johnson and uncle, Chauncey Webb, sister of Manchester township, visited at H. A. Martin's and H D Walters, last week.

Mr. & Mrs. Philip Blum and daughter Annetta, and Mr. Blum's mother, Mrs. Blum spent Friday in Ypsilanti on business.

Mrs. Chadwick who makes her home with her daughter, Mrs. C. J. Robinson of Clinton, was a guest of Mr & Mrs Wm. Gadd last week.

Mrs. Will Smith of Bacevus, Ind., and Miss Louise Clemler of Gresloek, New Jersey returned to their home after a few days visit here with their sister Mrs Michael Kluger

The funeral of Mrs. C Saley was held here on Sunday. Among those from out of town who attended were: D E Fowler of Danby, N.Y., Mr. & Mrs. Ed. Schuyler of Jackson; Mrs Mary Evers of Brooklyn; Mr & Mrs. W. W Dell of Stony Creek; Mr. & Mrs. George Rawson of Clinton; Oscar Mahrle of Sharon; Mr & Mrs. Wm. Martin of Manchester.

FREEDOM

Mrs. Katherine Boller is quite ill with pneumonia

P. I. Wagener started his grocery wagon Monday morning.

The farmers are all very busy getting the ground fitted for seeding.

Alfred Dettling of Ann Arbor spent Sunday at his brother Albert's.

Frank Dettling's children who have been ill with measles have recovered.

Misses Annetta and Bertha Kerchler of Saline spent Sunday with Lulu Lutz.

Martin Bieber is laying the foundation for a new barn which he will erect this coming summer

Rev Fr. Farwell of Detroit conducted services at St. Francis church Freedom Sunday morning.

Mr. & Mrs. John Hammelsbeck and daughter Irma, spent Sunday and Monday with relatives in Sharon.

It being Harold Boller's 15th birthday his friends and schoolmates very pleasantly surprised him Sunday night. He was remembered with a well filled purse. Refreshments were served and all reported having had a good time.

NAPOLEON.

Geo. Loos was home from Albion over Sunday.

School opened Monday morning after a week's vacation.

Peter De Lamb made Norvell a business visitor Monday.

Mrs. Celestia Lezell is a guest of Mrs. Pearl Dixon near Mason.

German measles are prevalent in town They however, seem to be in a light form

Mr & Mrs Chas Austin have purchased the S A Riley residence near the depot and will occupy it in the near future.

Our high school boys defeated the Brooklyn high school at base ball Friday, at the latter place, in an interesting game which ended 7 to 5.

Central City Hive has extended an invitation to Woodbine Hive No 324 for May 12, which has been accepted and a very enjoyable time is anticipated by our lady readers.

News reached here of the marriage of Blanche Gardner of Brooklyn and Harry Austin of Norvell, which occured at the home of the bride, Thursday evening last week Congratulations are extended.

NORTH SHARON.

John Fletcher of Chelsea spent Sunday with Mr & Mrs. Fred Lehman.

J E Irvin spent part of the week with his son F. C. Irvin and family at Detroit.

Mrs Phoebe Ayers of Manchester is spending some time at John Hoelscher's.

Mr & Mrs A S Burch of Grass Lake visited Friday with Mr & Mrs Wm. Krause.

Mr. & Mrs. Gordon Cliff and daughter Marion of Jackson spent the week at J. S. Leach's.

Mrs. Ella Beutler and Anna spent Sunday in Jackson guests of Mr. & Mrs. Gustav Gerschbacher

Mr & Mrs A. G. Cooper have had their games during the past week, Mr & Mrs. A L. Dearborn, Mrs. Lester Cooper of Commerce and Charles Hurd of Gage town.

SHARON

Emil Filber is recovering from his recent illness

Mrs. Pauline Kirkwood is visiting relatives in Jackson

The Local Science class met at the home of Miss Libbie Rice on Friday of last week

Sharon Center church The church will receive a new coat of paint and paper on the interior.

Mrs Sarah Trotz entertained twelve of her friends at a birthday party Saturday. Ice cream and cake were served and all spent a pleasant afternoon.

Live poultry wanted every Wednesday at the Central Market
LOUGHRANT & SIMMONS.

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NORVELL.

The little son of Mr. & Mrs. Chas Fish is quite ill.

Chas. Cameron was home from Concord over Sunday.

Otto Lemmile visited his brother in Clinton Sunday.

T. Griffith of Jackson spend Sunday with his father here.

Miss Mary Palmer had a business trip to Jackson Thursday.

W. J. Reynolds of Jackson was in town Saturday on business.

Fred Linde was here from Lake Odessa to visit his parents over Sunday.

Miss Vera Harris went to Vicksburg Saturday to visit her aunt Mrs. Geo Cobb.

Mrs. Art Kinsey and daughter Mae visited in Manchester Saturday on business.

Miss Ellen Hildebrand and Mr. Livingstone of Jackson spent Sunday at the home Mrs M Hildebrand

G. Keder has opened his new store with a new line of goods and everything looks inviting to the public.

Mrs Agnes Spokes returned from Ann Arbor Tuesday accompanied by Mr. & Mrs. Reginald Spokes and son.

Mrs. Emerest and daughter of Jackson came Sunday to spend a few days with the former's uncle Chas. Griffith.

Mr & Mrs Wm. Spokes and daughter Agnes went to Ann Arbor Sunday to attend the funeral of Mr. Spokes' nephew.

Mrs C. Hoeck and Mrs. W. First went to Jackson Sunday to visit Mrs. Kolchenbocher who is improving from her recent operation.

Chas Austin is moving his goods to Napoleon where he has bought a place and Mr. & Mrs Harry Austin will occupy the place he vacates, having purchased it.

Ice Cream at the Manchester City Bakery

Born.

LEHR—In this village on Monday April 24, 1911, to Mr. & Mrs. Clarence Lehr, an 8 pound daughter.

Died.

MARTIN—In Jackson on Saturday night, April 22, 1911, of kidney trouble, Henry Martin, aged 81 years.

GAGE—In Toledo, Ohio, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Conklin, on Tuesday, April 25, 1911, of paralysis, Mrs. Sallie Gage aged 82 years.

SALEY—In Bridgewater on Friday, April 21 1911 of complication of diseases, Mr Cornelius Saley, aged 71 years.

The funeral was held at the residence on Sunday at 2 p m. Rev Latham of the Clinton congregational church officiating, assisted by Rev. Hill of Manchester M. E church. Miss Alice Case of Manchester sang. The burial was at Bridgewater Center.

In Memoriam.

Mary Rawson was born in Bridgewater Aug. 3rd 1840, and was married to Christian Saley, February 11th 1864, and settled on the farm three miles southeast of Manchester, where the greater part of her life was spent and where she passed away April 21st 1911, in the 71st year of her age. Five children came to this home, two of whom passed away in early childhood. Three daughters, Mrs. Dell Fowler of Gandy, Nebraska, Mrs. George Servis of Manchester and Mrs Fannie Saley who has been her constant companion, were spared, and all have been with her in the last weeks of her illness, and have done all that willing hands could do, or loving hearts suggest, to ease the pain and smooth the path of the border land. Mrs. Saley united with the Clinton Congregational church in early womanhood, April 1, 1860 and was a consistent—as Christian, striving always to do the work of the Master, and brought into practice her knowledge and goodness. The writer will always dwell with her memory for the many deeds of kindness shown, and offer this tribute of love to her who was a friend to all in time of need. Besides those mentioned three grand children, Ethlyn, Rolland and Ralph Servis, and brother G. S. Rawson of Clinton and one sister Mrs. Wallace Dell of Stony Creek survive her, they many other relatives and a host of friends and neighbors who loved and admired her for her noble character and sterling worth.

A few days before Mrs Saley passed away she called her daughter to her and asked her to help her recall the following from Browning which was a favorite with her.

Life changes all our thoughts of heaven.
At first we think of streets of gold,
Of gates of pearl and dazzling light,
Of shining wings and a host of white,
And then all strange so mortal sight.
But in the soft round of years
It is a more familiar place;
A home where we meet our dears,
Where watch many a well known face.
With passing months it grows more near,
It grows more real day or day;
Not strange or cold, but very dear,
The place we long for HERE.
Why some are sick or poor, or lone,
The place where we shall find our own.
As we think of all we know
Who there have met to part no more,
Our longing hearts desire home too;
With all the strife and trouble over.

Home Market.

BUTTER—Creamery, 16@22c ⅌ pound.
EEGS—Lower Best eggs, 15 dozen.
CHICKENS—$4.00@$4.50; hens, $2.50@$4.00; cows, $2.50@$3.00; roosters, $1.50@$2.00; ducks, $2.00@$3.00.
TURKEYS—Dressed, 18@20c.
CORN—Ear, 70c ⅌ bu.
OATS—Ear, 40c ⅌ bu.
HAY—No 1 timothy $13.00@$14.00 No 2 mixed, $10.00; clover, $9.00. Marsh hay, $7.00 ⅌ ton.
OATS—Out standard, 35@37½c ⅌ bu.
ONIONS—Bermuda, 80@90c ⅌ bu.
POTATOES—35c ⅌ bu.
POULTRY—Live weight. Old roosters 6c; chicks and fowls, 12c; ducks, 11c; geese, 10c; turkeys, 16c.
EYE—50@60c ⅌ bu.
BEANS—$4.00 ⅌ bu.
BEEF—Carcass, 6@7½c ⅌ lb.
PORK—Dressed, 8c ⅌ lb.
WHEAT—Red, $1.00; white, 98c.

Long Spring Coats

Presenting our spring offering of

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Coats

These are products of skilled workmanship and superior fabrics and have an established reputation for

Style, Quality, Value

Handsome, stylish, full length models, cut in the newest semi-fitted styles, notched, sailor or shawl collar, finished with long shapely revers, Beautiful French Serges, Coverts, Black, and White Checks and Mixtures in black, navy, tan and all the new shades.

$6.50 to $12.00

Girls' Spring Coats

New Spring Skirts

$4.00 to $9.00

Graceful models in the newest designs for spring, Serges, Panamas, Mannish Weaves etc. in black, navy, light and dark shades.

Yocum, Marx & Co.

F—O—R—D

EVERY FIFTH CAR SOLD in this country is a FORD Model T. The car the great majority has proven reliable but appeal to you, perhaps not.

One of the reasons why FORD Model T cars are so extremely popular, so extremely satisfactory, not only as pleasure cars but as a

TRUE PARADISE for the BIG GAME HUNTER

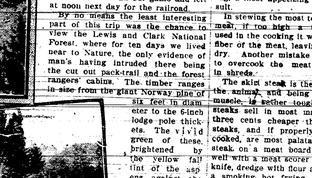
By W. R. FELTON

HE dream of years was soon to be realized, as our hunting party boarded the Northern Pacific train, which was to carry us to the western part of Montana for a ten-days' trip in the Flathead country.

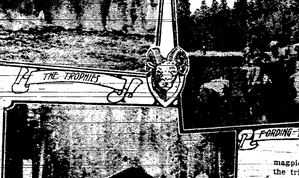
Our party was composed of Dr. R. Armeling, Charles Hedges, Bert Hill and myself.

After an interesting ride through the pines, and past the small ranches along the Big Blackfoot river, we arrived at the town of Ovando and took quarters at the Goodfellow Hotel. After supper we found "Marsh," our guide, and began mixing medicine for the big hunt. We inquired as to the prospects of game such as none of us had ever hunted. We finally agreed to hunt for the following: Deer, elk, goats and possibly a bear, as our two weeks' time was not sufficient to make the trip to the sheep country.

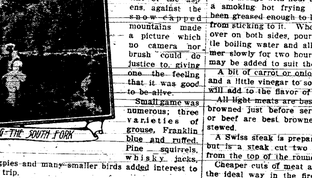
The following morning was spent in packing up and talking with the runner-guide, who about 50 per cent of the town's inhabitants follow this occupation. Shortly after noon our train, composed of eight pack horses, six saddle horses and three colts, started on the sixty-mile journey to our proposed camp.



We had traveled but a few miles north from the village, and into the timber, when we came to the well-blazed line which marks the southern boundary of the Lewis and Clark National Forest, within which Glacier National Park has recently been created. Along the well-defined trail we were continually reminded by the conspicuous signs posted by the Forest Rangers of the warning to all campers in regard to fires.



The first day's trip was over all rough trail, crossing and recrossing Young's creek, up and down banks so steep that we would often dismount and lead the horses across.



The valley at this point widens out into an open park of several hundred acres called the "Big Prairie," which is now fenced and used as a horse pasture; the forest rangers. At the lower end of this pasture the river takes a wide detour around the vertical bluffs, the trail going over the mountain directly above and near the confluence of the White river and the South Fork. Here we made our permanent camp in a small open park.

For three days we had heard Marsh tell of his seventeen years' experience in that part of the country as game trapper and hunter, which made us all the more keen to get to the game for which we had made the long journey.

On the morning of October 1st, as soon as it was light enough to see, Bert and myself crossed the river to look for elk near the lick we had passed the day before. Henry, Marsh and I went up on the mountain back of our camp to look for goats, while Ben set to work fixing up the camp.

We hunted along the top of the mountain for a short distance, when presently Marsh called our attention to what he thought was a goat lying out on a point of rocks on the west side, and sure enough it settled all doubt by getting up and walking out into plain view. We decided at once to try for this one. It was necessary to walk back a mile to a point where we could get down onto a ledge which we could follow or half crawl along back to the place where we had seen the goat. The ledge was covered with slide rock, and made walking dangerous, and it was impossible to proceed noiselessly, as we would start rocks to rolling over the ledge at every step.

At length we reached the belt of timber which hid the goat pasture. Henry took the right side of the ridge, and I the left, and began to move toward the spot where the goat had been lying. We had gone but a short distance when I heard Marsh and going in his direction found him and Marsh. Henry had shot the goat which was posing near the edge of the cliff and fell, lodging against the roots of an upturned spruce. It proved to be an old one with two of its lower teeth missing. We took the skin, head and part of the meat on what proved to be a most hazardous trip, as the west side of the mountain is a series of narrow ledges.

Banks of cloud were rising in the west. After two hours of strenuous walking through the underbrush and windfalls, we came out into the park back of our camp just as it began to storm.

Neither Charley nor Bert was in camp, and on my part, at least, were the cause of some uneasiness. It was raining and both had left camp with only light raincoats on.

In the morning as it was growing light I peered out through the tent to see the mountains white from the fresh snow. Bert and Charley came in late; I heard a shot up the river, which I immediately answered with a couple more. Bert's shot was intended for a signal, echoing across the stream to camp. They had shot a deer within a mile of the camp, and had found a bunch of elk within half a mile following until night. Each was unable to find the other, and both considered it dangerous to try to walk to camp in the darkening and stormy night.

The following day was spent hunting through the river bottoms and lower benches, but without results, only a few deer being seen.

That evening we decided on a strenuous hunt for the morrow. Ben, Bert and Henry were to go over to Ben's cabin on Big Salmon lake and spend two days looking for elk. Charles declared his intentions of trying again for the big bull on the west side of the river, while I had picked a likely-looking mountain across the gulch from camp. Henry had shot his goat on the first day's hunt.

We were out of camp early, Marsh and I both taking saddle horses to ride out a trail through the woods and around windfalls, across Young's creek, by ten o'clock that forenoon were well above the camp like unto

While we were yet some distance below the summit, we tied our horses in a sheltered spot and proceeded on foot. Bear tracks were numerous in the fresh, wet snow, and on top of the ridge I found the tracks of a band of elk. There were eight in the bunch, the track showing plainly to be that of a bull, and Marsh allowed we had better try for him. The tracks were easy to follow, but as many had fed all over the ridge, it took some time to find in which direction they were going. Shortly Marsh, who was walking back of me, touched my arm and pointed out a yearling which was feeding toward us. We sat down and watched this one which was soon joined by another and another, until six were in sight. The two yearlings came within about 100 yards of us before they winded us and turned back. We could hear the bull coming behind us through the brush. He was in the background long enough to see the yearlings jump into my motor car and take a ride into the country and let nature preach to me.

"It is tough on the young man who cares nothing for the smoke shop or the disappointment of the ball between because there is no place to go. Our cabin was filled with people, but I tell you there will be entertainments from time to time. We have received nearly 100 applications."

Lawyers, publishers, politicians and others have written asking about the club, and Mrs. Taylor has had printed a circular setting forth that "four walls and a door don't make a home."

And this from Hood's "Bridge of Sighs" is added:

Oh, it was pitiful, near a whole city full,
Home they had none.

Every other Tuesday an entertainment will be given, although the club rooms will be open to the members any time. Mrs. Mary E. Medberry of Minneapolis, 1, 1, is arranging the program. Miss Edith North, a grand opera singer, is interested in the work and sang for the members the other evening.

LONGEVOUS GEESE.

Geese will live to a great age, and some few years ago I came across a very venerable goose made to dance at least one hundred miles in a most unexpected circumstances. I was driving from Milnthorpe to Arnside and at Gansside found an acquaintance sitting on a seaskore bench seeing a fat goose with biscuits steeped in ale. He told me that this goose had been in his family for over 40 years and was partial to beer, stout and ever gin. One of the most remarkable records of the longevity of geese with which I am acquainted is to be found in an old book entitled "Travels in Scotland," by the Rev. James Hall, M. A. London, two volumes, 1807. On a visit to a Mr. Charles Grant of Kilchiss, Stirlingshire, the author was informed of a gander that had been killed by accident after living at the same place for "above 80 years."

The KITCHEN CABINET

"EVERY right action and true thought sets its seal of beauty every wrong action and foul thought its seal of disfigurement."—Ruskin.

"As a man thinketh in his heart so is he."

Cheap Cuts of Meat.

Housewives must get away from the idea that only the high priced meats are valuable as food. On the contrary, the cheaper cuts are often more highly flavored and fully as nutritive.

The chuck is one of the cheapest portions of the beef, and when cooked slowly in a small amount of water, with or without vegetables for seasoning, a most appetizing dish is the result.

In stewing the most tender and juicy meat, if too high a temperature is used in the cooking it will toughen the fiber of the meat, leaving it hard and dry. Another mistake often made is to overcook the meat until it falls to shreds.

The skirt steak is the diaphragm of the animal, and being a much used muscle, is rather tough. The skirt steak sell in most markets for two or three cents cheaper than the other steaks, and if properly treated and cooked, are most palatable. Take a steak on a meat board and score it well with a meat scorer or a cleaver knife, dredge with flour and put into a smoking hot frying pan that has been greased enough to keep the meat from sticking to it. When well seared over on both sides, pour over it a little boiling water and allow it to simmer slowly for two hours. Seasoning may be added to suit the taste.

A bit of carrot or onion, a bay leaf, and a little vinegar to soften the fiber will add to the flavor of the meat.

All light meats are best stewed and browned just before serving, mutton or beef are best browned first, then stewed.

A Swiss steak is prepared as above, but is a steak cut two inches thick from the top of the round.

Deeper cuts of meat are cooked in the ideal way in the fireless cooker. When roasting meat it should be quickly seared over to retain the juices, and then cooked slowly until done. Usually 5 minutes to the pound is required for the time of roasting beef and mutton may be served rare, but pork, lamb and chicken should always be well done.

Chocolate Dishes.

Chocolate needs no special mention as to its food value. It is a well established fact. As a drink it is both refreshing and nourishing, and chocolate cake filling as well as confectionary it has no rival.

Plain Chocolate.

Melt two squares of chocolate, add four tablespoonfuls of sugar, a pinch of salt and a cup of boiling water; boil five minutes then add three cups of hot milk and beat well with a Dover egg beater to prevent the scum from forming. Serve piping hot.

A chocolate sauce to serve hot with cream is a favorite dessert. Prepare the ingredients for a cup of butter; add half a cup of sugar, two tablespoonfuls of cornstarch and two squares of unsweetened chocolate, a pint of boiling water. Cook for ten minutes, add a pinch of cinnamon, strain and serve.

Chocolate Balls.

Cream one-third of a cup of butter; add two squares of chocolate, a cup of sugar, two cupfuls of flour in which two teaspoonfuls of baking powder has had printed a circular setting forth that "four walls and a door don't make a home."

And this from Hood's "Bridge of Sighs" is added:

Oh, it was pitiful, near a whole city full,
Home they had none.

Every other Tuesday an entertainment will be given, although the club rooms will be open to the members any time. Mrs. Mary E. Medberry of Minneapolis, 1, 1, is arranging the program. Miss Edith North, a grand opera singer, is interested in the work and sang for the members the other evening.

LONGEVOUS GEESE.

Geese will live to a great age, and some few years ago I came across a very venerable goose made to dance at least one hundred miles in a most unexpected circumstances. I was driving from Milnthorpe to Arnside and at Gansside found an acquaintance sitting on a seaskore bench seeing a fat goose with biscuits steeped in ale. He told me that this goose had been in his family for over 40 years and was partial to beer, stout and ever gin. One of the most remarkable records of the longevity of geese with which I am acquainted is to be found in an old book entitled "Travels in Scotland," by the Rev. James Hall, M. A. London, two volumes, 1807. On a visit to a Mr. Charles Grant of Kilchiss, Stirlingshire, the author was informed of a gander that had been killed by accident after living at the same place for "above 80 years."

Bound to Make a Kick.

"Has many guests come to your place of late that had been served him, and then summoned the waiter. "Look here!" he exclaimed. "You have brought me coffee. Did I order coffee?" "No, sir. That isn't coffee, sir—it's tea." "Are you sure?" "Absolutely, sir. Well, I ordered cocoa!"

Dominican Lotteries.

Lotteries are operated in all important towns and cities of the Dominican republic, in many of the larger cities there are from two to five, practically all under municipal supervision. Seventy per cent. must be given in prizes, 5 per cent. goes for streets and sanitation, 25 per cent. for expenses, 5 is divided among the public charitable schools, fire departments and charities.

Slamese Stockings.

In Siam men of the high and middle classes, at under municipal supervision, wear long cotton stockings reaching high above the knee.

Millions Say So

When millions of people use for years a medicine it proves its merit. People who know CASCARETS value buy over a million boxes a month. It's the biggest seller because it is the best bowel and liver medicine ever made. No matter what you're using, *just try* CASCARETS *once*—you'll See. 25c

CASCARETS Inc. a box for a week's treatment. All druggists sell millions in the world. Million boxes a month.

You Can't Cut Out a Cancer

ABSORBINE

will clean them off permanently, and you can do the same thing. Down goes blister or remove the lump. $2.00 per bottle delivered. Book 4 R free. ABSORBINE, JR., Antiseptic, for Man or Beast. Reduces all Swellings, Bunches or Blemishes quickly. Allays Pain. Does not blister, nor leave a scar. Pleasant to use. $1.00 per bottle at druggists or delivered. Will tell you more if you write. Manufactured only by W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

Petitis Eye Salve MAKES SORE EYES WELL

Household Remedy

Taken in the Spring for Years.

Ralph Rust, Willis, Mich., writes: "Every Sarsaparilla has been a household remedy in our home so long as I can remember. I have taken it in the spring for several years, as it has no equal for cleansing the blood and expelling the humors that accumulate during the winter. Being a farmer and exposed to bad weather, my system is often affected, and I often take Hood's Sarsaparilla with good results."

Hood's Sarsaparilla is Peculiar to itself. There is no "just as good."

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called Sarsatabs.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS serve Prompt Relief and will not only gently stimulate the liver, but permanently cure Constipation—improve the complexion—brighten the eyes. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Genine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Sold Everywhere. Without Wrapper, 25c. Name of Your Druggist and 2c. Stamp to Thompson's Eye Water Co., Albany, N. Y.

Thompson's Eye Water

It is in the minor acts of our daily life that our character is revealed.—Lee.

It is not necessarily true that the worst is yet to come.

To enjoy good health, take Garfield Tea. It cures constipation and regulates the liver and kidneys.

First Set Own House in Order.

How unconscious we all are of our own faults and failings! As we see others, so others see ours. It is our own faults, therefore, we should correct before we tell others where to get off.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Close Guess.

Schmidt—Ve got a new baby in our house yesterday.

Schmaltz—Yas, I guess so, mit a girl.

Schmidt—I vond dell you. You bet got to guess it.

Schmaltz—Iss it a girl?

Schmidt—You chu-chu! I mave it.—Youngstown Telegram.

Johnson and the Smart Children.

Full of indignation against such barefaced cheek, he proceeded to inform the ones early into the talking world. Samuel Johnson gave a good deal of pain by refusing to hear the verses the children could recite, or the songs they could sing. One young lady, who had recited and tried for murder, but was unanimously acquitted by the jury, whereupon he erected the building in question.—London Mail.

Open-Air Schools Increasing.

Since January 1, 1907, sixty-five open-air schools for children afflicted with or predisposed to tuberculosis have been established in twenty-eight cities, according to an announcement made by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis. The first open-air school in the United States was established on January 1, 1907, by the board of education of Providence, R. I., at the instance of Dr. Ellen A. Stone. The school was established in May of the same year at Pittsburg, and the third at Boston in July, 1908. According to the reports received by the National Association, the result of the open-air classwork has been to restore most of the children to normal health and efficiency. One of these open-air schools should be established for each 250 population, especially in cities.

A ROUGH WAY.

James Wilson or Jimmy was in called by his friends Jimmy was retired and looked upon her that he really was. His people thought it right to ask him to do so. He is considered a huge joke, except to himself. If he asked people to dinner everyone expected a frolic. Jimmy marries Bella Knowlee; they live together a year and are divorced. Jimmy's friends arranged to celebrate the first anniversary of their divorce. The party is in full swing when Jimmy's wife appears. Jimmy's friends are aghast, but Jimmy is quite prepared to visit him and his wife. He neglects to tell her of his divorce. Jimmy takes Kit into his confidence, he tries to devise some way so that his aunt will not learn that he has no longer a wife. He suggests that Kit play the hostess for the night, he Mrs. Wilson who tem. Aunt Selina is expected to arrive. Jimmy's idea is to introduce Kit as his wife, and introduce Bella, Jimmy's divorced wife, entering the house and pretending to be sent away in the ambulance. Bella insists on it. Jim, Kit tells her, she is well and is in the house. Harbison turns out on the ambulance and discovers on having "a crack on the door. He demands an explanation. Bella tells him the whole story, and he promises to keep it quiet. He tells him the guests around the table that the ambulance incident is lifted. The guests suddenly realize that their presence is unwelcome, and tears, the men consider it a good joke. Kit, Jim and Harbison are left alone. It is up to Jimmy to explain to Kit. Jimmy's explanation was very lame. Kit is not in the mood for explanations. Jim's explanation of the quarantine seemed trifles to her. The door of the house is locked. Jimmy knocks and knocks without effect. Finally he describes minutely of their inexperience. Kit is unfaltering in her reply. Jim sees Aunt Selina is taken ill with a fainting fit. Jimmy tells Kit he has to take her home. Kit tells him that Jim is the cause of her illness. Jimmy tells Kit he is sorry, but she tells him she is Mrs. Wilson, tells her that she doesn't care a damn for Jimmy. Kit is a short lier husband. Kit starts down-stairs, when suddenly she is arrested in the arms of a man who kisses her several times. Kit tells the man that Harbison is Jimmy's limitated. Aunt Selina tells Jimmy that Harbison is her husband. Jimmy after arriving home, Kit is in a fit. She accuses Betty of the theft. The footmen were summoned. Betty is in a fit. The papers printed a story about the incarceration of Jim in a bond. Aunt Selina is taken ill. Jimmy's friends are all about the strange happenings, but she is ignorant of the cause. Betty is the thief of her valuables.

CHAPTER XIII. (Continued.)

But what the cook had told about Bella and Jimmy was not divulged. For the Harbisons, upon reaching home with a jerk and sent Flannigan, grumbling, with his rugs to the roof.

"I did not expect you to carry on the deception much longer, but if things were bad now, what would they be when Aunt Selina learned she had been led to made ridiculous, general by deceived? And now should I be able to live in the house with her when she discovered the truth? Jim, one was so puzzled over the mystery in the house that numbers of little things that would have been absolutely damning were left unnoticed. For instance, my asking Jimmy at breakfast what it is he took cream in his coffee! And Mac never gave opportunity to laugh by saying not to mind, it had been made for him.

Just after luncheon Aunt Selina brought me some undergarments of Bella's to mend. She explained at length that he had a habit of tearing his undergarments, because he always forgot to take off his shoes when sitting. And she showed me how in one of the garments over a pillow to get the seat properly.

"It was the most humiliating moment of my life, but there was no escape. Jimmy is trying to make a fool of little Betty, while she went away to find something else for me to do when that was finished, and I sat with the garment in my lap, and stared at it, while rebellious tears rolled down my cheeks. The patch was terribly difficult, and I sat and sat, and every time I took a stitch I seemed it fast to the pillow beneath. It was terribly hot, and the room was stifling, and I sat down across from he and watched, without saying anything. I felt sorry for Jim, but he deserved to be been proper to say to me. We had both reached the point where adequate language failed us. Finally he said:

"I wish I were dead."

"So do I," I retorted, jerking the thread.

"Where is she now?"

"Upstairs, I think, in one of these." I indicated the garment over the pillow, and he wiggled. "Please don't squirm," I said coldly. "You will wear out your underwear, and I will have to mend them."

He sat very still for five minutes, when I discovered that I had put the patch in crossways instead of lengthwise, and had to take it out. As I jerked it out he sneezed.

"Oh, sneeze," I added venomously. "You will have to sneeze yourself out of this, I will have to sew them on."

Jim rose unsteadily. "Don't sit there sewing!" he pleaded. "Don't do anything, I suppose, for fear I will weep. But my socks. Here, give me that. If I can't do this I would not do it. How do it myself?"

He went over to a corner of the garret and sat down on the floor. He was very much offended. In about a minute he came back, triumphant, and held out the socks to me. "I knew I could only gasp. He had puckered up the edges of the hole like the neck of a bag, and had sewed it together around it. "You—you won't be able to sit down," I ventured.

"Why, I can stand the thing to sit," he retorted promptly. "Anyhow, it will give some work to fit it would if it was tied with elastic instead of thread. Have you any elastic?"

Lollie came up just then, and Jim disappeared into the room mended downstairs. Luckily, Aunt Selina found several letters in his room that afternoon, and he was going downstairs in his clothes, and as it took Jim some time to explain them, she forgot the task she had given us altogether.

When Lollie came up to the roof, she closed the door to the stairs, and leaning over, drew a chair close to mine.

"Have you see much of Tom today?" she asked, as an indication that something queer about him," she added in a portentous whisper.

Anne stiffened.

"Lollie is perfect," she declared of good family, warm-hearted, courageous, handsome, clever—what more do you want?

"Honesty," said Lella hotly. "That a man should be what he says he is.

"And, of course, Anne came up then, and began on me at once.

"You are a very bad girl," she began. "What do you mean by treating Tom Harbison the way you do? He is broke up.

"I think you exaggerate my influence over him," I retorted. "I have treated him badly, because I haven't paid any attention to him."

Anne threw up her hands.

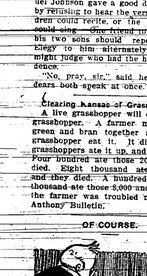
"There you are!" she said. "He worked all day yesterday fixing this place for you—for you, my dear. I am not blind—and last night you refuge to let him bring you up."

"He told you?" I faced.

"He wondered what he had done. And you wouldn't let him come within speaking distance of you. He came to me."

"I am sorry, Anne, since you are fond of him," I said. "But to me it is impossible—intolerable. My reasons are private."

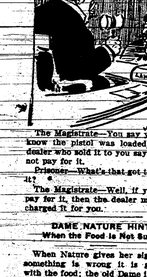
"Kit is perfectly right, Anne," Lella broke in. "I tell you, there is some



Fell to Work Vigorously.

Bladder troubles, rheumatism, Bright's disease, Diabetes, come from bad diet. Eat less meat. Take plenty of water. Go to your druggist and get a package of Anuric. It will relieve you within 48 hours. Every box is guaranteed. Dr. Pierce's Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists, 50 cents, or direct from Pierce Medicine Co., Exton Rapids, Mich. Write them first, if you prefer, for your druggist for a free sample package.

BREACH OF PROMISE CASE.



Mix—Letter writing never amounts to anything.

Dix—Oh, I don't know. Ten letters make $1,000 once.

"ECZEMA ITCHED SO I COULDN'T STAND IT."

"I suffered with eczema on my neck for about six months, beginning by little pimples breaking out. I kept scratching till the blood came. It kept getting worse, I couldn't sleep nights any more. It kept itching for painful consequence. I took a doctor and got some liquid to take. It seemed as if I was going to get better. It did not even stop the itching three days, but when it started again it was even worse than before. The eczema itched so badly I couldn't stand it any more. I went to a doctor and gave me some ointment. It didn't do any good. We have been having Cuticura Remedies in the house, so I tried them for them. I had been using Cuticura Soap, so I got me a box of Cuticura Ointment, and was the effect just wonderful. Cuticura Soap three times a day, and then put the Cuticura Ointment on. The first day I noticed the worst part of me of itching so I could sleep all that night. It took about a week, then I could see the scab coming off. I kept the treatment up for three weeks, and my eczema was cured.

"My husband had a face burned with gunpowder, and he used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. The people all thought he would have scars, but you can't see that he ever had his face burned. It was simply awful to look at before Cuticura Remedies." (Signed) Miss Elizabeth Gehrst, Forest City, Ark., Oct. 19, 1908.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a liberal sample of each, with 32-page booklet on the care and treatment of skin and hair, will be sent free, on application to Potter D. & C. Corp., Dept. X, Boston.

Labrador's Future.

According to statements made the other day by Dr. Grenfell of Labrador, the Canadian and British Parliaments has a brilliant future before it. Dr. Grenfell, who has lived 20 years in that region, says that there will be 30 days to come it will carry a population as easily as Norway does today. It is, he says, better, sounder, than Iceland, and to be greatly preferred to Lapland, Finland, Siberia and Northern Russia.

Home Training.

Mother—Robert, come here to me instantly!

Robert—Aw, shut up!

Mother—Robert, dare you talk to me like that! Say: "Mamma, be quiet."

Garfield Tea, invaluable in the treatment of liver and kidney diseases.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Some Women are like some old hats—set in their ways.

Nature's laxative, Garfield Tea, overcomes constipation and is useful to tone up the system in the Spring.

He who gives pleasure meets with it; kindness is the bond of friendship and the book of love—Basile.

There is nothing so easy but that it becomes difficult when you do it with reluctance.—Terence.

Proof Will Tell You

Strengthens Weak Eyes, Doesn't Smart, Soothes Eye Pain. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago. Druggists sell Murine.

To be conscious that you are ignorant is a great step to knowledge.—Benjamin Disraeli.

A pin scratch may cause blood poisoning. Use Bell-ans to ease pain. Bell-ans Hamlins Wizard Oil quickly relieves cuts and infection and makes blood poison impossible.

The ship in which many a boy goes down is courtship.

To keep the blood pure and the skin clear, drink Garfield Tea before retiring.

No man becomes a jailbird just for a lark.

WELCOME WORDS TO WOMEN

Women who suffer with disorders peculiar to their sex should distrust all but those who receive from the advice of a physician of over 40 years' exclusive practice in the treatment of women. Every letter is held in the strictest and careful consideration and is regarded as secredly confidential. Hundreds of women have written to Mrs. Pinkham for advice. They know by her reply that they would shrink from publicity in their delicate ailments. The local physician is pretty sure to say the ailment will pass off without an examination. Dr. Pierce holds that women should be treated locally only as a last resort, and that no woman, except in rare cases, should submit to them.

Dr. Pierce's treatment will cure you right in the privacy of your home. Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" has cured hundreds of thousands, some of them the worst of cases.

It is the only medicine of its kind that is the product of a regularly graduated physician. It is the only good enough that its makers dare to print its every ingredient on its outside wrapper. There is no secret about it.

Unlike medicines sold by patent medicine dealers, it contains no alcohol and no habit-forming drugs are found in it. Some medicines sold by druggists are made of "Alcohol, Opium and Cocaine." Don't trifle with your health. Write to Dr. Pierce's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, President, Buffalo, N. Y., and follow the advice respectfully and be well.

EATS WHAT HE LIKES

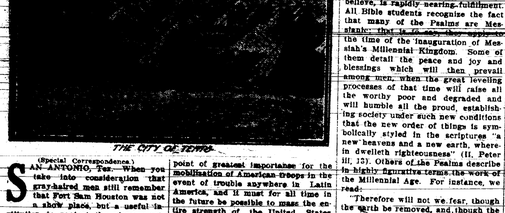
AFTER TAKING FREE SAMPLE

It will be welcome news to dyspeptics to learn of a remedy which in the opinion of thousands, is an absolute cure for indigestion, dyspepsia, sour stomach, gastritis, and better still, it is guaranteed to do all this without dieting, inconvenience or hindrance to business.

We know the value of pure pepsin in indigestion, and add to this some excellent digestive ingredients and you have a truly wonderful remedy. Mr. T. Pepsin and is now Pres. Hundreds of people have found relief from stomach troubles in this way, and we feel it our duty to let the public know of it, so we will send a sample package, sent direct to your address, free of charge, to anyone who will write for it. Simply send your name and address to Stuart Co., 151 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

It is a guaranteed cure for indigestion, heartburn, flatulence, sour stomach, distress on the stomach and similar complaints. Pepsin is not a cure-all, nor a patent medicine, but a scientific preparation for dyspepsia or of a dollar, but if you wish to make a trial of it, just send your name and address to Stuart Co., 151 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich., and a sample bottle, sent direct to your address, free of charge, will be promptly forwarded. Pepsin is not a cure-all, nor a patent medicine, but a scientific preparation for dyspepsia or stomach troubles, and is guaranteed to relieve the most chronic cases of indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis, etc. Pepsin is now sold by druggists at

MAKING A BIG ARMY CAMP



THE CITY OF TENTS.

(Special Correspondence.)

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., —When you take into consideration that gray-haired men still remember that Fort San Houston was not a show place, but a useful institution to protect the pioneer settlers from depredations of roving Indians and organized cattle thieves, the warlike enthusiasm of San Antonians can readily be understood. The people were as much aroused by the mobilization of troops as they would be if the United States had entered upon the greatest war of its history. Texas are ready to fight the Japanese or the Mexicans or anything they can find to fight.

When the troop trains rolled into San Antonio hundreds of citizens welcomed the soldiers and cheered. Texas wants to fight. It doesn't make any difference who is to be fought, so long as some powder smoke follows all this war-like display. Beyond a doubt, if every terrible prediction of Richmond Pearson Hobson as to the intentions of the Japanese were to be realized tomorrow Texas would simply mob Fort San Houston to enlist and start for the front.

Certainly, it was an interesting sight to see the trains come in, one after another, and the soldiers come forth and organize with the speed of automatons and march away. If they arrived at night, their tents had already been prepared for them by the comrades who arrived before. If they arrived in the daytime they marched to the place marked out for them and pitched their own tents. Everything proceeded as if this mobilization had been planned months ahead. You would never think it was set in motion by telegrams flashed over the country in a single night.

The telegram which set Fort San Houston in motion was received at one o'clock in the morning. An hour after dawn officers were surveying the parade ground of 800 acres and marking it off for tents. Two hundred men began at the other end of