## THE

CARRIER-PIGEON.


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## THE

## CARRIER-PIGEON.



A Lirtis boy, whose name was Hemry, was one day walking in London with his unele, Mr. Ray, They had been all day in London: but they did not live there always; their home was a
fittle way in tho couniry, and they were going there that same day in a coach. They had been walking a great way, and Henry was rather tired; but his mole chsered him by saying, "We shall seon teach the inn which the conch goes from: and when we are in the coseh you can rest your legg, you know" So Henry took courage, aad walked on es fast as his mele wiehed lim to walle.

When they reacked the inn where tho coach was, Honry's unele found that they wore rather too carly, and that the eoach was nol quite roady to start; so ho walked alowly to and fro on the pathway, and Henry kept by his side.

While they wero thos waiting for the ecach, *thay asw a man walk inte the middle of the street; and they antioed that he slood still for a minute, and took out his wntch, and held it in his land. In the other hand the man had a maill banket. He looked at his wateh onco or twicc, and then the very quickly opened the basket, put in his hand, and took out from the basistet a live bird. He stroked the bird, and then threw it up in tha air and lot it fly away. It was a vary pretty birh, with purple and white feathers. It did not soon seared at what was done with it; but us noon as the man let it so, it flew pently, quite straight down the street, for a little way; and then it
mounted bighor and ligher up in the air, and flew fastor and faater, until it was quite out of sight. The mail stood and watched the bird until he could see it no longer; and so did Henry and his uvele. And then Hemry said,
"Unele, ean you tell me what the man was doing with the bird; and what it wan for pes
"The bird was a pigeon," said Mr. Ray. "I camot tell you why it was let loose here; but if you like, I will ask the man abouk it. I think he will tell us, if wo ablk him."

So Herry and hifs uncle went to the man, who was now on the pathway sgain, and walking slowly away; and Mr. Ray spoke to him, and saked him if he would be po kind as to tell them why the pigeon was let loose out of the basket, and where it was going.

The man was very civil, and told Mr. Ray the pigeon was a carrier-pigeon. He had brought it from a village which was more than five miles off; and he thought it womld fly hack again, and reach the place it *was taken from, in peven or eight minutes. He had looked at his watch, that, he might know the exect time at which he let it loose; and another person at the village was looking out for the pigeon, End would notice the very minute it got there. He said that it was dono to try haw fast it could fly.

Mr. Ray thanked the man for telling hiun all this; and thon, seeing that the time was comd for the coach to start, he made haste, with his nephew, to get to the inn, and they were soon in the coach, and on their way home.

Henry did not falls while they were in the conch, and his unele thought he had fallen nslecp. But Henry was not asleep; ho was thinking abont the bird, and what flee man had told his imole; and he was getting some questions ready in lis mind, to ask his uncle when they were at home.
"Uncle," said Nittle Hewry, sfter thoy had had their tea, "can you toll me how the man knew that the pigoon would go baek to the pluce it waes taken from ${ }^{3}$ s

Ma. Ray. "The man was not quite sure that it would go back. An accident might happen to it. But he was nearly certain fhat, if it could get back safely, it would,"

Hesry. "But can you tell me why, unele p"
Ms. Ray. "Most likely fins bird had beon trained to take such journeys. I will tell you how this il done. Bnt I ought to say, firs, that pigeons are very fond of the pince where they are brought up, and where they ure well fed and taken eare of. They do not like to live anywhere elso; aud thoy soon become as tame as chiekens,
and know the persons who foed them. I have seen pigeong, where a great many wore kept; and when a lady who often used to feed them went into the gard, they flew down from the tops of the houses and stables, quite to her feet, and nill around her, and some of them even sethed on her hand when sho leald it out to them.?

Hensy. "Oh, uncle, I should litro to see thom too.'

Ma. Ray. "I think you would; for they are very pretty and gentle birds, and they would please you the more by not being afruid of you. Well, it is becanse they love their own homes so much, that they aro made use of as yon saw today. And now I will tell you how they ure tanght. When a pigeon that is thought fit for this purpose is old enough, it is eaught and put into a basket, and taken a short distanco from its home, perhaps only hall a mile, and then it is let, go. If it flies straight home without stopping, it is fed and taken care of; and the next day it is again put into a basket, and carried farther away, and again let loose. The next time it is taken still ferther, until it learns to find its way home from very distant places in a very short time. The bird that we saw to-day had only about five miles to go; but some of them ere taken forty or fifty miles from their homes, and even more
than this, and yot they are atmest suro 10 fly hame again. ${ }^{13}$

Hesar. "But of what use is this, uncie ??
Mn. Rax. "It is not of much use in this coluntry, beenmse there are still surer whys of sending news; but carrier-pigcons are very useful in some lauds. A great many of them ure talion awny from their homes in baskets to towas and sities a long way off; and there they are kept by the Crimils of their ownar until a laiter is to be sont to him. Then one of the pigeons is falcun from its hasket, and the letter is tied to its body; under one of the wings, and it is let go. As soon at the pretly lind finds itself free, it mounts up in the air very high, and thon flies in as straight tine to. ils home, and does not stop till it reaches it. These birin are called carrier-pigeons beeause they carry letters."

Henry. "And they are very pretty carriern too. But why do they $20 t$ carry the lettens in their beaks? ?

Ma. Rxy. "Bocause they might drop thom. They might open thoir beakes to breathe, and then, you know, the letter would fall. And besides, the wind would blow upon the letters if they were carried in that manner, and so the birds wonld not be able to fly so fast."

Henzt. "I did not think of that. But, mele, will all pigeons carry letters if they ure taught?

Me, Ray. "Perhape they might; and other birds also might be trained in the same way. I have been told that rooks have been traiaed to carry letters. But it is only one sort of pigeon that is called by the name of 'carrier. This sort is larger and strongor, and more able to fly a long way, than most other sorts; and great care is taken in rearing them in the countries whero they are really useful.
"I have now told you a liftle about these birds; and your Nataral History will tell you more, if you look into it. But before you do so, I will tell you what the carrier-pigeon which we saw to-dey Fits me in mind of; shall I Pr

Henny. "Oh, yes, if you please, uncle."
Ma. Ray. "It puts me in mind that our souls ought to fly to God, every day and every hour, in prayer. You know that this world is not the home of our souls, any more than the basket was the home of the bird which was for a littlo while shut up in it. The world, and all that is in the world, is not large enough to hold our wishes and our hopes; and when any person tries to make it large enough, and to be content with it, it is as if ${ }^{4}$ poor silly bird were so pleased with being shat up in a basket, as not to wish to fly in the pure air, and to get to its own proper home. You know, too, that if we love God, heaven is the
home of our sonls, because God is there; and though we are awey from this happy home for a litile while, as the bird was away from its hame, yet our thoughts and wishes should bo oftem going there. Yes, and in prayer, when we really pray, they do go there, as truly as the bird flew to its lome when the basket was opened. And God loves that they should go there. He is over ready to roceive them, and to feed our souls with propar food, when they fly away from the world to him. He tells us to 'pray without consing,' and at all times to 'muke known our wants unto lim? 1 Thess. $5: 17$; Phil. $4: 6$; so that we are always as welcome to go to God in pratyer, as ithe bird was welcome to fly to its home when letort of the hasket."

Mr. Ray then got a book, and read a short hymn to Heary about the carrier-pigeon mid prayer. This is the hymn that he read:
*The bird Tel toose in ensiesa nkien, When hauting fondly hoone, Stoope not to reat hor wing, Bue flier

Where ieller warblers roum.
" So grant me, Iont, from thery stain Of sinfu! pascios free, On light, throagh prayer') porer aits, To steer my ccuna to thee.
"Mo sin to clond, no bait to sticy My swal an hame she springs? Thy lighs upwn her foyfal wzy, Thy fretdom on her wing:"

Henry thought this was a pretty hymn, and ssid that he would learn it, and repeat it to his umele the next day; and his uncle said, that if he was not tired, he had a little more to say about the soul, how in anothor way it might be like the ear-rict-pigeon.

Henry said he was not tired.
Mar. Maz. "As the bird, the instant it was let loose from the basket, darted forward and upward to reach its home, so the soul of a good mas will fly to its home in heaven when it is let loose from the body at death. When in the basket the bird could not tell where it was, how far from home, or where its home was; but as soom as it was set free, it seemed to know at once which way to go, though how it knew we cannat tell: perhaps, after it mounted in the air, its sharp eyes conld sce many miles far away, and could, without any trouble, searel out its home, and the flelds in which it liked to fly abrond. And though we do unt now know where heaven is, nor how far we are from it, or which way the sool can reach it, yet, as soon as the sonl is set free from the body, it will fly to its own place-at God's right hand.

It will muke no miatake, nor wonder whieh is the right way. It will mount upwum, and noe, perhaps far beyond the sun and stare, its kipd Saviour waiting ready to recoive it,
"But, my dear boy, it is not every sout whele we ean compare to the carrier-dove. Oh, no, It is not every soul that loves to fly to God in prayer. nor every soul that will fly to heaven at death Can you tell me how this is 272

Henry. "Pecause, unale, somo souls tove riil hettor than God, and carnnot go to heavea because they are not fit for it,"

Mn. Rav. "Yee, thet is the trmoreason; and one way for ns to know whether our souls will go to heaven when we dio, is to think whether Hhey now love to go to God in prayer. For if they do not, it shows that they heve never yot boun set free from sin, and the love of sin. Now, what cas be done for anch souts as these ${ }^{\prime \prime} 1$

Henny. "Will you tell me, uncle $\%$
Mr. Ray. "I will tell you what luss been done for them. God has had pity upon them. He has given his dear Son to die for them. He has given his Holy Spirit to teach them, and land tham to himself. And he has given the gospel to invile them, and to tell them how they may ank for the blessend Spirit, and for pardos und perce.
"Now, since all our souls are by nature sinful,
and do not love Goid, so we hinve atl need to be tenghat by the Holy Spirit; and if we are not thus tunght, our souls will nover be willing to go to God, nor fit to go to heaven, any more than a wild bird would be likely, if caught and put into a bagkot, and then let loose, to fly to a dove-oot miles away, which it had never before seen, or in which it had not been brought up. And that would not be very likely, would it $\%$ ?

Hesry. "No, uniele, I think not."
Ms. Ray. "Then, my dear Henry, let it be your coneern for your thoughts snd wishes to fly to God in prayer. I do not menn only that you should lneel down overy day, and repeat a fow words to God. Many people do this who never pray. But think of God as your Father in heaven. Try to love him for being so good to you, in giving yon all things that you enjoy in this world, and in giving his dear Son to savo your soul, and his Holy Spirit to guide yout and be with you while you live. Ask, with all your heart; for God's Holy Spirit, and try, with ell your heart, to obey lis will; and he will hear you, and help you. Kour sonl will then be like the earrier-pigeen: it will love to fly to God, from the cares and sorrows of the world-yes, and from its joys too, beeatise there will be no joys in the world like the joys of prayer. It will also be like the carrier-pigeon in
the other way. It will be ghtid to escape from the poor siuful body at death, and fly to its home in heaven, just as the bird which you gaw was glad to escape from the basket, and fly to ita home in the dove-oot."

While Henry's uncla had been fhus talking to him, his aunt came in, and heard what was zoid. When Mr. Ray came to this part, sho satd,
${ }^{4}$ But I think there are two wayn in which our souls are not like the carrier-pigeon which you have been tulking about."

Me- Ray. "Will you toll us which ways you mean ?"

Mes. Ray, "Yes, I will. Firat, it was not certain that the 'bird would reach its home. A hawle might scize upou it, and kill It; or a Bran might be fired at it, and kill if; or it might wander far away, anil miss its home; or it iniahic choose not to return to its home. But nothing like this can happen to a soul whone home is really in hearen; for the Saviour of that soul has said that it shall never perish, and nome shall suatch it out of his hand. John $10: 28$;
"And then the other thing I meant was, thet if the bird did not reach its home, but went quite away from it, it perhaps might fini unother home which it would Ilke ns well. But when onr aouls wunder from God, and try to mako a home awny:
from him and from lieavon; they lore all their joys; and if they should leave our bodies, and not have a home in heaven, 0 where could they go ?im

I do not lonow that any more was suid that night about the earrior-plgeon; but I hope thet litule Henry did not forget what had been said. Will the little boy or girl who now has real it, try also not to forget it? Let each one of us ask, with Henry's aunt, "If our souls shoutd teauc our bodies, and not have a home in heoven, $O$ where could they go ?:

Then let us also think of tho happy prospects of all who really love the Lord Jesus Christ; and let un seek that those prospects may be ours.

## ON PRAYER.

IIs s solema thing to pray;
Tis to mpesk to Him who mado ur-
Who apholids us every duy;
And slone can bleat and stid. an.
Swnet it is, when all slone,
To pour ont our heorts before him;
Humplly kneeling at his thronc,
There to praise lifm and ailore bim.
Sswivur, all my neel thou knowest,
And ray every thought canst see;
All I hive 'tion fhac bestowent-
Every blesaing comes from thee.

ORen worlit It lanel botare theor When no eye can see lout hhine: Saviour, hear a child iraplore thine; Oh, ascept this prayer of mitie

Let me love thee, let me fear thiee, Let me follow in thy way:
Lot me keop for ever near theen; Guite me, Saviour, lest I stray

