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Groundwater Everybody's Resource Everybody's Responsibility Michigan State University Extension Service Michigan Groundwater Stewardship Program Revised January 2007 4 pages

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Take Action Now!

Groundwater

Everybody's Resource Everybody's Responsibility



Michigan Groundwater Stewardship Program

MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY EXTENSION

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Everybody depends on a safe, reliable water supply.

Think about it — what would you do if you couldn't depend on your water system for clean water? Your life would change greatly!

For billions of years, the same water has been in use. Every drop you use today was used by other plants and animals. Perhaps your next glass of water passed through a dinosaur!

Likewise, when water leaves your home and yard — to the wastewater treatment system, through evaporation, by soaking into the ground, or by running into rivers and lakes — it will be used again. No one "owns" the water we all share and enjoy. Everybody has the responsibility to keep this precious resource as clean as possible for the benefit of people today and tomorrow.

Groundwater is the water that fills spaces between rocks and soil particles. Approximately half of Michigan's residents, and nearly all rural residents, depend on groundwater for their drinking water supply. Even people who use water from the Great Lakes or other surface water sources depend on groundwater. As the water cycle illustrates, groundwater and surface water are interconnected. It is often difficult to separate the two water sources because they "feed" each other. This is why one can contaminate the other.

A re you a groundwater steward?

Your activities affect the quality of Michigan's groundwater—your drinking water. To find out if your everyday actions are helping or harming, take the groundwater quiz, on p. 3.



The Groundwater Quiz

	Yes	No
1) Do you store pesticides at your home that you won't be using?		
2) Do you use pesticides or fertilizers without reading the label or following the directions?		
3) Have you ever spilled a pesticide or fertilizer?		
4) Have you used a pesticide or a fertilizer just before a heavy rain?		
5) Do you apply fertilizer to your lawn before it begins to green up in the spring?		
6) Have you ever applied a pesticide when you were unsure of your plant problem?		
7) When fertilizing the lawn, do you leave fertilizer on the sidewalk or driveway?		
8) Have you ever poured a pesticide, used oil or paint down a drain or storm sewer or on the ground?		
9) Do you have a well that is no longer being used?		
10) Do you have a septic tank that has not been pumped or inspected?		
TOTAL		



Tally up the number of "yes" responses recorded in the Groundwater Quiz.

Yes responses	Your groundwater steward rating
4-10	Groundwater ALERT! Your activities present a HIGH RISK of groundwater contamination. You need to take action now!
1-3	MEDIUM RISK. Your activities present a potential risk of groundwater contamination. You can make improvements.
0	LOW RISK. Congratulations! You are a groundwater steward.



We need you to become a groundwater steward.

Please keep reading...

Risky practice	Safe practice	
 Storing old pesticides that you are not likely to use again. 	Getting rid of unwanted pesticides by taking them to a "Clean Sweep" site. Call the Michigan Department of Agriculture at (517) 335-6529 to locate your nearest Clean Sweep site.	
 Using a pesticide without checking the directions. 	Reading and following label directions result in the best product performance. Using too much or too little of a product wastes money and can pose a risk for groundwater contamination.	
 Hosing down a pesticide spilled on the driveway. 	Collecting spilled pesticide and reusing it, or disposing of it at a Clean Sweep site. Liquid pesticide spills can be collected with an absorbent product such as cat box filler.	
 Applying pesticide or fertilizers before a heavy rain. 	Checking the weather forecast to avoid use when rain is predicted. Heavy rains can reduce the effec- tiveness of the product and increase risk of groundwater contamination.	
5) Fertilizing your lawn before it begins to grow in the spring.	Fertilizing your lawn at least 3 weeks after spring green-up to improve turf health and to reduce risk for groundwater contamination.	
 Using a pesticide on your "sick" plant. 	Getting the plant problem diag- nosed by an expert and considering all treatment options. Not all plant problems require a pesticide.	
7) Leaving fertilizer on the sidewalk.	Sweeping fertilizer off the sidewalk and driveway onto the lawn. Rainwater can carry fertilizers into drainage systems that lead to streams, rivers and lakes.	
8) Dumping a toxic household product down the drain or on the ground.	Getting rid of unwanted household hazardous products at a local collection program. A toxic product dumped down the drain or on the ground can contaminate your drink- ing water.	
 Keeping an old well for watering the lawn. 	Hiring a licensed well driller to close the old well. Unused wells provide a direct route for possible contami- nants to reach groundwater.	
10) Saving money (temporarily) by not pumping out your septic tank	Pumping your septic tank every 3 to 5 years. Poor septic system maintenance can contaminate your drinking water and ruin the system.	

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hese are just a few examples of the many

ways to keep Michigan's groundwater clean and safe. We invite you to learn more by contacting your Michigan Groundwater Stewardship Program representative. He/she provides free educational and technical assistance to homeowners and farmers to keep our groundwater clean. Contact your representative at your Michigan State University Extension or Conservation District office.

For more groundwater protection ideas, request the following MSU Extension bulletins. They are available free of charge from your local representative or you may order them online at: www.emdc.msue.msu.edu or from the MSU Bulletin Office. 117 Central Services Bldg., East Lansing, MI 48824-1001.

- Home*A*Syst, the home environmental assessment system (WQ-51).
- Managing Shoreline Property to Protect Water Quality (WQ-52).
- Lawn*A*Syst, an environmental risk assessment guide for lawn care practices (WQ-53).



For additional information: Michigan Groundwater Stewardship Program Michigan Department of Agriculture PO Box 30017 Lansing, MI 48909 Telephone: 517-335-6529