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Eat Right—Feel Right

daily guide to health

Extension Bulletin E-898 — Family Living Series
BY ANITA DEAN, Extension Specialist in Food Science and Human Nutrition

Every day you need these 11 basic nutrients: protein, carbohydrate, fat, thiamin, riboflavin, niacin, vitamins A and C, calcium and iron. If you get all from a variety of foods, you'll also get all the other essential nutrients your body needs.

To Be Sure You Get:

Witamin C

Vitamin A

Other Vitamins and minerals

Calcium, Riboflavin, Protein

Protein, Iron, Piacin

Carbohydrate, Mhiamin, Riboflavin, Diacin, Iron

Carbohydrate, Flat, Vitamin A

PICK & CHOOSE

Citrus or other fruit or vegetable, such as cantaloupe, raw strawberries, broccoli, brussels sprouts, green pepper, tomatoes, potatoes, cabbage, greens.

Dark-green or deep-yellow vegetable at least every other day, such as broccoli, carrots, chard, cress, kale, pumpkin, spinach, sweet potatoes, or fruit, such as apricots, cantaloupe.

Other vegetables and fruits

Milk — fluid whole, evaporated, skim, dry, buttermilk; Cheese — cottage, cheddar type, natural or process; Ice cream; Yogurt. (Milk equivalents — 1 oz. cheese = 1 cup; $\frac{1}{2}$ cup cottage cheese = $\frac{1}{3}$ cup; $\frac{1}{2}$ cup ice cream or ice milk = $\frac{1}{2}$ cup; $\frac{1}{2}$ cup yogurt = $\frac{1}{2}$ cup.)

Beef, veal, pork, lamb, game, poultry, fish, eggs; or dry beans, dry peas, nuts, peanut butter, as alternatives

Whole grain, enriched, or restored bread and cereals; cooked and ready-to-eat cereals; cornmeal, crackers, flour, grits, macaroni, spaghetti, noodles; rice, wheat, bulgur, rolled oats, granola, bran.

Unenriched breads, sweet rolls, doughnuts, cereals, flours; cooking fats and oils, salad dressing; butter, margarine, cream, bacon; sugars, syrup, jellies, jams, honey, candy From These Groups Daily:

Vegetables & Figure 7

4 or more servings

Milk-Dairy

2 or more cups
(adults)
2-3 cups (under 9 yrs)
3-4 cups (9-12 yrs)
4 or more cups (teens)

Meats

2 or more servings

Bread-Cereal

4 or more servings

Other (Digh Calorie)

Limit if overweight

How Much in a Serving?

 $\frac{1}{2}$ cup fruit, vegetable, or juice or 1 portion of fruit, 1 cup flaked or puffed cereal, $\frac{1}{4}$ cup granola, $\frac{1}{2}$ cup bran, $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{3}{4}$ cup cooked cereal, 1 slice of bread, 2 ounces of cooked lean meat. (One egg, $\frac{1}{2}$ cup cooked dry beans, peas, lentils, 2 tablespoons of peanut butter or 1 ounce of cheese may replace one-half serving of meat.)

Row Do Your Flood Choices Add Up?

AT THE END OF THE DAY:

- Balanced diet (good health)

- Too many calories (weight gain)
- Too few calories (weight loss)
- -Not enough nutrients (malnutrition)
- Too many of some nutrients (fat or protein)

THE REST OF YOUR LIFE:

Good health, normal weight, pep and energy, good appearance



Obesity and related problems, lack of pep and energy, limited activity. poor health, high medical bills, concern over appearance

Calorie-Conscious Considerations (If weight is a problem)

	Recommended		
Age		Calories	
MALE	11-14	2,800	
	15-22	3,000	
	23-50	2,700	
	51 +	2,400	
FEMALE	11-14	2,400	
	15-22	2,100	
	23-50	2,000	
	51 +	1,800	
PREGNANT		+300	
NURSING		+500	
CHILD	1- 3	1,300	
	4- 6	1,800	
	7-19	2,400	

(National Research Council 1974) For more information on weight control see U.S. Dept. of Agriculture HG 74 "Food and Your Weight". For sale by the Superintendent of documents, U.S. Govt. Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402.

Keep a Personal Food Diary

	Recommended	((Over or Under)	
	Minimum	Actual	Your	
FOOD GROUP	Servings	Servings	Record	
Meat-Fish-Poultry	2			
Vegetable-Fruit	4			
Milk	2			
Cereal-Bread	4			
Extras	varies			

Record each serving right after eating.

Watching Your Weight

The mimimum servings in the four food groups furnish about 1,200 calories and are the basis for a good weight reduction diet.

Calorie needs differ, depending on body composition and size, age and activity.

For best results, combine sound meals with moderate amount of physical activity. Check the size and number of servings. Choose forms of food lower in calories. Include all food groups. Avoid fad diets. Limit "extras" from high calorie group.

Daily Food Guide Insures "Variety"

Eat the recommended servings shown in the table above, to get:

PROTEIN to build and repair body tissue, and for energy.

MINERALS AND VITAMINS

for growth and proper body functioning.

CARBOHYDRATES AND

FATS for energy. Choose foods you like which fit your budget. Many combinations of foods can make up a good diet. Don't narrow your food choices and risk shortchanging yourself on nutrients.

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