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Selections of Shade and Flowering Trees for Michigan Landscapes Michigan State University Cooperative Extension Service Harold Davidson and Ronald L. Spangler, Department of Horticulture Gurdon K. Dennis, District Horticulture Agent July 1977 4 pages

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## SELECTIONS of SHADE and FLOWERING TREES for Michigan Landscapes

**Extension Bulletin E-710** 

July 1977

This list of "Selections of Shade and Flowering Trees for Michigan Landscapes" has been compiled as a guide to some of the better selections of trees that are presently available for landscape beautification. This list should be used in conjunction with: Extension Bulletins E-552 "Ornamental Deciduous Trees for Michigan," 45 cents, for sale only; and E-616 "Familiar Trees of Michigan," price 20 cents, and "Michigan Trees Worth Knowing" (Michigan Department of Natural Resources). No attempt has been made to list all the cultivars of a species, but only those that are available in the trade and are hardy in Michigan.

Although all of the selections may not be available at a single garden center or nursery, most nurserymen can obtain them from other production nurseries. Plant Buyer's Guide published by the American Association of Nurserymen (230 Southern Building, Washington, D.C. 20005) should be consulted for possible sources of these plants.

## **Selections for Michigan**

ACER PLATANOIDES: Norway Maple, 50-75', round, dense

crown, dark green leaves

Almira: small (20') globe shaped Cleveland: upright, broad oval Columnare: upright, narrow (40')

Crimson King: purple-leafed during growing season

Cutleaf: split-leaf form

Drummondi: light green leves edged with white

Emerald Queen: ascending branches, rapid growing, dark

green leaves, similar to Summershade

Erectum: very narow head, with short lateral branches

Faassen's Redleaf (Faassen's Black) (Royal Red): dark red leaves, similar to Crimson king.

Globosum: low growing (20') round-headed tree

Greenlace: cutleaf, rapid growth rate

Jade Glen: rapid growth, golden yellow in fall

Olmsted: upright, similar to Columnare

Schwedleri: purplish-red leaves in spring, slow growing Summershade: oval shaped, leathery leaves, heat resistant,

rapid growing, similar to Emerald Queen

ACER PSEUDOPLATANUS: Sycamore Maple, 75', widespreading maple with clusters of fruit during summer Brilliantissima: leaves orange and yellow in the spring Purpureum: purple coloration on back of leaf

ACER RUBRUM: Red Maple, 75', rounded to elliptical, with good red foliage color in fall

Armstrong: fastigiate, spire-like, beautiful light gray bark Autumn Falme: dense growing, brilliant scarlet foliage in

Bowhall: slow growing, narrow, pyramidal shaped, bright red fall color (similar to Scanlon)

Gerling: broadly pyramidal (35') densely branched

October Glory: retains leaves late into fall, crimson-red foliage color in the fall

Red Sunset: heavy-textured leaves, excellent orange-red

Scanlon: conical, compactly branched, orange-amber red foliage in fall (similar to Bowhall)

Scarlet Sentinel: columnar form, vigorous growth, smooth

Schlesinger: scarlet fall color, rapid growth rate Tilford: globeheaded, uniform in shape (25')

ACER SACCHARINUM: Silver Maple, 80', broad spreading crown, leaves with sharp margins, rapid growing

Pyramidal: pyramidal habit

Silver Queen: leaves bright green with silvery undersurface (Seedless)

Weiri (Beebe): weeping form, "cutleaves"

ACER SACCHARUM: Sugar Maple, 100', oval to elliptical, yellow-orange or golden foliage color in the fall

Globosum: slow growing (10'), dense round-headed

Green Mountain: upright oval crown, dark green foliage, scarlet in the fall

Newton Sentry (Sentry): columnar with central leader

Sweet Shadow (Cutleaf): deeply cut lobes, dark green foliage

Temple's Upright (Monumental): 50', slender column with dark green foliage

AESCULUS CARNEA: Red Horse-Chestnut, 40'

Brioti: scarlet colored flowers, foliage glossy green, seldom forms fruit

**AESCULUS HIPPOCASTANUM:** Horse-Chestnut, 60' elliptical when young, rounded with age

Baumanni: flowers double, no fruit formation

BETULA PENDULA (VERRUCOSA): European White Brich, 40', pyramidal, somewhat pendulous, attractive with white bark

Fastigiata: upright narrow

Laciniata (Gracilis) (Tristis): cutleaf form, drooping

branches

Purpurea (Purple Splendor) (Scarlet Glory): purple leaves

Youngi: pendulous habit

CARPINUS BETULUS: European Hornbeam, 50', pyramidal in youth, rounded with maturity (of questionable hardiness north of Flint)

Columnaris: narrow, somewhat egg-shaped

Fastigiata: upright, 30' vase-shaped

Globosa: rounded

Incisa: leaves deeply lobed Pendula: weeping habit

Purpurea: purple leaves in spring Pyramidalis: broadly pyramidal Quercifolia: oakleaf form

**CERCIS CANADENSIS:** American Redbud, 25', flat-topped, irregular small tree, attractive, purplish, pea-like flowers in early spring

Alba: white flowers

Forest Pansy: young leaves deep purple through growing

season

Pinkbud: pink flowers

Pink Charm (Wither's Pink Charm): pink flowers (no trace of

purple)

**CORNUS FLORIDA:** Flowering Dogwood, 30', small flowering tree with horizontal branches, attractive floral bracts in spring. (Bracts may be injured by cold winter temperature)

Apple Blossom: flower color similar to apple blossoms

Cherokee Chief: bracts are ruby red Cherokee Princess: large white bracts Cloud 9: flowers at an early age, white bracts

Fragrant Cloud: some fragrant Multibracteata (Plena): double bracts

Pendula: weeping branches

Rubra: pink bracts

Springtime: bracts are rose-red

Welchi (Rainbow): leaves are a combination of green, pink

and white

White Cloud: creamy white bracts

CORNUS KOUSA: Japanese Dogwood, 20' Chinensis: foliage and bracts larger than species Milky Way: creamy white, more prolific in flowering Summer Stars: holds bracts into August

CRATAEGUS CRUSGALLI: Cockspur Hawthorn, 20-30',

broad-rounded, horizontal thorny branches Splendens: thorny, dense round head

Inermis: thornless

X Hooks: large red fruit (3/8-1"); leaves free of disease and

blight

**CRATAEGUS X LAVALLEI:** Lavalle Hawthorn, 15-30', dense oval-headed, bronzy or coppery-red fall foliage

**CRATAEGUS OXYACANTHA:** English Hawthorn, 15-20', shrubby, low branching, dense head with ascending branches

Autumn Glory: double pink flowers with red fruit in fall and winter

Crimson Cloud: large single bright red flowers with white center

Pauli: flowers double, bright scarlet and showy

Superba: large bright red flowers with glossy red fruit in fall and winter. Resistant to leaf spot.

**CRATAEGUS PHAENOPYRUM:** Washington Hawthorn, 25-30', broadly columnar, foliage lustrous dark green, glossy red fruit

Toba: double pink flowers

FAGUS SYLVATICA: European Beech, 80', large pyramidal, with glossy green leaves, smooth, gray bark

Asplenifolia: fernlike leaves

Atropurpunicea (Atropurpurea): purple (copper) leaves

Cuprea: copper foliage all summer

Dawycki: upright

Fastigiata: narrow, upright form

Laciniata: cutleaf form

Pendula: weeping, green leaves

Purpurea Pendula: red leaved, weeping form

Riversi: young foliage is red, turns purple with maturity

Rohani: red fernleaved form

Spaethiana (Spaethi): red leaved, good color all season Tricolor (Roseo-marginata): variegated foliage (green, white and pink), slow growth, may be hard to establish Zlatia: leaves at tip of branches are gold colored

FRAXINUS AMERICANA: White Ash, 80', erect with rounded crown

Autumn Purple: seedless American ash with deep purple fall color

Rose Hill: seedless, dark green foliage, tolerant of poor alkaline soils, bronze-red fall color

FRAXINUS EXCELSIOR: European Ash, 80', erect with rounded crown

Aurea: golden-yellow foliage in early fall

Globosa: globeheaded (30'), with 20' diameter head Gold Cloud: yellow twigs, leaves turn yellow in fall Hessei: rounded-head, simple, lustrous dark green leaves

Pendula: (45'), weeping growth habit Rancho: small (30') round head

FRAXINUS PENNSYLVANICA LANCEOLATA: Green Ash, 60', dense, rounded crown

Marshall's Seedless: male form, does not produce fruit, dark, glossy green foliage, may have less insect problems, yellow fall foliage

Summit: upright, pyramidal, glossy foliage (female) Kimberly Blue: valuable for its tolerance of alkaline soils GINKGO BILOBA: Maidenhair Tree, 75', open, widespreading, fan-shaped leaves

Autumn Gold: bright golden fall color, rapid growth rate

Fairmont: upright pyramidal Fastigiata: upright growth

Lakeview: compact, conical form Mayfield (Sentry): narrow, columnar

Pendula (Male forms): pendulous branchlets

Santa Cruz: umbrella form

GLEDITSIA TRIACANTHOS: Honey Locust, 75', fine leaf texture, broad-open habit

Cottage Green: semi-upright, dark green leaves, stem is green in youth, seedless, thornless

Imperial: graceful, spreading, straight trunk, seedless, thornless

Majestic: upright, compact growth, relatively seedless, thornless

Maxwell: upright, reputed hardy to low temperature

Moraine: thornless, seedless, wide-spreading

Rubylace: ruby-red foliage in spring changing to bronze in summer, weak trunk development

Shademaster: upright, seedless, thornless

Skyline: pyramidal, strong, wide-angled crotches, seedless, thornless

Sunburst: new foliage golden yellow on 8-10" of branch

(There are numerous introductions of this species. Listed clones are available at most nurseries.)

LIQUIDAMBAR STYRACIFLUA: American Sweet-Gum, 75', broadly pyramidal, star-shaped leaf (of questionable hardiness north of Flint)

Burgundy: burgundy-red fall color, holds leaves late in the fall

Festival: narrow, upright, yellow colored fall foliage

Palo Alto: pyramidal symmetrical habit, bright orange-red fall color

Variegata: leaves irregularly green and yellow

MAGNOLIA: Magnolia, 40'

Merrill (Dr. Merrill): rapid growing, early flowering

MAGNOLIA SOULANGIANA: Saucer Magnolia, 30', small flowering tree with many main stems. A hybrid form with many clones.

Alba: white flowers

Alexandrina: large flowers, rose-purple, outside

Burgundy: dark purple flowers

Grace McDade: white, pink base to petals

Lennei: dark, magenta-purple Nigra: darkest magenta Speciosa: almost white

Superba: large flowers, lilac pink outside and white inside

MAGNOLIA STELLATA: Star Magnolia, 20', small tree with double flowers

Royal Star: large, fragrant, double white flowers

Rubra: rose-purple flowers

Waterlily: upright, bushy, flower buds pink, flowers white (There are many other selected forms of Magnolia. Before planting, be sure they are hardy for the site.)

MALUS: Crabapple, 20-50'

American Beauty: double red flowers

X atrosanguinea: lateral growth, broader than high, pink

flowers, scab resistant

Barbara Ann: good double pink flower, semi-upright

baccata Jacki: broad upright, excellent red fruits, white fragrant flowers

Coralburst: dwarf (8') upright branching, double rose-pink flowers

X Dorothea: double rose colored flowers

halliana parkmani: almost shrubby, double pink flowers, scab resistant

X Katherine: double white fragrant flowers

X purpurea Lemoinei: dark rose colored flowers, scab resistant, alternate flowering

X Radiant: spring and fall foliage somewhat reddish

X Red Jade: pendulous branching, white flowers, scarlet fruits contrasting with tan stems

X Royalty (Royal red): foliage is a good deep purple the year around with dark red flowers

X Red Jewel: red fruit, has large, leathery, dark glossy, green leaves

Snowdrift: white flowers, scarlet fruits

X Tschonoski: broad upright habit of growth, fall color bronze red, glossy foliage and vigorous grower

X Van Eseltine: double pink flowers, profuse, a columnar tree for many years, resistant to scab

White Angel: white flowers, red fruits persist into winter

X zumi calocarpa: white flowers, colorful fruits persist into the winter

(There are many excellent Crabapples. Those listed are some of the best for Michigan landscapes.)

PLATANUS ACERIFOLIA: London Plane Tree, 75'

Bloodgood strain: reported to be resistant to anthracnose

PRUNUS AVIUM: Mazzard Cherry, 50'

Scanlon: globe shape

Plena: double white flowers, hardy

Prunus x blireiana: green leaves turning red in summer

PRUNUS CERASIFERA: Myrobalan Plum, 25'

Hollywood: foliage turns purple

Newport: reddish purple foliage with bright red tips

Nigra: dark purple foliage

Thundercloud: dark purple foliage, transplant balled and

burlapped spring only

**PRUNUS SARGENTI:** Sargent Cherry, 60' Columnaris (Rancho): columnar habit

PRUNUS SERRULATA: Oriental Cherry, 20'

Amanogawa: columnar form, light pink, fragrant pink flowers

Fugenzo: light pink, profuse, double flowers, orange-red foliage in fall

Kwanzan: double deep pink, profuse flowers, orange-red foliage in fall

Shirofugen: double pink flowers that fade to white profuse

Shirotae: double white abundant flowers

PRUNUS SUBHIRTELLA: Higan Cherry, 30'

Autumnalis: semi-double light pink flowers in the fall (flowers also in the spring)

Pendula: pendulous branches, single pink flowers in early spring

Yae-shidare-higan (Pendula plena): pendulous branches, double pink flowers

**PRUNUS YEDOENSIS:** Yoshino Cherry, 40' (The famous trees of the Tidal Basin in Washington, D.C.)

Akebono (Daybreak): light pink flowers

(There are many selections of Prunus. Those listed are among the best for Michigan.)

PYRUS CALLERYANA: Callery Pear, 40', symmetrical pyramid, glossy green foliage

Faurie: Korean Callery Pear, 20', round head, deep green foliage

Bradford: singularly pest free, oval with broad base, fall color is yellow mixed with bronzy-red, flowers are white, 40'

Chanticleer: very narrow, columnar, dense Rancho: similar to Bradford but not as dense

**QUERCUS PLAUSTRIS:** Pin Oak, 50-75' Sovereign: lower branches semi-upright

QUERCUS ROBUR: English Oak, 50-75'

Fastigiata: columnar habit with upright branching

SOPHORA JAPONICA: Scholartree, 40'

Pendula: weeping form

Regent: oval, glossy dark green leaves, trusses of white pea-like flowers in summer, vigorous grower

Compiled by Harold Davidson and Ronald L. Spangler, Department of Horticulture; and Gurdon K. Dennis, District Horticultural Agent

**SORBUS AUCUPARIA:** European Mountain Ash, 30' upright in youth, spreading with maturity, attractive redorange fruit in fall

Apricot Queen: apricot colored fruit Asplenifolia: leaflets doubly serrated

Brilliant Pink: pink fruit

Carpet of Gold: sulphur-yellow to orange fruit

Cardinal Royal: red fruits and fruiting about month earlier

than species
Fastigiata: upright
Pendula: weeping

Rowencroft Pink coral: coral pink fruit

Scarlet King: scarlet fruit Wilson: columnar form

TILIA AMERICANA: American Linden, 75'

Redmond: pyramidal form

TILIA CORDATA: Littleleaf Linden, 75', pyramidal, dense, compact

Chancellor: narrow upright, compact, symmetrical

Greenspire: narrow-oval, straight trunk with radially

arranged branches, rapid growth rate

June Bride: pyramidal with straight central leader

abundant bloom

Pyramidalis: wide pyramidal

Rancho: dense crown, dark glossy leaves

**ULMUS AMERICANA:** American Elm, 75-100', upright with spreading branches

Augustine: columnar, rapid growth

Moline: narrow growth habit, (tends to split at crotch of

main branches)

**ULMUS CARPINIFOLIA:** Smooth-Leaved Elm, 75', rounded crown

Christine Buisman: reported to be resistant to Dutch elm disease

Umbraculifera: 30', globe shaped crown

**ZELKOVA SERRATA:** Japanese Zelkova, 50', vase shaped small tree, similar to American elm

Village Green: straight trunk, large green leaves turning rusty-red in the fall, may be susceptible to canker problems

Park View: elm-like form

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