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Controlling Wirestem Muhly Michigan State University Extension Service IPM Facts Fred Salzman, Karen Renner, Jim Kells, Department of Crop and Soil Sciences Revised January 1998 2 pages

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# **Controlling Wirestem Muhly**

Fred Salzman, Karen Renner, and Jim Kells Department of Crop and Soil Sciences Michigan State University

### What is a Perennial Weed?

A perennial weed is any weed capable of surviving for three

or more years Perennial weeds are characterized by vegetative reproduction. Vegetative reproduction in these species is due to (a) rhizomes-underground creeping stems commonly found in perennial grasses; (b) stolons-prostrate stems or runners on the soil surface with roots at the nodes; (c) creeping roots; (d) tubers-underground enlarged storage stems; or (e) bulbs-underground storage organs consisting of a stem axis covered with many overlapping leaf scales.

Perennial weeds may or may not reproduce by seed. They always, however, have the potential to reproduce by vegetative means.

## Description of Wirestem Muhly

The rhizomes of wirestem muhly are short, creeping, and very scaly. Shoots are erect or grow along the ground and become erect at the tips. Stems range in length from 2 to 3 feet. Stems are smooth below joints, very tough, leafy, branch freely, and

often root at the lower nodes. Leaves are flat, rough, pale green, scattered along the stem, and dense near the tip, giving the plant a brushy appearance. The seedhead is a panicle that barely protrudes from the leaf sheath.

Wirestem muhly is found in fence rows and along roadsides. It sometimes persists in cultivated fields, but is most commonly found in no-till fields. Growth starts later in the spring than quackgrass. Wirestem muhly is more easily injured by frost than quackgrass.

## Methods of Control

Methods of perennial weed control fall into three categories: (a) cultural, such as crop rotation; (b) mechanical, tillage including various implements such as plows, disks, or cultivators; and (c) chemical, using herbicides. Control of perennial weeds may require a combination of all these methods. Consider the energy and environmental implications when choosing a method of control.

## Mechanical Control

Mechanical control may increase or decrease perennial weed infestations. Tillage may increase infestations by moving perennial weeds to new areas of the field or breaking dormancy of underground buds resulting in new shoot growth. Tillage during cool, wet conditions results in reduced control.

Tillage may decrease perennial weed infestations if done frequently enough to deplete underground root reserves. The field should be tilled

every two or three weeks. Warm, dry soil conditions increase the effectiveness of tillage for perennial weed control by drying plant roots on the soil surface.



# **Chemical Control of Wirestem Muhly**

#### Sovbeans

Herbicide	Rate	Timing <sup>1</sup>	Effectiveness
Assure II + $COC^2$	8 oz/A	4-6" POST	Excellent
Fusilade DX + COC	12 oz/A	4-6" POST	Good
Fusion + COC	8 oz/A	4-6" POST	Good
Poast + 28%N + Dash HC	20 oz/A	4-6" POST	Fair
Poast Plus/Prestige + Dash HC	1.9 pt/A + 1 qt/A	4-6" POST	Fair
Select + COC	16 oz/A	4-6" POST	Fair
Roundup Ultra + AMS or $28\%$ N <sup>3</sup>	l at	4-6" POST <sup>4</sup>	Good

<sup>1</sup>Apply when wirestem muhly is 4 to 6 inches tall. A second application of these treatments or cultivation 14 to 21 days later may be required for satisfactory control.

 $^{2}COC = crop oil concentrate$ 

<sup>3</sup>Ammonium sulfate (AMS) at 17 lbs/100 gal or urea-ammonium nitrate (28% N) at 4%.

<sup>4</sup>For spot treatment only. Broadcast applications can be made to Roundup Ready soybeans only.

#### Corn

		Timing	
Herbicide	Rate	(Weed height)	Effectiveness
Accent + $COC^1$ + 28%N	0.67 oz/A	6-8" POST <sup>2</sup>	Poor to Fair <sup>3</sup>
Beacon + COC + $28\%$ N	0.76 oz/A	6-8" POST <sup>2</sup>	Poor <sup>3</sup>
Poast Plus + COC or Dash HC	36 oz/A	4-6" POST <sup>4</sup>	Fair
(Poast Protected/SR corn only)			

<sup>1</sup>COC = crop oil concentrate

<sup>2</sup>Treat when plants are 6 to 8 inches tall.

<sup>3</sup>Early season suppression only. Results are inconsistent.

<sup>4</sup>Retreatment may be necessary if regrowth occurs. Retreat before regrowth exceeds 6" tall.

### Spot Treatments and Between Crops

Herbicide	Rate	<u>Timing</u> <sup>1</sup>	Effectiveness
Roundup Ultra	2 qt/A	Fall or spring	Good
Roundup Ultra	2%	Spot treatment	Good
		(see label)	

<sup>1</sup>Apply when wirestem muhly is 8 inches or less in height. Spring applications will delay planting. For fall applications, check plants for frost damage before application.

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To protect yourself and others and the environment, always read the label before applying any pesticide.

This publication contains pesticide recommendations based on research and pesticide regulations. However, changes in pesticide regulations occur constantly. Some pesticides mentioned may no longer be available, and some uses may no longer be legal. If you have questions about the legality and/or registration status for using pesticides, contact your county Extension office.



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