## MSU Extension Publication Archive

Archive copy of publication, do not use for current recommendations. Up-to-date information about many topics can be obtained from your local Extension office.

Cherries - Food Preservation Series
Michigan State University Extension Service
Sandra L. Andrews, Food Science and Human Nutrition
Revised September 1989
4 pages
The PDF file was provided courtesy of the Michigan State University Library

## Scroll down to view the publication.




## RECOMMENDED VARIETIES



## FREBZING

Freeze pitted or unpitted cherries. If cherries are pitted, add $1 / 2$ teaspoon of ascorbic acid to each quart of syrup used.

## Tart cherries

Whole: Select bright red, tree ripened cherrles. Stem, sort and wash thoroughly. Drain and pit. Use one of the following methods.

Syrup pack is best for cherries to be served uncooked. Sugar pack is preferable for cher ries to be used for ples or other cooked products.

Syrup pack: Pack cherries into containers and cover with cold medium or heavy syrup (see directions on next page). depending on the tartness of the cherries. Leave $1 / 2$ Inch headspace. Seal, label and freeze.

Sugar pack: To 1 quart ( $11 / 3$ pounds) of cherries, add $3 / 4$ cup sugar. Mix unt il sugar is dissolved. Pack Into containers, leaving $1 / 2$ Inch headspace. Seal. label and freeze.

Sweet cherries: Pack cherries into contain ers and cover with cold heavy syrup (see directions on next page). Leave $1 / 2$ inch headspace. Seal, label and freeze.

Pectin pack: This alternative uses pectin and less sugar than syrup pack and retains the fresh cherry flavor, color and texture. Combine 1 box of powdered pectin ( $13 / 4$ ounces) with 1 cup of water in a sauce pan, stir and boil 1 minute. Stir in $1 / 2$ cup sugar and dissolve. Remove the pan from heat, add cold water to make 2 cups of syrup. Chill. Put cleaned and prepared fruit in a 4 to 6 quart bowl; add enough pectin syrup to glaze the fruit with a thin film. Gently fold fruit to coat each plece with syrup. Pack into freezer bags or containers, leaving $1 / 2$ inch headspace. Seal, label and freeze.

Freeze no more than 2 pounds of food per cubic foot of freezer capacity per day. A cubic foot will hold 7.4 gallons.

## CANNIING

Sweet or sour cherries: Select bright, uniformly colored cherries that are mature (of ideal quality for eating fresh or cooking).
Stem and wash cherries. Remove pits, if desired. Place pitted cherries in water containing ascorbic acid (see directions below) to prevent stem end dis coloration. Prick skins of unpitted cherries on opposite sides with a clean needle to prevent splitting. Cherries may be canned in water, apple julce, white grape juice, or medium or heavy syrup (see directions below).

Preventing discoloration-ascorbic acid solution: While preparing cherries for canning, keep pitted cherries in a solution of ascorbic acid and cold water.
Ascorbic acid can be purchased in several forms:
Pure powdered form: Seasonally available among canning supplies in supermarkets. Use 1 teaspoon per gallon of water as a treatment solution.
Vitamin C tablets: Buy 500 -milligram tablets; crush and dissolve six tablets per gallon of water as a treatment solution. Also try commercially prepared mixes of ascorbic and citric acid. They are seasonally avallable among canning supplies in supermarkets. Sometimes citric acid powder is sold in supermarkets, but it is less effective in controlling discoloration. Be sure to follow the manufacturer's directions.
Drain cherries before packing.
Syrup: Measure and mix quantities of sugar and water necessary to make desired syrup. Bring sugar and water mixture to a boil and pour over fruit in jars.

| Syup type | Approx. \% sugar | For 9.pp load ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | For 7 -qt load |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Cups water | Cups sugar | Cups water | Cups sugar |
| Medium | 30 | 5\% | 2\% | $8 \%$ | $3{ }^{1 / 2}$ |
| Heavy | 40 | 5 | 3\% | 7\%/ | 5\% |

-This amount is also adequate for a 4 -quart load.

Hot pack: In a large saucepan, add $1 / 2$ cup of water. juice or syrup for each quart of drained frult and bring to a boil. Fill hot jars with cherries and cooking liquid, leaving $1 / 2$ Inch headspace.

Raw pack: Add $1 / 2$ cup of hot water, julce or syrup to each hot jar. Fill hot jars with dralned cherries, shaking down gently as you fill. Add more hot liquid. leaving $1 / 2$ inch headspace.

Adjust lids and process.

| Style of pack | Jar size | Process times at altitudes of |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 0-1,000 H | 1001-3,000 H. | $3,001-6,000 \mathrm{ft}$ | Over 6,000 ft |
| Raw | Pints | 25 min . | 30 min . | 35 min . | 40 min . |
| Raw | Quarts | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 |
| Hot | Pints | 15 | 20 | 20 | 25 |
| Hot | Quarts | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 |



|  |  |  | Canner pressure (PSI) at altitudes of |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Style of pack | Jar size | Process time | 0-2,000 H | 2,001-4,000 ft | 4,001-6,000 ft | 6,001-8,000 H |
| Raw | Pints | 10 min . | 6 lb . | 7 lb . | 8 lb . | 9 lb . |
| Raw | Quarts | 10 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| Hot | Pints | 8 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| Hot | Quarts | 10 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |

## Cherry Syrup (about 9 half-pints)

Juices from fresh or frozen cherries can be easily made into toppings for use on ice cream and pastries.

Select $6^{1 / 2}$ cups of fresh or frozen fruit of your choice. Wash, pit and stem fresh fruit and crush in a saucepan. Heat to boiling and simmer until soft ( 5 to 10 minutes). Strain hot through a colander and drain until cool enough to handle. Strain the collected juice through a double layer of cheesecloth or a jelly bag. Discard the dry pulp. The yield of the pressed juice should be about $41 / 2$ to 5 cups. Combine the juice with $63 / 4$ cups of sugar in a large saucepan, bring to a boil. and simmer 1 minute. To make a syrup with whole fruit pieces, save 1 or 2 cups of the fresh or frozen fruit, combine these with the sugar, and simmer as in making regular syrup. Remove from heat, skim off foam, and fill hot, clean half-pint or pint jars, leaving $1 / 2$ inch headspace. Adjust lids and process.


## Cherry Freezer Jam (8 hall.pints)

```
3 cups pitted, ground cherries
5 cups sugar
1 box (13/4 ounces) powdered pectin and 1 cup water
OR
1 pouch (3.175 ounces) liquid pectin
```

Mix cherries and sugar. Let stand about 20 min utes, stirring occasionally. If powdered pectin is used, combine it with water and boil 1 minute. stirring constantly. Add pectin to cherries and sugar mixture and mix. Pour jam into freezer containers, leaving $1 / 2$ inch headspace. Let stand at room temperature for 24 hours to set. Freeze or store in the refrigerator up to four weeks.

## Cherry Pie Filling (1 or 7 quarts)

Each canned quart makes one 8 -inch to 9 inch ple. The filling may be used as a topping on desserts or pastries. "Clear Jel A" is a chemically modified starch made from waxy maize that produces excellent sauce consistency even after fillings are canned and baked. Other starches may break down when used in these ple fillings, causing sauce to be runny. Ask your county Extension home economist how to order "Clear Jel A."
Because the variety of fruit may alter the flavor of the frult pie, first prepare a single quart of filling. make a ple with it, and serve. Then adjust the sugar and spices in the recipe to sult your preferences. The amount of lemon juice SHOULD NOT BE ALTERED because it affects the safety and storage stability of the filling.

Frozen cherries: When using frozen sour cherries, select unsweetened fruit. If sugar has been added. rinse it off before fruit is thawed. Collect, measure and use juice from thawing frult to partially replace the water specified in the recipe. Use only $1 / 1 /$ cup "Clear Jel A" per quart, or $13 / 4$ cups for 7 quarts.

|  | Quantities of Ingredients Needed for |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 1 quart | 7 quarls |
| Fresh sour cherries | $31 / 3$ cups | 6 quarts |
| Granulated sugar | 1 cup | 7 cups |
| "Clear Jel A" | $1 / 4$ cup +1 lablespoon | $11 / 2$ cups |
| Cold water | $11 / 3$ cups | $91 / 3$ cups |
| Cinnamon (optional) | $1 / 8$ leaspoon | 1 leaspoon |
| Almond extract loptional) | $1 / 4$ leaspoon | 2 leaspoons |
| Red food coloring loptional) | 6 drops | $1 / 4$ leaspoon |
| Bottled lemon juice | 1 lablespoon +1 leaspoon | $1 / 2$ cup |

Fresh Cherries: Rinse and pit cherries, and hold in cold water. To prevent stem end browning, use ascorbic acid solution (see directions given previously). Combine sugar, "Clear Jel A" and cinnamon in a large saucepan. Add water, food coloring and almond extract, if desired. Stir mixture and cook over medium high heat until mixture thickens and begins to bubble. Add lemon juice and boil 1 minute, stirring constantly. Fold in cherries immediately and fill hot jars with mixture without delay, leaving $1 / 2$ inch headspace. Adjust lids and process immediately.

[^0]
## Cherry Crisp (8 servings)

## $1 / 3$ cup flour

$3 / 4$ cup rolled oals
1/3 cup margarine
$2 / 3$ cup sugar, divided
1 16-ounce can pitted tart cherries
$11 / 2$ tablespoons cornstarch
1/4 teaspoon salt
$1 / 8$ teaspoon cinnamon
$1 / 8$ teaspoon nutmeg
1 tablespoon lemon juice

Combine flour and rolled oats. Cut in margarine until the mixture is crumbly. Add $1 / 3$ cup sugar to mixture. Set aside for topping.
Drain cherries reserving the juice. Combine the remaining sugar with cornstarch, salt, spices and lemon juice: slowly blend in cherry juice. Cook over low heat stirring constantly until sauce is thick and clear. Add cherries. Pour into a greased 8 -inch square pan. Sprinkle with topping. Bake at 375 degrees $F$ for 30 minutes.

## Pork Chops with Cherries (4 servings)

4 pork chops
2 cups canned pitted sweet cherries (reserve cherry juice)
$1 / 4$ cup slivered almonds
6 whole cloves
1 tablespoon cider vinegar
Brown pork chops in a small amount of oil. Season with salt and pepper, if desired. Combine cherries, cherry juice, almonds, cloves and vinegar. Pour over chops and simmer, covered, for 30 minutes.

## Cherry Kuchen (8 servings)

1 egg (or two egg whites), beaten well $\quad 1 / 4$ cup llour
$1 / 2$ cup sugar $\quad 1 / 2$ cup brown sugar
$1 / 4$ cup lowiat milk $\quad 1 / 2$ leaspoon cinnamon
$1 / 2$ leaspoon vanilla 3 lablespoons margarine
$11 / 2$ cups biscuit mix $\quad 1 / 4$ cup chopped nuts, optional
$11 / 2$ cups drained, chopped red cherries
Combine beaten egg, sugar, milk and vanilla. Add biscuit mix and stir until smooth. Pour into a greased 8 -inch square pan. Sprinkle drained chopped cherries evenly over batter. Mix flour, brown sugar and cinnamon well: cut in margarine until mix ture resembles coarse cornmeal. Add nuts to mixture and sprinkle over cherries. Bake at 375 degrees F for 30 minutes.

## Cherry Rum Sauce (1 quart)

$11 / 2$ cups water
$1 / 2$ cup sugar
$11 / 2$ tablespoons cornstarch
1 teaspoon lemon juice

2 leaspoons rum extract
2 cups dark sweet cherries
3 drops red food color, optional

Combine sugar and cornstarch. Add to cold water. Heat mixture to thicken. Add cherries and heat, but do not boil. Stir in lemon juice, rum extract and food coloring.

## Cherry Almond Sauce (1 quart)

$11 / 2$ cups water
$3 / 4$ cup sugar
$11 / 2$ tablespoons cornstarch
2 cups red tart cherries

1 teaspoon lemon juice
2 teaspoons almond extract
3 drops red food color, optional

Combine sugar and cornstarch. Add to cold water. Heat mixture to thicken. Add cherries and heat, but do not boil. Stir in lemon juice, almond extract and food coloring.

| Cherry Soup | (8 servings) |
| :--- | :--- |
| 11 -pound can pitted sweet cherries | 1 tablespoon lemon juice |
| 110 -ounce package frozen raspberries, thawed | 2 cups fresh (or frozen) whole strawberries |
| $1 / 2$ tablespoons cornstarch | plain or flavored lowfat yogurt |

Drain fruits reserving syrup. Add enough water to syrup to make $2 \frac{1}{2}$ cups. Blend cornstarch and syrup. Cook and stir until thick and bubbly. Add lemon juice. Stir in fruits. Chill. Spoon into sherbet dishes; top with yogurt.

Prepared by Sandra L. Andrews, Ph.D., R.D., Extension Specialist, Department of Food Sclence and Human Nutrition, Michigan State University.

MSU is an Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Institution. Cooperative Extension Service Programs are open to all without regard to race, color, national origin, sex or handicap. Issued in furtherance of Cooperative Extension work in agriculture and home economics, acts of May 8, and June 30, 1914, in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture. J. Ray Gillespie, interim director, Cooperative Extension Service, Michigan State University, East Lansing, MI 48824. This information is for educational purposes only. Reference to commercial products or trade names does not imply endorsement by the Cooperative Extension Service or bias against those not mentioned. This bulletin becomes public property upon publication and may be reprinted verbatim as a separate or within another publication with credit to MSU. Reprinting cannot be used to endorse or advertise a commercial product or company

> This bulletin was originally prepared by Shirley
> Hamman, Allegan County Extension home
> economist. Kathleen Staskiewicz, Ottawa County
> Extension home economist, and Penny Ross,
> Extension Food and Nutrition Specialist. MSU.


[^0]:    

    |  |  | Process times at altitudes of |  |  |  |
    | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Style of pack | Jar size | $0-1,000 \mathrm{ft}$ | $1,001-3,000 \mathrm{ft}$ | $3,001-6,000 \mathrm{ft}$ | $6,001-8,000 \mathrm{ft}$ |
    | Hot | Pints | 30 min. | 35 min. | 40 min. | 45 min. |
    | Hot | Quarts | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 |

