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Treat Wounds to Prevent Decay Michigan State University Cooperative Extension Service Northeastern Forest Experimental Station, USDA Forest Service December 1978 2 pages

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HOW TO

Extension Bulletin E-1075 Nat. Resources Series, Dec. '78

> Cooperative Extension Service Michigan State University

TREAT WOUNDS TO PREVENT DECAY

DECAY is a major cause of damage to trees.

WOUNDS start the processes that can lead to decay.

Decayed trees are unsightly, hazardous, and low quality.

To prevent decay, first prevent wounds, but if a tree becomes wounded follow these steps to minimize decay, and to help the tree remain healthy.

- 1. Clean wounds; trim away loose injured bark.
- 2. Shape the wound into a vertical oval when possible.
 Use a sharp knife to make a clean edge between vigorous bark and exposed wood.
- 3. Remove dead, dying or weak branches from the wounded tree.
- 4. Water and properly fertilize the tree.
- 5. Remove dead wood from around tree practice sanitation.
- 6. Remove less valuable woody plants that may be crowding the valuable wounded tree.
- 7. Protect the tree from further injury.
- 8. Use a thin coat of a wound dressing only if it's needed as a sign that the wound has been treated. Otherwise do not paint the wound.

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