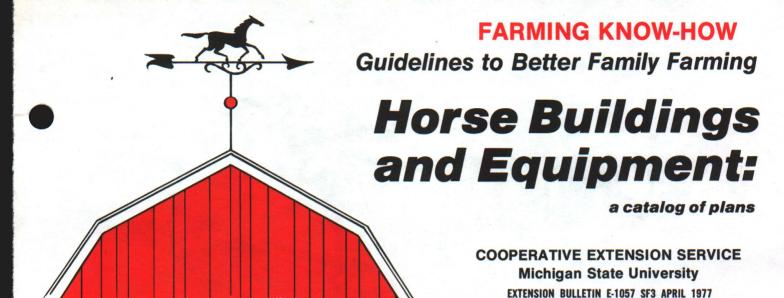
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Horse Buildings and Equipment: a catalog of plans Michigan State University Cooperative Extension Service James S. Boyd, Department of Agricultural Engineering Harlan D. Ritchie, Department of Animal Husbandry April 1977 4 pages

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James S. Boyd, Department of Agricultural Engineering Harlan D. Ritchie, Department of Animal Husbandry

THE PLANS LISTED HERE are generally adapted to Michigan conditions. Most animals can tolerate cold weather as long as they are protected from rain, snow and wind. For a small number of animals the building should not be enclosed tightly but should have openings so air can move through to remove the moisture produced by the animals and from the manure.

Most of the structures shown can be built from a variety of materials. Home-grown native wood is plentiful and works well for most of the plans.

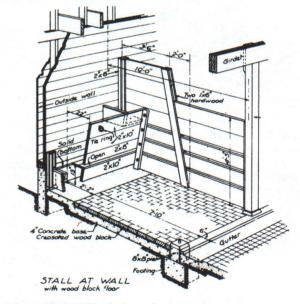
Where wood is in contact with the ground, pressure treated wood is desirable. Examples are skids, and poles set in the ground.

The following are suggestions to make buildings more usable and prevent problems.

- Find out if there are any municipal zoning ordinances or other regulations that prohibit or govern keeping livestock in your area.
- 2. Locate structures on a well-drained site that is conveniently accessible.
- Provide adequate space for other animal needs and activities around the barn such as grooming areas, riding rings, pastures, paddocks and corrals.
- 4. Determine how many animals are to be handled and provide needed facilities and buildings.
- 5. Plan and provide for adequate feed storage and a water supply and distribution system. This may be around lots or out in the pastures.
- Select gate or door latches or locks that provide the level of security needed for both animals and equipment.
- 7. Have a plan for manure management and fly con-

- 8. Determine what fire protection service is available and provide emergency protective equipment on premises.
- An overall land-use plan and building location plan will help to obtain a convenient arrangement and present a pleasing appearance. This is becoming important where the lots are visible to the public.

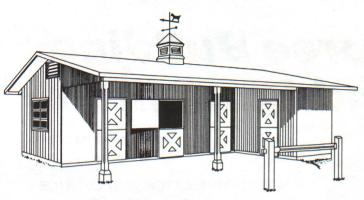
The plans shown here and others may be obtained through your county Extension office or from the Department of Agricultural Engineering, Michigan State University, East Lansing, MI 48824.



HORSE STALLS 5175—1 sheet, free

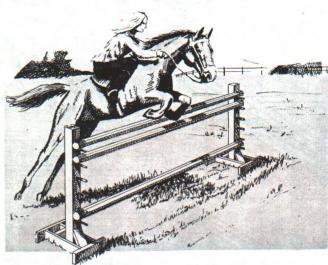
This plan shows how to construct three different horse stalls with three kinds of floors. The face-in stall has a concrete floor, the face-out stall has a plank overlay floor, and the stall at wall has a wood block floor.

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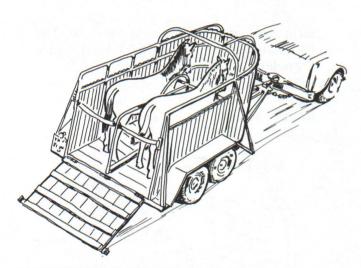
RIDING HORSE BARN 5838—2 sheets, \$1.00

Two $12' \times 12'$ box stalls with clay floors, a $6' \times 8'$ tack room, and an $8' \times 12'$ feed room are features of this $22' \times 34'$ horse barn. It has a concrete foundation with stud walls and a single roof. There is a large covered area in front of the stalls, and Dutch doors provide entry to the stalls. The barn may be expanded.



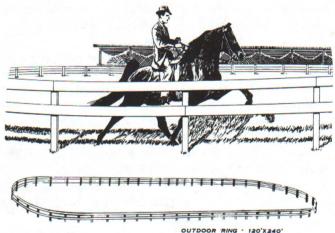
HORSE EQUIPMENT FOR FIELD EVENTS 6014-4 sheets, \$1.00

This plan includes several jumps for use in horse shows and training: white rail jump, natural rail (hunter's) jump, brush jump, coop wing, and picket jump. The jumps are sturdy and designed to withstand a lot of abuse, yet they can be moved and stored when not in use.



TWO-HORSE TRAILER 5943—2 sheets, \$1.00

Complete construction details for a two-horse, four-wheel, tandem axle trailer are shown. The frame is 1" pipe and 3" channel iron; there are no springs. The sides are corrugated metal and the tailgate plywood. The canopy frame is covered with canvas.



HORSE SHOW RINGS 6015—1 sheet, free

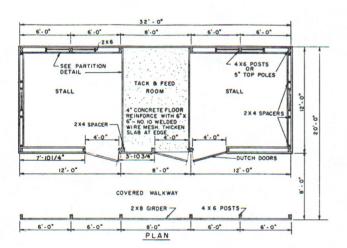
The plan details construction of horse show rings in sizes recommended by the American Horse Show Association— $110^{\prime} \times 220^{\prime}$ for indoor events and $120^{\prime} \times 240^{\prime}$ for outdoor events. Three different fence styles are shown: board fence, natural rail fence and movable fence. A ring should be sloped away from the center and should be grassed in the center, if possible. It should also be free of cobbles and other trash which can injure the horses' hocfs.



PORTABLE STABLE FOR A HORSE 6082—2 sheets, free

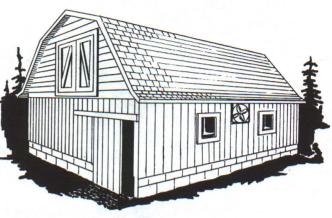
This $10' \times 12'$ portable one-horse stable is planned for economical use of materials with a minimum of waste. It is of wood construction with a corrugated aluminum or galvanized steel and translucent plastic roof.





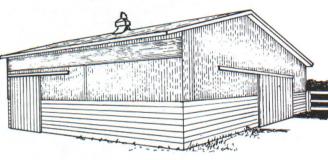
TWO-STALL HORSE BARN 6118-3 sheets, \$1.00

This two-stall pole-barn horse stable features a combination tack and feed room. This plan provides the one- or two-horse owner with a stable that has the maximum amount of functional features at low cost. The total dimensions are $20' \times 32'$ and there is an 8' wide covered walkway.



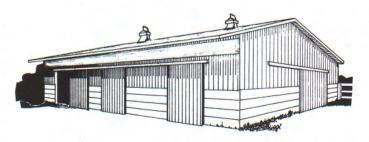
GAMBREL ROOF HORSE BARN 722-CI-13-3 sheets, \$1.00

This $16' \times 24'$ gambrel roof horse barn provides either three tie stalls or two box stalls. Both styles include overhead hay storage for $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 tons of hay. Tack and grain storage areas are also included.



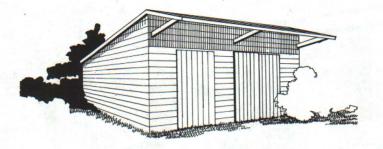
HORSE BARN-POLE CONSTRUCTION 722-CI-14—4 sheets, \$1.00

This $24' \times 24'$ pole barn has two $12' \times 12'$ box stalls that provide ample space for foaling or for large horses. Tack room can be heated, if desired, and there are storage areas for grain, feed and bedding.



THREE BOX STALL HORSE BARN 722-CI-15—4 sheets, \$1.00

This $36' \times 24'$ one-story horse barn is similar to plan 722-Cl-14 except that it provides three $12' \times 12'$ box stalls and additional area for equipment storage.



EXPANDABLE HORSE STABLE 722-CI-16—4 sheets, \$1.00 This expandable horse barn starts out as a $12^{\prime} \times 20^{\prime}$ unit with one box stall and storage for tack, grain, hay and bedding.

HORSE HANDBOOK, HOUSING, AND EQUIPMENT MWPS-15-60 pages, \$2.00

This is a complete handbook of information for planning housing for horses. It includes suggestions for many different types of buildings. The need for ventilation and proper insulation is discussed and where auxiliary is needed. Special equipment for horse care is shown such as a tack room, equipment, gates, jumps, loading chutes and many others.