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Clarence Davids Inc. of Blue Island, Ill., knows the value of a good employee. The company recently celebrated its 40th anniversary by having all its workers included in this birthday photo.

EMPLOYEES: WHAT ARE THEY WORTH?

Depending on the part of the country you do business in, the laws of supply-and-demand govern the value of finding good employees and keeping them.

by Jack Simonds, contributing editor

he average landscaper or lawn maintenance operator has a permanent staff of about 32, hires 30 seasonal workers and pays seasonal help about \$6.23 an hour.

Those are among the findings in a seven-point random telephone poll to 21 landscape and lawn care operations throughout the United States.

Different sizes were chosen when

contacting green industry businesses.

Landscape firms ranged in annual gross earnings from \$3 million or more employing up to 120 permanent staff and 220 seasonal hirings to firms with five permanent staff, six seasonal hirings and annual gross earnings between \$100,000 and \$250,000.

In the LCO category, annual gross earnings were not available, but staff sizes ranged from two to 10 permanent employees and seasonal hirings ranging from two to 20.

The poll shows the average nationwide salary for a crew leader is about \$14,405, a scale which fluctuates greatly between regions.

The Plains States leads all regions with an average supervisor or crew leader salary of \$24,750. The Far West

LM MINI-SURVEY

AVERAGE ANNUAL SALARY, CREW LEADER/FOREMAN, BY REGION



AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE, LINE-LEVEL TECHNICIANS, BY REGION



Source: Landscape Management phone survey

closely trails at \$23,034. In descending order are the Midwest, \$20,825; the Southeast, \$16,375; the Southwest at \$13,188 and the Northeast at \$13,077.

These figures combine those responding in both landscaping and LCO categories.

In hourly wages, the Far West— California, Oregon and Washington leads the nation with an \$8.08 average hourly rate for seasonal workers. That average is followed by the Northeast, \$6.40; the Southeast, \$6.30; the Plains States, \$5.75; the Southwest, \$5.50 and the Midwest, \$5.35.

No employer we spoke with reports paying only the federal minimum wage, which will rise from \$3.80 to \$4.25 on April 1. The largest hourly seasonal wage we found is \$11 in Southern California. The smallest is \$4.75 from a New England company.

The LCO market

Neal DeAngelo, 1991 president of the Professional Lawn Care Association of America (PLCAA) says the organization addresses itself to pay scales, benefits issues and the traditional high turnover rate in the industry when members meet in educational sessions at its national convention. He says that where pay scales may easily vary between regions of the country, so too will both the job pool and the availability of good staffers, factors which can influence pay scales.

"There are pockets throughout the country where (the job pool picture) is entirely different than other areas," DeAngelo says.

The job pool base, which in part may serve to dictate hourly rates in an area, not only can vary from place to place, but also year to year; a fluctuation not lost on the PLCAA president.

Like colleagues across the country, DeAngelo, an operator of a lawn care company in Hazelton, Pa. since 1978, has seen the job pendulum swing at his own business.

"Within our own company, two years back we had a rough time. You'd have a classified ad in for an eternity and get very little response to it. Last year we had no problems with available help," he says. Other LCOs and landscapers

Other LCOs and landscapers across the country give mixed reports of the labor force in their area (see related story.)

DeAngelo also feels some confidence for the industry as the national economy experiences a recession of varying intensity from region to region.

The lawn maintenance industry, he recalls, survived nicely, even "boomed" during the early 1980s mini-recession.

"It was one of the biggest boom times in the industry," DeAngelo says, speculating that homeowners then spent more time at home, paying more attention to maintenance and cosmetics of their properties. He says also that people traveled less and tended to forestall purchasing big ticket items.

"Lawn care is not a big ticket item (and) people put more time and effort into their homes (in recession)," says DeAngelo.

The landscape market

Eldon Dyk, 1991 president of the Associated Landscape Contractors of America (ALCA), sees an overall shortage trend for entry-level workers.

"And I'd say the (short) labor supply will be pretty much all over the country," Dyk says, "although some areas will be affected more than others.

"The availability is not as it used to be," he adds.

In hourly landscaping crew wages, the Far West—California, Oregon and Washington—leads the nation with an \$8.08 average hourly rate.

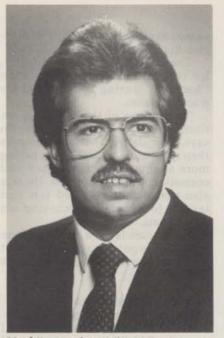
Dyk points to two factors in the labor shortage: fewer young people (18 to mid-20s) in the population and greater competition from national fast food restaurants and other chains.

Also, Dyk notes that pools of migrant and other foreign workers are dwindling as well.

Readjusting entry-level wages should be discussed, something the ALCA's Crystal Ball Committee is undertaking now.

Extending health benefits to line workers also is discussed by industry watchers which "immediately raises the cost of doing business," says Dyk.

Benefits, entry-level wages and the labor pool combine to form the "crunch



Neal DeAngelo: no 'big ticket'



Eldon Dyk: 'crunch issues'

issues" before the industry as the country look toward Recession, 1991.

Dyk, operator of a landscaping firm in Denver, Colo., says his area—including Texas, Oklahoma and other oil-dependent state economies—has been in a slowdown for five years.

In that time, he learned some lessons.

"You have to do business a little differently. You operate in a different mode: cutting back on overhead and staff and tightening your belt," Dyk says.

Still, Dyk believes, landscaping overall "looks good."

"You simply have to be more conscious of costs in order to survive well," he says. LM

GLUT OR SHORTAGE?

Warwick, Rhode Island landscaper Gary Rouvelas at Garden Hills Florists, Inc. puts it bluntly: "We've got the pick of the litter."

▷ In Danville, Calif., landscaper Roger Fiske of Fiske Landscaping, chooses the word "horrible" to characterize the availability of good workers to draw from when seasonal hiring time approaches.

In a national economy tarnished by recession, the job pool for both landscapers and LCOs seems dictated by the slowing economy's effect in the immediate region.

Consider:

• Winchester, Mass. landscaper Brent Totman at Mahoney's Rocky Ledge Farm notes that two years ago the industry in his area was "standing on its head" to attract good workers. "I now have a stack of resumes on my desk. It is changing very quickly," he says. Also, landscaping as a career is beginning to be more heavily promoted at the high school level in his area, he notes.

• Minneapolis, Minn. landscaper Charles Glossop of Green Masters Industries nearly always enjoys success with walk-in-offthe-street workers for operations in Minneapolis proper—but has difficulty acquiring workers in affluent suburbs where the job market is more competitive.

Rural Minnesota LCO Thomas Rieff of Crystal Lawn Service in North Mankato submits a different picture. "It is tough," he says, "to offer only seasonal (employment) to people looking for permanent positions."

• Fiske thinks response to classified ads is a good barometer. Five years ago, he says, such an ad would net up to 80 calls a day. "Now we get maybe eight calls, and if five who are qualified will take the job, we're lucky," he says.

• Mixed reports emerge from the nation's breadbasket. Nebraska LCO Steve Brownrigg at Down to Earth Lawn Care sees the labor pool in his area as "good relative to other states" but adds he has difficulty securing "qualified, thinking people willing to work outdoors."

Billings, Montona's Jay Wirth of Wirth Landscaping notes his labor pool is a tiny one, but he enjoys drawing from a rural population where he says the work ethic is strong.

His only real labor problem: "Sometimes it is just trying to find the skills that we need," he says.

If recurring themes do surface nationwide, two seem to be the difficulty in attracting good permanent entry level staff and then keeping them. Englewood, Colo. landscaper Shannon Wilson of Natural Surroundings, Inc. says she, her partner and three permanent staffers recently held a meeting just to discuss those very issues.

"What can be frustrating is not having good people hang with you long enough to get promoted," she laments.

For Greely, Colo. LCO Jay Woods at American Turf and Tree Care, securing good workers is a catch-as-catch-can proposition. "Sometimes you land a good one," he says. "Other times it just doesn't work out."

It seems the industry's traditional vexing turnover rate is more acute in high cost-of-living pockets of the U.S. But Clearwater, Fla. landscaper Christopher Phillips of Landscape Technologies, Inc. reports a different picture.

"I know that labor shortages are supposed to be the problem of the '90s, but we don't have any problem getting help. But we're lucky, we're in a good labor pool," he says.

South Florida LCO Bill Lester of Lawn Care Plus says when he needs more manpower, he relies on a system of contacts built up over the years and easily secures good people for short-term work.

These snags, however, continue to be the difficulty in attracting newcomers either seasonally or as permanent beginning staff primarily because of the low entry-level pay scale and the lack of benefits in many cases. The labor-of-love aspect of lawn maintenance and landscaping might be best seen in the thoughts of Salem, Ore. landscaper Tony DeSantis of DeSantis Landscapes.

"Finding dependable people with a work ethic gets tougher all the time," he says. "The work is hard, you get dirty and you're out in the weather."

—Jack Simonds□

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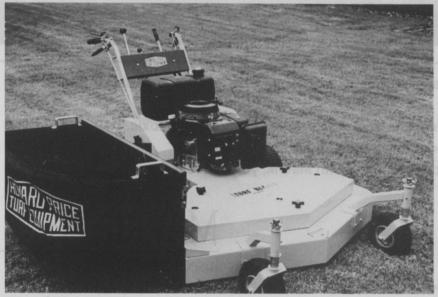
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WALK OR RIDE?

The landscape manager must make that decision before purchasing the appropriate mowers for his or her immediate needs.

by Jack Simonds, contributing editor

or lawn maintenance companies, it's decision time, as the rider vs. walk-behind mower purchase nears. Both have advantages and both have a niche in the mid-size lawn mower market.

"Walk-behinds give a good value for a lower price," says Howard Price of Howard Price Turf Equipment. Traditionally cheaper, and believed to be more maneuverable than riders, walk-behinds still offer situations where "certain people will want to step up to riders when the job gets bigger," Price admits. "But there's room in the market for both."

Encore Manufacturing's Dean Meyer agrees. The firm makes a line of walk-behinds and also two styles of sulkies which in some instances can provide the best of both worlds.

"A sulky can make it (a walk-behind) a pretty efficient rider," says Meyer. "But I think landscapers have a variety of different needs," he adds. For the price of one rider, in some instances, the smaller operator can pick up two walk-behinds, but other situations simply call for riders.

Here, then, is a sampler of some new walk-behinds and riders for 1991.

Jacobsen Turf Equipment boasts of its expanded Crew King line with sizes ranging from 32 to 60 inches and coming in floating deck and four fixed deck models.

Floating deck mowers, with 36and 48-inch models available, have a suspended cutting deck which the company says floats over uneven surfaces, yielding a smooth finish. Two Crew King fixed deck models have been added to the line including a 32and 60- inch mower. Jacobsen has 36and 48- inch fixed deck models.

Gravely International's re-designed Pro Series commercial mowers are easier to operate and perform better,



John Deere mid-sized front loader



Walker rider



Toro walk-behind

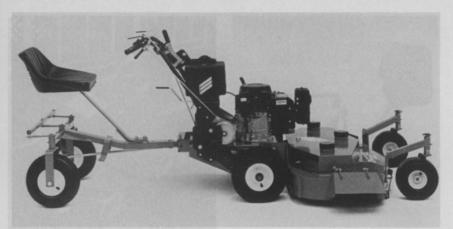
according to the company.

The front-mount walk-behind line sees a second drive belt added to prevent side slippage in wet conditions. Two belts spaced apart bar grass build up and heavy duty control linkage is also standard. The gas tank holds 3.5 gallons and handlebars have been widened. The line has a five-speed gear transmission, adjustable mower decks and instant forward and reverse. Powerplants include 12 and 12.5 hp gas engines. Thirty-two- and 36- inch decks are available. Heavy duty models come in 12.5, 14, 16, 17, and 18 hp motors and 36-, 40-, 50- and 60- inch mowing decks.

From Howard Price Turf Equipment comes 36- and 48-inch walk-behinds with both low and high gear, double-belt drive and a 9.5 bushel grass catcher. Equipped with a 3.5 gallon tank, both models come with reverse and easy height adjustment.

John Deere's two new offerings are 17.5 and 20 hp riders with the home and commercial market in mind.

A hydrostatic transmission operates by two foot pedals and cutting height is adjustable by a front crank system.



Encore sulky



Homelite mulching mower

Equipped with power steering, model F710 comes with a 48-inch mower; model F725 with a 54-inch mower.

Walker Manufacturing's GHS commercial rider model has a new blower system designed to reduce clogging and enhance vacuuming.

The model, designed for smaller landscaped areas, offers a Delco maintenance-free battery as standard equipment. Walker says the rider fits into today's landscaping plans for smaller green spots and the unit's maneuverability and running speed should make it competitive with walk-behind models.

A hydrostatic drive option has been introduced in **Toro**'s 14 and 18 hp walk-behind Pro-Line, the company announces.

Hydrostatic drive, Toro says, should improve traction because with no belts involved in the drive system, slipppage does not occur. Also, like other lines, Toro offers zero-radius turning and instant reverse.

Other new products and features from Toro include a 21-inch Recycler ProLine walk-behind a 48-inch recycler deck for both walk-behind and



Scag walk-behind

riding models and a recycling kit for 32-inch walk-behinds.

Toro's new 724-Z rider can cut up to 25 acres a day, the company says.

Encore Manufacturing announces a sulky to convert any size Pro-Line walk-behind into a rider. Encore says the sulky features an advanced tracking system which puts mower controls within easy reach. The attachment is independently adjustable and is equipped with pneumatic tires, spring suspension and a quick release hitch for conversion back to a walk-behind.

Scag Power Equipment introduces new 36- and 48-inch cutter decks for its zero-turn walk-behind. The line, winner in the overall excellence category at the 1990 International Lawn, Garden and Power Equipment Expo in Louisville, Ky., also includes 52-, 61- and 72-inch cutter decks.

From **Homelite** comes a new lightweight mulching mower designed for home use. With a 5 hp electric start engine, the model features a 20-inch mulching deck and twin multi-level blade design for a double cut.

Homelite already markets 4 and 5 hp mulching mowers with pull starting systems.

Also new to Homelite's line is a three-way convertible mower which comes as a side-discharge model. Kits



Ford Holland rider with hopper

are available for both mulching or addition of a 2.25 bushel rear bag collector.

Ford Holland's models CM224 and CM274, both commercial riders, may now be equipped with a 17-barrel capacity hopper which may be raised up to 73 inches for dumping. The hydraulic system is operated from the driver's seat and is designed to service trailers or pickup trucks. For on-site composting, the system can form two layers, making handling of materials easier, Ford Holland says.

The manufacturer also offers two new triple-bag grass collection systems. The 9.75 barrel capacity bushel



Excel rider with edger

bags is bolted to the tractor by a subframe and the hood flips forward for bag removal.

The **Grasshopper Co.** features a line of six riders, all with zero-radius turning and dual-hydrostatic direct drive. Models in the Gemini series range from 18 to 25 hp and are available in air- and liquid-cooled gas engines or diesel engines. Mowing deck sizes range from 44 to 72 inches.

Excel's Hustler Compact Series features an edger attachment, mulching capability and vacuuming collection systems which hold up to eight bushels of debris.

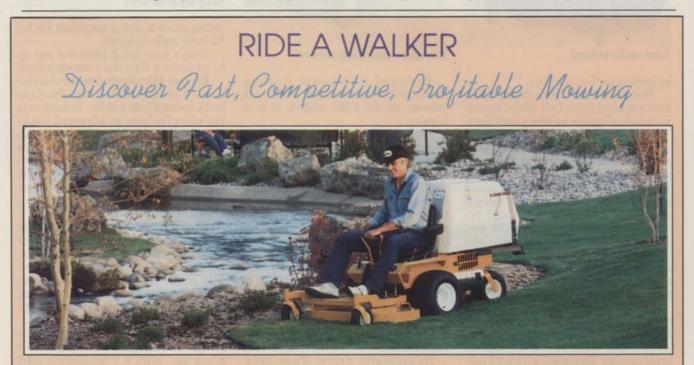
Designed with estates, apartment



Ariens mowing system

complexes, condominiums and other landscapes in mind, Excel compact riders are with 18 and 20 hp powerplants and 51- or 60-inch mowing decks.

From **Ariens** comes several walkbehind choices, notably the introduction of what the company calls a mowing system. Equipped with a 5 hp engine, the new offering mulches, recycles or collects trimmings depending on standard equipment used during mowing. Also an optional dethatcher and mulching enhancer are available. Ariens manufactures a full line including riders and accessory power lawn care gear. **LM**



Most commercial mowing operations are using walk-behind mowers because they have concluded no rider mower is compact or maneuverable enough to mow landscaped areas. Now maintenance operators all across the country are discovering the compact, maneuverable *Mid-Size Walker Mower* fits their job and saves labor (usually cuts labor 1/2). The labor saving *Walker* looks good whether your business is trying to produce profit or is operating on a budget. Write or call for a free brochure. Ask for a demonstration. **Walker Manufacturing Company, 5925 E. Harmony Road, Ft. Collins, Co 80525 · 1-800-279-8537**