# WILD VIOLET

Viola papilionacea

#### **IDENTIFICATION TIPS**

- > Small, pansy-like flowers feature five blue-violet, lilac or white petals.
- > Heart-shaped leaves with scalloped edges are often cupped toward the petiole to form a funnel shape.
- > It grows in bunches, reaching a height of 2 to 5 in.
- > It's most often found in cool, shady, moist, fertile soil.

### **CONTROL TIPS**

- > Wild violet is difficult to control because of its aggressive growth and resistance to many herbicides.
- > Apply a post-emergence broadleaf herbicide as soon as violets reach the two-leaf stage of growth.
- > The best control is provided by triclopyr, either alone or in two- and three-way combinations with other broadleaf herbicides.



## **DANDELION**

Taraxacum officinale

### **IDENTIFICATION TIPS**

- > Bright yellow blossoms of many petals are followed by puffball seed carriers.
- > Long, hairless leaves with jagged teeth grow from low rosettes.
- > Leafless, hollow stems emit a white, milky sap when broken.
- > It grows all summer long in most conditions and soils, but thrives in thin turf.

### **CONTROL TIPS**

- > When soil temperatures are below 60° F in early fall or late winter, apply a broadleaf pre-emergence herbicide.
- > It's good turf maintenance to reduce thin turf to help prevent spread.

For more information regarding these and other turf weeds, and related control technologies and tips, please visit www.DowProveslt.com or call 800/255-3726.



