LM Reports on leaf blowers

Disease control: north & south

HIRING Home Run Hitters
Only one thing matters when it comes to fungicides. Results. And Thalonil™ delivers top results. In university trials, Thalonil performed as good as, or better than, the competition. Research shows Thalonil sticks, protects and has superior handling characteristics. Use Thalonil for dollar spot, leafspot, brown patch, snow mold, algae scum and many other diseases. You’ll get the performance you need from Thalonil. The proof is in the results.

Since Thalonil’s™ introduction, turf professionals have used it with confidence, knowing they’ll get the results they need. Today, Thalonil is the choice for excellent disease control in turf. Results still don’t lie. Thalonil works in tests and in turf management programs.

Results Don’t Lie.

Always read and follow label directions. Trial results summary available upon written request.

Circle No. 126 on Reader Inquiry Card
We had originally planned a rather lengthy feature article on "stewardship" this month. Alas, one’s best-laid plans oft go astray.

The problem we encountered was that not many people—at least basic pesticide manufacturers—were willing to talk about stewardship "for the record." As much as you hear them boast in private conversation about their product stewardship programs, the subject is still publicly somewhat of a sore spot.

One person admitted that most stewardship responsibility lies with pesticide manufacturers. But "it goes far beyond the product," he continued. "It goes to how it’s applied, and how the applicator conveys himself."

The problem, they are saying, isn’t with the manufacturers holding up their end of the stewardship "bargain." It’s with applicators, who don’t often convey the necessary professional image. And manufacturers don’t want to come right out and say so, because then they’d sound self-serving, they’d probably offend some of their customers, and they could lose business.

Another person was critical of the green industry’s low-price consciousness.

"Price isn’t everything," he said. "The older chemistry, which is cheaper, has some less-than-positive attributes like higher application rates and staining properties that present the wrong image to the homeowner. People applying products have to look beyond what’s cheapest."

Thankfully, at least for this column, one person was prepared to go on record. And he—Jamie Breuninger, a technical service representative for DowElanco—made some interesting and valid comments.

"Stewardship is acting responsibly when making a pesticide application, and knowing what can happen if something goes wrong," he said.

"For instance, when it’s windy and you’re considering an application near a school. If there are any doubts in your mind, maybe you should come back."

The main problem with manufacturing, handling and applying pesticides in what’s called an "urban environment," of course, is that the public in general doesn’t understand pesticides. And the applicator is the person who must educate, not the manufacturer.

"The most effective people talking pesticides to the public are people at the garden centers and lawn care operators," observes Breuninger. "Unfortunately, when we [manufacturers] start talking about safety, people start turning us off."

Here, then, courtesy of DowElanco, are some messages your can take to your "public," whomever that may be:

- Only one in 20,000 pesticides discovered and tested ever receives EPA registration and makes it to the market.
- From discovery to registration, manufacturers spend 7 to 10 years and $35-$50 million on research and development.
- A single pesticide undergoes more than 120 tests for safety, and every year, new criteria make it increasingly difficult for a product to pass the EPA’s screening process.
- The pesticide industry is second only to the pharmaceutical industry in terms of regulation in America.

"These statements are believable," Breuninger notes. "And it’s really important that they be stressed."

"Stewardship," we all know, is the full-lifecycle, cradle-to-grave responsibility to see that pesticides: (1) are manufactured and used correctly; (2) do the tasks they were intended for; and (3) not do more harm than good. Stewardship certainly begins with the manufacturer, but it ends with you, the applicator. LM

Comments? Contact Jerry at (216) 826-2830 by phone, (216) 891-2675 by fax, or at his e-mail address: 75553.502@compuserve.com.
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Advantstar Marketing Services
1-800-736-3665
216-891-2742
FAX: 216-891-2727
7500 OLD OAK BLVD.
CLEVELAND, OH 44130

EDITORIAL STAFF

Fax (216) 891-2675
E-mail jroche_lm@compuserve.com

Jerry Roche Editor-in-Chief (216) 826-2830
Terry McVey Managing Editor (216) 891-2709
Ron Hall Senior Editor (216) 891-2636
Vernon Henry Group Editor (216) 826-2829
Lisa Lehman Art Director (216) 891-2785
Lisa Bodnar Graphic Designer (216) 891-3101

READER ADVISORY PANEL

Joe Alonzi
Westchester Country Club, Rye, N.Y.
Rod Bailey
Evergreen Services, Bellevue, Wash.
Alan Culver
Mahoney Golf Course, Lincoln, Neb.
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Environmental Landscape Services, Houston
Jack Robertson
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Steve Wightman
Jack Murphy Stadium, San Diego

BUSINESS STAFF

John D. Payne Publisher (216) 891-2786
Leslie Montgomery Administrative Coordinator (216) 826-2856
Judy Miducki Production Manager (216) 723-9281
Donna Pack Group Business Manager (216) 891-3131
Debi Harmer Production Director (216) 723-9325
Rosy Bradley Senior Production Manager (216) 723-9352
Karen Edgerton Circulation Manager (216) 723-9280
Sandy Ollah Green Book Supervisor (216) 723-9618
Lynn Viele Green Book Coordinator (216) 723-9393
Alex DeBarr Group Publisher (216) 891-2789

ADVERTISING OFFICES

Headquarters 7500 Old Oak Blvd.
Cleveland, OH 44130-3369
(216) 243-8100 Fax: (216) 891-2675

John D. Payne Publisher (216) 891-2786
e-mail: jpayne2222@aol.com

Kerry Jacobson Southeastern Sales Manager (216) 891-2626

Tom Galligan National Sales Manager
3901 52nd Ave.
Kenosha, WI 53144-1830
(414) 653-9523 Fax: (414) 653-9524
e-mail: tpgalligan@dad.com

John Kiesewetter Western Sales Manager
859 Willamette St.
Eugene, OR 97401
(541) 461-0022 Fax: (541) 461-0044

Dan Hoke Classified Ad Manager (216) 891-2672

MARKETING SERVICES

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DURSBAN ELIMINATES 140 INSECT PESTS BECAUSE ALL IT TAKES IS ONE TO BUG A CUSTOMER.

Most customers tend to overreact. Discover one lawn pest and they think they're infested. Never mind that most customers can't tell the difference between a sod webworm and a night crawler.

Keeping customers' lawns insect pest free is what Dursban* insecticide is all about. Not only is it a dependable and economical broad spectrum insecticide, but it has also been formulated to provide you an effective residual on most turfgrasses and ornamentals.

One thing for sure, use Dursban and customers won't be bugging you with their insect pest problems.

For further information on Dursban, or any other product in the extensive line of DowElanco products, give us a call at 1-800-352-6776. Always read and follow label directions.

*Trademark of DowElanco
Trees make a world of difference.

Between sand and dirt, and shaded parks for baseball, picnics, and quiet walks. Between steamy, sunbaked streets, and friendly, shady neighborhoods. Trees are cool. Trees help conserve energy, give wildlife a home, and increase property values. They also clean the air we breathe, hold the topsoil and keep rivers running clear.

But trees don’t just happen. Your town needs to plant trees, and provide for their care...to be a Tree City USA.

A World With Trees...where it's a pleasure to live, every day

A World Without Trees
Nothing makes you look better as a landscape and lawn care expert than Surflan® herbicide.

From azaleas to zinnias, Surflan is safe over the top of over 200 ornamentals, yet tough on over 50 annual grasses and broadleaf weeds. With Surflan, your customers will see you as a fountain of horticultural knowledge. And your impatiens, geraniums and petunias will love the fact that you used Surflan.

For further information on Surflan, or any other product in the extensive line of DowElanco products, give us a call at 1-800-352-6776. Always read and follow label directions.
FEATURES

20 COVER STORY: HIRING HOME RUN HITTERS
If hiring new technicians is one of the toughest tasks you face, it could be because you don’t have a plan in place to help predict whether a job candidate will be reliable and honest. A structured interviewing and hiring process produces more “home runs” than “strikeouts.”

RON HALL

24 WORKER SAFETY
What’s required by OSHA, EPA, the states and insurance companies in the way of worker safety, plus a supplemental “model” safety program and a list of helpful safety-oriented literature.

BARBARA HOWELL

28 LM REPORTS: LEAF BLOWERS
Pending local legislation in Scarsdale, N.Y. and Los Angeles partially or wholly bans power leaf blowers. If that trend catches on across the nation, landscape managers could lose one of the most valuable time-saving tools at their current disposal. Also: a complete list of power blowers available to commercial users.

JERRY ROCHE

33 DISEASE CONTROL NORTH & SOUTH
Effective disease control relies on knowing the requirements of the particular turf and being ready for any kind of weather.

JOHN WATKINS, PH.D.
BRUCE MARTIN, PH.D.
Most People Are Ecstatic At How Effective Confront Is At Making Their Broadleaf Weeds Disappear.

With Confront herbicide, lawn care and landscape professionals know they're covered. Because no postemergent herbicide controls broadleaf weeds better.

Confront brings you a new standard of broadleaf control on both warm and cool season turfgrasses.

For over 35 different species of broadleaves, from dandelions and clover to oxalis and ground ivy, Confront is the one herbicide that won't let you down.

For further information on Confront, or any other product in the extensive line of DowElanco products, give us a call at 1-800-352-6776. Always read and follow label directions.
Golf course geese

On our golf course, we have problems with Canada geese. Is there anything we can use to keep them away from the golf course area?

—PENNSYLVANIA

Canada geese are a problem in many well-maintained turfgrass areas. Large number of geese can cause damage to turfgrass from their overgrazing and unsanitary droppings. In addition, the runoff from these areas may produce a high coliform bacterial count in nearby bodies of water. The damaged turfgrass may be unsightly and may require overseeding.

To manage the problem, consider repellents such as Rejex-It AG-36. This product is a taste aversion agent. Follow the label guidelines for specific rates, mixing and application guidelines. Product efficacy is based on proper rate and application. Consider using a "sticker," which helps the product adhere to the turfgrass.

The label recommends a Bond spreader-sticker. Other brand stickers might also work well.

Thoroughly treat the area and allow the material to dry before entering the treated area. Repeat as needed at four-day intervals.

(EDITOR’S NOTE: Rejex-It is manufactured by PMC Specialties Group, Inc., of Cincinnati. Phone number there is 513-242-3300.)

Cure for dying Taxus?

We have a row of five mature (5- to 6-year-old) Taxus (yew) plants in a house foundation area. The middle three are dead, and the two end trees are showing foliar discoloration. The client suspects that the cause is lawn herbicides. They want us to replace the dead trees with similar-sized plants. Because of the possibility of diseases, we do not want to do that. What do you suggest?

—MARYLAND

It is very unlikely that lawn-applied herbicides caused the decline. Generally, if a woody ornamental gets contaminated, it will produce a twisting, cupping of leaves on new growth. The concentration of broadleaf herbicide applied on lawns for herbaceous weed management is not high enough to cause serious adverse effects on ornamentals.

Examine the new growth on non-target plants for possible herbicide injury. Also, check for specific patterns of injury on suspected plants.

Taxus plants are extremely sensitive to poorly-drained soils, resulting in "wet feet" disorders (also known as the "bathtub effect"). This "wet feet" disorder can be caused by excess water from downsprouts of homes that does not drain quickly because of sidewalks or nearby roads. This can drown and suffocate the root system. In addition to direct injury from excess soil water, these stressed plants become more susceptible to certain diseases and insects.

Based on the information you have given, there are a few possibilities. Study the dead and declining plants on site. Examine the soil and root system for possible root rot caused by Phytophthora sp. and/or Armillaria sp. Smell the soil and look for bluish-black roots with a marshgas—or methane—odor. This suggests the possibility of root rot disease. These two diseases also establish on poorly-drained, heavy clay soils. Check the soil environment.

For further confirmation, you may need to send root samples to diagnostic clinics for diagnosis and recommendations. For Phytophthora root rot disease, a fungicide such as Subdue or Alliette can be used. No fungicide products are available for Armillaria sp.

The other possibility is that the damage is caused by black vine weevil. Adult weevils make c-shaped cuts on foliage; larvae feed on roots. Larval feeding can kill the plant. Therefore, examine the needles for possible black vine weevil feeding damage. For this pest, use products such as Orthene around mid-June and provide two more applications at three-week intervals to help manage the adults. It is very difficult to manage the larvae once they become soil-inhabiting and root-feeding pests. LM
We'll keep the pesticide industry from becoming a victim of air pollution.

Ahh, television news in the 90s.
Tabloid journalism has sneaked its way onto the airwaves. And the pursuit of facts seems to have been replaced by the pursuit of ratings.
So the specialty pesticide industry needs a media watchdog that not only watches. But that also takes action.
Fortunately, we have one.
RISE. Responsible Industry for a Sound Environment.
RISE is a coalition of manufacturers, formulators and distributors from all areas of the specialty pesticide business.
In addition to promoting environmental stewardship, RISE makes sure the media doesn't report misinformation as fact.
We also hold editorial meetings with media decision-makers. And respond to negative articles or broadcasts that are incorrect. We've been very successful so far. Not surprising considering what our most powerful weapon is. The truth.
Of course, there's still a lot more work to do. But rest assured, RISE is up to the task.
Because we know if we eliminate air pollution, the pesticide industry can breathe a lot easier.

RISE
Responsible Industry for a Sound Environment
1156 15th St., N.W., Suite 400, Washington, D.C. 20005. ©1995 RISE RISB-0047
LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT magazine is offering a $500 first prize to the winner of a random drawing to be held on June 21, 1996. Second prize is $300 and third prize $200 in cash. In order to be eligible for the drawing, simply fill out the questionnaire below and return it to LM's editorial offices.

Answers to the questions will be the basis for our "1996 Emerald Awards," to be revealed—along with the contest winner—in our August issue.

CONTEST REQUIREMENTS: Contestants must be owners or employees of landscape maintenance companies or lawn care companies; or maintenance employees of a golf course or country club, including superintendents and assistant superintendents; or an athletic field manager or member of an athletic field maintenance crew. Employees of Advanstar Communications and their families are not eligible.

All questions on this entry form must be completed, and all blanks filled. One entry per person. No more than five entries from any one employer will be allowed. Entry forms will appear in the March, April and May, 1992, issues of this magazine.

Completed questionnaires should be mailed to: Emerald Awards, LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT, 7500 Old Oak Blvd., Cleveland, OH 44130. They must be received by noon, June 21, 1996.

A random drawing of all eligible entry forms will be held the afternoon of June 21, 1996. The winners will be notified within 24 hours.
Scythe™ is an amazingly fast-acting herbicide that lets you see results in minutes or hours, instead of days or weeks. It is made from a naturally occurring fatty acid and offers many advantages over other herbicides.

- Scythe is environmentally friendly, so it can be used around homes, in parks, on golf courses, along highways and fences, in greenhouses and nurseries.
- There is no soil persistence so it can be applied to seed beds immediately before planting and around shrubs, trees and other ornamentals.
- Scythe enhances the activity of glyphosate (Roundup® for example). Not only does it immediately start turning weeds brown, it accelerates the uptake of glyphosate into the plant. This speeds the systemic action and helps avoid washoff from rain or irrigation.

See your chemical dealer or call Mycogen at 1-800-745-7476.
You know how much damage grubs can do once they begin feeding. So don't settle for an insecticide that stops grubs eventually. DYLOX® Insecticide delivers grub control posthaste. In other words, it's the fastest grub control available.

After grubs hatch and begin to feed, apply DYLOX. Within 24 to 48 hours, the grubs are dead. And since DYLOX has a very short soil residual, it's an insecticide you can feel good about using.

What's more, unlike other subsurface insecticides, DYLOX has no label restrictions on land-
scape and recreational turfgrass varieties or sites. In fact, with the 80% water-soluble powder formulation, you can even spray flowers, shrubs and trees and get first-class control of ornamental insect pests.

DYLOX is a low-odor compound and is also available in a 6.2% granular formulation. To find out more, contact Bayer Corporation, Specialty Products, Box 4913, Kansas City, MO 64120. (800) 842-8020.

And get fast grub control signed, sealed and delivered.
Chicago ‘blows away’ its golf/landscape competition

by JERRY ROCHE/Editor-in-Chief

If you want to get serious about turf maintenance for a living, start your career—or build upon it—in Chicago.

According to a survey by LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT magazine, the Windy City is the top golf and landscape maintenance market in the continental United States.

We graded U.S. cities in seven categories, and Chicago was the only city to earn "stars" in all seven. Closest competitors were Dallas/Ft. Worth, Texas and Minneapolis, Minn., each with five stars.

Here’s how we graded the cities:

► If a city had a comparatively high number of Yellow Pages ads dedicated to the "Lawn Care" category, it received a star. Likewise for the "Landscape Maintenance" category. Generally speaking, two pages or more of lawn care ads qualified a city for a star, and three pages or more of landscape maintenance ads qualified.

We also factored membership rosters of the Professional Lawn Care Association of America and the Associated Landscape Contractors of America to see where the largest concentration of these types of businesses was.

► U.S. Census figures for "income per household" and "new home construction" were also tallied. We rationalized that cities high in average household income would generally have more disposable income to spend for professional lawn care or landscaping and golfing. Likewise, new home construction would mean more opportunities for lawn and landscape installation. Cities that ranked in the top 15 for 1994 were given stars.

► Golf course availability—that is, communities with one golf hole for 1,750 residents or fewer—were given a star.

Communities with more than 1,000 total golf holes were also awarded stars. Figures were obtained from a survey conducted by the National Golf Foundation in 1993.

► Finally, the cities with the largest municipal parks were given additional stars. Since official statistics were not readily available in this category, LM had to be somewhat more subjective, though the most recent issue of the "Places Rated Almanac" was consulted. In some isolated cases, an additional consideration was presence of a well-maintained regional, state or national park within or contiguous to the metropolitan area.

► On the following page is the list of LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT’s Top Golf/Landscape cities:

OSHA: Occupational Injury & Illness Incidence Rates per 100 Full-Time Workers, 1973-94

NOTES:
1. The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000, where
   - n = number of injuries and illnesses
   - EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers
   (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).
3. Total lost workday cases includes cases involving restricted work activity only in addition to days-away-from work cases with or without restricted work activity.
4. To maintain historical comparability with the rest of the series, data for small non-farm employers in low-risk industries who were not surveyed were imputed and included in the survey estimates for 1978, 1979, 1983 and 1984.
6. Because of rounding, components may not add to the totals. Data for 1976-93 exclude farms with fewer than 11 employees.
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* Cities appear in alphabetical order

Lawn care = Total lawn care companies in metro Yellow Pages; Landscaping = Total landscape contractors in metro Yellow Pages; Income/house = National leader in household income average, 1994 census; New homes = National leader in new home construction, 1994 census; Golf availability = Communities with one golf hole for 1,750 people or fewer, NGF, 1993; Golf courses = Communities with more than 1,000 total golf holes, NGF, 1993; Park acreage = High total metropolitan park acreage, Places Rated Almanac, 1994
Finally, a tool to assess ‘real’ risks

by RON HALL / Senior Editor

Dr. John Paling has an informational tool that helps turf managers explain the risks of pesticides to the public.

His Paling Perspective Scale (PPS), as its name implies, puts hazards in proper perspective, including those associated with pesticides. The PPS is based upon available published science, says Paling, a professor of biology at the University of Florida.

Actually, any type of risk that’s supported by reliable data can be placed on the PPS. Then, at a glance, a viewer can assess the likelihood of other catastrophes.

The PPS (see below) is a grid that looks like a football field. Reading to the right from zero—corresponding to the 50-yard line on a football field—are activities that carry increasing risk; moving to the left on the scale are activities signifying decreasing risk.

Members of the public can then sort out for themselves how specific risks relate to other risks which they are already familiar,” says Paling, who spoke at the 1996 GCSAA Conference.

He offers these pointers to turf managers when discussing chemical risks with concerned individuals.

- Don’t say everything is safe. There are always the very remote but real possibilities of chemical exposure to ultra-sensitive people.

- Understand where your critics are coming from. Are they energized by emotions rather than facts? If so, initially their feelings will probably make them deaf to any discussion of figures from business.

- Listen. Make a note of the specific risks and circumstances that are their main concerns.

- Convey your constant concern. Remember this phrase: “We are always concerned about the health and safety of our members and our communities. We recognize that all chemical treatments have some remote risks attached to them and that is why we constantly take such care to apply them exactly as recommended by the manufacturers and the EPA.

- Don’t let yourself be quoted as an expert on the risks involved. Even though you may have been carrying out chemical treatments for years, always define safety in terms of meeting the standards set by the experts whose job it is to measure and regulate risks for society.

For more information on risk communication, consider Dr. Paling’s book “Up To Your Armpits in Alligators?” ($20).

—Contact John Paling & Co., Ltd., 5822 N.W. 91st Boulevard, Gainesville, FL 32653; phone (352) 377-2142; fax (352) 377-2351.

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- Odds of anything happening to only one person in the world at any time
- Dying from an airplane crashing on you
- Point below which Food and Drug Administration deems any risk of cancer from a food additive too small to be of concern over a lifetime
- Risk of non-lethal accidental pesticide poisoning in one year
- Dying from some cancer
- Risk of dying from driving a motor vehicle
- Things that happen to half the population anywhere, anytime
In your business two types of crabs are a fact of life. New ACCLAIM® EXTRA Herbicide provides excellent control of the crabgrass escape type. Even more concentrated than the original Acclaim, ACCLAIM EXTRA is 14% stronger. So that lower rates give you the same dependable spot treatment control without damaging your existing turf. Plus, ACCLAIM EXTRA also lets you reseed fescue and ryegrass immediately after the spray dries.* It can also still be used on bluegrass, ryegrass, zoysiagrass, fine fescue, tall fescue — even bentgrass fairways and tees. And ACCLAIM EXTRA controls crabgrass escapes from the 1-leaf stage right up to just before seed head formation.

No preemergence herbicide is perfect, so make postemergence ACCLAIM EXTRA a part of your season-long crabgrass control program. As for that other type of crab... sorry, but you're on your own.

*Wait 3 weeks for bluegrass, zoysiagrass, bentgrass.
Effective October 1st, the National Turfgrass Evaluation Program (NTEP) will collapse for lack of money, if the United States Department of Agriculture has its way.

When Congress cut back its portion of the federal budget, the USDA's Agricultural Research Service (ARS) said it would stop funding the NTEP, according to national program coordinator Kevin Morris.

The NTEP is a nationwide network of research programs that evaluates the adaptability of different turfgrass cultivars to local environmental and climatic conditions, and to different management regimes. Each year, subscribers can receive full reports on all the major varieties entered in the trials for a nominal fee. LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT also runs a condensed version of the reports in its popular "Pocket Seed Guide" every July.

According to government officials, President Clinton's administration and USDA officials, who are appointed by Clinton, consider the NTEP research low priority, and have eliminated it from the 1997 fiscal budget (starting October 1, 1996).

In a letter to NTEP constituents dated March 27th, Morris wrote:

"The good news is that there is still time to reverse this decision. Please contact your Congressional representatives immediately, telling them you support turfgrass research funding by USDA. Also, the following individuals within USDA need to hear from you: Secretary Dan Glickman, Dr. Floyd Horn and Dr. Edward Knipling."

However, in a note to LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT on April 4th, Morris was less optimistic:

"Hopefully, the USDA officials will know we are here. However, they most likely will not change their position. This will have to come from Congress."

The Golf Course Superintendents Association of America is exhorting its members to call the Capitol switchboard to contact legislators with support for the NTEP. In its most recent "Government Relations Briefax," the GCSAA also suggested its members write their Congressional representatives.

Southeast distributor to buy Lofts Seed

Budd Seed, Inc., a wholesale turfgrass seed and fertilizer distributor based in Winston-Salem, N.C., will purchase New Jersey-based Lofts Seed, Inc., one of the green industry's major suppliers of turfgrass seed since 1923.

According to Ken Budd, president and chief operating officer of Budd Seed, a mutually-agreed-upon purchase is expected on June 30th.

Budd Seed has distributed Lofts products for the last 15 years.

"We are their second- or third-largest customer," says Budd. "We're looking to expand" the Loft's products further into the Southeast.

"We plan to run Lofts as it's been run for the past 15 years," says Budd. "It's a strong company, and we plan to continue with [turfgrass] breeding, research, production and distribution."

According to Budd, the Lofts Seed name will remain. Budd Seed is a privately-held company that sells turfgrass seed to garden centers, golf courses and commercial turf care companies in the Carolinas, Tennessee, Kentucky, Virginia and West Virginia. It also distributes Andersons, Weaver and IMC fertilizers.

Budd says the purchase will combine the synergies of both companies in areas of financing, marketing and personnel.

Jon Loft, president and chief executive officer of Lofts Seed, is expected to retire, although Budd could not specify the date of Lofts' retirement.

Lofts developed and owns patents on more than 25 seed varieties such as Rebel II and Rebel III turf-type tall fescues, Palmer perennial ryegrass and Georgetown Kentucky bluegrass. The company has domestic branches and subsidiaries in Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Ohio, Oregon and Georgia.

—Terry McVee
Grass, bushes, yes, even trees, Husqvarna has the power equipment to get the job done. In fact, with Husky, you get the most complete selection of lawn and garden equipment of any major brand. You get Husky's exclusive features such as Air Injection for cutting up to 20 times longer between filter cleanings; Smart Start™ for smooth, easy starts; and LowVib™ for one of the lowest vibration ratings in the market. You get quality based on a 300-year tradition of excellence. Call 1-800-HUSKY-62, and you get our free catalog along with dealer locator information. Find out about the Superior Value of Husqvarna. If you have a yard, we have something for it.
If hiring new technicians is one of toughest tasks you face, it could be because you don’t have a plan in place to help predict whether a job candidate will be reliable and honest.

Not having a hiring process—it doesn’t have to be elaborate—is a mistake.

Even though no system is infallible, a structured interviewing and hiring process produces more “homers” than “strikeouts” in acquiring reliable and honest employees. At least more success than the, “yup, he-looks-like-he-can-handle-it” hiring approach.

Atlanta-based Orkin Pest Control and Lawn Care, for instance, screens applicants systematically. This is done along with face-to-face interviews.

The process includes:

- a drug screening program;
- a felony record check;
- a motor vehicle report;
- a pencil-and-paper “integrity” test;
- and a company physical.

It starts as soon as an applicant walks into an office and is informed that the company is drug-free. The drug test itself isn’t given until after a prospect is offered conditional employment and signs a consent form.

Orkin uses a nationwide laboratory for drug testing, says Tom Diederich, vice president of government relations. But some companies use local laboratories.

Applicants should be advised to list any prescription drugs they’re taking so the laboratory can screen them out, he says.

Curiously, the law treats drug and alcohol testing differently, says Richard Lehr, an attorney who works closely with lawn application companies. A company
can conduct random employee drug testing, says Lehr, but it must have "reasonable cause" to test an employee suspected of being alcohol impaired.

While outside vendors can conduct felony record checks of job prospects (about $35 per individual, says Diederich), employers can do this themselves. It will require several calls to the county where the applicant lives, or previously lived.

Likewise, Orkin uses a vendor to run motor vehicle checks of prospects. "A current license doesn't necessarily mean a clean driving record," says Diederich.

Again, employers can get this information themselves, although it may take a while. Motor vehicle departments may or may not be as cooperative as you'd like, depending on the state.

What about a telephone reference check of a job candidate?

Do it, advises Diederich. Some former employers will only reveal that the individual worked for them, and perhaps the job title and length of employment, but their tone of voice can be significant, he says.

You may also be able to contact a former supervisor or co-worker who might provide a more complete picture of the job prospect.

As for the physical examination, most companies would probably benefit from using a local doctor who's, at least, familiar with the types of jobs the prospect will be doing. Will it require heavy lifting? Sitting for prolonged periods?

Crucial to the entire process is confidentiality. Whatever the company learns about the prospect must remain confidential, cautions Diederich.

Beyond the tests and the interviews, says Diederich, green industry employers should ask themselves the ultimate question:

"Would I want this person servicing my home? Or driving a vehicle in which my wife and children are passengers?"

"If the answer is 'no,' no matter how desperately you need a person, I would say, pass on that person," says Diederich. LM

—For more on hiring, consult the business section of your local library (Dewey Decimal 658.311).

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**Hiring tips**

1) Establish a positive company image to attract the best talent.
2) Know what you need, especially in the areas of technical expertise and personality traits.
3) Don't pre-judge candidates you're interviewing, and don't hire on instinct.
4) Look for industriousness, intelligence, temperament, creativity, resourcefulness, confidence, motivation and drive.
5) Ask for references, and check them.

—Sources: "A Small Business Guide to Employee Selection by Lin Grensing; "On Hiring" and "Finding, Hiring and Keeping the Best Employees" by Robert Half.

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**Why you must prepare for job interviews, too**

To successfully interview a job candidate, you should prepare first, believes Ewald Altstadt, director of national operations for Lawn Doctor of Holmdel, N.J. Unfortunately, many don't.

"We should organize the necessary data. We should make a list of the key questions. Even the most skilled interviewer should prepare questions beforehand—job-type qualification questions," says Altstadt.

The interviewer can draft these questions by following these five points:

1) Determine exactly what is required of the job.
2) List the characteristics, the skills and the abilities a person will need to do the job.
3) Find out as much as possible about candidates' background.
4) Determine to what extent each person you interview does or doesn't have the necessary skills or ability.
5) Weigh all information on all available applicants and make a decision.

Altstadt suggests "a semi-structured" interview process. Its goal is to learn as much as possible about the job prospect which means "getting the person talking and keeping him or her talking."

Even then, hiring a prospect is, at best, an educated guess. "The more data we have on each candidate, the better our guess is going to be," says Altstadt. After each interview, thank the applicant and let him or her know when you will make a decision, says Altstadt. That's the time to write down your impressions of the job candidate.

All managers can greatly improve their ability to conduct successful job interviews. But it takes persistence and preparation, says Altstadt.

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—R.H.
As you know, success on a green calls for a balanced stance. Quiet concentration. Unerring accuracy. And a true roll.

Toro answers the call with the premier family of riding greens mowers. Including a totally new member.

Greensmaster® 3200, the most technologically advanced mower in its class.

Another new member, Greensmaster® 3100, is the lightest Toro triplex of all. Giving you two excellent choices based on your specific needs.

We start with remarkably quiet engines. For example, the new 3200 is powered by a liquid cooled gas or diesel engine that emits remarkably low levels of sound. Something your golfers and neighbors will appreciate.

Both mowers feature fully floating reels and independent baskets. And the 3200 also offers a single point connection. All ensuring a consistent height of cut. In addition, the 3200 has an all new cutting system. New reels, bedknives, rollers, suspension, everything it takes to give your greens an incomparably superb quality of cut. Cleanly consistent with few stray clips. Plus a true roll.
The 3100 and 3200 also mean substantially equal weight distribution on all wheels. Creating a balanced stance that maximizes traction but minimizes compaction.

Decidedly operator friendly, the 3100 and 3200 offer ergonomic design. Fingertip controls. Comfortable seating. Power steering. Turf Guardian® hydraulic oil leak detectors. And the 3200’s joystick cutting unit control, plus electronics for operation control and service diagnostics.

The Toro family of riding greens mowers. Born to succeed because they’re the offspring of Toro’s 80 year partnership with golf course superintendents.

Working together, we’re all in the family.

For more details, contact your Toro Distributor:
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Circle No. 127 on Reader Inquiry Card
NEVER ENOUGH, NEVER TOO MUCH

by BARBARA G. HOWELL

OSHA, RCRA, EPA, MSDS, ANSI, DOT, WPS.

In the alphabet soup of safety rules, those of us working in the green industry are often caught in a stew. Some experts estimate that a single crew must comply with between 15 and 30 regulations—just from the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

Consultants advise companies before OSHA inspections. Professional organizations like the Professional Lawn Care Association of America (PLCAA) and the Golf Course Superintendents Association of America (GCSAA) offer booklets and programs to ease compliance, training and safety. States have entered the safety arena with their own regulations, which often conflict with or override federal standards.

Ironically, these regulations do not even address the major safety concern of half the personnel in the green industry. Five of 10 owners and workers say vehicular safety—highway driving—is their biggest concern.

Carmen Zayas, human resources director for Clean Cut of Austin, Texas, explains:

Areas of concern in green industry

Here are the main areas of safety concern that are controlled by local, state and national laws:

- record-keeping of spills and accidents;
- posting of codes, signs and use of decals in the workplace;
- personal protection equipment (respirators, goggles, boots, gloves, etc.);
- keeping the workplace free of obvious and hidden hazards (oil cans near furnaces, unbalanced stacks of materials, etc.);
- regulation compliance as determined by inspections;
- proper handling and transportation of pesticides and hazardous material;
- monitoring of employee exposure to toxic substances;
- proper storage and disposal of pesticides and containers;
- state certification of personnel;
- training of new and continuing employees;
- notification of customers and neighbors when chemical applications are made;
- noise levels;
- fire and spill prevention, control and containment;
- temperature and ventilation control;
- compliance with label directions and availability of relevant material, including product Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs);
- safety features, conditions and proper use of equipment;
- emergency procedures;
- electrical systems and safety; and
- adequate exits and access.

Mix and apply products carefully, and wear the proper clothing and safety equipment.

“When applying chemicals, you can train and have control. Motor vehicles aren’t under your control. There are so many other elements involved. My biggest concern is defensive driving. You can do more damage than anyone else in the crew when you’re driving.”

Ron Mathews, vice president of Regal Landscape Services in Columbus, Ohio, agrees. “My biggest concern is being on the highway with trucks. There are a lot more accidents there than while mowing, especially with quick stops and dragging trailers.”

What about regulations governing mowing and pesticide use? Most operators believe they are too numerous and too confusing.
"The regulations are well-intentioned and not 100 percent attainable," says Todd Stevenson of Sports Turf Services, Boynton Beach, Fla. "Regulators think they are raising the level of public confidence in industry safety, but, in fact, many regulations do not measurably increase safety."

Sometimes, Zayas says, the volume of regulations and requirements actually hinders safety efforts. "We are constantly struggling to make time for activities in the field, conducting job analyses and coordinating hands-on training because we have to spend so much time on the documentation and paperwork involved."

"The amount of research time that goes into keeping up with new regulations and being in compliance is astronomical. It is indeed time-consuming when you have to make five phone calls just to figure out if a law applies to you. Often, the agencies that originated the regulations themselves do not have the employees available who can readily explain the ramifications of the legislation."

Even with all the areas of concern (see sidebar), some owners believe there need to be more regulations in some areas. Beverly Hills Landscaping owner Dave Mercure of Coral Springs, Fla. believes that a lot of tree trimming is done unsafely. He and other pesticide applicators are also concerned about the number of illegal pesticide applicators not stopped because of insufficient regulation of pesticide sales or use.

Concern for safety of the employees and customers, even of those walking by when a weed-eater is in use, motivate owners to remind themselves and others that, as Mathews puts it, "any time we can do anything to help each other, it's good."

Even in equipment use, where operators are tempted to disengage safety switches, Ron Witt (owner of Ron's Lawn Care in Deerfield, Fla.) says, "Society in general is over-regulated, but lawn mowing is not. Safety shut-off switches are good and emissions control is okay."

Zayas at Clean Cut concludes: "Most employers have their employees' best interests in mind [in complying with regulatory efforts]. Not just because of the moral and ethical issues, but also because it makes financial sense.

"Money spent on medical costs, property damages, lost productivity—it all adds up. Therefore, it is in the employer's best interests to reduce accidents and injuries."

—Barbara Howell is a freelance writer based in Cleveland, Ohio.

10 safety tips

1. Get everyone to "think safety." Motivate employees with incentives.
2. Wear the proper safety gear.
3. Pay attention and be alert—at all times.
4. Mix and apply pesticides carefully. Remember the threat to homeowners and pets.
5. Secure equipment on trailers.
6. The label is the law. Follow it.
7. Leave all guards on power equipment, and don't defeat safety switches. Don't be careless when operating it.
8. Be relentless in communicating to employees that management will not tolerate negligent behavior.
9. Be safe in everything you do. Life is fragile: handle with care. Sell your service as being safe in every way.
10. Train employees in proper lifting techniques and make support devices available.

Publications

"Rinsing and Disposing of Pesticide Containers," from the Ohio State University Cooperative Extension Service, 2021 Coffey Rd., Columbus, OH 43201

"Overall Safety," "Walk-Behind Safety Guidelines" and "Safe Riding Mower Use," from the Outdoor Power Equipment Institute, 341 S. Patrick St., Old Town Alexandria, VA 22314


Truck and trailer accidents are common in the green industry. Safe driving is just as important as proper pesticide use. Also, don't 'soup up' engines or remove guards.
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Take it from those who know. For broad-spectrum, season-long control and cost-effectiveness, no other preemergent turf herbicide can match Pendimethalin. For more information or for the distributor nearest you, call 1-800-545-9525.

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Nothing Beats Pendimethalin
BEWARE: BLOWER BANS

Your community could be next for 'Project Quiet Yard.'

by JERRY ROCHE / Editor-in-Chief

Landscapers from coast to coast are not taking too kindly to some of their local leaders lately. From as far east as Scarsdale, N.Y., about 15 miles north of Manhattan, to as far west as Los Angeles, they are being threatened by anti-leaf blower legislation.

In Los Angeles, Marvin Braude heads a committee that recommends a law to ban the use of backpack blowers within 500 feet of residential living units. "Obviously, Councilman Braude is pretty intent on going after this issue again," says Robin Pendergrast of International Marketing Exchange, which represents Echo, Inc., a leading blower maker. "My feeling is that he has a hard, tough road ahead of him, as he has in the past."

The entire L.A. city council will probably have a public hearing on May 14th, prior to a vote on the proposed blower ban.

In Scarsdale, landscapers are not allowed to use any power leaf blower that is louder than 75 decibels. At certain times of the day—according to a city law—they cannot even use a blower louder than 55 decibels.

Members of the New York Turf & Landscape Association are poised to go back to court a third time to battle the legislation, which was allowed by an appellate panel of three state Supreme Court justices early this year, after being disallowed late last year. "Improper procedure lost us the case," says New York Turf & Landscape Association president Joe Tinelli of Westchester County. "But we are re-submitting all the paperwork and we’re going to have it contested again this summer on the basis of constitutionality."

The association has already spent nearly $18,000 on the case, not including the $4,000 to re-submit. "We’re planning a public forum where both sides can take off the gloves and go at it," says Tinelli. "People are being brainwashed by that 'Project Quiet Yard' group out of Connecticut, which is travelling all over the country."

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(847) 540-8400
Circle No. 280
PB4600 has 44cc engine; 70 dBA; 22 lbs.; tube-mounted throttle control offers one-hand operation; two-quart fuel tank

ENCORE
(402) 228-4255
Circle No. 281
Pro-Line walk-behind blower has 8 hp industrial/commercial engine; adjustable chute; heavy-duty front caster; heavy-duty pneumatic rear wheels with re-greasable roller bearings; wide air intake vent

FRADAN
(914) 632-3769
Circle No. 282
Model BB-50 Bac-Pac has 41cc Fradan engine; 236 mph air speed; 590 cu. ft./min. air volume; 67 dBA with large 3-qt. fuel tank
Models PB8IC, PB9VG, PB14VG, PB11IC are walk-behinds with Briggs & Stratton Engines (model no. corresponds to engine hp) with cu. ft./min. volume ranges from 2129 to 3500 and dBas of 70

JACOBSEN
(414) 637-6711
Circle No. 283
B-40 is a high-volume blower that mounts to any 25 hp, 540 rpm tractor with three-point linkage; 5,000 cu. ft./min.; directional chute; heavy-duty all-steel construction
Three blower attachments can be mounted to Jacobsen Turfcat; feature 23 and 28 hp diesel engines or 45 hp gas engine; 225 mph air speed; 3400 cu. ft./min. air volume; 222° directional chute

JOHN DEERE
(919) 850-0123
Circle No. 284
Model 45BP (back pack) has air speed of 180 mph with padded harness and backrest; 44cc engine; air volume of 370 cu. ft./min.; twist-lock pipe section for hard-to-reach areas

LESCO
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Circle No. 285
Hydraulic Drive Wheel Blower 4000 is a walk-behind with 16 hp Briggs & Stratton engine; variable speed hydraulic drive; remote control side deflector; heavy-duty swiveling front caster wheel

SOLO
(804) 245-4228
Circle No. 291
414 Backpack blower uses 55cc engine; 229 mph air velocity; 589 cu. ft./min. volume; weighs 17 lbs.; anti-vibration elements; pistol grip control; 190 mph air speed; 6+ lbs.

STIHL
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"All we want is a compromise. We know that there's no reason to have four blowers going on one property at the same time," Tinelli concedes. "But the other side is becoming absolutely ridiculous. It's getting to be a trendy thing to get involved with, like 'Save the Whales.'"

Echo Manufacturing—which is planning to release an ultra-low-noise backpack blower before the end of the year—recommends that commercial power blower users follow these operating tips to avoid upsetting homeowners and thus decreasing the possibility of further government intrusion into their livelihoods:

1) Use the blower at less than full throttle, if possible. Remember, it's not how far you're blowing debris but how the job looks when it's done.
2) Operate power blowers only at reasonable hours (not early in the morning or late at night).
3) Avoid open windows and other places where dust and noise might be a nuisance.
4) Develop skills in using accessories such as misters and nozzle attachments.
5) Clean up debris that has been assembled by the blower—promptly.
6) Keep the blower in good working order. Routinely check the muffler, air intakes, air filter and fuel filter.  

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YOU'RE FIRED!

by RON HALL / Sr. Editor

Call it getting the pink slip, terminated, pushed out the door, fired, let go, sacked, kicked out, dismissed, downsized...what else? However you say it, it all means the same thing: your employer is getting rid of you, probably in short order. Say goodbye to your work-a-day schedule, to co-workers, to regular paychecks (at least for awhile anyway). Say hello to uncertainty. What do you do?

Ed Walsh, a certified golf course superintendent, learned some things firsthand after he got fired a few years ago. He admits it wasn't pleasant, but now, looking back, he views it as being "a very positive experience."

Walsh, who now manages the golf course at Essex County (N.J.) Country Club, offers these five suggestions:

1) Remain visible. "It's embarrassing to be fired and you may not want to see your peers, but the worst thing you can do is drop out of sight," says Walsh. Continue to attend and be active in association meetings, continue to meet with friends, continue your social life.

2) Get professional help. This may include legal and/or psychological help.

Walsh says that, on the recommendation of his wife and another close friend, he met with a psychologist. "It helped me assess my strengths and weaknesses." If you're concerned with information that your former employer is providing to prospective employees, or if you feel that you're not receiving adequate compensation from your former employer, you may need legal help, too. Consult with an attorney that's versed in labor law, advises Walsh.

3) Assess your financial situation. Don't wait; you may not find new employment right away.

"How far can you go on what money you have?" asks Walsh. "What assets can you sell to generate cash?"

Also, examine your pension plan and do financial planning—while you're employed.

4) Evaluate your performance at your former employment. This is probably the most difficult thing to do, Walsh says. It's easy to make excuses why you were let go. But, if you're honest, you'll find things you could have done much better. Learn from this.

5) Don't burn bridges. That means not criticizing former employers.

"When you do that, you reduce the biggest assets you have for future employment. You want these people to still become positive influences," says Walsh.

How did you find another job the last time you had to go on the unemployment rolls? How long did it take you to find something? Did you have to settle for a job that was lower on the totem pole than your previous job? Let us know. If we publish your observations and hints, we'll mail you a free LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT ball cap.

Your turn

Every other month, we report what readers think about current topics. Tell us how you found a job last time you were FIRED. Tear out or photocopy this page, and fax or mail your response to: Talk Back, Landscape Management, 7500 Old Oak Blvd., Cleveland, Ohio 44130 • Fax: 216/891-2675 • E-mail: 75553.502@compuserve.com

Have you ever been fired before? Why?

☐ Yes COMMENTS______________

☐ No COMMENTS______________

After getting fired, was your next job a better or worse one?

☐ Better COMMENTS______________

☐ Worse COMMENTS______________

How did you go about finding a new job?

COMMENTS______________
A recent symposium sponsored by RISE (Responsible Industry for a Sound Environment) reviewed the latest on “ideopathic environmental intolerances” (IEI), the phenomenon once known as “multiple chemical sensitivities.”

There is no known cause of IEI. Symptoms include dizziness, headaches and nausea. Persons so affected insist it is caused by perfumes, structural or turf pesticides, or other airborne, man-made substances.

Judges now say that causal “suppositions” against manufacturers’ products are no longer valid in courts, but it is expected that scientific testimony will become more complicated as medical experts try to explain how these products might be causing the various ailments.

Attorney William Custer, a guest at the RISE symposium, predicts that IEI cases will continue to be filed in courts, and the green industry will have to address each case as it comes along.

Lisa Drake, director of public affairs for Monsanto, explains that it’s essential that you show compassion to those who claim to be adversely affected by the products you apply to turf.

Drake has had phone conversations with some IEI sufferers who call the Monsanto hotline. It is not fun.

“They feel like you’re going to kill them [by continuing to market the products],” says Drake. The callers are also worried about the health of their children.

“I’ve had [women] beg and plead, mother to mother, ‘don’t let them continue.’ It’s a very difficult, highly emotional issue.”

Drake says that, to respond to IEI complaints properly, a person needs research findings, intuition and “a great deal of insight.”

The downside is that the media want simple “sound-bite”-sized answers.

“If you’re not as quotable as you should be,” says Drake, “it’s much more difficult to handle at the media end.”

First and foremost on Drake’s list of advice:

Apply products safely.

Then, “establish your own personal and media credibility, and the credibility of the applicators who are on the front lines.

“The way you handle people who are suffering will be observed by others: lawyers, the public, legislators and the media. Show credibility when getting your viewpoint across.”

Dr. Vince Cavell, of the Columbia School of Health and Medicine, says there are four ways to establish credibility with others:

1) Honesty  
2) Dedication  
3) Competence  
4) Empathy

Empathy is the most important, during a telephone call or in-person encounter.

“Listen to the caller,” says Drake. “Find out what they want you to do.” If you are confronted in person, Drake says to remember that non-verbal communication is important when there is a low level of trust. Do not lose your temper or call them names, and do not give medical advice. Let the person know you’re trying to help, but without implicating yourself.

For information on IEI, and advice on how to talk to people who might confront you about the products you use, call RISE at (202) 296-6085. LM

Questions, comments? Call Terry at (216) 891-2709, fax at (216) 891-2733 or e-mail at 75553.502@compuserve.com.
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Circle No. 123 on Reader Inquiry Card
Steve Glossinger says he’s “taken down the rear-view mirror,” to help himself forget about the heat wave that was the summer of 1995.

He prefers to set his sights on a far more enjoyable prospect: preparing the South Course at Oakland Hills Country Club in Bloomfield Hills, Mich., for the 1996 U.S. Open Championship, June 10-16.

His main concern is to fine-tune a championship golf course for the arrival of the world’s best players. Consequently, 60 to 70 percent of Glossinger’s time is U.S. Open-related. Superintendent Jon Cuny manages the North Course, with Glossinger’s supervision.

Warm the soil

As of April 2, Glossinger was trying to warm the soil beneath two greens in shaded areas.

“The turf on those two greens is in a more dormant state than the rest, and they usually lag behind in warming up. I put some covers on them to warm them, and to get some soil activity started. The problem with covers is, once you put them on you can’t pull them off during this cold weather. So you take them off during the day, and put them on at night. We’ve had an unusually cold March and first part of April.”

The course sustained very little disease damage from the snow and cold of 1996. “I would say we had a little desiccation, but it hasn’t appeared to injure the plant at all,” says the GCSAA-certified superintendent. Greens were left uncovered during the winter, even with a top-flight championship on the way.

“We made a decision not to cover greens in winter,” says Glossinger. “We knew what our results would be without covers, but not with them. I’ve seen these things backfire. You can leave the covers on too long, get some turf growth, take the cover
The Oakland Hill South Course was designed and built by Donald Ross. It opened in 1917. Shown is the No. 18 fairway, approaching
the clubhouse.

off, and the cold air hits them, shocks the plant and brings in a little more disease pressure.”

Greens maintenance

The typical Oakland Hills fairway is pinched in the middle with multiple sand bunkers. The fairways are 70 percent bentgrass and 30 percent Poa annua. The tees are close to 50/50 poa/bentgrass.

The native soil “push-up” greens are a 70/30 bentgrass/Poa annua (or annual bluegrass) mixture. That Poa annua was a challenge for Glossinger last year.

“It was tough, with the heat,” Glossinger recalls. “When you get a summer like last year, it’s hard to grow [Poa annua].

“We tried to keep as much Poa annua alive as we could. In some areas, the weather took over. We saw poa die virtually right before our eyes. We’d syringe, and two hours later it was gone. Then the rain came late in the summer and drove all the oxygen out of the soil and the greens became saturated and had shallow rooting because of it; and then anaerobic conditions set in. It made for a terrible growing environment.”

Relief from future heat waves may be in sight, thanks to a new bentgrass coming onto the market.

“We have two golf courses, which means you have two staffs,” explains Glossinger. “The North Course will be used for parking. We’ll still have to maintain it somewhat, but we’ll back off [from full-scale North Course maintenance]. We’ll have about 50 people in-house.”

Special teams—one led by Dr. Trey Rogers of Michigan State University—will be on standby during the tournament. They must be ready to assist with landscaping duties within 10 minutes’ notice.

Glossinger says certain areas of the golf course will have reduced wear, even with all the pedestrian traffic.

“The pros will be hitting from different [fairway] areas than the members hit from, they’re not going to be using the members’ tees, and there will be no golf carts on the course,” which Glossinger calls “the superintendents’ number one headache.”

Steve Glossinger brought in these driving cages from the Pacific Rim company of Seattle, as temporary practice tees. Corporate tents cover the driving range during the championship.

Green speed is up there

Glossinger’s stimpmeter goal for the U.S. Open championship is between 10 and 11. “Any faster is unnecessary because of the contour of the greens,” he says. “At those speeds, you can’t do it for more than a short period of time. It puts a tremendous burden on the plant. Fortunately, we’re [holding the championship] in mid-June, when plant root activity health are probably at their peak. To host the U.S. Open in the Midwest, you couldn’t ask for a better date. The Poa annua has finished its seeding; it’s standing upright, the roots are still healthy, everything’s good. After the championship, we’ll take the speed back to about 9.”
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Circle No. 108 on Reader Inquiry Card
The rigors of integrated pest management must be balanced against constant demand for athletic fields.

by MIKE SCHILLER / Rolling Meadows (Ill.) Park District

You can't please all the people all the time, yet that's a challenge that most athletic field managers face every day of the year.

One of the newer challenges we face is working Integrated Pest Management (IPM) into the mix of field management duties.

IPM is smart. It makes sense to help turf fight its own battles by providing optimum growing conditions and adopting maintenance procedures to enhance turf health.

Standards of "acceptable" levels of pest infestation are fairly easy to establish. Observation is a bit more difficult, but can be managed by properly training personnel and issuing timely "pest alerts."

Alternative methods of defending against pest attacks include cultural practices and using control products.

People at play

So why is IPM any more difficult for athletic field managers?

For starters: no other turf has the same "up-close-and-personal" connection with people as an athletic field during a sporting event.

Sports activities take place on the turf and frequently in the turf. As golfers

Schiller: Make sure to keep accurate records of what was done, when, why and how.
stroll across the fairways and peer closely at the greens, baseball players dive for balls and slide into bases. Soccer players hurl their bodies into a play, and football players are downed more often than the ball.

Athletic fields that are safe, highly playable and aesthetically pleasing are the expected—and often, demanded—“right” of all players, and the goal of every athletic field manager who cares about the profession.

The goal—the image the public expects—is the beautifully-manicured field that appears on the TV screen. But the costs of building and maintaining such premium fields are seldom announced to the general public.

**Many mandates**

Regulations to control the handling and application procedures and use-notification requirements for pest control products and other turf and landscape care products come from more than one governing body:

1) Federal, state, county, or city governmental agencies or by government-related regulatory agencies.

2) City or county boards in charge of parks and recreation facilities; these include school boards, a board of regents or even the owners and board of directors of a privately owned facility.

3) Athletic field users. Generally their mandates are formulated and issued by the supervisory personnel who coordinate the activities of the players. This may be the athletic director and group of coaches for a school system; the organizing board and coaches of league players for a park and recreation district or the coaching staff of pro-level teams.

4) “Unofficial” mandates of the community. These may be expressed by media “watchdogs,” neighborhood action committees or individual activists.

Community mandates may also come from team supporters, even those far removed from the region geographically or at the college level, from alumni groups or individual alums.

5) The players. Adult teams are usually represented by team spokespersons; booster clubs speak for the condition of the children’s playing fields.

All these groups have legitimate concerns about athletic field conditions and about the safety and environmental impact of products and procedures used in field management.

**User groups must understand that field use in certain conditions may put players at risk for injury.**

**Time constraints**

Professional fields and most college-level game fields have a built-in window of opportunity for cultural and other pest control procedures.

Team travel to away games provides a time for field work. During these periods, activity on the field is often limited to that directed by the sports turf manager.

Most other fields are used by the public.

School fields are often used for physical education classes, and those fields serve as overflow space for afternoon recess. They’re the site for team practices before and after school hours and on weekends, when no games are scheduled. At the high school and college level, they’re used for club and intramural practices and games and for marching band practice.

On weekdays, parks and recreation fields host scheduled practices and games from after school or after work until dark. Weekend play takes up entire days, and evenings on lighted fields.

With tight budgets and limited staff levels, it’s hard for the sports turf managers at these facilities to find non-use time to fit in necessary procedures and ensure the fields stay empty during the posted or non-posted intervals.

Many IPM-related procedures require special training or certification. Most procedures are limited by rain, wind or temperature extremes; some require irrigation before and after. It’s a juggling act to coordinate field use schedules with weather conditions, equipment acquisition and training, especially when you factor in unexpected changes in field use schedules due to weather-related adjustments or increased playing time.

The sports turf manager often becomes the communications director. He or she personally contacts coaches and scheduling personnel to plan schedules that will satisfy demand.

Ideally, all user groups understand that field maintenance procedures, including those that are IPM related, are in their best interest.

Groups that refuse to cooperate with schedule changes or who insist on using fields during restricted periods may cause damage that will take extensive field down-time to repair.

The athletic field manager communicates to the public and keeps precise records of all IPM-related activities. Any IPM-related action or procedure may be questioned at any time by one of the above-mentioned groups.
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Circle No. 122 on Reader Inquiry Card
The secrets to attracting top turf students

by RON HALL / Senior Editor

Today's turf students want more responsibility and broader on-the-job experience. It's up to you to provide that—if you want to keep the good ones coming back.

Competition for top turf students to work as "interns" on golf courses is growing. Superintendents who want these valuable seasonal employees will have to work harder to get them. That might mean offering higher wages or providing affordable housing or other perks like uniforms, meals, or playing privileges.

But what most students really want is better and more varied learning opportunities, believes certified golf course superintendent Jim Harris.

This Memphis native is one superintendent who has been successful in attracting interns to his golf course. "I don't think I've ever had a bad experience with one of these students," he says.

Harris, 11 years at Chickasaw Country Club before moving to Stonebridge Golf Club in Memphis in 1994, says he's used interns for the past six seasons. He says they're welcome additions to his regular crew.

But they're also a big responsibility.

"They're coming with this question on their minds: 'What am I going to learn?' So you've got an obligation to these people," says Harris. "If you're not going to help develop these students, don't hire them. Let them go somewhere where they can learn."

For his part, Harris developed a written, three-phase student training program. It outlines specific tasks to be mastered during the intern's stay which may be seasonal, or as long as six months.

As each student masters a specific duty or the operation of a particular piece of machinery, Harris says he records it on a checklist he's prepared.

"When students arrive, you (superintendent) have to be able to tell them what you expect out of them, and what they can expect out of you," says Harris. It should be in writing.

Getting involved...

Harris says he gives each student as much of his own time as he can, but his time, like all superintendents', is limited. Most of the training comes from his veteran workers at the course.

"The people on my regular crew are the best at what they do. They're the people with the experience and, usually, they take pride in training these students," he says.

Harris says students working at his course are expected to attend Memphis Area Golf Course Superintendents Association meetings, and to undertake a special project at the course.

Tony Mancuso of New Albany (Ohio) Country Club, says about 10 turf students will be working at his course this season.

cont. on page 14G
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Golf Course Superintendent
Hillardale Country Club
Phoenix, Maryland

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Circle No. 130 on Reader Inquiry Card
Mancuso, like Harris a certified superintendent, has a written training program in place. In fact, he used the former's program as a template and modified it to suit conditions at the New Albany course.

Mancuso, also like Harris, requires each student intern to be responsible for a special project. To date, the projects have involved seeding or sodding, disease and insect monitoring, or the club's on-going fairway fertilizer study.

University, trade school sources
Where do you find interns for your sports field or golf course? You find them at almost all universities with strong turf management programs, say Mancuso and Harris.

One hotbed for top sport and golf turf management interns is Mississippi State University in Starkville.

In the fall of 1993, that turf department mandated that all students in the four-year program gain one year of on-the-job work experience to earn a degree. This includes two summers and one non-summer term. The students work through MSU's co-op department which acts as a liaison between potential employers and students.

"A Mississippi State student can start in mid-May and work all the way through December," says Scott Maynard, assistant director of MSU's cooperative education program. "This is a big advantage to employers. They've responded by giving the students more responsibility."

Although MSU felt that making the work requirement mandatory might reduce the number of turf students, the opposite occurred. In 1993, the turf department had about 70 students. There are 124 this year.

Even so, Maynard says he's had no trouble placing students at golf courses. Typically they earn between $6.50 and $7 per hour during their internships, and about 25 percent get free lodging, too.

But the real eye-opener, says Maynard, is that graduates with on-the-job experience start at salary levels $4,000 to $6,000 higher than turf graduates with no experience.

Last summer, Mississippi State's co-op program had students working in 36 different states. But other universities and trade schools, offering both two- and four-year turf programs, are also good sources of competent eager interns.

"Right now we've got four schools represented and maybe five," says Mancuso of the 1996 season at New Albany.

He says he makes annual trips to places like Penn State, Ohio State, the Agricultural Technical Institute (ATI, a two-year program in Wooster offered by Ohio State), and Mississippi State to participate in student career days and to speak to turf clubs.

Both Harris and Mancuso say that by being offering a structured learning environment, and by providing interns with challenging and varied tasks at their courses, they can continue to attract top seasonal employees.

"Once a student comes and has a successful time at your course, it gets easier to attract more. They go back and tell other students," says Mancuso. □
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1-800-988-8257
Hills, weather play havoc with mowers

by LESLEE JAQUETTE

J. Pratt finds that having all new equipment can be a problem: it wears out at the same time. He also says the difficult, hilly terrain of Chateau Whistler Golf Course puts much greater stress on the mowers and utility vehicles than if they were used on a flat course.

Pratt estimates the extra wear caused by hills decreases equipment lifespan by about a third. This year, he is looking at an investment of about $300,000 in equipment through a combination lease/buy plan. About $8,000 is earmarked to rebuild two fairway mowers and $48,000 for two additional mowers while leasing two more.

Pratt hopes to reduce equipment wear by planting three acres of unplayable land with wildflowers. He will also beautify out-of-play areas with rocks and native plants.

Unpredictable weather

The very elements that shape Chateau Whistler into one of Canada’s premier courses—Pacific climate, mile-high mountains and unpredictable weather—are also the source of many other challenges.

Whistler is located at the base of Blackcomb Mountain in the resort town of Whistler, British Columbia. It was designed by Robert Trent Jones, Jr., who could do nothing about the Alpine-type weather.

“The winters are different every year, and the summers are volatile,” says Pratt. “The weather can change in five minutes, so we have to be prepared.”

As a result of annual and radical spring run-off, the course was built with drainage in mind. Beyond thousands of feet of underground pipe, two major creeks run through the course. Still, every year new drains are built to accommodate millions of gallons of water from rainfall and melting snow. And subsurface drainage was extended on two holes last fall.

Pratt is looking at a new Rainbird Freedom irrigation system. A 300-foot change in elevation complicates irrigation, creating different weather patterns at varying points on the course. A comprehensive system with different weather stations, if it weren’t too expensive, would have been nice. However, the Freedom System will give Pratt the expanded ability to adapt to abrupt changes in the weather.

“This way I will be able to call the computer and tell it we have a dry spot on one hole, so pull up the sprinkler heads and start the water,” says Pratt. “At the same time, it may be snowing on number four and irrigation is unnecessary.”

The fall season of 1994 is a good case in point. Pratt recalls the elegant, crisp, sunny October. It only made sense to keep the course open to accommodate guests and the public interest.

However, the maintenance staff was caught in the middle of winterizing activities, and an unusually early and heavy storm covered the course with three feet of snow on Halloween.

Then, heavy rain the following spring activated serious snow mold. Three greens had to be resodded and another 15 covered with tarp. The opening was delayed until June 1.

In the midst of all this craziness, Pratt’s biggest challenge is to make sure his staff—some of whom have chosen careers in golf course maintenance—can learn as much as possible.

Weekly meetings allow workers to share their ups and downs, discuss what’s happening at the course, and go over problems. LM
The inviting aroma of barbeque and the sounds of down-home country music greeted customers and the curious to Allentuck Nursery & Landscape in Potomoc, Md. Bruce Allentuck's annual April shindig at his full-service operation just outside Washington, D.C., took on the air of a rain dance, except that the object of everyone's prayers, including Bruce's, was spring's arrival.

Rows of ornamentals in the nursery teased eager gardeners as Allentuck wished for a gradual build-up of warmth, sunshine and showers.

Blessed, blessed news. Spring did arrive. It was a month late for us in the East, but who was counting?

The new season brings renewed optimism, and not a moment too soon, considering 1996's cold, stumbling start.

Gene D. Pool in northwestern Ohio told us in mid-spring that his Emerald Green Lawn Care production was 7 to 10 days behind schedule. Bob Andrews of The Greenskeeper in Indianapolis said the same. So did Don Tannahill of Tridon Lawn Services near Kansas City.

"Why worry?," asked Jim Leszuk of Heritage Lawns in Connecticut. "Everybody was behind this spring."

Given a favorable stretch of weather in May, lawn/landscape pros always feel they can catch up their production—if they haven't already.

"But please, Mother Nature, don't make it as rough on us this season as last," they're thinking—even if they're not saying it. "At least give us more time at the end of the year."

Winter's bite this past November took a chunk out of the lawn/landscape industry's back pocket—the one holding the wallet.

The work was there, but cold and snow, particularly in the East, shooed green industry crews off of client properties weeks too early.

Enjoying a string of relatively mild winters, maybe we got complacent. It really didn't matter, though. There was nothing we could do.

"Sometimes you just have to stand there like a jackass in a hail storm and take it," says author/philosopher Robert Fulgham.

Even so, leaving money on the table always hurts.

Service work not completed by season's end means one thing: lost revenue. It can't be recovered. Production done in the few final weeks of any year can, in a very real sense, mean the difference between "making it" or "just making it."

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John Deere compact tractors are out to put you in an ugly frame of mind. No small task considering their inherent good looks. Looks that have often led to the mistaken belief that these hydrostatics are little more than glorified lawn and garden tractors.

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Ten years ago, virtually every trade journal in the lawn care industry shouted the praises of add-on sales, supplemental income and diversification.

We were encouraged to get into mowing, become an irrigation contractor, do landscaping and more. I remember going to a trade show where one exhibitor explained the profitability of chimney sweeping!

I think there were three reasons for this push toward building sales outside of chemical lawn care. First was the perception that our days were numbered because legislation that was just around the corner was going to put us out of business.

Second, "organics," whatever they are, were seen as the next great wave in lawn care.

Third, and probably the most legitimate, was concern over the seasonal nature of our businesses, and the need to have year-round cash flow.

Ten years later, I see lots of firms still seeking diversification. At the same time, I see many firms reducing add-on offerings and spending more time focusing on traditional lawn care service. Successful people pursuing both avenues offer some sound advice that we all should consider before offering another service.

1) Is it profitable in and of itself, or will its cost need to be supported by the rest of your business?

2) What is the primary purpose of the add-on as far as the rest of your business is concerned? Why are you considering this? What will it actually contribute to your overall mission?

3) Does the add-on complement your current scheduling by providing an income source in slack periods? Or does it make a busy period even more hectic?

4) Does the new add-on require more management time, work hours, administration, and customer service than it's worth? In other words, does it bring in enough revenues to justify the extra work?

5) Will someone in your organization take "possession" of it? Someone needs to be enthusiastic about the new service to the point where they act as a ramrod for it.

6) Do you, or anyone on your staff, have expertise in the add-on service? Have you studied its ins and outs? Have you interviewed others who have been successful in adding this service? Do you have the equipment, or is significant capital outlay required to initiate the service?

7) If the service is to be sold to current lawn care accounts, do your turf specialists know how to identify customers who are possible candidates for such service?

8) Do not let your customers dream up add-on services for you. Either offer the service, or don't. Lots of energy can be spent on trying to provide something on a hit-or-miss basis when you’re better off to simply refer the customer to a qualified firm.

Probably one of the key points in considering add-on services is to make certain that adding them does not distract from your primary purpose. Many firms have found that adding such services detracts from their ability to deliver basic lawn care. If basic lawn care is your bread-and-butter, do not jeopardize it by adding another service which you simply cannot perform without doing a lesser job at your primary source of income. In other words, keep your eye on the ball!

One final point. Every business owner should always be on the lookout for a new opportunity. Do not walk away from adding a new service until you have completely researched its possibilities. Look to both your customers and your employees for suggestions on what services you might add to your menu. Give all such ideas the attention they deserve. ☐
'You've got to be different and sell the sizzle,' says Jerry Moland of Turfscape Landscape Corp.

Born-again business

Cut loose from corporate America in the mid-1980s, Jerry Moland learned to sell 'the sizzle' and built a million dollar landscape maintenance company in Phoenix

by JERRY ROCHE / Editor-in-Chief

It's been a long and—at times—dark journey, but Jerry Moland, owner of Turfscape Landscape Corp. in Phoenix sees a light at the end of the tunnel.

"Nineteen ninety-five was our most successful year," says Moland. "We took eight years to hit $1 million. We wished we would've hit it sooner, but about two years ago we had to back off and re-organize because we just weren't making any money."

It's no wonder. When Moland established the new company in 1986, he was changing careers and didn't know diddly-doo about lawn care. He was 50 years old at the time and licking his wounds from being cut loose by a large marketing company.

"After seeing we had to start over, I spent a few months laying on my back feeling like it was all over," Moland remembers. "Well, that's just not the way to do it. The American dream still exists, but you've got to make it work yourself."

His knowledge of marketing has, at times, been an asset to his lawn care company. At other times, he's not had the opportunity to use all that knowledge.

"I truly recommend that people research their market," he notes. "At the time we were coming into this industry, though, we didn't. Sure, I knew better—but we didn't have many options."

Moland always uses "we" when referring to the company—not the royal "we" but the happily-married "we." His long-time wife Maxine is "the bookkeeper and the brains of the company," which now employs 40 people and mows more than 3 million square feet of turf per week.

Turfscape was originally 100 percent residential maintenance. But because of changes in marketing strategy over the years, it has evolved into 60 percent commercial maintenance (mostly multiple-residence properties), 15 percent residential maintenance, and 15 percent construction and "extras."

Turfscape's number one marketing message is curb appeal.

"You've got to be different and sell the sizzle," Moland observes. "We sell curb appeal, and even in the real estate crunch three years ago we did okay. We told clients they'd have lower vacancy with curb appeal than without it. We know traffic is higher on our properties than others."

One of the positive aspects of using this strategy is that Turfscape normally works with more property

cont. on page 8L
Unless you can be in a couple hundred places at once, you need merit.
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No drugs, fewer bugs

Jerry Moland says that his drug-free policy saves Turfscape Landscape Corp. more than $50,000 per year. Productivity is up, and the firm has greater revenues with fewer employees to share the profits. Also, the quality of work has improved, resulting in better customer retention and referrals.

"Our labor costs have always run high, but we found that solving the drug problem was the largest step we had to take to get labor costs down," Moland observes. "We're now doing 21/2 times the volume with only one-third more workforce."

Moland first tried pre-employment testing to weed out drug abusers. It didn't work.

"It didn't do a thing," he notes. "These kids are street-wise, and they know when they have to be clean."

Problems had originally surfaced when an irrigation worker submitted to a drug test and tested positive for marijuana, cocaine and amphetamines. Moland was also informed of occasional on-the-job marijuana smoking by some employees. Clearly, the failed drug test was not an isolated incident.

Moland contracted a drug testing firm, which provided a consultant to assist in drafting a written policy. He then called a general meeting to explain the policy and announce that it would go into effect after a six-week waiting period. The drug testing program would include pre-employment screening, and random and for-cause drug and alcohol tests.

Moland offered his employees a one-time opportunity to enter treatment at Turfscape's expense. He recommended that abusers use this waiting period to clean up or find another job. Over the next six weeks, Moland lost one-third of his workforce.

He likes to think his workers are loyal because of "our discipline and our 'tough love.' Our best source of labor is our crew—when they tell their friends."

The improved quality of employees has also made things easier on the equipment. It lasts longer as a result of better care, reducing both maintenance and replacement costs. In fact, the four years following the initiation of drug testing, Turfscape has had no vehicular accidents. A similar reduction in industrial accidents has netted Turfscape a discount on workers' compensation costs. Because of the program's success, Moland was able to negotiate a 10 percent discount on general liability insurance.

Employee performance has improved as well. Tardiness and absenteeism are no longer a problem, and employee morale and attitude are exceptional.

"If I couldn't have my drug-free workplace program," says Moland, "I'd just lock up my doors and go out of business."
When these homeowners decided their property needed a facelift, they called Green Thumb to restore its landscape, too. The final package greatly increased the home’s worth but—more importantly—provided the family with a more pleasing and functional living environment.

"The best way to give homeowners what they want is to work with them from the very beginning," explains Klein. "Although we'd love to do every project like that, unfortunately it doesn't work that way—not enough anyway."

Even so, Green Thumb, 40 years in business, is doing quite well in this niche of the design/build market.

In 1995, about half of its $2 million in revenues came from landscape installations and maintenance, the remainder from its garden center/retail nursery.
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The renovation business was so brisk that a third designer, Craig Richmond, was added in mid-season.

Tom and Alice Dennis founded Green Thumb in 1956, but it’s now run by sons Dan and John, and grandson John Jr. It’s located on 16 acres about three miles from the Professional Football Hall of Fame (Canton’s most famous attraction), and employs about 65 in peak season.

Most of the company’s design/build projects are relatively small, usually in the $5,000 to $20,000 range. Even so, prospects are qualified by charging an hourly design fee.

**Experience counts**

Experienced foremen like Dean Dennis, 24 years at Green Thumb, and Vincent Depasquale, 10 years, oversee three-person build crews.

Says Klein: “After we (designers) do the drawings and put together the specifications and go over the project with the foremen, we know that the design will get installed in a quality manner.

“The foremen are experienced enough to know when they need to make minor adjustments on site to make the design work better,” he adds. “They have some freedom to do that if the client agrees.”

But responsibility for client satisfaction remains with the designers who stay with their respective projects until each is completed.

“I think that’s why people are loyal to us year after year after year,” says designer Vicki Kirkbride. “They’re not seeing so many different faces.”

Although Green Thumb tackles one or two larger commercial installations each season, Green Thumb president Dan Dennis says his heart has always been, and remains, in the residential market.

“We like the relationships we can build with homeowners. Generally we can communicate with them better,” says Dennis. “And it’s a lot more fun.”

**LM**

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*Cont. from page 9L*
Disease control: lessons learned from last year

by JOHN WATKINS, Ph.D. / University of Nebraska

North

Rare red thread damage was found on bentgrass greens and ryegrass fairways.

Twenty-one years as a plant pathologist cannot temper my high regard for the challenge of growing healthy turfgrass under the stressful, ever-changing environment of the American Great Plains.

The 1995 growing season was a prime example. For much of the nation—the East and Midwest in particular—the spring weather was cold and wet, followed by a sudden onset of hot, dry weather that lasted the rest of the growing season. Several areas of the country set records for days without measurable precipitation, making it difficult to maintain quality turf.

Putting greens were thinned and did not respond to cultural practices. Residential, commercial, sports and other turfs were stressed to the limit, and irrigation bills were out of sight. In addition, the heat, drought and humidity contributed to leaf spot, melting out, dollar spot, fairy ring, necrotic ring spot, summer patch and nematode injury.

Rare maladies

Turfgrass managers were confronted with diseases that previously had not been problems or had rarely occurred in an area.

Only once in the 21 years prior to 1995 had I seen red thread. Within a two-week period in May, half a dozen golf course superintendents called to report significant red thread damage to bentgrass greens and ryegrass fairways.

Drizzly days with cool temperatures slowed the turf's growth rate, allowing red thread to establish. Fortunately, once it was diagnosed, fungicide applications restricted further turf damage. Although red thread is not a drought-related disease, in 1995 it seemed to set the stage for the rest of the summer.

Also in 1995, many Nebraska superintendents observed a lack of response and recovery of the turf to fungicide applications, fertilization, aerification or increased irrigation. If brown patch was involved, the green usually responded to fungicide treat-
Not the culprit. But in many situations, disease was not the culprit.

With air temperatures in the 90s and soil temperatures at a two-inch depth in the low 100s, putting greens died merely because the turf did not have a sufficient root system to maintain transpiration and tolerate the heat.

Because of the cold, wet spring, root depths were shallow (two to three inches), and the roots could not supply sufficient water to compensate for water lost to hot, dry, windy conditions. Plants died from drought stress and the greens were thin in areas.

Other factors contributed to the demise of putting greens as well:
- low mowing height,
- nitrogen-starved turf, and
- rootzone layering.

Golf superintendents faced with similar problems this year could aerify and topdress with appropriate sand or mixes to overcome rootzone layering and support good root system development going into summer.

Providing a balanced fertility program to prevent starvation and raising the mowing height also would help. These practices may decrease putting speed, but rolling, topdressing, grooming, double-cutting or using plant growth regulators can help regain some speed. Light, frequent irrigation in the afternoon to keep the rootzone moist may inhibit root pathogens and root-feeding nematodes.

**Drought strikes**

Diseases and plant pathogenic nematodes also injure turf during drought periods.

The symptoms of leaf spot and melting out, which are fungal turf diseases, range from small oval spots on leaf blades to fading out of the turf, to extensive crown and root rotting. The leaf spot stage is most evident during wet weather with temperatures between 70° and 90° F.

At temperatures above 80° F, necrosis

---

'Little worms' destroy golf course greens, home lawns

Some bentgrass golf greens and home lawns were injured by nematodes last summer in eastern Nebraska.

Nematodes are wormlike animals, one of the more abundant forms of animal life. Plant pathogenic nematodes that attack turfgrasses live in thin water films on soil particles. About 18 genera attack turfgrasses, which vary in their ability to support certain nematode species.

The nematode as a turfgrass pest often tends to be one of the last things you might consider when diagnosing a problem that doesn't respond to fertilizer, fungicides, irrigation or other cultural practices.

Such was the case last summer with one Nebraska golf course and several home lawns, when the turf continued to decline in spite of efforts to reverse the problem. No evidence of disease was found and the affected turf didn't respond to fungicide treatment. Symptoms were non-descript yellowing and thinning of the bentgrass and a decline and death of the bluegrass.

After ruling out disease, we found high populations of the ring nematode in the golf green and the spiral nematode in bluegrass lawns. The added stress of the nematodes on top of heat, drought and traffic was more than the turf could tolerate.

Unfortunately, nematicides registered for turfgrass—fenamiphos and ethoprop—are highly toxic, restricted-use materials. The only option for residential turfs is a chitin-based product registered as an organic nematicide.

On golf greens, supers decided to rely on cultural practices and then re-sample the area in two or three weeks. As a general rule, nematodes do not tolerate soil temperatures above 90° F, and often, their numbers decline during mid-summer. A golf green sample three weeks later showed that the ring nematodes were below the damage threshold level. The decline was probably due to continued heat and drought that caused "lethal" temperatures.

Not all nematode species are equally damaging at a given level on a given host. Threshold levels will therefore vary for different nematodes and different grass hosts.

**Sample!**

The key to diagnosing nematode injury is in the sampling. Use a standard one-inch soil probe and take a composite sample of 20 cores per 1000 square feet. Make certain that the composite samples are collected from the affected area. It's a good idea to also collect a composite sample from a healthy, non-affected area as a basis for comparison.

The composite sample volume should be at least one pint. Label the sample and keep it in a cool site until it can be transported to a laboratory for nematode analysis. Proper sampling and interpretation of the results are important factors for managing the situation.

The two primary objectives in turfgrass management are to suppress the pathogen's growth and to alter the turf environment so that it favors the host and not the disease. These goals can be accomplished by:
- raising the mowing height during the summer stress period,
- providing a balanced fertility program,
- promoting root growth through aerification,
- preventing drought stress,
- planting adapted and disease-resistant cultivars, and
- integrating a well thought-out fungicide treatment plan into the overall management design.

The goal is to promote healthy turf. These general principles apply to a normal year and—with some modification—to a hot, dry year.

—Dr. Watkins
Lawn & Landscape Professionals

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of the entire leaf blade causes leaf blight. As leaf blighting progresses, the turf fades to brown. During hot, dry weather, leaf sheaths, crowns and roots become infected, causing thin, open areas in the turf. Plants with severe crown and root rot usually die from the heat and drought stress.

Symptoms on bentgrass differ from those of Kentucky bluegrass and fine fescues. When bentgrass golf greens are infected, they have a smoky blue cast that progresses to a yellowing and, finally, complete blighting of the leaves and thinning of the turf. Injury to the bentgrass usually is more severe when it is growing under soil moisture stress or when it has been over-fertilized with nitrogen.

**Symptoms of Cool-Season Turfgrass Diseases**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disease</th>
<th>Key symptoms</th>
<th>Control strategy</th>
</tr>
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</table>
| **Leaf spot/    | 1) dark spots on leaves  
2) yellow, thinning turf  
3) brown roots and crowns | 1) use resistant cultivars  
2) fertilize properly  
3) irrigate properly  
4) apply fungicides |
| **melting out**  |                                                                             |                                                                                  |
| **Dollar spot**  | 1) bleached lesions on leaves; reddish-brown margins  
2) four- to six-inch patches of straw-colored turf  
3) silver dollar-sized, bleached spots on bentgrass greens | 1) use resistant cultivars  
2) increase the nitrogen level  
3) irrigate properly  
4) apply fungicides |
| **Fairy ring**   | 1) circles of dark green grass some with dead areas in the ring             | 1) remove infested sod and soil; replace with clean soil and reseed  
2) aerify and irrigate  
3) spot treat with flutolanil |
| **Necrotic ring spot** | 1) pockmarked circular depressions in turf with healthy tufts of grass in centers  
2) brown to black roots and crowns | 1) use resistant cultivars  
2) raise mowing height  
3) use light, frequent irrigation  
4) apply organic fertilizers  
5) aerify  
6) apply fungicides |
| **Nematodes**    | 1) yellow, wilted, thinning turf  
2) reduced root system with brown lesions on roots | 1) sample the affected area, obtain a nematode analysis  
2) fertilize properly  
3) irrigate properly  
4) raise the mowing height  
5) apply a non-fumigant nematicide, if available |

**Unsightly nuisance**

Last year produced many interesting challenges for turfgrass managers, like fairy ring on bentgrass greens—especially newly-constructed ones. Because of the current trend in golf green management toward lower nitrogen rates, the darker green fairy rings were quite visible during May and June. They used the peat in the greens mix as a nutrient base and were abundant because of the extended cool, wet spring.

At that stage, fairy ring on the green is more an unsightly nuisance than a threat to the turf. The real problem comes from the fairy ring mushroom's mycelium that infiltrates the soil below the ring. It is hydrophobic and impervious to water, causing the grass immediately above the ring to die from lack of moisture during droughty periods. Aerifying the green and applying the fungicide flutolanil (ProStar) suppresses fairy ring and prevents turf loss.

Drought stress also can predispose even well-managed turf to dollar spot, which can affect its aesthetics or recreational use. Warm days, heavy dews, dry soils and nitrogen-deficient turf are ideal conditions for dollar spot. Persistent drought periods accentuate dollar spot injury and hinder recovery when control measures are implemented.

Dollar spot can often be managed with little or no fungicides. In a two-year field trial, we obtained satisfactory control of dollar spot on bentgrass with 4-6 lbs. of N/1000 sq./ft. The nitrogen was a slow-release fertilizer applied monthly from May through October. Although 6 lbs. of actual N per season is too high for a putting green, it is not too high for residential turfs. In this trial, dollar spot suppression at the 6-lb. N rate was comparable to that obtained by fungicides. This illustrates how a balanced fertility program can manage dollar spot.

**Turf destroyers**

Necrotic ring spot and summer patch are two of the most destructive, stress-re-
lated turf diseases. Necrotic ring spot destroys root systems during cool weather; summer patch destroys them when wet weather is followed by hot, dry periods.

Symptoms of either disease are virtually indistinguishable. Turf will show 6- to 12-inch circular or semi-circular patches, giving the area a pockmarked appearance. The dead grass is light tan and matted, and many of the patches will have a tuft of healthy grass in the center—the "frog-eye" symptom. Diseased roots will appear dark brown.

On established turfs, the most important control is to eliminate plant stresses that favor disease development. Avoid management practices that promote rapid top growth at the expense of root development, and keep adequate moisture in the rootzone by lightly and frequently irrigating.

Keep thatch and rootzones moist. Applying compost materials or organic fertilizers can increase microbial activity, and certain microbes partially inhibit fungus that causes necrotic ring spot or summer patch. Also, other naturally-occurring fungi that compete with the pathogens for food help keep diseases in check. During extended dry spells, beneficial microbe activity is slowed or even suppressed, giving the pathogen a distinct advantage. A moist rootzone helps to reduce the stress of dry spells.

Other practices to control necrotic ring spot or summer patch include a balanced fertilizer program with slow-release nitrogen fertilizers and a fungicide program. Benimidazole-type fungicides can be applied curatively. Other fungicides can be used preventively in early fall or mid-spring. Apply them with sufficient water to drench them into the rootzone.

If you're establishing new turf, avoid planting pure stands of susceptible Kentucky bluegrasses. Use a blend of improved drought-tolerant cultivars or mix in 15 to 20 percent, by weight, of the newer brown patch resistant turf-type perennial ryegrasses with the Kentucky bluegrass blend.

The improved drought-tolerant cultivars will be less prone to stress and thus, less prone to summer patch. Remember, blends or mixtures are only as good as their components, so choose your cultivars carefully.
Dollar spot can be severe on nitrogen-deficient or drought-stressed turf.

Diseases can seriously limit the successful culture of warm-season turfgrasses. Fungi are most of the living causal agents of disease in warm-season grasses, but nematodes are a problem, too, particularly in sandy soils. Successfully managing diseases in warm-season grasses depends on knowing the requirements of the particular grass in question, the biology of the pathogens, and good turf horticultural practices. Pesticide applications can be a valuable component in an overall integrated pest management system, but they must be used responsibly.

**Brown patch**
A major disease of cool-season grasses, brown patch also commonly attacks warm-season grasses, including bermudagrass, St. Augustinegrass, centipedegrass and zoysiagrass. The primary causal agent is *Rhizoctonia solani*, but the strain which causes the disease differs from those encountered as pathogens of cool-season grasses.

Brown patch symptoms appear in the spring, as the turfgrass is breaking dormancy, or in the fall, as the turfgrass approaches dormancy. Individual disease patches may be 20 or more feet in diameter. Shoots along the outer border of patches usually are yellow due to rotted leaf sheaths near the soil surface.

**Dollar spot**
This disease occurs on all of the warm-season turfgrasses, but gets severe in bermudagrass and zoysiagrass. Best conditions for dollar spot are warm, humid weather. Dollar spot can be more severe on nitrogen-deficient turf or turf that has become drought stressed before rain or high humidities occur.

Symptoms differ depending on the grass's height of cut. On turf cut low, patches of about one to two inches in diameter develop. On higher-cut turf,
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patches may exceed five inches in diameter. Characteristic leaf lesions are a bleached tan with distinct reddish brown or purplish margins. Leaves may become girdled. In early morning, it is not uncommon to see a gray mycelial growth.

**Spring dead spot**

Spring dead spot of bermudagrass occurs in transition zone areas of the U.S. It is common in the Piedmont and mountain areas of the Carolinas and Georgia, but rare in the coastal regions. Hybrid bermudagrasses are particularly susceptible, but common types may also be afflicted. Several fungi are possible causal agents of this disease. All are relatively slow-growing, root-colonizing fungi.

Symptoms include dead circular areas of turf, two or three feet in diameter, found in spring as bermudagrass breaks dormancy. Patches of diseased turf may persist for several years. Older patches develop a "frogeye" symptom with healthy grass in the center, and patches that look like donuts.

Generally, spring dead spot develops in turf that is three to six years old. Excessive thatch, late-summer nitrogen applications, and low temperatures in winter predispose turf to spring dead spot.

**Gray leaf spot**

Gray leaf spot is caused by *Pyricularia grisea*, a very common disease of St. Augustinegrass occurring in hot humid weather. It is more severe in newly-established turf, in shady locations with poor air movement.

Infections occur on leaves and stolons, first as small brown spots with a distinct brown color, to a purple border around the infected tissue. Lesions may become very numerous and expand to completely consume leaves and girdle stolons. Severe infections may leave turf with a scorched appearance. The disease is sometimes called "blast" due to this symptom.

**Leaf spot**

*Bipolaris sorokiniana* causes leaf, crown and root diseases of bermudagrass and zoysiagrass during warm, wet weather in mid-summer. The diseases start as leaf spots, and may progress to crown and root rots. *Exserohilum rostratum* has been reported to cause a leaf spot of St. Augustinegrass and bermudagrass. However, these diseases are rarely severe where these grasses are
cultured in open, sunny locations, with good soil drainage. If they occur, it may be a sign of other stresses to the turf that can be managed culturally.

On bermudagrass or zoysiagrass, small dark brown lesions appear on leaf blades and sheaths and may expand to larger, irregular, straw-colored lesions. Stolons and roots may develop a dark, or dry rot. The turf may gradually brown and thin, over a period of weeks or months.

**Pythium diseases**

More of a problem in cool-season grasses, some Pythium species cause general decline by infection of roots.

St. Augustinegrass is susceptible during prolonged warm, wet periods. Poor surface and subsurface drainage favors pythium fungi, and encourages algae in areas where disease has weakened the grass.

**Fairy ring**

This disease is caused by several species of mushroom-forming fungi. Symptoms appear as rings or arcs of green, stimulated turf which may be accompanied by declining grass and mushroom formation. Problems develop when mushroom mycelia accumulate in the soil and dry it out. Fairy rings may persist and increase in diameter over years. The fungi may colonize old roots, stumps, or thatch, or may be mycorrhizal on living trees. Newly-constructed putting greens may develop infestations after only a few months or years.

**Nematodes**

Turf that is heavily infested with damaging nematode species appears unthriftly; weeds invade weak or dead areas. Infested areas tend to wilt prematurely, even when adequate soil moisture is available. In most cases, nematodes occur in very sandy soils.

**CULTURAL CONTROL TIPS FOR WARM-SEASON TURF DISEASES**

| **Brown patch** | 1. good soil drainage  
2. deep but infrequent irrigation  
3. minimal nitrogen fertilization as nitrogen increases susceptibility, particularly if unbalanced with other nutrients or if excessive during susceptible periods (approaching dormancy or spring green-up).  
**Note:** Several fungicides are labeled and provide good control when applied on a preventive fall schedule when symptoms first appear. |
| **Dollar spot** | 1. balanced fertility  
2. early morning irrigation when needed to limit high humidity  
3. regular mowing at correct height  
**Note:** Several fungicides control dollar spot, but are generally unnecessary in lawns. Do not rely solely on sterol biosynthesis inhibitors (cyproconazole; propiconazole; triadimefon; myclobutanil) or benzimidazole fungicides (thiophane methyl) as resistance can develop. |
| **Spring dead spot** | 1. maintain a balanced fertility program  
2. manage thatch properly  
3. avoid high rates of late summer nitrogen applications  
**Note:** Some control has been obtained with certain fungicides. |
| **Gray leaf spot** | 1. improve air movement and light penetration  
2. irrigate only as needed during early morning hours to promote maximum drying during the day  
3. avoid high nitrogen fertilization during periods favorable for disease development  
**Note:** Labeled fungicides may be needed on new turf (sodded or sprigged) or if sites are especially conducive to disease. |
| **Leaf spot** | 1. avoid high nitrogen fertilization  
2. avoid watering practices that provide long periods of wet or humid conditions  
3. provide good soil drainage, air movement and sunlight  
4. mow frequently at proper heights to reduce the leaf spot phases of these diseases |
| **Pythium** | 1. keep soil properly drained  
2. provide adequate light and air circulation |
| **Fairy rings** | 1. till and fumigate for limited control  
2. saturate the soil for several hours and over several days for limited control  
**Note:** It is probably futile to attempt to control rings occurring around trees. In this case, consider landscaping the areas with non-turfgrass plants. Prostar fungicide has been helpful in suppressing fairy rings in putting greens. |
| **Nematodes** | 1. irrigate more frequently to compensate for damaged root systems.  
2. nematicides provide temporary suppression  
**Note:** Beneficial nematodes, sesame extracts and other means have been tried, but success has been limited. |
Dr. Bob Wesely (standing) emphasizes the importance of good customer communications throughout the year.

Every spring, nearly 40 Midwestern teachers, policemen and bankers become self-managing lawn care operators for K-Lawn, a part of Kugler Co.

Located in towns from Nebraska to Oklahoma with populations of 5,000 or fewer, their profits are driven from a niche market demand for local, service-oriented lawn care.

Kugler has a unique training program for these small-town operators, headed by Dr. Bob Wesely, a turfgrass specialist.

"Ninety-nine percent of our dealers are single-person operations owned by those who love the outdoors, but generally have a limited background in turfgrass management," says Wesely. "They are all contracted to buy Kugler liquid fertilizers. But the tough stuff—teaching them the ins and outs of the lawn care business—is handled in our annual training sessions."

After recruiting from educational directories, high school coaches' shows and referrals, K-Lawn positions the new LCOs as "local experts."

"These are respected members of rural communities, where most everyone wants a hometown person for their lawn care service," Wesely explains. "As a result, almost half of K-Lawn's dealers are teachers, who are more visible in these areas than just about anybody."

LCOs first learn how to acquire and retain customers, sales approaches, pricing structures and basic agronomics.

In the second session, LCOs receive their equipment package, including a 320-gallon sprayer that is normally used to treat 1-4 million square feet a season. Training includes recommendations for applications, projecting chemical needs and proper safety. K-Lawn follows up with several on-site visits the first year, and meets annually with new and existing LCOs.

"The camaraderie between the dealers [LCOs] is the best part of the roundups," Wesely remarks. "They learn from each other. We have a 'Dealer Spotlight' presentation, too, where we highlight a dealer's business practices and success rate."

Kugler offers chemical and nutrient recommendations, "develops a pricing structure and tries to keep [LCOs] up to date with new technology and products."

"Last year, a representative from Sandoz came in to discuss the fundamentals of Barricade pre-emergence herbicide," Wesely says. "He discussed the product's features: it's non-staining formulation and 26-week residual. That's very helpful, because without that one-on-one contact, [LCOs] might not get the opportunity to explore the product options that are out there."

"Kugler company supports the [LCOs'] efforts to communicate with customers on an ongoing basis. We provide them with advertising materials for their local newspapers and also help develop bulletins, brochures and newsletters to use as leave-behinds with their customers," Wesely says.

"You have to know what you can do. You can normally improve the color and density of the turf; you can control the weeds and insects to a good extent. You can provide a good service. You can develop a professional image. You cannot control only what cannot be altered—the climate, the soil and, most times, the turf."

"K-Lawn dealers aren't just the owners, they are the applicators, the record-keepers and the accountants. We do what we can to see that they excel in all of these."

—The author is a Milwaukee-based writer for the turfgrass industry.
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Bill Shea, Ferris Industries, Inc., Vernon, New York

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PRODUCT REVIEW

'Solidifier' prevents soil erosion, contamination

Poly-Pavement is a liquid soil solidifier that may be diluted and spray-applied to flat, sloped and even vertical soil surfaces to bind the soil particles to one another. The resulting bond prevents soil movement and migration due to high winds and water flow, Poly-Pavement's manufacturer says.

Trap and bunker soil erosion and sand contamination is all but totally prevented by applying diluted Poly-Pavement to bunkers and creating a tough polymer-soil lining.

For more information, phone (213) 954-2240 and tell them you saw it in LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT, or Circle 278

Hedge clipper defines efficiency and comfort

Echo's EHC-3000 is lightweight and extremely quiet, the company says. Weighing only eight pounds, the EHC-3000 produces 1,500 cutting strokes per minute for quick shaping. It has a foam-padded front panel for user comfort and extended blade-support bar that helps prevent damage to blades from striking walls or other obstacles.

For more information, phone (708) 540-8400 and tell them you saw it in LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT, or Circle 279

Wooden flag poles add finishing touch

White wooden flag poles from Hennessy House can be exactly what golf course members and homeowners want to add a touch of class to their clubhouse areas and front lawns.

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Coating technology leads to extended fertilizer release

V-Cote is a polymer-based coat available as a custom-blended option to the Par Ex line of golf course fertilizers from Vigoro Professional Products. It works up to 12 weeks.

According to Vigoro, the secret lies in a patented, 13-layer coating process. The company says Par Ex products with V-Cote and IBDU slow-release nitrogen help deliver specified levels of color, density and overall performance.

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June 6, 1996 for the August 1996 issue.
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NEW PUBLICATION!

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**ZIP**

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**SIGNATURE**

**DATE**

---

**MAY 1996**

This card is void after August 15, 1996

I would like to receive (continue receiving) LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT each month: [ ] Yes [ ] no

---

**1. MY PRIMARY BUSINESS AT THIS LOCATION IS: (check only ONE in either A, B or C)**

<table>
<thead>
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<td>[ ] 13 Airports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[ ] 14 Multiple Government/Municipal Facilities</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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**B. CONTRACTORS/SERVICE COMPANIES/CONSULTANTS:**

| [ ] 01 Landscape Contractors (Installation & Maintenance) |
| [ ] 10 Arborists |
| [ ] 20 Landscaping |  |
| [ ] 30 Landscaping |  |
| [ ] 40 Landscaping |  |

---

**C. SUPPLIERS:**

| [ ] 01 Sod Growers, Turf Seed Growers & Nurseries |
| [ ] 10 Dealers, Distributors, Formulaters & Brokers |
| [ ] 20 Manufacturers |

---

**2. WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING BEST DESCRIBES YOUR TITLE? (check ONE only)**

| [ ] 01 EXECUTIVE/ADMINISTRATOR: President, Owner, Partner, Director, General Manager, Chairman of the Board, Purchasing Agent, Director of Physical Plant |
| [ ] 10 MANAGER/SUPERINTENDENT: Arborist, Architect, Landscape/Ground Manager, Superintendent, Foreman, Supervisor |
| [ ] 20 MANAGER/SUPERINTENDENT: Arborist, Architect, Landscape/Ground Manager, Superintendent, Foreman, Supervisor |
| [ ] 30 GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL: Government Commissioner, Agent, Other Government Official |
| [ ] 40 SPECIALIST: Forester, Consultant, Agronomist, Pilot, Instructor, Researcher, Horticulturist, Certified Specialist |
| [ ] 50 OTHER TITLED AND NON-TITLED PERSONNEL: (please specify) |

---

**3. SERVICES PERFORMED: (check ALL that apply)**

| [ ] 01 Mowing |
| [ ] 10 Lawn Care Service Companies |
| [ ] 20 Custom Chemical Applicators (Ground & Air) |
| [ ] 30 Tree Service Companies/Arborists |
| [ ] 40 Irrigation Contractors |
| [ ] 50 Other Contractor or Service |

---

**4. WHAT IS YOUR ANNUAL BUDGET FOR EQUIPMENT, CHEMICALS, SUPPLIES? (please check one)**

| [ ] 01 Less than $50,000 |
| [ ] 02 $50,000-$100,000 |
| [ ] 03 $100,000-$250,000 |
| [ ] 04 $250,000-$500,000 |
| [ ] 05 More than $500,000 |

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I would like to receive (continue receiving) LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT each month:  Yes  no

Signature:  Date:

1. MY PRIMARY BUSINESS AT THIS LOCATION IS: (check only ONE in either A, B or C)
   A. LANDSCAPING/GROUND CARE AT ONE OF THE FOLLOWING TYPES OF FACILITIES:
      01 Golf Courses  08  40 Private/Public Estates & Museums
      02 Sport Complexes  09 Condominiums/Apartments/Housing Developments/Hotels/Resorts
      03 Parks  10 Cemeteries/Memorial Gardens
      04 Rights-Of-Way, Maintenance for Highways Railroads & Utilities
      05 Schools, Colleges & Universities  11 Hospital/Health Care Institutions
      06 Industrial & Office Parks/Plants  12  60 Military Installations & Prisons
      07 Shopping Centers, Plazas & Malls  13  65 Airports
      08  70 Multiple Government/Municipal Facilities
   B. CONTRACTORS/SERVICE COMPANIES/CONSULTANTS:
      16 Landscape Contractors (Installation & Maintenance)
      17 Lawn Care Service Companies
      18 Custom Chemical Applicators (Ground & Air)
      19 Tree Service Companies/Arborists
   C. SUPPLIERS:
      20  210 Sod Growers, Turf Seed Growers & Nurseries
      21 Dealers, Distributors, Formulators & Brokers
      22 Manufacturers

2. WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING BEST DESCRIBES YOUR TITLE? (check ONLY one)
   28 EXECUTIVE/ADMINISTRATOR: President, Owner, Partner, Director, General Manager, Chairman of the Board, purchasing agent, director of physical plant
   29 MANAGER/SUPERINTENDENT: Arborist, Architect, Landscape/Ground Manager, Superintendent, Foreman, Supervisor
   30 GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL: Government Commissioner, Agent, Other Government Official
   31 SPECIALIST: Forester, Consultant, Agronomist, Pestic, Instructor, Researcher, Horticulturist, Certified Specialist
   32 OTHER TITLED AND NON-TITLED PERSONNEL: (please specify)

3. SERVICES PERFORMED: (check ALL that apply)
   33 Mowing  34 Turf Insect Control
   35 Tree Aeration  36 Turf Aeration
   37 Irrigation Services  38 Turf Fertilization
   39 Turf Disease Control
   40 Ornamental Care

4. WHAT IS YOUR ANNUAL BUDGET FOR EQUIPMENT, CHEMICALS, SUPPLIES? (please check one)
   48 Less than $50,000  49 $50,000-100,000
   50 $100,001-250,000

Signature:  Date:

I would like to receive (continue receiving) LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT each month:  Yes  no

Signature:  Date:
"Ferromec and Bov-A-Mura have been key players on my team at every Super Bowl since they were introduced," says George Toma, the Kansas City sports turf legend.

Called "B-A-M" by the NFL grounds crew, Bov-A-Mura is always the first thing put down on the Super Bowl field. This is true whether the field is sodded over B-A-M-sprayed soil or over-seeded with B-A-M used in the pregermination water.

Stronger roots, abundant tillering

"We've never found anything that produces deeper, stronger roots, nor such fast, abundant tillering," explains Toma, who has been responsible for preparing all 30 Super Bowl playing fields. Ferromec Liquid Iron has also been a major player at the Super Bowl, with 3 or more light applications applied during the 4 to 5 weeks that George and his son Chip are in charge of field. "It helps us fine-tune the turf color in just a few hours," says Chip Toma.

Boosts color, not topgrowth

The Tomas have found that just 2 or 3 ounces per thousand square feet can give the turf color a boost without discoloring the field markings — and without boosting topgrowth.

The Tomas take Bov-A-Mura abroad to help work their magic on more than a dozen other stadium and practice fields used for the Pro Bowl and NFL exhibition games around the world. "We never leave home without it!," chuckles Chip. "Ditto for Ferromec Liquid Iron!"
"I've Specified Penncross For 33 Years. Why Mess With Success?"

"I've been in business 33 years as a golf course superintendent, contracter, consultant and golf course owner. Of the nearly 500 greens I've built or rebuilt, 95% have been planted with Penncross creeping bentgrass. The customers specified PennLinks on the others.

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Why? Because I believe Penncross has already been where all of the other bents are trying to go. Penncross can take the extremes of heat, humidity and cold we experience here, plus the daily wear and tear of spikes, ball marks and divots. But the real value is in its rapid establishment. In today's economy, a golf course must generate revenue quickly to recoup land, construction and startup expenses. I can seed Penncross anytime the soil is warm enough to germinate and have green grass in five days. We're then mowing the greens in 13 to 16 days. This pleases both investors and owners.

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