"The landscape architect should be the one to convince owners that maintenance is vital to the value of a landscape," says Lane Marshall, head of the Department of Landscape Architecture at Texas A&M. Marshall, former president of the American Society of Landscape Architects and practicing landscape architect in Sarasota, Florida, for 20 years, has a new perspective on his industry now that he is a university department head. His experience and understanding is apparent in a report he did for ASLA, Landscape Architecture in the Twenty-First Century.

"After graduating from the University of Florida in 1959, I went to work for a practicing landscape architect in Fort Lauderdale. After nine months, I struck out on my own since no licensure was required then. I started with small residential designs and worked my way up, gradually building in size and skill.

"At the same time, I recognize there is an informal apprenticeship of 2 to 3 years where the beginning LA spends much of his time at the table on smaller jobs," Marshall points out. "I understand the frustration of my students starting out. They have a unique set of ethics toward the quality of life and to living things which drives them through the tough times."

"LA graduates are excellent problem solvers and this quality goes with them into whatever field they settle on. And, for this reason, there is room for twice as many LA graduates as American colleges and universities produce," Marshall claims. He points out there are 44 schools accredited by ASLA, perhaps 100 with LA curricula. "Out of these, there are at least a dozen superb programs for aspiring landscape architects."

Marshall's life swung toward education as he travelled the country in 1977-78 as president of ASLA. "After 500,000 miles, I simply couldn't go back to private practice. Instead, I attended the University of Illinois and received a Masters in Landscape Architecture in 1979." In 1980, he and William H. Behnke, a landscape architect in Cleveland, Ohio, joined forces in Florida. But within the year, the lure of education and a department head offer from Texas A&M drew him back.

Marshall still consults with Behnke and his former clients when possible. It would be like letting down a friend otherwise as he describes it.

Since 1956 when he was a student, Marshall has been active in ASLA. He became a full member in 1964 and later served on a committee to establish selection criteria for an executive director. The result of his work was the hiring of current executive director Ed Able in 1977, months before Marshall became president, ASLA's growth has been a tribute to Able and to Marshall's committee.

Marshall sees a need for a second level of certification in the field to prove to clients that LAs are staying current. He openly suggests his students go to states without licensure to gain experience. However, he sees self-policing as the key to success in certification. "In many states, it is licensure that publicly states the landscape architect is as professional as an architect."

The ASLA Board of Trustees has endorsed a nation-wide continuing education program tied to seminars and other educational methods of keeping up-to-date. Marshall says it will take 3 to 5...continued on page 46

Tarpon Woods Golf and Tennis Club was a master plan done by Marshall prior to teaching. The plan includes landscape planning for garden apartments, townhouses, a resort and the golf course.
Lane L. Marshall

years to get the program off the ground.

"We need to establish a program similar to the CPA in public accounting, where the initials mean as much as any law. A landscape architect in the ASLA program might wait five years after graduating to begin the continuing education program.

"The time to show clients the value of maintenance is up front," Marshall exclaims. "If four or five of your jobs go sour because of poor maintenance, you'll get the motivation to sell clients on maintenance."

In many cases, Marshall actually wrote a three-year maintenance contract into his bid to make sure his jobs were properly maintained. He wrote a maintenance manual and gave it to nearly all his clients, although the cost for this he built into their fee.

"Maintenance contractors, not installation contractors, are the major reason for the poor taste many architects have about contractors. At the most, one out of ten installation contractors would disappoint me." On the other hand, he had a hard time finding a reliable maintenance contractor. He is pleased that many landscape contractors are developing maintenance divisions today.

"In the future, the landscape architect should do more thinking and less drawing," Marshall states. "The resistance to computers should be dispelled and the full capabilities of computers in landscape architecture recognized."

Still, Marshall believes the computer age will not take away from the LA's interest in landscape problems. "I don't see LAs shifting away from site and plant challenges because of computers."

"I have a very positive attitude about design/build," Marshall said. If you look at some of the work of Theodore Brickman of Chicago or Lambert's in Dallas, you see what I mean. Their work meets any standards for LAs."

Marshall believes there is a greater role for women in landscape architecture. "Women have the natural intuitiveness and sensitivity many men lack. They have no problem competing with men. The problem, like in any profession, might be lack of longevity caused by a husband's move or motherhood. Landscape architecture is a super profession for women." WTT

---

**Advances in Turfgrass Pathology**

published by HARCOURT BRACE JOVANOVICH PUBLICATIONS in cooperation with Dr. B. G. Joyner, Dr. P. O. Larsen and Chemlawn Corporation

This extensive volume contains chapters on:

- turfgrass diseases
- cool v.s. warm season pythium blight and other related pythium problems
- snow molds of turfgrasses
- fairy rings
- leaf spot of Kentucky Bluegrass in Minnesota
- initial and field fungicide screening
- turfgrass disease resistance
- PLUS MUCH MORE!

ADVANCES IN TURFGRASS PATHOLOGY is a compilation of more than 23 reports and discussions by the nation's leading turfgrass pathologists. Explore the diseases that attack turfgrass. Find out how to conquer the battle of turfgrass diseases.

KEEP CURRENT WITH NEW IDEAS ON HOW TO HANDLE TURFGRASS PROBLEMS WITH ADVANCES IN TURFGRASS PATHOLOGY.

$27.95* (hardcover)

Copies limited — Don't delay!

Return this coupon to: Book Sales
Harcourt Brace Jovanovich Publications
One East First Street, Duluth, MN 55802

YES! Please send me _____ copy(ies) of ADVANCES IN TURFGRASS PATHOLOGY.

Name ________________________________
Address __________________________________________
City ____________________ State _____ Zip _____
Phone ________________________________

$27.95* hardcover Quantity rates available on request.

A check or money order for ____ is enclosed.

*Please add $3.00 per order plus $1.00 per additional copy for postage and handling.

Please charge to my Visa, Master Card, or American Express (circle one)

Account Number ____________________________
Expiration Date ________________________

Please allow 6-8 weeks for delivery. WTT 43
A CONTINUUM OF PROGRESS

Denver firm breaks new ground, sets new trends in landscape architecture

By MAUREEN HREHOCIK, Associate Editor

It is 6 a.m. on a clear Denver morning and Randall Boyd Fitzgerald is already at her desk at home working on a recreation proposal for an upcoming meeting. Many of this landscape architect's days start out the same way—a little breathing time in the morning before the onslaught of the day's responsibilities at the office.

Fitzgerald, at 35, is somewhat of a maverick in the field of landscape architecture and readily admits it. Co-founder of the Denver firm, the Continuum, she is breaking new ground in what is considered a rather conservative profession. Authoritatively and articulately her conversations are punctuated with words like "balance," "leading edge," and "quality."

The Continuum was founded in April 1982 by Fitzgerald and William Johnson of William Johnson Associates of Ann Arbor, MI, after three years of careful planning. Johnson was recently Dean of the School of Natural Resources at the University of Michigan and the founding principle of Johnson, Johnson and Roy of Ann Arbor. The theory behind the company is the formation of an inter-disciplinary network of professionals in planning and landscape architecture, law, economics, conflict management and public participation and research. Through this forum, the founders envision being better able to serve the complete needs of their clients. There are currently about 15 organizations and individuals participating in the Continuum. They include Paul Wehr of Colorado University; BBC of Denver, an economics firm; Synergy, a land planning and landscape architecture firm (of which Fitzgerald's husband is a partner); and a Denver law firm specializing in environmental law. The Midwest contingent of the company includes Jim Olsen of Olsen Associates, a legal firm; Elan, a computer programming company; and William Johnson Associates.

This "new breed of cat" as Fitzgerald refers to the Continuum, samples the best of all worlds (or strives to) in meeting a client's needs by keeping the "leading edge."

"The company is very much into trend analysis," she says. "This industry, because of rapid changes, doesn't always exchange information enough or use resources as well as possible. The Continuum is trying to correct this." As an example, Fitzgerald points to the fact that the company is currently pursuing research grants. Instead of only one company benefitting from the research, through the Continuum, it will be passed on to member organizations. In time, both Fitzgerald and Johnson hope to expand that network.

Fitzgerald knows of no other firm in the country like the Continuum.

"This is exciting because it's new enough to be evolving, but we're careful enough to be treading slowly in its development," she says. "We're really into mixed use work and large planning and design, such as facilities incorporating commercial, office and residential uses."

The philosophy of the organization is simple: it is structured to deal with changing trends within the industry as successfully and efficiently as possible.

The premise is not new. During September of 1980 and September of 1982, the American Society of Landscape Architects held the Gwinn Conference in Cleveland. It was designed to look at the future of the profession.

"What it said is what we really are trying to do here," Fitzgerald points out. "As landscape architecture grows, its diversity and role in development landscaping and environmental management develops and grows."

Why, then, with such findings, aren't more firms throwing away the traditional trappings of landscape architecture and trying the new approach?

"Because it's totally unproven ground," Fitzgerald says simply. "Landscape architects are often very conservative. A maverick? Well, yes, maybe I am, but the concept certainly isn't new."

Fitzgerald lists some of the changing trends today's landscape architect must contend with.

"Landscape architects are having to deal with trends that weren't present 10 years ago such as the changing use of people's leisure time. The diversity and types of activities have changed. People are, for the most part, staying closer to home. More people are also involved with computer technology and that high technology has to be balanced with human interaction."

continued on page 52
There’s also the constant preoccupation with fitness. There has to be a regard for the total integration of how people live, work and play. Communities want and need an identity of their own. We have to deal with the increasing number of choices people have."

With these considerations in mind, The Continuum continues to attract interest as well as clients. Fitzgerald is currently working with synergy on a 3600-acre ranch in northern Douglas County (Colorado), totally revising the master plan.

"This project has tremendous potential," she enthuses, the interest in her voice noticeably rising. "We want to make it the gateway to Denver from the South. We also want to give it an urban focus—the Town Center contrasting to the suburban quality of Greater Denver. We are trying to create a focus or identity for the southeast corner of the Denver area."

The Continuum has been working on the project since last April. The number of projects Fitzgerald works on at once varies, and she says she isn’t working on as many as she’d like. However, the challenges and the potential are still there.

Fitzgerald graduated from the University of Michigan in 1970 and practiced in England for two years. In 1972 after returning from England, she settled in Denver and has been there ever since. While in England, she worked for the Greater London Council on a project that still remains one of her most satisfying. It was called New Town at Bletchley. Situated on the River Thames, Fitzgerald says the greatest challenge of the project was the balance of physical design with the social and economic circumstances.

"The English have a very different set of ideas about what they want, such as their gardens, and definitely no high rises," she explained, “but it’s achieving this balance between the confines of the job and what the client wants that is the fun part of this profession for me."

Bell Ranch is a camp and conference center where Fitzgerald had to incorporate the natural diversity of the land with educational and recreational uses.

After returning to the U.S. from England, Fitzgerald worked for four months with the Olympic Committee in Denver which tried to organize a massive statewide recreational event. It never really got off the ground, but she said the experience of working with them and all of the contingencies such as transportation and housing a project like this would entail, made it worthwhile.

A smaller project Fitzgerald is particularly pleased with is the Bell Ranch Camp and Conference Center in Evergreen, CO.

"Its elevation is at 8000 feet and we had to deal with the ecosystems of both the Montane and Upper Montane forests and balance the recreation and educational components of the site. The resource was the diversity of the land itself. We were involved from the comprehensive planning stages to site design."

Prior to co-funding the Continuum, Fitzgerald worked for the THK Associates of Denver.

"In the diversity of projects she’s worked on, Fitzgerald has found one constant and that is the need for the landscape architect to be as involved in the initial planning stages of any project as early on as possible."

"It’s not that we want control over the project, it’s just easier to offer opinions and options at an early stage instead of being handed a fait accompli."

Fitzgerald says she enjoys most a client who is interested in creating a positive development that will have quality environmentally as well as being economically feasible.

"Some clients don’t understand economic benefits of quality, and it can be a tough road to bridge," she says.

One of the things Fitzgerald enjoys most about her work is the diversity.

"There will always be traditionally organized landscape architect firms," she said, "and that’s fine, but we all must get more involved in effecting decision-making as early on in a project as possible. We must learn to balance the high

continued on page 84
See for yourself how efficiently the HUSTLER 261 cuts, sweeps, vacuums and edges.

Experience for yourself HUSTLER versatility, economy and performance. Your HUSTLER distributor will give you a FREE demonstration of the HUSTLER 261 on your own turf! And, if you do it before June 30, you'll receive a popular HUSTLER Belt Buckle FREE!

The HUSTLER 261 beats the competition in performance and price because of famous HUSTLER quality features, backed by traditional Excel reliability and design-mated attachments that give year-round versatility.

To set up your FREE DEMONSTRATION of the HUSTLER 261 or other HUSTLER models, see your nearest HUSTLER distributor or call Toll Free 1-800-835-3260.

Excel Industries, Box 7000, Hesston, Kansas 67062

The choice of the Pros.

FREE BUCKLE

New air sweep feature on our BAC-VAC is adjustable on the go to divert air flow to a side opening for sweeping sidewalks, or for side-discharging clippings.

GS-07S-07691

Call toll free 1-800-835-3260

FREE BUCKLE WITH EVERY DEMONSTRATION!

---

Continuum continued from page 52

The English have a very different set of ideas about gardens and landscapes.

Meanwhile, The Continuum continues to delve into some of these new trends.

"Is the Continuum ahead of its time?" "It needs to be given some time to prove itself," Fitzgerald says. "The really exciting thing about it is that I know I have the right people working with me. It's an interdisciplinary team effort."