green we put in. It was not hit with brown patch, but as soon as I gave it a treatment of Calo-Clor it has done better.

Rock Island Fares Well

By JOHN HILL, Greenkeeper Rock Island Arsenal Golf Club, Rock Island, Ill.

1. We had no webworms or worms of any kind. All the other courses around this part of the country had more or less cutworms.

2. I had hardly any large or small brown patch, using Calo-Clor as a preventative. I also think this takes care of the worms in your greens. I mixed my fertilizer with my topdressing, then watered it in.

3. Used very little of any kind of fertilizer during the months of June, July and August.

4. Over-feeding, I think, forces your grass more and forms a rank growth which hastens fungus diseases. I think over-watering will have the same effect.

5. No, I have been lucky in respect to diseases.

No Trouble At Gulfport

By FRANK JONES, Greenkeeper

Gulfport, Mississippi

 $\mathcal{R}_{\text{EPLYING to your questionnaire, this golf course}$ has been closed since May 1st. We have carpet and Bermuda grass fairways and Bermuda greens. Have kept fairways and greens mowed regularly and have not used any fertilizer or watered any during the summer.

The course is in very good condition. No webworm or disease of any kind has been visible. Will





sow greens to Italian Rye starting October 15th. During the winter months we have a fungus disease and brown patch on greens, although I had beautiful greens last season. Will give you more information on turf disease here during the open season.

Nu-Green Used At Winnipeg

By JOHN THOMSON, Greenkeeper Kildonan Park Municipal Golf Course Winnipeg, Manitoba

IN ANSWER to your questionnaire to hand, I am sending you this short account of the methods adopted by us this season.

This season we have had plenty of troubles, such as frost, wind and drought. About the third week in June our greens were in fine shape, when the weather turned very hot indeed for Manitoba and big brown patch struck us badly on greens Nos. 4, 7, 9 and 12.

These greens are all along the Red river and are sheltered by trees. We used Nu-Green in the specified amounts and found it very satisfactory. We used this treatment twice in 10 days and brown patch left us for the time being.

Our methods for fertilizing greens are as follows: From the first of spring until the second week in July, 25 pounds of sulphate of ammonia to 1000 square feet. Then from the middle of July until the end of September 100 pounds of tankage to a green of 6,000 square feet surface.

I have never seen any green over-fed on Kildonan Park Golf course, but I do believe that over-feeding and over-watering with excessive heat prevailing, hastens fungus diseases.

My Poa Annua Went Out

By FRED LARRENCE, Greenkeeper Deal Golf Club, Deal, N. J.

I N REGARD to your letter of September 8, I have had trouble and plenty of it, but it was due to my Poa Annua going out on me and hot weather and showers. I had four greens go out over night and I went to forking and using lime. I preserved three greens and with soil and Cocoos bent got a good catch. I also sanded well using as much as ten tons to the green.

Answering your detailed questionnaire, I had no webworm but some leaf spot. I use no fertilizer, but