

Green Section Summer Meetings

The United States Golf Association Green Section is planning to hold 11 meetings on golf courses or experiment turf gardens during the period August 3 to September 24, 1931. Three were held in July. Excellent opportunities will be offered at these meetings to discuss golf turf problems on the ground. At all of these meetings opportunity will be afforded to compare different strains of grasses, different fertilizer tests, and the results of different turf practices. The meetings will be open to any one interested in turf problems whether or not he is affiliated with a club supporting the work of the Green Section.

Aug. 3, 3 p. m., Philadelphia Country Club (Spring Mill Course), W. Conshohocken, Pa.

Aug. 4, 3 p. m., Oakmont Country Club, Pittsburgh. Pa.

Aug. 10, 3 p. m., Century Country Club, White Plains, N. Y.

Aug. 17, 3 p. m., Sedgefield Country Club, Greensboro, N. C.

Aug. 19, 3 p. m., Country Club of Virginia (James River Course), Richmond, Va.

Aug. 26, 3 p. m., Hyde Park Golf and Country Club, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Aug. 28, 3 p. m., Indian Trails Golf Course, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Aug. 31, 4 p. m., Mid-West Turf Garden, Mill Road Farm Golf Course, Everett, Ill.

Sept. 8, 3 p. m., Westwood Country Club, St. Louis, Mo.

Sept. 10, 10 a. m., Tulsa Country Club, Tulsa, Okla.

Sept. 24, 3 p. m., Municipal Golf Course, Niagara Falls, N. Y.

The meeting at the Mid-West turf garden, at 4 p. m., on August 31, will be held at the time of the National Amateur Championship

Canadian News

By J. H. EVANS, Golf Editor, the Toronto Globe

Big Business placed a proposition before President Sansom of the Ontario Greenkeepers' association, Secretary Bert Hawkins and two score more greenkeepers and course superintendents on June 14 in the Royal Connaught Hotel, Hamilton, at a luncheon after the greenkeepers and course superintendents had witnessed what Big Business had to offer them.

Big Business represented in the Canadian Industries Limited, a concern capitalized in the millions with wide ramifications extending from table salt to the manufacture of fertilizer for the farmer and the golfer, offered to accept any idea which the greenkeepers might suggest, produce a special fertilizer and then turn it over to any club for use free of cost, for experimental purposes.

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Prior to the luncheon, Mr. Sansom and his party were taken through the million dollar plant of Canadian Industries Limited located at Hamilton, Ont., and erected for the purpose of manufacturing superphosphate for fertilizing purposes. Its capacity is 75,000 tons per annum by a new process. The plant has also a capacity of 50,000 tons per annum of mixed fertilizer. The phosphate rock is brought from Morocco and Florida.



Major James Black, a specialist in grass culture, addressed the greenkeepers. Major Black stated that the company possessed a technical promotion department for the purpose of carrying on experimental work for the farmer and the golfer.

After the meeting during which Major Black described the different fertilizers manufactured by the company, ten greenkeepers asked for a supply of a fertilizer made with a Milorganite base. Other greenkeepers asked for a fertilizer of a different type. In addition to the fact that the fertilizer was made under the most modern methods, the greenkeepers were actuated in extending their support to the company by the fact that the superphosphate as far as possible was made in Canada from Canadian material by Canadian labor.

Later in the day Mr. Sansom and his party went to the course of the Mississauga Golf and Country to view the play-off for the Canadian open golf championship. They were met by Course Superintendent Stansfield who had spent several weeks preparing the lay-out for the tournament. Walter Hagen, the champion, complimented the club on the condition of its course after he had won the championship, and Stansfield was pleased with the tributes which he received.





