delions we will always have but by the time they get the size of a quarter we have them stuck with a sickle. Everyday in the spring my greens mowers get over all their greens and stick them and they only get started. I find that if you keep your compost free from weeds (I always have two years ahead made), ninety-nine percent of your weed troubles never develop. I think any golf course where weeds get ahead in is the fault of the greenkeeper provided the club will give him money to hire help with.

Angle worms are a good thing on any green, provided you only let them work one week in the spring and one week in the fall then stop them dead with corrosive, at least that is the way I do, but the big night crawlers (I don't have any), are dreadful and the only way to stop them is with the use of arsenate of lead. The Soangetaha Country club here has twenty acres of them and don't have money to arsenate the twenty acres but keep them off the greens.

4. New Work.

I am always changing something-trap Number 11 this fall.

## Arsenate of Lead for Worms

By HAROLD STODOLA, Greenkeeper Keller Club, St. Paul, Minn.

HERE are a few facts about our golf course. It is owned by Ramsey County and is having its first season of play. The greens are Seaside bent, seeded. Arsenate of lead has taken care of worms and weeds. We are plugging the approaches with Metropolitan Bent. We are strong users of compost.

Our experience with bent tees has proven that bluegrass tees are better.

We have had no brown patch but what had





snow mold this spring. We are going to combat it with Calomel in the last topdressing this fall.

We have changed two flat greens to scalloped greens by lifting the sod from the edges, rolling it back, filling underneath, and rolling the sod back again. The results have been quick and satisfactory.

It is my good fortune to have a golf course architect for Green-chairman.

## Busy Times at Lawsonia

By SAMUEL MITCHELL, Greenkeeper Lawson Country Club, Green Lake, Wisconsin

THIS is my first year on this particular position and in this part of the country.

It is a little different from the climatic and soil conditions in my former home, Salem, Mass., and I find I still have plenty to learn.

Here at Lawsonia we have two 18-hole courses. One at completion of construction this fall and one an old established course. I have had an opportunity not only to study the maintenance problem but have also picked up considerable valuable experience in the construction work.

I have devoted nearly all of my time to this new course since July 1 at which time the newly planted greens and tees were turned over to my supervision with the architects, Langford and Moreau acting as conferees over the work. The greens and tees are planted with creeping bent stolons from the Robert F. Leesley Grass Co. at Riverside, Illinois. We have this Leesley strain on the greens and their Riverside, a little coarser strain on the tees. The greens and tees have all come through in fine shape and are now ready to play.