

## Experimental Fungicides for the Control of Annual Bluegrass

Brandon J. Horvath and Joseph M. Vargas, Jr. Department of Botany and Plant Pathology

Several fungicides which have been marketed recently have plant growth regulating properties. These fungicides seem to affect annual bluegrass (*Poa annua L.*) while the fungicides have no detrimental effect on the creeping bentgrass (*Agrostis palustris* Huds.). The authors initiated a study in the early summer of 1995 to evaluate what effect multiple applications of two experimental fungicides with a similar mode of action have in reducing the infestation of *Poa annua* in creeping bentgrass plots.

The study is laid out in a completely random design with the amount of initial *Poa annua* infestation measured to equalize the plots. There are seven treatments, each fungicide at three rates and a control. The treatments are applied on a 21 day schedule, and phytotoxicity and total *Poa annua* ratings are measured approximately 14 days after application. Cutting height seems to play a large role in the degree of injury experienced by *Poa annua* and, therefore, after the second application of the treatments, the cutting height was lowered to 11/64 inches (.171 inches). The cutting height will be lowered to 5/32 inches (.156 inches) after a vigorous topdressing and rolling program is sued to compact the thatch present in the plots to allow routine maintenance at this mowing height.