**Clippings**

Short pieces of news from in and around the golf business...

Golfers playing in the final two rounds of the PGA National Team Championship on the Magnolia course at Walt Disney World (Orlando, Fla., November 2-5) will be putting on all new greens. The course was closed on May 1 so that Superintendent Larry Kamp-hause could replant the greens with 328 hybrid bermudagrass. The Tifdwarf which had been planted on the greens in 1971 was being supplanted by an alien variety of bermudagrass, tentatively identified as Pee Dee, Kampthause told GOLF BUSINESS. This is a fairly common problem in that part of the country, and similar plans have been made to renovate Disney World’s Palm course next summer.

The Magnolia course was opened to guests at the Disney World Golf Resort on September 4, and the greens are in excellent condition for the tournament, Kampthause said.

Silver Springs Shores Country Club (near Ocala, Fla.) has been purchased from Amrep Corp., the real estate developer that built the club 8 years ago. The new owner, businessman Ben Botner, has appointed an entirely new staff. John Young, formerly of Continental CC in Wildwood, is now the superintendent at Silver Springs Shores. Botner also opened the course and clubhouse to the public; under Amrep, the course was reserved for members and hotel guests only, and it was losing money, according to Florida Golfweek.

The National Golf Foundation recently appointed Steve V. Mrak, regional director of the south central region of the United States: specifically, Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas. A recently retired Air Force colonel, Mrak is based in San Antonio.

Lorraine Abbott, who had been an NGF staff member for 10 years before taking a year’s leave of absence, has assumed the position of NGF regional director for the Great Lakes region. Based in Oak Park, she is responsible for Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, and Wisconsin.

Fred Stewart, who formerly covered the Great Lakes region, is leaving the National Golf Foundation on December 1 to assume operation of his own golf course.

The Metropolitan Golf Course Superintendents Association recently awarded a distinguished service plaque with a clock to Garry N. Crothers, CGCS. He had been superintendent at the Apawamis Club in Rye, N.Y., and co-editor of the MGCSA newsletter, *Tee to Green*, and has moved to Vermont to operate the Pinnacle Mt. ski resort. Crothers started in golf course maintenance with the crew at Winged Foot GC some 20 years ago and was active in both MGCSA and GCSSA. He and Ted Horton of Winged Foot have produced one of the very best local superintendents’ newsletters in the country.

Gregg Webb, formerly superintendent at Oak Island GC, Yaupon Beach, N.C., has moved to Jacaranda CC in Plantation, Fla. . . . Rodney Harris has moved to the superin-tendent’s job at the Usinyx CC in Wilmington, N.C.; he had been at River Bend GC, New Bern, N.C. . . . Charles Mason, former assistant at Gates Four CC, Fayetteville, N.C., is now superintendent of Oak Island GC in Southport.

Ronald Mason recently accepted a job as superintendent of Oak View GC in Freeborn, Minn.; he had worked at Midland Hills CC in Roseville.

Grand Junction Pipe & Supply Co. has been named a full-line franchised turf distributor for Rain Bird irrigation equipment — sprinklers, valves, controllers, and accessories. The firm serves all Colorado counties west of the Rocky Mountains. Sales manager is Ron Jaynes.

Lofts Pedigreed Seed, Inc., Bound Brook, N.J., has opened a branch to service the mid-Atlantic region. The branch is named Lofts/Maryland and is located in Landover. Strick Newsom, Jr., has been named vice president and general manager of Lofts/Maryland. Vanessa Jensen has been named assistant vice president and assistant manager.

Rain Bird Sprinkler Mfg. Corp. has promoted Dave Davis to manager of its training department, responsible for all internal and external programs. During his 7 years at Rain Bird, Davis has conducted 325 irrigation design schools with over 8,000 people in attendance. The company now offers 15 different training seminars and will expand the program under Davis.

Rain Bird also recently created two new positions for its turf market: Ken Mills is now turf product development manager, and Carlyle “Cozz” Regele is turf product technical manager. In addition, Rodney McWhirter has been promoted to eastern turf sales manager for Rain Bird Eastern Sales Corp. He has been with the firm since 1973.

The Toro Co. in Minneapolis recently announced the appointment of four vice presidents: James R. Bostic, vice president and general manager, Outdoor Appliance Div.; David L. Mona, vice president/communications; Richard J. Hargarten, vice president and director of physical distribution and administration, Outdoor Power Equipment Group; and J. David McIntosh, vice president and director of human resources.

The Irrigation Group of The Toro Co., Riverside, Calif., has promoted Jon A. Bivens to the new post of director of operations for backflow prevention devices.

William E. Koch, Jr., has been appointed manager of the Chicagoland branch of Polaris E-Z-Go. He will direct sales, service, and parts activities for E-Z-Go golf cart customers in the Illinois-Indiana territory.

**Need replacement blades for flail mowers?** Mensor Industries, Inc., of Highland, Mich., maintains large inventories of blades for most flail mowers — including Ford, John Deere, and Mott — and ships by UPS the same day the order is received. The replacement blades are made of high-carbon steel in a reversible design; they can be sharpened repeatedly. Mensor also claims their blades are priced about 40 percent below most original equipment blades. To order dial toll-free 800/521-9236 and give the make and model number of your flail mower; in Michigan, call 800/482-9220.

**Design and Install Your Own Lawn Sprinkler System** is the title of a 72-page, 8½- by 11-inch book written by Robert A. Van Leeuwen, a professional engineer. He says, “After 22 years in this business I feel that this book will give the average person the technical data necessary to design and install their own lawn sprinkler system.” While it may not be enough to enable a superintendent to design and install a complex golf course irrigation system, it should educate the superintendent well enough to work intelligently with irrigation professionals and to properly operate and maintain his own system. The book costs $3.95 and is available from Southwest Irrigation Co., 7039 E. 40th St., Tulsa, OK 74145.

A national symposium on Wastewater Irrigation of Recreational Turf is scheduled for November 12-14 at the Arlington Park Hilton near Chicago’s O’Hare Field. For information, call any of the joint sponsors of the symposium: Al Radko, USGA Green Section, 201/572-0456; Larry Packard, American Society of Golf Course Architects Foundation, 312/352-2113; or Don Rossi, National Golf Foundation, 305/844-2800.

The 32nd annual New York State Turfgrass Conference and Trade Show will be held at (naturally) The Turf Inn in Albany, November 14-16. For details, write to Janet Neumann, executive secretary, New York State Turfgrass Association, P.O. Box 636, Lockport, NY 14049 or call 716/434-5338.

The Center for Continuing Education at the University of Georgia in Athens will host the 9th annual Georgia GCSSA/U. of Ga. Turfgrass Short Course, November 20-21.

Contact: George M. Kozelnicky, executive secretary, Georgia GCSSA, Dept. of Plant Pathology & Plant Genetics, University of Georgia, Athens, GA 30602 (phone 404/542-2571).

**New Jersey Turfgrass Expo ’78**, an educational conference and trade show, will take place November 26 to December 1 at the Cherry Hill Hyatt Hotel. Joint sponsors are Cook College-Rutgers University and the New Jersey Turfgrass Association. Contact: Dr. Henry W. Indyk, Soils and Crops Dept., P.O. Box 231, Cook College, Rutgers University, New Brunswick, NJ 08903 (phone 201/932-9453).

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THE GREAT POA ANNUA DEBATE

In our "Viewpoint" column in the September issue of GOLF BUSINESS, we discussed the never-ending controversy over Poa annua on the golf course and asked readers for their opinion on whether superintendents should try to "keep it or kill it." Dozens responded. Sixteen of them plainly said "kill it." Two suggested killing it on greens but keeping it on other parts of the course. And 35 said "keep it" — though usually with suggestions either for overcoming it by overseeding and mechanical means or for making the most of it with proper fertilization and irrigation.

As promised, we're publishing a selection of replies, in hopes that you can benefit from the knowledge and experience of others. As you might expect, there is no pat answer to the question of treating annual bluegrass — there are too many variables. But what works for a course similar to yours, situated in a similar climate, is likely to work for you. — Dave Slaybaugh

Keep it. Our golf course is over 50 years old and infested with Poa annua. In the past, we tried to control the Poa annua and only succeeded in losing some of our greens in the summer. Now we just water a little more, use no chemical for Poa annua control, and have beautiful greens year-round.

John J. Huda, superintendent
Fort Dix Golf Course
Fort Dix, N.J.

Kill it. If Poa is all you have and you can't afford to control it, kill it and overseed with bent. Anyone who plays golf on Poa knows the inconsistency of putting on it from morning until afternoon. Soon after mowing Poa is fine, but by afternoon with seedheads sprouting and various growth patterns, putting is totally different. Poa becomes puffy with high and low spots. It does not provide a good, consistent putting surface.

Tim Berg, director of golf
City of Portland, Ore.

We have three courses here at the Broadmoor. The east course is approximately 80 to 90 percent Poa; West course, 60 percent Poa; South course, just opened in 1976, approximately 5 percent Poa. It is mid-May to June 1 before Poa is out and fairways filled in on East and West courses. Once it is established and because of a 6,500-foot altitude we have very little trouble keeping it throughout the summer. There simply could not be a better playing surface anywhere than Poa cut down to 1/2 inch on fairways and 3/32 inch on greens.

However, since we are in the resort business, we feel the guest deserves good playing condition before mid-May. The new South course has Emerald bent greens and bluegrass fairways which are all in beautiful shape by April 1.

Even in this climate where it is rare to lose Poa due to heat, my vote goes to the bents and bluegrasses, if nothing else for the peace of mind which comes from the predictability of these grasses. It is a good feeling to know in the spring I will have greens and not browns.

My feeling is that a continual program of overseeding the worst Poa areas with a ryegrass-bluegrass mix is wise until the time comes when a 100 percent foolproof Poa annua control is developed which can guarantee that my bluegrasses and bentgrasses will always survive regardless of what type of freak ecological conditions may arise.

Chuck Clark, director
Broadmoor Golf Courses
Colorado Springs, Colo.

Kill it. So far the best approach to achieving my goal has been through heavy overseeding in weaker or barren spots as they appear on fairways. On greens, early spring overseeding with spot work throughout the season has worked very well.

James E. Wilson, superintendent
Orange County Golf Club
Middletown, N.Y.

Wilshire Country Club is over 90 percent Poa (greens and fairways), and we are told that it is in the best condition of any course in Southern California. In April 1978 Michigan State University published Research Report 352. On pages 18-19 they outline a program for making Poa work. Basically Wilshire has been following this program for years with excellent results.

J.H. McMillen, greens chairman
Tony Catada, superintendent
Wilshire Country Club
Los Angeles, Calif.

Kill it if you can and keep on fighting it. It's bumpy and uneven, especially when in the flower and seed stages, and will desert you when you need it most — mid-season. I've had good results with tricalcium arsenate, sterilized topdressing, and removal of aerator plugs.

J.R. Shields, CGCS, superintendent
Woodmont Country Club
Rockville, Md.

In the past we have spent much money on control chemicals for Poa annua, but we never saw any appreciable results. I do not waste money on these chemicals anymore. Here in the Sacramento Valley, when it gets super hot in July and August, our Poa starts dying out, leaving thin coverage of bentgrasses on the greens. A couple years ago when I stopped using chemical controls, I started a good overseeding program in the fall and incorporated it in the
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vertical cutting, aerating, and topdressing process. This alone has given me more bentgrasses on the greens when the Poa goes than any of the chemical control programs used in the past.

This past year, although we had nearly 2 weeks of temperatures near 108° and we had 100,000 rounds played, we had very little barren ground on any of our 20 greens. I feel if we follow this program for another year or two, our loss due to Poa will be next to nothing. I say KEEP IT as long as you can.

John G. Kalostos, superintendent
Ancil Hoffman County Park Golf Course
Carmichael, Calif.

Kill it! On greens: Apply bensulide in spring (no cultivating or overseeding for 3 months, May/June/July). Heavy aeration in August (don’t try this without an adequate irrigation system, and not during temperatures above 90°F.). Topdress with sandy mix containing enough soil (15 percent?) to retain water for germinating seedlings (I verticut the aeration cores and mat back in). Overseed with bentgrass and water. By the time Poa seedheads start forming in September, the aeration holes are filled with bentgrass. Don’t open the turf again that year. Prevent open areas for Poa to germinate in.

I keep turf lean all season (about 5 pounds N/1,000 square feet/year) and irrigate deeply and infrequently. If vertical mowing is necessary to prevent excess buildup of mat, it should be done lightly, not when Poa is seeding heavily, and followed by overseeding with bentgrass to have good seed available to out-compete any potential Poa seed. Deep cultivating will destroy bensulide layer.

Gregory R. Davis, superintendent
Niagara Falls Country Club
Lewiston, N.Y.

In Florida, we kill it with Kerb. That won’t work in the north. The new bulletin put out by Dr. Beard, et al., and sponsored by the USGA has some very interesting insights and ideas both pro and con.

Scott A. Sincerbeau, superintendent
Royal Palm Yacht & Country Club
Boca Raton, Fla.

Keep it! We have to. Our greens have better than 60 percent Poa. During May of each year we have plenty of seed pods—if you want some, just ask. But I use most of them myself to reseed my tees. This summer was the driest in years, but our greens have never been better, due to watching irrigation and fertilization closely and raising green mower height to 5/16 inch. We don’t irrigate our fairways and the dies . . . but so does everyone else’s.

Tom Williams, superintendent
Orchard Valley Golf Course
Nedrow, N.Y.

I have been both “fighting” and “managing” Poa annua for 25 years at courses in both northern and southern California. I have yet to see a successful elimination of this grass either by chemical or mechanical means. I have seen comparative miracle management results without chemical useage. All too often the “grass” gets the blame for incompetent management practices.

Ralph B. Gillingham
Baywood Golf & Country Club
Arcata, Calif.

Kill it! That is, the Poa. With Penncross greens and bermuda tees and fairways, Poa infestation in greens affects the putting during July and August and definitely retards the return of bermuda on tees and fairways in spring. A selective herbicide for Poa on bent would sell like hotcakes even though the bent may be bruised for a few days. Kill it in the South — I’ll let the Yankees have it if they wish.

Wes Brown, owner and general manager
Mocassin Bend Golf Club
Chattanooga, Tenn.

In March of this year I took over as superintendent of Brown’s Lake Golf Association. My greens had a 2½-inch layer of thatch and were 90 percent Poa annua. If I had tried to eradicate the Poa annua, I would have had only a brown mat to put on. With adequate fertilization and proper mowing height, my greens are in very good condition, and the bent is filling in faster than I expected. I feel it is better to live with Poa annua than kill it.

Rodney A. Voykin, superintendent
Brown’s Lake Golf Association
Burlington, Wis.

Keep it! Continually Overseed critical areas with a mixture of bent (Penncross) or ryegrasses (Pennfine and Manhattan) as they wilt or fade out. Could also sod out bad areas if proper drainage is installed in your low areas.

Based on two premises — one, that some grass is better than none; and two, that a closed golf course benefits no one — we have but one solution: to manage properly.

We are all too familiar with the various factors that affect Poa annua populations. Water, compaction, fertility, mowing heights, etc. all can be regulated somewhat by our maintenance practices. Merely by holding off on water and aerating often we can gain on the problem. With the use of various chemicals to retard the aggressive Poa and promote new seedlings, we can also gain.

There are many things that can be done without killing existing turf or closing down a fairway or green. Once you have exhausted all of these manipulations over years of work you can suggest killing off the entire golf course. Most of these programs result in the same percentages of Poa within a few years anyway, unless the cultural maintenance practices discourage Poa.

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