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Pros Report Play, Sales, Up
Despite Spotty Weather

To get a line on what the business score is for pros this year GOLFDOM queried by mail 400 professionals. The pros were selected to give an over-all picture, according to private, public and semi-public courses, large, medium-sized and 9-hole clubs, and on a regional basis. Answers were received from 297 pros; an unusually large response to a mail query in any field, and a plain indication of pros' close study of merchandising. GOLFDOM greatly appreciates this response. We are especially grateful for the professionals' and course superintendents' responses to our requests for information that benefits the entire golf business. We know that facilities available to the pros and supts. generally make it inconvenient for them to handle correspondence.

Questions asked the pros, and the percent of answers were:

**HOW DID YOUR PLAY THIS YEAR COMPARE WITH 1951?**
- More—88%; Same 9%; Less—3%

**HOW WAS THE WEATHER IN YOUR DISTRICT THIS YEAR?**
- Good—65%; Bad and Good—27%; Bad—8%

**HOW ARE YOUR GOLF BALL STOCKS NOW?**
- Normal—81%; Low—11%; Overstocked—8%

**HOW WERE APPAREL, SHOE AND ACCESSORY SALES?**
- More—63%; Less—37%

**HOW DID WOMEN'S PLAY COMPARE WITH LAST YEAR?**
- More—74%; Same—21%; Less—5%

**HOW DID CLUB SALES COMPARE WITH LAST YEAR?**
- More—68%; Same—7%; Less—25%

**ARE YOUR SALES OF CLUBS TO WOMEN INCREASING?**
- Yes—29%; Same—13%; No—58%

**ARE YOU GOING AFTER CHRISTMAS GIFT BUSINESS THIS YEAR?**
- Yes—74%; Undecided—12%; No—14%

Two points stuck out conspicuously; one was that the weather is the big determining factor in golf sales, and the other is that despite the general big increase in women's play sales of women's clubs were a long way from increasing proportionately. However, most pros reported small but steady increase in women's clubs continuing and credited women pros' clinics at their clubs for having most sales effect.

On the weather, pros commented that the effect of heat and humidity on course condition was more of a factor in reducing play during the unfavorable months than was the discomfort to the players. Except in the far south, women golfers didn't seem to be kept off by hot weather.

In numerous places play on weekends and holidays, weather permitting, was at capacity and delays in waiting to tee-off and in play caused much grumbling. This slow action will diminish play unless there are more courses and a faster pace of play. Unquestionably the slow play of tournament pros who are in the game for a living has set the pace for golfers who are playing for fun but find the fun reduced when their have to take four hours or more to get around a course.

Not enough data is available to estimate the 1952 rounds of play this year but it's certain that the total will exceed 1951. Favorable economic and employment situation offset unfavorable weather factors.

On the economics end pros reported, in some cases, that those women who were buying clubs were going for the better equipment. The exceptions were at fee course and smaller town courses where the "buy it wholesale" lure on cheap clubs registered strong with women.

**Ball Stocks Normal**

The excess stocks of golf balls caused by Korean war scare buying has been practically cleared away, with some pros coming to the end of the season in northern and central states with barely enough to care for Autumn play. Thus one of the bad spots in pro business financing has been cleared up. Pros had far too much money tied up in ball stocks and had sold the market too far ahead. GOLFDOM had called that one in advance, warning against over-buying on the grounds that if a pro at a private club got a premium for balls in case of a shortage he'd be criticized by members who were making fortunes by having bought ahead of shortages.

In no case reported were apparel, shoe and accessory sales the same this year as last. Puzzling thing about the shoe and apparel sales is that almost all pros in larger cities reported this business up
although one might think, offhand, that store competition in the large cities would keep pro shop business from showing much of an increase. Our guess is that smart choice of merchandise and attractive display in the larger clubs made the pro shop more of a style center and the smaller shops couldn’t solve the problem of spotlighting the merchandise in a strong selling way.

Club sales at most reporting shops were up but not as much as the increase in play. Numerous pros reported that decided increase in women’s play accounted for much of the total increase in the number of rounds played. Last year was an especially good one for club sales and in some instances that we happen to know quite well, the explanation for pro shop club sales not being up to 1951 figures was because the pros really shoved the clubs into the eager, ready-cash buyers in 1951. No getting away from it; trade-ins are growing as a factor in pro grade club sales. The reconditioned clubs are helping pros meet competition of the low-priced lines, too.

Christmas gift business is growing big. One pro explains his Christmas sales campaign by saying “We’ve got to eat all year.” Another explains that he’s found Christmas golf goods sales campaigns are well timed because people are in a spending mood, wondering what to buy and don’t have heavy bills for drinking and eating and caddy charges at the club hanging over them.

Pro’s Books Tell Clear Story of His Business

A professional whose outstanding community service and community advertising at a city golf course is nationally recognized breaks down his accounting so he can see what his income is per player. This method of watching his revenue he says not only helps him to see quickly and clearly whether he and his staff are on the job in getting the revenue he must have to give complete and excellent service but it is a check to see if costs to the players are getting out of line.

In a very good month with about 10,000 rounds played, his average sale of merchandise per player was around 75 cents. The additional average revenue per player from repairs, practice range, cart and club rentals was approximately 20 cents per player. The total revenue about 95 cents per player looks very bright until the pro's investment in merchandise and equipment, salaries, insurance and other operating expenses per player are considered. Then the net profit of endeavoring to give a close approach to private club service to public course players is very moderate. The net is small enough to keep the pro constantly reminded that he has to watch all expenses of operation. The net also is low enough to keep the pro reminded, he says, of the necessity of doing everything possible to promote a large volume of play.

Other figures on the per player basis indicate that at many of the best operated public courses, as well as at private clubs, expenses that are strictly for golf are lower than for the other items such as beverages and snacks. Because of rapid turnover the investment in stock of this merchandise is much lower than the investment usually required in pro shop stock.

Another professional gets a vivid picture of the financial part of his operations by figuring how many sets of clubs he has to sell to have the net profit pay his shop stock fire and theft insurance premiums, or how much of anything in his shop he'd have to sell to have the profits pay certain items of operating costs. He's got his average net profit figured out pretty accurately.

Gibson Leaves PGA to Book Stars

Bob Gibson, for past 3 years publicity director and magazine editor for the PGA, has resigned effective Dec. 1 and will handle exhibition bookings and product endorsements for National Open Champion Julius Boros, PGA Champion Jim Turnesa, Jack Burke, Jr., Ted Kroll, Dave Douglas and Doug Ford.

In addition, he will arrange all booking for trick shot artist Paul Hahn, who last year appeared in nearly 300 cities with his one-man show.

Gibson, a former Dayton, O., and Pittsburgh, Pa., sportswriter, will establish an office in Chicago. Wm. B. MacDonald, Chicago industrialist, who will sponsor the International Four-Ball Matches at Miami Beach December 17-21, has contracted with Gibson to act as public relations consultant for that event.

Gibson’s successor to be named soon.
Overlooking 9th green of the new 18-hole municipal golf course at Allentown, Pa. In the distance is huge barn which has been converted into a modern field house at a cost of $45,000. Modernization program provided lounge, snack bar, locker-room and pro shop.

Allentown Opens New Muny Course - Gets Good Play

Allentown, Pa. has a new 18-hole municipal golf course. Opened on Memorial Day, revenue from green fees in spite of a week of rain followed by a month of excessive heat was approximately $10,000 for the first two month's operation. Pro-Mgr. John Shorey, formerly with the Brookside CC, has had a heavy lesson schedule since the opening day which has kept him hustling to keep up with his new managerial duties.

J. J. Gackenbach, Supt. of Parks, reports turf is in very good condition and compares favorably with established turf on other courses in the area. In building the course, half of the greens were seeded and the balance stolonized. Gackenbach says at the present time there doesn't appear to be much difference in the progress made between the two methods. A complete watering system was installed when the course was built with automatic watering provided for all the tees.

A barn standing on the property has been converted into a modern field house at a cost of $45,000. It contains a lounge, a snack bar, pro shop and locker-room. An old house on the site has also been renovated for the residence of the course superintendent, George Smith, who took up his new duties with a background of 24 years of excellent park experience.

Shorey leases the field house for a percentage of the gross with the exception of the pro shop on which the lease arrangement is based on net proceeds.

The city furnishes the starter and maintains all the features of the course.
MacGregor has spared no expense to make possible this attractive and usable Christmas gift kit. The zipper case is a rich, black lizard-grain leatherette. It's waterproof and scuff resistant. Packed with one dozen 1953 MT golf balls. Comes with colorful Christmas card attached.

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Report Findings of National Merion Bluegrass Survey

By FRED V. GRAU and ALEXANDER M. RADKO

On May 9, 1952, the United States Golf Association Green Section distributed a memorandum to all Cooperators in the National Coordinated Turf Program, to Members of the American Society of Agronomy Turf Committee, to Seedsmen who are Green Section Service Subscribers, and to the Members of the Green Section Committee. The subject was, "Uniform Recommendations on Establishment and Management of Merion Bluegrass."

This paragraph was included in the memorandum. "The scarcity and high price of Merion bluegrass seed makes it imperative that we exert every effort to place before the consuming public sound, unified recommendations for the most efficient use of this improved turf grass. We realize that research data will not be available to substantiate every point. Your best judgment based upon observations and experience must serve."

Twenty-eight persons replied to the questionnaire. Some answered fully, some in part. Not all questions were answered on each return. Here follows a summation as best we are able to summarize it of the answers received.

Question No. 1. Recommended rate of seeding when used alone.

The suggestions varied from 1 pound to 6 pounds to 1,000 sq. ft. Eight people suggested 2 lbs. to 1,000 sq. ft. for the amateur user. Several indicated that in the hands of a professional turf superintendent 1 lb. to 1,000 sq. ft. should be ample. The returns indicate clearly that a great deal of work must be done in order to unify recommendations on maximum rate of seeding when Merion bluegrass is used alone. Accepting the vote of the majority, the Green Section will recommend 2 lbs. to 1,000 sq. ft. for the amateur user under something less than favorable conditions and not more than 1 lb. to 1,000 sq. ft. under more ideal conditions, especially in the hands of the professional turf superintendent.

Question No. 2. Minimum content of Merion bluegrass in a seed mixture.

Six persons did not answer this question. The percentages suggested varied from 5% to 100%. It is significant that more people suggested 30% than any other single figure.

On the basis of these returns the Green Section will venture the recommendations, when Merion bluegrass seed is available in sufficient quantity to be put into seed mixtures, that 30% be the minimum content in seed mixtures placed on the market. Less than this may be sufficient in certain types of seed mixtures under ideal conditions where the management favors Merion bluegrass. We wish to stress this point "the management accorded a piece of turf is more significant in determining the final population than the original seed mixture used in establishing the turf."

Again, the returns indicate the need for a great deal of research work at every extension station where turf work is in progress in order to determine the best content of Merion bluegrass in various seed mixtures under varying conditions.

Question No. 3. Your best suggestions for a mixture containing Merion bluegrass.

Twelve persons suggested a mixture containing Merion bluegrass, creeping red fescue and colonial bent. Reduced to average percentages, the best suggestion would be 40% Merion bluegrass, 50% creeping red fescue, and 10% colonial bent. Some felt that 10% bent is too much and suggested 5% as a maximum.

Seven persons suggested a simple mixture of Merion bluegrass and creeping red fescue, approximately equal parts by weight.

A number of other mixtures containing small percentages of other grasses were suggested but they shall not be reproduced here because most of them fall into the general classification of the first two mentioned.

The Green Section favors the Merion, creeping red fescue, and colonial mixture and the one containing Merion bluegrass and creeping red fescue. For athletic field use several people have suggested that the second mixture be used with tall fescue.

Question No. 4. Outline the best procedure for renovating satisfactory turf in order to establish Merion bluegrass.

The largest number of persons, about half of them, suggested this procedure in outline. (1) Apply appropriate chemicals to discourage the existing weeds and grasses. (2) Mow as closely as possible (we would like to add, also, use the combs or rakes to assist in close mowing). (3) Aerify thoroughly and drag. (4) Fertilize
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and seed. (5) Apply irrigation water until germination is completed and thereafter water only as needed.

Four persons recommended plowing, preparing a seedbed, fertilizing and seeding. Two persons suggested raking vigorously, fertilizing and seeding and top-dressing. Here follow some suggestions noted in the returns which do not appear in the recommended procedures: "Use topsoil fill to bury the old grass." "Sow Merion as a winter dormant seeding." "Use heavy rates of phosphorus." "Use pre-germinated Merion seed." "Seeding into any kind of turf was disappointing except seeding into warm-season grasses."

**Question No. 5. Best suggested fertilization.**

Here we received a great many widely varying suggestions which indicates clearly a great need for research on the best methods of fertilizing Merion bluegrass. The total nitrogen per 1,000 sq. ft. per year recommended varied from 1 1/2 lbs. to 7 1/2 lbs. In general the replies indicated that a complete balanced fertilizer, supplying about equal quantities in N, P, and K, used spring, summer, and fall, would give good results. Generous phosphorous and potash at seeding time was indicated and others indicated that generous nitrogen at seeding time greatly helped establishment. Best suggestion is to consult your own state experiment station for detailed recommendations on fertilization.

**Question No. 6. Best height-of-cut for fairways, for lawns and for athletic fields.**

For fairways the 3/4 in. height-of-cut received the greatest number of votes. One half inch and 1 in. received several votes, and strangely enough, the 1 1/2 in. cut received two votes, 1 3/4 in. one vote, and 2 in. one vote. How a fairway could be maintained at 2 in. and have anybody enjoy playing on them is somewhat beyond us. The Green Section votes for a height-of-cut somewhere between 1/2 in. and 3/4 in. to provide the best playing conditions.

On lawns the greatest number of votes fell at the 1 1/2 in. height-of-cut. Quite a few voted for 3/4 in., for 1 in., some for 1 1/4 in., and even some for 2 1/2 in. The Green Section, in its experience, would maintain a height-of-cut at approximately 1 in. on home lawns.

On athletic fields the height-of-cut was scattered all the way from 1 1/2 in. to 2 1/2 in., with 1 3/4 receiving greatest number of votes. Several persons stated that at the higher mowing height Merion tends to lose some of its advantage over commercial Kentucky bluegrass.

**Question No. 7. Watering techniques.**

Seventy-one percent of the replies recommended keeping water away from Merion until it showed signs of wilting and then provide thorough, deep water-
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have had a part in the development of this information on Merion bluegrass. We recognize that many of the answers are not backed by research. This is something to develop in the future and is a responsibility of the experiment stations and is one of their duties and privileges to their taxpayers who want good turf. Additional surveys such as this are planned for the future, not only with Merion bluegrass, but with all improved turf grasses.

Gets Members Help in Zoysia Program

By ERNEST SCHNEIDER
Supt., Evansville (Ind.) Country Club

Here in Evansville, Ind., located in the Ohio Valley, cool season grasses do not fare so well with our hot and humid summers. At the Evansville CC four of our fairways have as nice a stand of bluegrass as can be found in this district. But since the trend is going toward close cutting I know the life of those fairways will be short. For example, in 1950 we picked out three of our fairways and sowed them with 60% bluegrass, 30% Chewings fescue, and 10% Highland bent. Two were complete failures and one showed up nicely in fescue. Then in June 1952, we lost all the fescue in that fairway through helminthosporium.

In 1950 my Green chairman and I started a program of plugging fairways with our native Bermuda and some U-3. The winters of 1950 and '51 proved too much for the U-3, but most of our native survived.

Bermuda grows well in the Ohio Valley; we have about four strains, some as fine textured as the U-3, others much more coarse; all can stand our winters, but it does green up slow in the spring.

In the meantime, into the picture steps zoysia. I acquired a sq. ft. of Z-52 in 1950. I just planted it in a 4 ft. square and forgot about it. That fall it was a solid piece of turf, which really aroused my interest, because it received so little attention. Now with the help of my Green chairman, we are really promoting zoysia. We have taken our membership into the program and are giving them small amounts and helping them to start their own nurseries. Some of them are starting it in their flower beds and others who are more enthusiastic have sterilized their soil and treated it with Krilium. In the spring we will assist them in plugging it into their lawns. At present we have about 20 members doing this, and we hope to increase it to 100 members.

Now, we are not entirely unselfish in all this — when the time comes to plug a fairway, we will call on them for sufficient amounts.

Although there has been some criticism in regard to zoysia, I know now it is the grass for us. I saw a plot planted with Krilium on 1 ft. centers which made perfect turf in 75 days. Then again I planted a plot in June, no special soil conditioner, very rarely watered it and it is practically solid.

This is the fairway grass which will stand both the hot and cold weather of the Ohio Valley and the close cutting demanded by the golfers. How long will it take to get a fairway of zoysia? We do not know, but we will start in the Spring.

Texas A&M Turf Meet
Set for Dec. 1-3

Marvin H. Ferguson, who left the USGA Green Section to become asst. prof. of agronomy at Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, advises that the annual turf conference at Texas A&M will be held Dec. 1, 2 and 3 in the Memorial Student Center, College Station, Tex.

Ferguson says that Jim Watson and his associates have lined up an intensely practical program of speakers on subjects that can be applied profitably on any golf course in Texas or other southwestern states, and that a big attendance is expected.

Central Plains Foundation Turf Meet, Oct. 22-24

The third annual turf conference of the Central Plains Turf Foundation will be held at Kansas State college, Manhattan, October 22 to 24.

During the two days superintendents and officials will hear talks on turf machinery, turf management, pest control, seeding, soil problems, and care of trees and shrubs.

The Central Plains Turf foundation and K-State have been jointly conducting experiments on adapting grass varieties to different sections of the country, best mixtures of grasses, controlling crabgrass, and other turf problems. Results of the experiments will be explained at the conference.

Speakers at the conference will include Dr. Fred V. Grau, USGA Green Section; Dr. O. J. Noer, Milwaukee; Prof. Chester Billing, Nebraska university; Dr. C. L. Sarthou, Oklahoma A and M college; Harold Glissmann, Boys' Town, Neb.; and several Kansas State college scientists.

Turf foundation officers are Chester Mendenhall, Kansas City, Mo., pres.; Ross McCausland, Wichita, v-p; Prof. W. F. Pickett, Kansas State college, secy-treas.