GAS LESS—GOLF GOES ON
By JOE GRAFFIS

SOME hopeful signs of the energetic continuance of golf on a revised basis to meet wartime conditions come early this year from the Pacific Coast and South. These areas are being closely watched for significant indications that may forecast the 1943 golf year generally in the United States. Due to the extent to which golf in these territories must rely on automobile and bus transportation, weather conditions, and intensive wartime industrial activities, it is thought by many that as the southwest goes, so will the nation in golf.

Although in the San Francisco Bay area, the Richmond GC—one of the smaller clubs that came back strong after a depression bump—seems to reflect the spirit of most of the clubs in the south and southwest. A folder giving names and addresses of Richmond members prints the statement of Pat Markovich, pro and mgr. of the club, declaring:

"I am extremely confident that gas rationing will do more to make Richmond Golf Club a more solid organization than any other plan or suggestion ever tried. My reasons for thinking so: First—it will be a means of having our members get acquainted with their golfing neighbors; Second—sharing of cars will solve our transportation problem; Third—golfers will arrive at the club in foursomes. This in return will help solve our parking problem; Fourth—we will keep physically fit by playing golf."

S. M. McFedries, president of Annadale GC, Pasadena, Calif., Says:

"It is a little early to determine just what effect gasoline rationing is going to have on club business. We have had (to mid-December) eight resignations, all from people who live outside Pasadena. We are fortunate in that we have rather a full membership, and that we are only five minutes from the center of Pasadena. "Golf play appears to be cut down somewhat, except on the week-ends. On Saturdays and Sundays the course is quite busy."

George E. Armstrong, secy., Southern California GA, views the situation:

"It is too early for us to give you any definite information about the effect gasoline rationing is going to have on clubs in our section. Most everyone started out with a full tank of gas and it will be late

AS GOLFDOM went to press the Office of Price Administration announced an order, effective noon Jan. 7, forbidding all pleasure driving by holders of A, B, and C cards in 17 Atlantic seaboard states.

The order said, "The presence of passenger cars at any gathering for purposes of sport or amusement will be taken as prima facie evidence that gasoline rations and tires are being dissipated needlessly and illegally." Driving to social engagements also is banned.

Penalty is cancellation of gasoline rations.

Acute shortage of gasoline and fuel oil and inability to transport adequate supplies to eastern seaboard states gives basis for belief that the order may not be extended to states nearer to petroleum sources, although strong criticism of unusually heavy private car traffic to the Rose Bowl football game leads some to expect extension of more stringent gasoline rationing to curtail pleasure driving.

There has been considerable criticism of excessive use of private cars in driving to race meetings in the Atlantic seaboard states. Golfers generally have gone strong for car-pooling to keep recreation gas use in their field at minimum.

At present no order further restricting gas use in course maintenance in Atlantic seaboard states has been released by the OPA.

The OPA order has impressed on golf clubs everywhere in the U. S. necessity of depending on public transportation.

Golf was going strong before the automobile was popularized and will be able to revise its transportation to get through the war alive.

in January before conditions settle down.

"Many clubs have had resignations where members have transferred to other clubs nearer their own residences. Other golfers have had to give up the game entirely or, at least, restrict their play to once or twice a month at either their own club or at the nearest public course. "Most all clubs are making a sincere effort to get their members to share rides and this campaign is beginning to take effect.

"One of the most serious troubles in this area is labor. Southern California has many aircraft manufacturers, shipyards and hundreds of other war industries employing tremendous numbers of people, and on top of this Los Angeles
County is the largest producer of agricultural products of all counties in the country. Farm labor gets high wages and, of course, all of the war plants pay many times more than golf clubs can pay for labor. All this means that maintenance on our courses is seriously restricted. All of our courses depend on sprinkler systems of some type that require labor, and as a final result many clubs may find it necessary to eliminate several holes or perhaps an entire 9 in order to keep up with the remainder.

"There continues to be a great interest in golf in this section. Dec. 20 we held an exhibition golf tournament at Wilshire CC for the benefit of army and navy camps and had the largest attendance for any one day tournament in our experience in spite of the fact that the day was marred by heavy morning fog.

"Apparently, our usual tournament schedule will be considerably restricted next year. Our Association has for 40 years conducted Inter-Club Team Match competitions which have been of the greatest value to golf. So many of our young and better players are out of the game now that it may be impossible to continue this activity on anything like the previous scale.

"No doubt we will have an annual association championship of some type in the middle of the year. Our annual championship tournament in May drew an entry of 246 and the State Amateur Championship in September had an entry of over 500. Next year we would be lucky to have one-fourth this many in either of these events."

Willie Hunter, pro at Riviera CC, Pacific Palisades, Calif., observes the situation:

"First let me say that Southern California had in 1942 one of the biggest golf years of its history.

"Since gas rationing, play has fallen off considerably at clubs away from the centers of transportation. As you know, Los Angeles has no real inter-urban service, and because of the War Industrial situation alone, such areas as ours, where there is abundance of gas and movement is 90% personal autos, should have better treatment. Maybe we will soon.

"Taking my club as an example: We have, in round numbers, 400 members. My analysis shows we have 150 within a radius of two miles. Another 200 live within an eight mile radius and the remainder are scattered. The first group can manage to keep up their play. The second group are hard hit with a 16 mile round trip—can't be done on an A card. The third group is resigning.

"Play during the week has fallen off 30% and 25% week-ends. At clubs nearer in, play is keeping up, especially if they have bus service. Riviera has nothing in the way of public transportation.

"I am of the opinion that it is too soon to judge the effect of gas rationing on golf. I will know better in January when people have worked out their own limitations, and I am hopeful that many who are by snap judgment passing up their golf will find a means to resume.

"It seems reasonable to assume that golf does not interfere with the war effort and is decidedly beneficial to the health of business men whose occasional relaxation is practically a necessity.

"Our investments in golf are big and hard to carry, so let's hope that undue pressure will not hit too hard before we put the pressure on the Nazis and Nips."

Joe Novak, widely known pro at Bel-Air CC, Los Angeles, says:

"A check of our play for the first 17 days of rationing revealed that we had 20% more play than during the same period the previous year. Maybe this is not a fair comparison because of the shock of the Pearl Harbor news last year.

"However, we were only 10% less than 1940 which was an excellent golf year, so it seems that rationing has affected us little.

"Our club is located 10 miles from the Los Angeles city hall but is actually within the area of Hollywood, Beverly Hills, Culver City and the Santa Monica Bay district.

"Unfortunately only one bus line comes near the course, so practically all travel to and from the club this year has been by private automobile, carrying more passengers than usual, so there certainly can be no criticism of our members not cooperating to save rubber and gas in getting the recreation they require."

W. H. (Bill) Johnson, greenkeeper and manager of the municipal golf courses at Los Angeles, said on Dec. 17:

"We find that golf play here follows the universal condition at this time. Play has fallen off at country club courses about 15 per cent during week days. This is more or less compensated by the additional heavy play over week-ends. Invitation tournaments where travel becomes necessary, are practically out. On the other hand, club tournaments are getting better support than ever.

"The golf ball situation seems to worry
the golfers more than the gasoline rationing. At public courses, play is heavier than ever. People are sharing rides of from four to six to a car. Many of them are riding bicycles to courses. Golfers seem to find a way to get to their favorite course regardless of the gas rationing.

"Various defense plants have formed teams and have adopted different courses as their home course. Lockheed and Vega plants are using the Griffith Park courses as their home courses. This use of recreational facilities offered by golf courses follows governmental requests for recreation for war workers. With the added burden of constant close, precise work done at defense plants, the majority of workers have had to reconstruct their whole mode of living. Were it not for the relaxation offered by golf, the pace would be killing; sanitariums and hospitals full.

The worker claims that golf and other forms of recreational sports help them to relax and to obtain a necessary rest. Upon being asked which course they prefer, they just don't care; all they want is exercise.

"At those courses happily situated on some direct bus or street railway line the drop in attendance is hardly noticeable; gas rationing does not mean anything. Here again golf ball shortage appears as the only problem and then not a very acute one. At Griffith Park we have only a limited bus schedule. Consequently our play has suffered. Play has fallen off about 15 per cent on week days. Weekend play still stays up. In fact, we reach a saturation point early in the day."

James K. McGuinness, president of Lakeside GC of Hollywood, says that the club probably is not a fair example of the effect of gas rationing on country clubs in general. To a considerable extent its membership is composed of actors, directors and writers working in motion pictures and radio. They either have no time free for golf for several weeks-ends, or they have more time than the usual country club member in their between-pictures periods. He adds:

"Thus far, our week-end play has been about normal, and our bar and restaurant business slightly above the average of this season for the last five years.

"Although Southern California has grown with the automobile and, consequently, its public transport systems are woefully inadequate in this emergency, our course can be reached, in a round-about way, by trolley and connecting bus. Members are making some use of this means of transportation, adjusting themselves to travel in the non-rush hours.

"Our best plan, however, has been to divide the residential areas of our community into districts and to furnish each member with a full list of the members living within easy distance of each other, as well as with addresses and telephone numbers. Our members have thus been able to pool their automobile travel, without too much inconvenience, so that the regular week-end players need drive to the club only once out of four, or five visits. We have found this helps considerably both in cutting down gasoline consumption and in aiding our members to get the exercise they need.

"Out of an active membership of approximately 400, we have more than 50 in the armed services. We have suspended dues payments for these members for the duration, which, of course, makes an appreciable cut in the club's revenues. Thus far, we have not found it necessary to curtail any of these essential services rendered by the club, but our membership is fully prepared to accept any re-trenchments the future may force. We are determined that Lakeside shall be a place to which our service men can return when they come back to peace and the way of life they knew before."

Larry Nabholz, of the Lakewood CC, Dallas, Tex., and president of the Texas PGA reports:

"Lakewood has been going along about the same as we did last year. On account of its location on a street car line and bus route, we should not suffer any from a transportation problem. These Texans are not the people to complain about inconveniences in wartime. Look at what their young men are doing in the war and you'll realize that the Texas spirit isn't something to be bothered by the possibility of having to go to a little trouble in getting to a golf course when the civilian men and women can keep their energy in tune.

"We keep plenty of action at the club all the time. The club serves a special buffet dinner Thursday and Sunday evenings at 75 cents a throw. This includes a full meal of all they can eat. With food rationing and higher food costs that will be altered, but the alteration will still fit right into the war plan.

"During the summer we hold putting contests three nights a week; Wednesday and Sundays for adults and Thursdays for boys and girls. We have bingo three nights a week the year around. On put-
"Why should I bother?..."

Bother?
Did you say, "why should I bother about old golf balls?"
We'll tell you why!—
Unless you turn in your old golf balls, in big quantities, right now, you're going to be out of luck and — (it's tough to say) the chances are your business will be seriously affected . . .

We want to help you. But the only way we can, is for you to make the first move.

If you want your members to be out there swinging this year, then start your "old ball" shipments coming to us immediately . . .

We wish we were just kidding. But the only fair thing to do is to talk straight—to warn you:

*Only to cooperating Pros can we make available the limited supply of those fine Spalding-processed Golf Balls—including that top-favorite Spalding Flyer that is sold exclusively through Pro shops. Act now before it's too late.*

Spalding
Golf Ball Salvage Plan
ting contest nights, the Fellowship com-
mittee puts up golf balls as prizes.

"There are other clubs in this district
not as fortunately situated as we are for
transportation and their closing is inevi-
table. A couple already have gone. The
clubs closer in get the members thus cast
loose. Lakewood already has had new
members from closed clubs.

"We have hired older men for course
work and looked far ahead in buying our
equipment needs for a couple of seasons.
We expect a good season in 1943 and in-
tend to do everything possible to keep
Texas energy and spirit at its highest
point for war work. In this part of the
country they show their best when the
going is the most difficult."

Bob Goldwater says: "Play at the
Phoenix (Ariz.) CC has held up extremely
well so far this year. Of course, we are
situated practically in town and there is
both bus and street car service to the
club. Also, a great many members live
within easy walking distance.

"Then too, we have a large number of
officers now stationed in the Valley be-
cause of our air fields. A lot of new people
have come in with the defense plants that
are springing up in Phoenix. This influx
of new people may tend to offset any loss
we may have in regular membership."

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**Gobs Hold Puerto Rican Tourney**

In San Juan, Puerto Rico, a lack of clubs
is no reason for Navy enlisted men in
Puerto Rico not to play golf. Their
Navy lockers and sea bags hold no golf
clubs but the Berwind CC has undertaken
to furnish not only the course but clubs
and golf balls, if necessary. Its working.
All any sailor—or any other service man
—need do now is present himself at the
club and make known his desire to play.
If no one else is there to take him on,
Jimmy Rue, the club pro, will.

To stimulate Navy golf interest recently
the Berwind club staged a tournament for
all enlisted men in the San Juan area and
got quite a turn-out. One of the rules of
the tournament was that “previous expe-
rience in golf was not necessary.” Some
of the members felt this was taking a
long chance with the greens, but every-
thing worked out satisfactorily and no
irreparable damage was done. The boys,
themselves, volunteered to make any re-
pairs they could.

On the course par 72 haven’t been
broken, despite the fact that it has been
in continuous use for more than 20 years
by some of the best players that have
come to the Island. Chief Petty Officer
C. V. Tarter in winning the Services
Tourney shot 80 and John M. Sokash, sea-
man second class, pushed him hard with
an 81. Tarter is from Louisville, Ky., and
Sokash is a native of Pittstown, Pa.
Sokash was caddie champ at the Fox Hill
CC in 1935 and 1936 in Pittstown.

The winner received a $50 watch from
the Bacardi Corp. of America and the
also rans received other suitable awards
from Bacardi.
17 WAYS TO GET LABOR

By LUCIUS S. FLINT

ONE OF THE most difficult problems of the country club operating executive this year will be that of getting and keeping efficient employees. Country clubs, even if they could, wouldn’t want to compete with war industry for labor, but must have help to operate in its proper wartime province.

Here are 17 suggested solutions of the country club labor problem, from western club officials.

1. If you're unable to get enough full-time people, try obtaining the services of part-time workers, simply using more of them. Married women and a good many older men retired on small incomes are glad for the chance to work a few hours a day or even full days once or twice a week. Women are proving out well for clubhouse maintenance, bar and food service work and older men can be used effectively on the course.

2. Investigate the possibilities of using high school and college students afternoons and during vacations. There are some capable, conscientious workers in this group who because of age and lack of time, aren't eligible for war factory jobs. Club operators in some localities report that public schools are now giving specialized training and have established placement bureaus.

3. Don't overlook the Negro population as a potential source of additional labor. There are many workers in this race who are perfectly capable of holding more responsible jobs than they now have.

4. Experiment with people who have minor physical disabilities. Deaf mutes, for instance, often do an excellent job in certain types of work.

5. Keep in touch with former employees who have gone into other lines. They may want to come back to their old jobs but are afraid you wouldn't have them. Such people are usually permanent because they've learned from actual experience what work they like best.

6. Dramatize the financial desirability of continuous employment in stable, peacetime work by compiling figures showing earnings of workers before, during and after the last war. Such comparisons, which are easily available in the personal acquaintance of every country club manager almost invariably reveal that the man who stayed on his regular job made more over a 10-year period than did the man who left.

7. Don't hesitate to give old employees substantial salary increases IF your earnings justify them. It costs less to pay a little more and keep an experienced worker than to have a constant turnover expense.

8. Give employees a chance to make a little extra money by holding operating economy contests. In such contests, small cash prizes are awarded all employees if a certain item of cost—or overhead in general—goes down a specified percentage during a given period.

9. Set up an employe suggestion box and offer a cash award to the depositor of any suggestion which is adopted to cut costs.

10. Take pains to praise employees for exceptional performance and back up that praise with a tangible award of some kind—possible a half day off or a little gift.

11. Give your people some hope of advancement to better jobs.

12. Make every effort to see that a dependable employee is placed in the type of job he likes best. This may not count as much as the salary but it does count.


14. Never penalize a worker unless it's absolutely necessary. Several club managers for instance, report better employee relations since they voluntarily began giving reasonable sick leave with pay.

15. Make all working conditions just as desirable as possible; give women necessary rest periods, provide good meals and so on.

16. If other members in the family of an employe also work, try to arrange his shift so that he can be home when they are.

17. Where practical, stagger hours so that once a month or so each employee can get away for two consecutive days at a time.

January, 1943
PATRIOTS OF GOLF
outdoor exercise to keep them fit for their wartime duties.

The Golf Professional, therefore, who courageously promotes the game of golf—who helps to keep his course operating, is a patriot.

The Golf Professional, who sees in the physical benefits of golf the means of keeping businessmen and workers fit and able, and who keeps them playing, is aiding the war effort. He, too, is a patriot.

The Golf Professional, who stimulates the interest of "Juniors" and establishes classes to teach them golf with its fine training, rhythm and timing, is a patriot. He is helping to build future flyers, gunners and officers.

The Golf Professional, who urges players to take care of their equipment—who services it skillfully and conscientiously—who sends us used golf balls for rebuilding—and does his best to keep the physical and mental benefits of golf available today, is a patriot. In the way he knows best, he is aiding the war effort.

So, here's a toast to the Patriots of Golf—the men who keep the greens green and the flags flying on America's golf courses.

To be sure of your supply of Wilson Accurated Rebuilt Golf Balls, be sure to send us all used golf balls for rebuilding.
SUGGEST GOLF’S SALES STORY

THOMAS G. McMahan, president of the Chicago District GA, asked member club officials and others to suggest selling points which CDGA clubs might use effectively in maintaining club memberships during the war.

McMahon suggested that the clubs use the material assembled—and provided to all member club presidents—in a steady campaign of advertising to present and prospective members.

Some of the numerous suggestions:

George W. Blossom, Jr., Pres. USGA—“Golf is a means to the kind of physical power and moral force that fosters and protects our liberty and peace. It should be promoted and fully geared to the War Effort.”

Ed Dudley, Pres. PGA—“Now more than ever before it is of vital importance that we on the home front are kept healthy and physically fit, and by playing golf which is recreation as well as relaxation we will be getting the exercise that is essential to the war effort.”

John B. Kelly, Director Physical Fitness, OCD—“It is our job as civilians to condition men to go hard and fast.”

T. C. Butz, Pres. Western GA.—“Your best insurance against cracking under the stress and strain of a war economy is to maintain and use your golf club membership.”

Mrs. F. A. Bunte, Pres. Chicago Women’s DGA—“It is more important than ever before that one have temporary escape from our strenuous daily activities brought about by the world picture.”

Tom Walsh, Ex-Pres. PGA—“At 21 years of age, 70 per cent passed the draft requirements. At 35 years of age, only 30 per cent passed. France was the most physically inactive country in the world. Where is it now?”

Leslie L. Cooke, Director, USGA—“His golf club gives the overworked business executive his greatest change of scenery and companions, and only a few minutes from his office.”

Herb Graffis—“Keep fit to do your bit. . . . Wartime golf for better wartime work. . . . A round of golf a week keeps you at war work peak.”

Thomas G. McMahon, Pres., CDGA—“Don’t let war nerves or hysteria cause you to make a bad decision concerning anything important to your mental and physical health, PLAY GOLF! Get your fresh air and exercise the way you enjoy it most, PLAY GOLF!”

C. G. Cunningham—“We can be thankful that we are Americans and that we can still get together as free men, and fraternize at will. So then—where is a better place than your golf club for you, your family, and your friends to meet and enjoy healthy relaxation?”

C. E. Curtis—“You have enjoyed your golf club in the past. You will want it in the future. Stick with it now or it may not be here to serve you when victory is won.”

George H. Eckhouse—“All work and no golf makes ‘Jack’ a dull boy.”

Jack Hafner—“The wartime strain necessitates occasional relaxation which can best be secured by playing golf. In the ‘Home Front’ Victory Drive continue to play golf. For better health—sounder judgment—keener mentality—‘Victory’ decisions, fewer patients for the now overworked ‘Medicine Man.’ Very few men between the ages of 40 and 65 can keep going on their individual war effort 7 days a week right through the year. Golf is a relaxation to keep them fit for their work.”

Dr. Ben Huggins—“Playing golf helps keep you fit so you can better do your bit.”

Arthur Kreuger—“The moral and physical stimulation we get from golf is an antidote for war gloom.”

D. W. Lamoreaux—“Help your country by keeping fit—retain your health and your golf membership.”

G. Hale Printup—“Money spent to maintain our club memberships is money well spent when we consider how many times in the past we have spent sums far in excess of this for one evening of so-called pleasure, big parties, gambling, horse-racing, etc.”

H. E. Redding—“The closer we manage to remain to normal existence now, the less we deviate from the normal every-day life of our past, the closer we stay to the physical and emotional forms of our accustomed daily activities, the more efficiently we will all function, and the greater