The International Fairway Tractor owned by the park board of Grand Forks, N. D., cutting through the rough on the Lincoln Park golf course.

A Gallon of Gasoline or Less an Hour Runs the FAIRWAY

This tractor is also used for road-maintenance work in the Grand Forks parks.

The economy of the International Fairway Tractor recommends it as a sound investment in power for golf-course and park work. It easily solves the problem of maintenance, and, in addition, it has ample power for construction work of all kinds, for general golf-course and turf-improvement work, and for operating belt-driven equipment. Put an end to maintenance problems—turn them over to the International Fairway. Ask our nearby International dealer or Company-owned branch for a demonstration.

INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY
(Incorporated)
180 NORTH MICHIGAN AVENUE :: CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
QUESTION: Three of our fairways are practically devoid of grass; coverage consists of buckhorn, plantain, and chickweed. If we plow and reseed, play is prevented until sometime during the next season. Is there any way whereby we can eliminate weeds and re-establish grass without materially interfering with play?

ANSWER: Yes. There is a method worth trying which will not interfere with play. Although still considered experimental, it has been used successfully by several clubs.

By this scheme, weeds are eliminated with sodium arsenite, or arsenic acid, followed by liberal fertilization with superphosphate and an organic source of nitrogen. These areas are then reseeded with appropriate grasses using an alfalfa and grass disc seeder.

While these chemicals are effective weed killers, they are not always safe because both are fairly toxic to grass; bent and fescue being most susceptible and blue grass least. Injury is more likely with the liquid than with the dry method of application.

Since fairways are devoid of grass, possible injury to grass is of no consequence. Elimination of weeds, before reseeding, is the first necessity.

With either chemical, at least two treatments will be needed. In the absence of rains, within 24 to 48 hours after application, leaves begin to wilt, then turn brown and shrivel. However, on the old plants, new leaves soon appear. The second treatment should be made when these leaves attain a length of approximately 1 1/2 inches.

The first application should be made in August, so two to three weeks (for new leaf development) will elapse before the logical seeding time in your district. If desired, fertilization and reseeding can immediately precede the second and final treatment, without detriment to the new seeding.

A rate of 4 ounces per 1000 square feet is ample for sodium arsenite or arsenic acid for liquid spray application. With the dry method of application, double this quantity can be used.

Before seeding, apply 300 to 600 lbs. 20% grade superphosphate and 800 to 1500 lbs. of high-grade organic fertilizer (such as Milorganite) per acre, depending upon level of soil fertility. With these materials, immediate seeding is safe.

Grass is so sparse that a reasonably heavy rate of seeding is justified — about 125 lbs. per acre for a mixture of 90% Kentucky blue grass and 10% bent. For all fairway reseeding, the use of the alfalfa and grass disc seeder is strongly urged because it cuts the seed into the soil. Cross-seeding is necessary because discs are spaced 4 inches apart.

NOTE: On fairways where turf is reasonably good, systematic fertilization will eliminate most weeds. Any "doubting Thomas" should make trial applications of the arsenicals on limited areas before attempting large scale control with these chemicals. Otherwise, serious injury to the grass may result, due partly to lack of experience.

Tell us about your Turf Problem. The facilities and service of our Soil Testing Laboratory and Field Agronomists are at your disposal, within reasonable limitations.

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MILWAUKEE WISCONSIN
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Where the water supply is limited or low in pressure, these new type sprinklers are extremely useful. Because they have only one nozzle, they require less volume than other sprinklers covering the same distance. Rotation is quite slow—about one minute per revolution. No speed adjustment is necessary as they operate at practically the same speed regardless of pressure. Made in two sizes of performance.

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Send for free sample, facts and literature
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Sheriff James (Jimmie) Williams, Chairman of the Greens Committee of the Hillcrest Country Club, scene of the recent Kansas City Open Championship, with Worthington equipment used to keep the course in championship condition.

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It is interesting to note that 44 out of the 56 courses in the United States, Canada and England, on which the National Open and Amateur Championships have been played, used Worthington equipment and that there are more Worthington Gang Mowers in use throughout the World than all other makes combined.

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We recommend NuREXFORM for golf course use, either as a spray or dust, because of its fine mesh, uniformity and ease of application. It spreads evenly assuring economical use.

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According to reliable estimates, 25% of the year’s total golf is played during the two months of September and October.

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A.G. Spalding & Bros.
GOLF EQUIPMENT
WHAT'S AHEAD FOR GREENKEEPERS?

By WALTER E. LANGTON
Greenkeeper, San Gabriel (Calif.) CC

Technical progress in greenkeeping during the past 10 years has been little short of astounding. Higher maintenance standards have been generally achieved despite the handicap of almost every financial, turf cultural, and social development.

But, notwithstanding the advance in the profession's methods and results, the greenkeeper himself has not advanced materially or in recognition of golfers and club officials.

The situation is unfair, and holds grave consequences for the future of golf.

Walter E. Langton, greenkeeper of the San Gabriel CC, and dean of Southern California greenkeepers, considers the greenkeepers' status in a calm, philosophical manner that will interest greenkeepers and club officials, alike.

--The Editor.

For a greenkeeper to write about the future of greenkeeping as a profession would require a combination of qualities that few of the calling possess. To be in any degree accurate he would have to be prophetic, imaginary, philosophical, scientific—in fact, he would be an extremely gifted individual imbued with a profound knowledge of the future of economics and social trends, and there just ain't no such animal. Or if there were, he most certainly would not be a greenkeeper.

The best this greenkeeper can do is a lot of wishful thinking and guessing. Greenkeepers like most other folks are not entirely captains of their souls and are merely creatures of circumstance. Like birds in a cage they can only move within the limits of their environment.

For more than 150 years a keeper of the greens has been regarded as little more than a glorified laborer, dignified by the name of Greenkeeper, or sometimes superintendent, and held responsible for everything that happens on his course 24 hours of the day. If he has good bosses he is lucky; if not, he is unfortunate because he has an added handicap. A greenkeeper has enough to fight without contending with bosses who, because they may have made a success in men's furnishings, consider themselves the supreme authority on the upkeep of turf.

Because the greenkeeper perform must create unnatural conditions, Mother Nature is arrayed against him. The weather usually is too hot or too cold, or too wet or too dry; unnecessary plants infest his turf; and every miserable bug or fungus that loves the juice of grasses preys on them in the dark. In order to compete
At the Fargo (N. D.) CC, golfer Carl Lunde found his ball lying high in the thick rough of the 12th hole. He swung at it lustily with an 8-iron and not one, but two balls landed on the green. The other had been hidden in the grass below his.

With these natural enemies, a greenkeeper must be ever on the alert. A little slackness here and there and the bugs have got him. He must possess a working knowledge of so many things: mechanics, drainage, chemistry, entomology, tree surgery, landscape architecture, construction, and botany; and yet even with this rather extensive knowledge he for the most part is the possessor of an inferiority complex. A century and a half of the golfing fraternity's idea of a greenkeeper's job has fixed the type and has placed shackles upon a calling which will be hard to break.

Study the employees' roster of any club carefully for the rating of the greenkeeper. He is usually placed very close to the bottom of the list, sometimes a little higher than the caddie master; and yet good greens, tees, and fairways are what make a golf club. Throw a couple of greens out of commission and see how quickly golf players will desert the course and go to a layout where all the units are in good shape. Golf players will not tolerate bad playing conditions if good ones are available elsewhere. They will put up with a professional who is often off the job or with a poor meal or with most other inconveniences without resigning (there is a successful golf course in the West which has neither pro nor clubhouse), but they will not put up with an inefficient greenkeeper. Of course professionals and house managers have their place in the scheme of things. We as greenkeepers are not envious of any breaks they may get. They have their troubles and annoyances, and if we knew of the every-day problems which beset the pro and the manager we would have more consideration for them. But this is written from the standpoint of the greenkeeper and while it is not our intention to lower anyone's status, we would like to raise our own.

How can this be done? What is the future of greenkeepers? These are vital questions to every greenkeeper old and young. The first thing to do is to evaluate ourselves and ask ourselves why we are so lacking in recognition. Do we lack a fundamental knowledge of our work? Do we lack organization? Are we making the most of our opportunities? Do we lack publicity? Or do we just feel inferior?

Before we can make any conclusions as to the future of greenkeeping, a comprehensive study of the above questions must be made.

Study will show that the status of any group is judged by the status of the individual members. Hence it pays the average man to foster the friendship and acquaintance of those men who are above average in their professional ability. On the other hand, a display of ineffectiveness on the part of one greenkeeper lowers the status of all. Therefore, it is absolutely imperative that the greatest care be shown by membership committees in recommending any man who calls himself a greenkeeper to be added to the roster of a greenkeeper's organization. I am inclined to believe that before anyone is admitted he should be given some sort of an examination, one which will determine whether or not the applicant is capable of handling the various every-day problems which will confront him on a golf course. Further, I believe that the applicant's character should be scrutinized carefully before he is given final approval. Organizations do not last long when composed of men of dubious character, so why be dragged down when it is easy to say no? When golf clubs can depend entirely upon the recommendations of a greenkeeper's organization for material to fill a vacant position, then that organization definitely will have arrived.

Job Affected by Membership Level

Greenkeepers, like any other men, are subject to the law of supply and demand and other economic vagaries. If there is an over-supply and the demand is limited, salaries inevitably will be lowered. Perhaps private clubs are more affected by the fluctuations of trade than most other organizations. A drop in the market, an increase in taxes, a decline in business, or a suggested assessment will see many with limited means dropping their memberships. We cannot blame people for doing this, for golf is not an absolute necessity and can be dispensed with in time of trouble. The membership mortality in private clubs during the last depression must have been enormous, and the consequent loss of greenkeepers' positions...