In the first article of this insurance series (May issue, p. 72), we presented the background of inland marine insurance and pointed out where inland marine floater forms could best be adapted to broaden protection on various risk exposures found within a country club clubhouse.

This month we will move outdoors and survey other important, though frequently overlooked, properties owned by a country club, which also may be insured.

During the years in which I have been a country club insurance consultant, I have been amazed at how little clubs have fully utilized inland marine insurance forms to adequately protect their outside movable equipment and property. Some clubs buy just fire insurance on outside property only to fall victim to expensive property damage loss caused by vandals.

Other clubs purchase burglary coverage, but fail to understand the limitations of this kind of insurance covering maintenance equipment and golf cars frequently is inadequate, making vulnerable the country club, its members as well as its employees.

by JOHN F. GLEASON JR.

Insurance covering maintenance equipment and golf cars frequently is inadequate, making vulnerable the country club, its members as well as its employees. Although the former may cost a little more, the latter frequently falls short of the protection needed to meet all the exposures, which may cause serious loss or damage to the club's property.

Let's run down the list of outside items eligible for coverage under inland marine forms.

Topping the list are the golf cars owned or leased by the country club and maintenance equipment. All equipment required in the playing of the course may be insured along with other equipment under an all risk floater form. This includes benches, markers, ball washers and flag poles.

Other sporting equipment needed for tennis, the swimming pool, the children's playgrounds, boating and winter sports may be insured under inland marine forms.

Snowmobiles may be insured under a special form. Outboard and
inboard motors take a special form, too. Vending machines on the premises may be insured as well as scoreboard, neon and electrical signs.

Some country clubs might be interested to know that bridges and tunnels on the course may be insured under an inland marine special form. Not many members consider what would be the consequences of an inaccessible key bridge or tunnel. Under the bridge and tunnel insurance form, direct physical damage, if named in the contract, can be insured. The form may also be tailored to cover revenue loss which would result if cars could not go over or through the bridge or tunnel during the time of reconstruction.

Golf cars owned or leased by a country club require very special insurance review for many important reasons.

Presumably most members are insured for personal liability arising out of sporting activities either under the standard homeowners policies or under a personal comprehensive liability policy. Although these policies protect the holder if he inadvertently injures another golfer while operating the rented golf car, the coverage does not extend to the loss or damage he causes to a golf car in his care, custody or control.

If a member rents a car for a round of golf and overturns or damages it, his personal insurance will not reimburse the golfer or the club for the damage.

Whether or not the player should be required to reimburse the country club for damage to a rented golf car is a touchy question. Clubs vary in their thinking. Some maintain that the member’s dues and rental charges make possible the car rentals. To hold the player responsible for reimbursement of inadvertent property damage loss, when he has no insurance to cover such a claim, would cause unnecessary ill-feelings among members.

If the country club would provide all risk insurance on all its rented golf cars and, more important, insist when the policy is written that the insurance company delete from the policy conditions the company’s right of subrogation against members, guests, customers or authorized personnel, then, if a loss occurs, the policy will pay the club for damage.

By removing the right of subrogation against the above persons, the country club will be reimbursed for any loss to the cars, but the insurance company will not be allowed to turn to the player for reimbursement of the claim payment.

Each country club must carefully review the inland marine policy insurance for its golf cars. Then it must determine that new vehicles are added and vehicles no longer in use are removed from the policy. This review should be conducted at least annually or each time the golf car fleet is augmented by new vehicles or when older cars are discarded.

Most insurance companies provide in the insurance policy an automatic pickup endorsement, which automatically insures newly-acquired golf cars. Usually this endorsement is limited to 25 per cent of the total value of the vehicles currently insured. The endorsement requires the insured to report to the insurance company within 30 days the list and value of new vehicles.

Every country club should check and insist on this particular extension. Moreover some insurance companies will modify the endorsement so that the automatic coverage feature will be reviewed annually.

The number of companies that will grant this liberal consideration are in the minority. Every country club, therefore, must advise the insurance company whenever there is a change in the golf car fleet so that proper insurance is provided on all new vehicles.

At the same time, the club should review the value for which each golf car is insured. Golf cars depreciate. It’s foolish to carry more insurance on a car than the club could realize in a claim settlement.

If the golf cars are leased, the club has another serious insurance problem to check out. Many lease agreements require the lessor to carry physical damage insurance on the leased vehicles, but do not state if the lessor carries all risk insurance on the leased units. Many lessors carry limited insurance, yet the lease agreement goes on to state that the lessee (the country club) will be responsible for damage to the car whether the cause is insured by the lessor or not.

This situation leaves the country club vulnerable to claim payments or reimbursement of damage losses. Moreover, the problems related to members renting these cars and personal insurance coverage on losses again arise when leased golf cars are involved.

If the lessor provides the physical damage insurance on his golf cars, then every country club should insist on being furnished with a copy of the policy so that it may determine if the lessor is carrying all risk coverage. Even more important is the need to remove the subrogation clause with respect to the country club itself and its members, guests, customers and authorized personnel.

Whenever a lessor states that he will provide the physical damage insurance, the country club must understand absolutely the insurance contract involved, because it may apply to the club which leases the golf cars. The lessor’s assurance is not enough to prevent the country club from finding itself nonetheless paying a claim which it had believed would be covered by the lessor’s policy, regardless of the circumstances.

Unlicensed mobile equipment required to maintain the golf course include many expensive items which should be insured under an all risk inland marine floater form. Few members realize how much money is invested in the equipment that is needed to keep a golf course in top playing condition.

Moreover, there are other movable property items used in the actual playing of a round of golf; these include the flag poles, tee benches, ball washers and markers. All of the movable equipment

continued on page 50
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INSURE (from page 45)

needed to maintain the golf course and the property used in actual play may be listed on an inland marine floater policy.

One problem continually arises. Many country clubs may carry a policy that lists all of these outdoor properties, but fail to keep the schedule up-to-date. Unless the list is reviewed regularly, or the automatic pickup endorsement is attached to the insurance contract, new equipment frequently is not included in the schedule until it is too late. Then the club discovers that an expensive item is uninsured because it never advised the insurance company.

Regular or frequent review of this schedule is a recommended practice. The golf course superintendent should fully understand his responsibility in this procedure. Although he is not totally responsible, he should inform the general manager or call the insurance committee to request the addition of the new item to the existing schedule. He can also advise the proper person when a piece of machinery is retired. I once reviewed with the greens superintendent the equipment schedule of a prominent country club. The existing floater policy showed $53,000 worth of valuable equipment on the property schedule. When our review was finished and in spite of many deletions of obsolete equipment, the revised equipment list exceeded $100,000. It would be fair to bet that 75 per cent or more of the 10,000-plus golf courses in the United States today do not have up-to-date equipment schedules.

The most significant reason for insuring these items under the inland marine floater form is that coverage applies whether the property is inside the maintenance buildings or outdoors.

The premium required to purchase this insurance is no more, frequently less, than the premium required to purchase fire and burglary insurance on this property. Under the floater form the property is insured regardless of where it is located at the time of loss. A fire or burglary policy covers the property only in designated buildings.

Further, these limited policies continued on page 59
may not cover the very peril which causes serious loss or damage to the club's equipment. The all risk floater covers every possible peril. The exceptions are certain basic perils usually excluded from every policy because they are insured by other basic policies, or because the particular peril is uninsurable.

Again, it is recommended that the subrogation clause be removed, if possible, against authorized club personnel for most losses.

Many officials at country clubs think that all risk coverage on equipment is too expensive. Frequently, insurance underwriters grant a marked reduction in the premium if the country club accepts a deductible clause similar to the $100 deductible that most automobile insureds accept when purchasing collision insurance. This eliminates the claims cost involved in handling small losses. Consequently the underwriters are willing to pass the cost savings on to the insurance buyers.

Before accepting a deductible a country club should know whether the deductible applies on a "per occurrence" basis or a per item basis. If a severe windstorm, for example, damaged many items of equipment, the club would want the deductible to apply only once to all the items damaged in the windstorm, and not to apply separately to each item.

Every country must understand clearly the terms of the deductible before it is attached to the policy.

Next month, we will explore more phases of property insurance to help GOLFDOM readers find other areas in which the insurance coverage may fall short of the coverage that should be carried.

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