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aluminum TEE MARKERS

Made from aluminum alloy for durability and weather resistance. Numbers available, 1 thru 18.

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bent grass STOLONS

Cohansey C-7
Toronto C-15
Arlington C-1
Evansville
Washington C-50
Congressional C-19

(New Strains Available for Trial)

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and Highland) contain small percentages of creeping types which tend to spread and dominate. Unfortunately, most of the creepers do not form firm fairway turf but tend to be matted or fluffy. It seems to be logical that, if you are going to get creeping bent no matter what you plant, why not go directly to a good creeper? The best creeping bent from seed today is Penncross. This grass seed must carry the Certified Blue Tag, otherwise, it may not be Penncross but an inferior seed.

Some contend that Penncross in fairways will cause nothing but trouble through thatch formation. With the excellent thatch-destroying equipment and know-how that we have today, this should be the least of your worries.

Seaside creeping bent seed is being included in many new bent fairways. It is inferior to Blue Tag Certified Penncross but is a strong creeper. It, too, can become thatched.

Many tests and practical applications show Arlington (C-1) creeping bent stolons to be outstanding on fairways.

In general, creeping bents seem to be more resistant to poa annua than the colonial bents. This whole subject deserves further exploration and discussion.

Bluegrass-Fescue Future

Q. On “QUIZ THE EXPERTS,” a panel at Cleveland, you used the word, “dubious” in answer to the question, “What is the future of bluegrass and fescue on irrigated fairways in the Northeast?” Would you enlarge a bit on your one-word answer? (Connecticut)

A. All too often, when a club spends $100,000 or so for a modern irrigation system, the members feel that they aren’t getting their money’s worth unless they can see the water flying through the air. Many supts. tell me that they had good bluegrass-fescue fairways until they were forced to water far more than they knew they should. The first signs of overwatering are clover and poa. Supts. also tell me that once poa comes in, they must manage to hold the poa. When this program is started it is the beginning of the end — with the end result solid poa.

If members and green committees would let supts. do their jobs without agronomic direction, I’m sure that we would use less water and could hold bluegrass-fescue fairways more satisfactorily.

Irrigation, when needed, is wonderful. Irrigation, when not needed, is an expensive and damaging plaything.

Smooth Green Surfaces

Q. We would like to plant our greens in such a way that we can get started with smooth surfaces that are not full of wheel tracks and footprints that are so expensive to topdress out. What do you suggest? (Virginia)

A. The first step is to firm the greens to avoid uneven settling. This is done by harrowing, dragging, heavy watering — anything to achieve settling. Oldtimers used to “tread” the soil firm, using many men who shuffled sideways,