plant and invites disease, wilt and physical damage.

We treated six times in 1959 between April and Sept. In April we used 370 lbs. per acre of a 10-10-10. In July we applied 225 lbs. per acre of Milorganite. In August and Sept. two additional treatments of Milorganite were applied at a 200 lb. rate. Also, in Sept. one treatment of urea (45 per cent N) was applied at a 50-lb. rate alone with a single treatment of potash at a 50 lb. rate. The pelleted or granular materials were laid on with a broadcast type spreader covering 40 ft. to a swath. It took four hours to cover our 40 acres.

Insect Situation

Our program calls for an application of 8 lbs. (actual toxicant) of Chlordane per acre to combat angleworm and grubworm. It is timed to head off cutworm infestation that comes in June or July. We find this treatment more to our liking than the arsenates which aren't needed in our case because we don't have much of a crabgrass problem.

Our total expenditure for materials for the 1959 fairway program amounted to $2,560, broken down as shown:

- Fertilizer $36 per acre—$1,440
- Insecticide 10 400
- Fungicide 18 720

$2,560

Green Section Letter:
Outlines Course Services

The April issue of the Mid-Continent Turfletter of the USGA green section listed the advantages that member clubs receive in subscribing to the visiting service of the section. They include:

- Direct conferences with a green section agronomist;
- Assistance by correspondence and telephone;
- Two subscriptions to the regional Turfletter which is published six times yearly;
- A subscription to the USGA Journal and Turf Management, published seven times a year.

Annual fees which cover all services and expenses are: For less than 18 holes — $100; 18 to 27 holes—$125; More than 27 holes (36 holes) $150; (Per regulation course in addition to 36 holes) — $40.

The green section was established by the USGA in 1920.

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