If you've got a question you want Dr. Fred V. Grau to answer, please address it to Grau Q&A, Golfdom, 407 S. Dearborn, Chicago 5, Ill.

Lawn Clinics

A statement made by Edwards comes to mind: "If you would know anything thoroughly teach it to others."

Another statement made by Dunlap also comes to mind: "If you have a dollar to spend on your lawn spend 90 cents on fertilizer and 10 cents on seed."

At first glance the two statements appear unrelated. But when applied to the subject of lawn clinics they are quite closely related.

It has been our pleasure to have participated in many lawn clinics held in different parts of the country. Most of them have had technical information supplied by local supt's. In every instance interest has run high. The information developed has fed garden columns for months. For the first time, many homeowners have had an opportunity to obtain authentic information on lawn-making and to ask questions.

Requests from garden clubs for speakers on "Lawns" have reached great proportions. Many clubs have not been able to secure the speakers they have wanted. How much better it would be if all lawn interests pooled resources once a year and held a real bang-up lawn clinic.

A committee composed of representatives from the press, agricultural extension service, radio, garden editors, garden clubs and course supt's associations would be responsible for planning the affair. A large auditorium with good acoustics and projection equipment is essential. Displays of sods of adapted grasses could be an integral part of the show. A well-developed plan of procedure with good speakers would help to assure success.

Basic facts supported by evidence could be the keynote of the clinic. It would be to the everlasting credit of the organizers to dispel the confusion which surrounds many advertising claims and to cut through the mists of doubt with clear-cut statements.

Q. In Missouri we have two serious greens problems. Each year, around July 1 we have an invasion of crabgrass which, with high temperatures and humidity, just about ruins our greens. We have tried, for a number of years, picking the greens, but this has been unsatisfactory. Is there any chemical that we could safely use which would kill or control crabgrass? We have two kinds — one is the silver crab and the other we call ordinary crab or water grass. Our greens have been good early in the season, but trouble starts coming with hot, humid weather and this crabgrass invasion. Is there a grass that you could recommend for this climate that could better stand the heat and humidity than the Seaside bent we have been using? (Missouri)

A. In answering your second question first, we can say quite definitely that there are better bents that Seaside for greens in your part of the country. One that has been quite outstanding has been Cohansay (C-7) bent. This grass is stolonized and it has a good record for resistance to heat. It is rather light yellow-green in color and you can see excellent greens of it at the Tulsa CC. There are several instances in the St. Louis area where Cohansay bent has done an outstanding job. Two inch plugs of Cohansay bent sod introduced into Seaside greens can, in a few years, take over the Seaside greens without taking them out of play. I have several pictures of things that you describe, the grass going out during heat and humidity, where Seaside was completely ruined, but where plugs of Cohansay introduced the year earlier, stood up and were healthy in spite of all heat and humidity.

Your questions prompt me to ask a few of my own, and one is concerning your water management. Judicious use of water during these periods can have a great deal to do with the success or failure of grass. Just planting an improved grass in no way guarantees that you will have good greens. Management is the key to success with any grass.

Di-sodium methyl arsenate is a chemical that has been used quite satisfactorily on putting greens to control common crabgrass. In itself it is not sufficient for the silver crab, or so called goosegrass or crowfoot. In this case, a little