WELCOME to the sunshine! Many significant occurrences indicate that the golf business is well on its way back up.

From the manufacturing end: Uncle Julian Curtiss, chairman of Spaldings, advised the company’s stockholders that all of the company’s bank indebtedness was paid off and at the end of its fiscal year Spalding had $1,500,000 cash on hand. High rents of retail stores—an item that caused many big retailers to wash out costly leases by accepting receiverships—was a burden Spalding carried through the depression.

Wilson-Western income per unit of balls and clubs sold was at a new high.

L. A. Young Golf Co.’s volume of Christmas business through pro outlets was responsible for by far the best fall and winter financial showing the company ever had.

Manufacturers unanimously agree code means end of tong warfare that prohibited profit regardless of volume.

From the playing end: Capital City Open made money the first time. Miami-Biltmore $10,000 Open had its smallest net loss and newspaper telegraph copy filed on the event was more voluminous than ever before.

At the Los Angeles Open, the PGA had to guarantee the $5,000 prize money to keep the fixture on the schedule. The gate exceeded the guarantee and expenses by $500.

USGA net income from Women’s National championship was $1,540.04—by a long margin the largest income from this event.

From the club end: In July, 1933, for the first time in three years, applications for memberships in private clubs exceeded the number of resignations filed during the same period.

Sharp reduction of initiation fees while retaining high character qualifications for membership, brought active, younger members into older clubs and produced operating income that put clubs back into strong condition.

One marvel of the depression years is that so few golf clubs reduced the interest rate on their indebtedness, when such an action would have helped solve the major problem of clubs—back-breaking carrying charges.

NEWSPAPER reports have varied the size of the field at Bob Jones’ revival meeting at Augusta National March 22-25 all the way from 30 to 300.

The straight dope is that the starting field will be between 60 and 75. Some complimentary invitations will be sent to amateurs and pros in Great Britain as a gesture of brotherhood but it is unlikely that the over-seas lads will play.

Most of the players who make the winter tour will be given invitations, but the field must, of necessity, be limited because of the lack of guest facilities at Augusta-National.

The clubhouse was originally an old plantation home; one of those beautiful spots of romance and soft glamour, but not big enough to accommodate a bunch of the boys with lockers and indoor space to partake of the native “cawhn” beverage in the expansive way to which southern hospitality is accustomed.

Consequently the invitation committee has had one touchy and unwelcome job of keeping the field down without acting like it’s snooty or wanting to hurt anyone’s tender feelings.

Jones himself stood out for a larger invitation list originally but agreed to the restriction when it became obvious that the lack of guest facilities might cause some embarrassment to the hosts who were anxious not to play any favorites.

Golf Goods manufactured in 1931 had a value of $23,338,654, which was 46 per cent of the entire sporting goods production with exception of firearms and ammunition, made that year, according to Bureau of Census, U. S. Dept. of Commerce, figures. Total sporting goods value slumped about 10 per cent from the government’s 1929 figure, although golf’s slump was about 8 per cent under the 1929 government figure of $21,067,216.

BEFORE the Miami-Biltmore $10,000 Open, 42 of the leading tournament players voted on the 10 best golfers in the U. S. It was the bright idea of Bill Wallace of the Miami Herald. Shute, Sarazen and
Runyan tied for first position with 37 votes each.

To show you what a tough job it is to pick a Ryder Cup team, we list in order the first 10 finishers in the tournament and the ranking of those players on the figurative all-star team picked prior to the tournament.

Macfarlane, 4th; Revolta, 13th; Armour, 3rd; Runyan, 1st; Watrous, 13th; Guldaahl, 12th; Horton Smith, not placed; Sarazen, 1st; Willie Klein, not placed; Al Espinosa, not placed; Ed Dudley, 8th.

Hagen selected by the players in a tie for third place, and Mac Smith, also a third choice, did not play in the Miami-Biltmore, nor did Olin Dutra, selected in a tie with Ed Dudley for eighth position.

It all goes to show how hard it is to pick a winner in golf.

Harry Kruger, Minikahda manager, telling something of his views on club management problems for 1934, forecasts that food costs are going to provide trouble.

In Minneapolis, Harry says, cost on 33 food items increased 18 per cent in 1933. Clubs have difficulty in raising menu charges like restaurants do and a club can't serve cheap food. Increased food volume with liquor will help only if the liquor profits are long enough to make up for food losses.

Some golf clubs, in exclusive residential districts where retail liquor sales are prohibited, will have to operate on the liquor locker plan and income from liquor lockers is not much. However, set-up income, service charges and income from case-lot business that managers may arrange to order for division among members, is expected to provide added income from liquor, even to clubs in dry areas.

All the PGA really has to do to put its simplified instruction plan into effect is press the button. All the heavy work has been done.

You don't think so? Well, who are you? Alex J. Morrison, in a recent newspaper article, is quoted: "The (PGA) plan includes a search for fundamentals by a group of players and teachers. They don't have to look very far. I have long since described the fundamentals, simply and accurately."

Alex either has hypnotized himself or the press agents for his book slipped over a fast one on the PGA and pro instructors by planting that hooie in the papers about the Morrison Holy Writ.

Something is in a name. A. H. Toogood has won the South Australia championship for the second consecutive year.

One load is off the minds of the playing pros. The Western GA has announced that the Western Open will be retained. It will be held at Peoria (III.) CC June 15, 16, 17. Prize money will be a minimum of $2,145, with the possibility of some added dough from Peoria distilleries for special feats.

Although the event has been held for 34 years (annually with the exception of 1917) there was talk of its discontinuance because of the indifferent attitude some of the name pros took toward this title. Some of the invited pro big shots didn't respond to the invitations, to which lack of business and social courtesy Western officials rejoiced no bit and commented with some criticism that was right sassy and direct.

However, the new player subsidy arrangements by the leading manufacturers calls for their boys appearing in the leading tournaments, among which the Western Open is numbered. The pros themselves were of the opinion that their negligence had not been a true reflection of their spirit toward the old fixture or their appreciation of the amenities and responsibilities involved.

Elmer Biggs, pro at Peoria, who is blessed with having one of the most distinguished of the country's clubs outside of the metropolitan districts, prevailed on his officials to make a bid for the event.

One of the angles to the 1934 event that has been mentioned is setting Armour, Hagen and Sarazen together for the final round with some added dough for these master showmen. It ought to be a performance full of drama, temperament and technique.

Too many times clubs do pros no favor by hiring them. One pro who was engaged by a large midwestern club recently took steps to begin suit against the club for misrepresentation, but was called off. It might not have been a bad thing for club-pro relations if the suit had gone to court.

In this particular case the club had more than 100 applications for its pro job. The expense involved in making these applications was probably $1,500, which was about
DON'T SQUAWK that Wilson-Western is violating the anti-subsidy part of the code when Joe Flynn passes out cigars. The first-born arrived at the Flynn homestead January 19. It's a boy. Mother and the howler are doing well, and Joe is expected to recover.

TOM WALSH, pro and manager of Westgate Valley GC (Chicago district), one of the widely-known Walsh tribe of pros, is smiling and bragging It's a girl; the first for the Walshes, and its old man acts like it's the only girl baby ever born in the United States.

WILLIAM KRIESANT, for the past 8 years salesman for Wanamaker's wholesale golf dept., out of the Chicago office, died last month at Alice Home hospital, Lake Forest, Ill., of appendicitis. Apparently he was on the mend when complications developed and brought to an end the career of this promising and popular young fellow.

MRS. THOMAS REAM, wife of the manager of the Westmoreland CC (Chicago district), died January 16 at Illinois Masonic hospital, Chicago, following an operation. She was well known and beloved in golf club managerial circles. Her personality was bright and her ability in club work was great. The passing of this fine young lady is deeply and widely mourned.

four times the net profit the pro shop at that club produced under good management in 1933.

Under the arrangement the club proposed and which about 20 pros were willing to accept there was no possible chance for a pro to act as pro-greenkeeper and operate the clubhouse for less than $2,000 net loss for the season. The club knew it, but some of its officials insisted on roping a sucker.

WALTER E. LINCOLN, identified as having been a subscription salesman for a golf magazine from 1925 to 1930, is wanted by the United Research Co., 125 W. Madison St., Chicago. United says an inheritance needs his attention. This is "man bites dog" news. Usually the subscription sheet writers are wanted by constabulary anxious to bequeath to the sub guys a little time in stir.

MILTON REACH of Spalding's, astute analyst of the golf situation, points out that the country club situation isn't at all bad when compared with the general business picture. Reach says that the clubs couldn't avoid liquidation similar to that forced on the club and ball manufacturers, for instance.

Many of the metropolitan district clubs established from 12 to 8 years ago originally planned to care for 200 to 250 members. When they added capital improvements they hoped to finance the improvements by taking in new members, so that many of these clubs now have authorized memberships of 300.

Based on a membership limit of 300 these clubs that are 10 to 20 per cent shy of their limit figure they are in unhappy shape, whereas if they had stuck to their original limit of membership they would have waiting lists.

ENGLISH GOLF UNION and Lloyd's underwriters have worked out an insurance arrangement which protects golf club members against injury claims, claims for damage to property or loss of personal effects. Rates are low providing the entire membership of a club insures under the arrangement.

PRO JOB situation in England seems to be about as tight as in the U. S. H. C. Jolly recently was appointed to the Hendon club's pro job over 163 other applicants. Jolly is one of England's foremost playing pros.

KIRKWOOD-SARAZEN tour of the far east which was to end up at the British Open won't be taken this year. Australia, where big dough was expected, does not feel like going for guarantees warranting the boys to take the trip.

Gene has taken to aviation and golf architecture; Joe is in the middle of labor-pains with another revision of the manuscript on his golf book. Kirkwood may make the trip alone, although chances are doubtful.