Doing time on the front (and back) nine

Some go to boot camp, while others attend detention centers, but there are other juveniles who, when convicted of a crime, serve part of their sentence on a golf course.

The Golf Course at Glen Mills is located on the campus of Glen Mills Schools, a facility for court-referred juvenile delinquents. It's the oldest school of its kind.

While Glen Mills is a correctional facility, it's referred to as a school, and the boys sent there are called students. The philosophy of the facility is that locking up juveniles isn't the best way to promote positive change.

Boys who are sent there, ranging in age from 15 to 18, are required to participate in nine units of activity per day, which vary from academics to vocational activities, including auto mechanic, print shop and barber shop work.

Some students opt to work at the 18-hole, Bobby Weed-designed golf course that has been on campus for six years. Golf course superintendent John Vogts has been working there since it opened.

Because the students are constantly rotating in and out of the school as they serve their sentences, Vogts trains 120 to 130 boys regarding golf course maintenance per year, with about 30 or 40 working at a given time, he estimates. The young men rise at 5:30 a.m. and work in tangent with a regular adult staff of about 15 full-time and part-time employees.

"We don't go into plant pathology and things like that because they're not here long enough," Vogts says, adding that the students know enough to do a good job.

Vogts trusts the kids enough to let them hand-mow greens. He says he hasn't lost any greens yet. In fact, he says Glen Mills is consistently ranked as one of the top courses in Pennsylvania and one of the top 100 upscale public courses in Golf Digest.

Rather than teach them agronomy, Vogts tries to teach them skills that apply off the golf course as well.

"We toughen them up and teach them to work in all weather conditions," he says. "They have to have a good work ethic and be well behaved."

Some of the kids end up being better workers than his regular staff, he says, adding that he gets along well with them and doesn't have to worry about missing or stolen equipment.

"I've never had to yell and get a pleasant day on the links rather than punishment for teenagers convicted of crimes, but Vogts says that's not the case.

"It's not a pushover program," he says, adding it rivals prison in terms of its intensity.

The time on the course pays off for many. Some former students – Vogts knows of about 50 – have gone on to work on other golf courses, and others have gone to work in other fields. Vogts finds this out when he receives calls asking him to be a reference in students' job hunts.

Those who do go on to work at other golf courses leave with the experience of working at a course with a more than $1 million budget that has all the modern equipment they'd find anywhere else.

Students receive a stipend of $25 per week, most of which they deposit into an account. They're only allowed to have $5 in their faces," he says. "Other people might have had trouble with them, but not me. I treat them fairly."

Vogts could find out why they've been sent to Glen Mills (crimes include everything but those sexual in nature, arson and those committed by mentally unstable boys), but he chooses not to.

"I don't ask what their crimes are," he says. "I don't need to know."

To some, it might sound like a push over program, but Vogts doesn't see it that way. He believes in teaching the kids skills that they can use in the real world.

"We ... teach them to work in all weather conditions. They have to have a good work ethic and be well behaved." – JOHN VOGTS

For more information, visit www.glenmillsgolf.com. — Heather Wood