LETTER TO THE EDITOR

On behalf of the entire Renaissance Village team, thank you for the wonderful two articles in your October issue. I must tell you, that of all the coverage we have been fortunate to have had in the past 18 months, you better than anyone captured the essence of Renaissance Village and what we are trying to do.

To have our labor of love be featured in your industry-leading publication is a real boost to our efforts and our credibility. I wanted you to know your reportage has already generated positive feedback and offers of help from several of your subscribers. We are very much in touch with you and Golf Course News on the leads you generated as well as subsequent developments surrounding Renaissance Village. We have long recognized that we will not build this project by ourselves, that it will take the combined efforts of literally hundreds of others.

Thank you and your publication for being one of the early believers in our project and for keeping us to where we are presently—further and faster than I ever dreamed. We look forward to sharing with you and your readers the many successes yet to come.

Father Leo
Rev. Leo F. Armbrust
Renaissance Village Inc.

Golf is pushing toward a greater good

Golf and our society over the last decade have evolved in opposite directions, it seems. The golf industry is an engine driving toward more equality, morality and unity, while society has been steered by politicians and activists toward dissension and immediate gratification.

Ten years ago, Ronald Reagan was president of the United States. The general public felt good about America, its future and its president. The Berlin Wall had fallen and Russia was about to collapse. The U.S. was held in high esteem in most other countries of the world.

In the little world of golf, the industry was peddling along at 200-odd new golf courses each year. Player figures were relatively stagnant. The fiasco over Butler National’s white-only policy had not yet surfaced. Generally, golf was treading water.

Ten years ago this month, Golf Course News published its first issue and I attended my first International Golf Course Conference and Show. I recall my first two interviews:

• with Alice Dye concerning her efforts to get golf course developers and architects to build “forward” tee boxes to make the game more playable for women, youths and older players; and

• with architect Jeffrey Brauer regarding the pros and cons of sodding an entire course, since Tom Fazio was doing just that for the first time at Shadow Creek Golf Club outside Las Vegas. They seemed innocent-enough interviews, but look at them more closely. It appears now that Alice’s push (or was she using a hammer?) was a precursor of a mammoth, game-changing trend that has turned into an adventure of innovative, energetic programs and learning facilities to pull youths, women and other beginners into the game of golf.

Though sodding golf courses was unheard-of at the time, Brauer’s insights proved true — perhaps even prophetic. The long-term savings related to sodding a course more often than negate the short-term savings related to seeding. But with sodding, a golf course can open quickly and spend less time on renovation. Having greatly picked up steam, this method appears to have coincided with the acceptance that, yes, golf can be as much a profitable business as it is a game — a business that can stand without housing, and therefore one that can open to the general public rather than just the wealthy.

Golf as a game, meanwhile, has even gained in stature, perhaps because it stands in stark contrast to the world in which it must exist. Players abide by the rules, everyone being equal. There are no shades of gray. Here’s a novel idea for some of the folks in the White House.

Golf’s history is so strongly laced with tales of ethics that they rule the game and influence modern players. Complacency has to do with a contest of skills, not who can best “spin” the facts to make themselves look good and their enemy evil.

The great wonder of golf is its potential to bring the world together. The game and its history is one of people who come together to play a game, to create communities and to build businesses. And it is often what separates the world from coming together.

Golf has been steered by politicians and activists toward dissension and immediate gratification. The golf industry has been pushed toward equality.

While suppliers remain sensitive to the idea of supplanting corporate accounts, they are well aware that a robotic mower is no more than a toy. The tennis industry has been pushing for collision avoidance...
Too often women's courses are ill-thought out and lacking the due care required to make them fun to play. Frequently, the women's courses are merely an afterthought. As both old and new courses become necessarily more commercial, the question of the woman golfer takes on a heightened financial significance. For the first time women golfers are a serious and expanding demand sector that promoters and clubs ignore at their peril — considering that women represent almost 30 percent of all golf demand.

Historically, women have hardly mattered in golf (Catherine of Aragon, wife of Henry VIII was rebuked for wasting time at golf in 1523). Such pioneers were a rarity until the turn of this century and the growth of the railways helped the nascence of the first golf boom, when women began to take seriously to golf and have done so ever since with this trend accelerating in recent years.

Many women's golf clubs played on club and public courses but very few women's clubs controlled their own facility. Even fewer survive. However, two of these survivors are distinguished exceptions: they both own and manage their courses and celebrated their respective centenaries in the early 1990's.

The handbooks, published to celebrate their centenaries, give a fascinating insight into women's golf over the last 100 years. But the spotlight stops there: The Wirral Ladies Golf Club (1894); The Formby Ladies Golf Club (1896).

As established women's courses, both are relevant guides for others as we approach the new millennium. Nevertheless, even with purpose built courses, the obstacles for women entering golf are still daunting, just as with anyone else but more so.

Purpose built, one-stop schools with beginner handicap courses where all facets of golf can be learned in order to achieve a handicap card would be a help to all beginners today. Current courses could not be replicated on club courses because the end result would be too difficult, thus spoiling the all important pleasure element of a round of golf. In the US, there appears to be a preference for women's club course of around 5200 yards, par 72; just 79 yards shorter than the mean of our two centenary courses.

Some recent evidence of the difference between the women's and men's game was highlighted by the tricky negotiations over the 'length allowance' agreed upon at the Praia d’el Rey Cup mentioned earlier.

A difference of 620 yards — 34 yards per hole — was adopted. In contrast, the difference between the Solheim and the Weetabix cards and the two centenary courses is 64 yards per hole.

So, what might a fair length allowance be in club events? Against a new average length of 6,000 yards for men's courses in Britain, the calculation throws up the figure of 800 yards. This 44 yards per hole may be a fair benchmark from which to negotiate prior to club events involving men and women.

Perhaps this insight might encourage women to look critically at their own courses to see whether they can be made more interesting and fun to play, never mind improving the chances of beating up the men.

There is at least a precedent for such a course of action. Some years ago a new project on continental Europe was blessed with a mischievous architect who designed a much easier course for the women than that played by the men. Ever since then the annual matches against the ladies have seen the men getting soundly trounced on almost every occasion.

Although the owner was furious yet helpless, the women members have loved the designer ever since.